

FEATURES

± 2 V to ± 6 V dual-supply operation
 2 V to 12 V single-supply operation
 Temperature range: -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$
 <0.2 nA leakage currents
 52 Ω on resistance over full signal range
 Rail-to-rail switching operation
 16-lead LFCSP and TSSOP packages
 Typical power consumption: <0.1 μW
 TTL-/CMOS-compatible inputs
 Package upgrades to 74HC4053 and MAX4053/MAX4583

APPLICATIONS

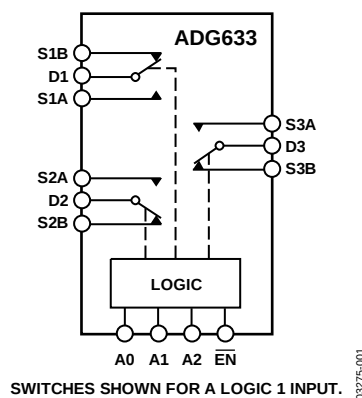
Automatic test equipment
 Data acquisition systems
 Battery-powered systems
 Communications systems
 Audio and video signal routing
 Relay replacement
 Sample-and-hold systems
 Industrial control systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The [ADG633](#) is a low voltage CMOS device comprising three independently selectable single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) switches. The device is fully specified for ± 5 V, +5 V, and +3 V supplies. The [ADG633](#) switches are turned on with a logic low (or high) on the appropriate control input. Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when on and has an input signal range that extends to the supplies. An $\overline{\text{EN}}$ input is used to enable or disable the device. When the device is disabled, all channels are switched off.

The [ADG633](#) is designed on an enhanced process that provides lower power dissipation, yet is capable of high switching speeds. Low power consumption and an operating supply range of 2 V to 12 V make the [ADG633](#) ideal for battery-powered, portable instruments. All channels exhibit break-before-make switching action, preventing momentary shorting when switching channels.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



SWITCHES SHOWN FOR A LOGIC 1 INPUT.

Figure 1.

All digital inputs have 0.8 V to 2.4 V logic thresholds, ensuring TTL/CMOS logic compatibility when using single +5 V or dual ± 5 V supplies.

The [ADG633](#) is available in a small, 16-lead TSSOP package and a 16-lead, 4 mm $\times$ 4 mm LFCSP package.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

1. Single- and dual-supply operation. The [ADG633](#) offers high performance and is fully specified and guaranteed with ± 5 V, +5 V, and +3 V supply rails.
2. Temperature range: -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.
3. Guaranteed break-before-make switching action.
4. Low power consumption, typically <0.1 μW .
5. Small, 16-lead TSSOP and 16-lead, 4 mm $\times$ 4 mm LFCSP packages.

ADG633* PRODUCT PAGE QUICK LINKS

Last Content Update: 03/03/2017

COMPARABLE PARTS

View a parametric search of comparable parts.

EVALUATION KITS

- Evaluation Board for 16 lead TSSOP Devices in the Switch/Mux Portfolio

DOCUMENTATION

Data Sheet

- ADG633: CMOS, ± 5 V/+5 V/+3 V, Triple SPDT Switch Data Sheet

User Guides

- UG-945: Evaluation Board for 16-Lead TSSOP Devices in the Switches and Multiplexers Portfolio

REFERENCE DESIGNS

- CN0312
- CN0363

REFERENCE MATERIALS

Product Selection Guide

- Switches and Multiplexers Product Selection Guide

Technical Articles

- CMOS Switches Offer High Performance in Low Power, Wideband Applications
- Data-acquisition system uses fault protection
- Enhanced Multiplexing for MEMS Optical Cross Connects
- Temperature monitor measures three thermal zones

DESIGN RESOURCES

- ADG633 Material Declaration
- PCN-PDN Information
- Quality And Reliability
- Symbols and Footprints

DISCUSSIONS

View all ADG633 EngineerZone Discussions.

SAMPLE AND BUY

Visit the product page to see pricing options.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Submit a technical question or find your regional support number.

DOCUMENT FEEDBACK

Submit feedback for this data sheet.

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REVISION HISTORY

2/2017—Rev. A to Rev. B

Deleted B Version	Throughout
Changes to Features Section, Applications Section, and Product Highlights Section	1
Added Note 2 to Table 1; Renumbered Sequentially	3
Added Note 2 to Table 2; Renumbered Sequentially	4
Added Note 2 to Table 3; Renumbered Sequentially	5
Added Note 1 to Table 4; Renumbered Sequentially	6
Changes to Figure 3 and Table 6.....	7
Updated Outline Dimensions	14
Changes to Ordering Guide	14

11/2009—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Changes to Table 4.....	6
Added Table 5; Renumbered Sequentially	7
Changes to Table 6.....	7
Update Outline Dimensions	14
Changes to Ordering Guide	14

2/2003—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

DUAL-SUPPLY OPERATION

$V_{DD} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$, $GND = 0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			V_{SS} to V_{DD}	V	$V_{DD} = +4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -4.5\text{ V}$
On Resistance, R_{ON}	52	90	100	Ω typ	$V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$; see Figure 20
	75			Ω max	$V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$; see Figure 20
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	0.8			Ω typ	$V_S = \pm 3.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
	1.3	1.8	2	Ω max	$V_S = \pm 3.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT(ON)}$	9			Ω typ	$V_{DD} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 3\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
	12	13	14	Ω max	$V_{DD} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \pm 3\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					
Source Off Leakage, $I_{S(OFF)}$	± 0.005			nA typ	$V_{DD} = +5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5.5\text{ V}$
	± 0.2		± 5	nA max	$V_D = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 21
Drain Off Leakage, $I_{D(OFF)}$	± 0.005			nA typ	$V_D = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 21
	± 0.2		± 5	nA max	$V_D = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 22
Channel On Leakage, $I_{D(ON)}$, $I_{S(ON)}$	± 0.005			nA typ	$V_D = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_S = \mp 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 22
	± 0.2		± 5	nA max	$V_D = V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 23
					$V_D = V_S = \pm 4.5\text{ V}$; see Figure 23
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.005		± 1	μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}
				μA max	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	2			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS¹					
$t_{TRANSITION}$	60			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 24
	90	110	130	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 24
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$	70			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
	95	120	135	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	25			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
	40	45	50	ns max	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	40			ns typ	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 25
			10	ns min	$R_L = 300\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 25
Charge Injection	2			pC typ	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 27
	4			pC max	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\ \Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 27
Off Isolation	−90			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 28
Total Harmonic Distortion, THD + N	0.025			% typ	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, 2 V p-p , $f = 20\text{ Hz}$ to 20 kHz
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−90			dB typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 30
−3 dB Bandwidth	580			MHz typ	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; see Figure 29
$C_{S(OFF)}$	4			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_{D(OFF)}$	7			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_{D(ON)}$, $C_{S(ON)}$	12			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
POWER REQUIREMENTS²					
I_{DD}	0.01			μA typ	$V_{DD} = +5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = -5.5\text{ V}$
			1	μA max	Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V
I_{SS}	0.01			μA typ	Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V
			1	μA max	Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V

¹ Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

² The device is fully specified at a $\pm 5\text{ V}$ dual supply and at 5 V and 3.3 V single supplies. It is possible to operate the ADG633 with unbalanced supplies or at other voltage supplies ($\pm 2\text{ V}$ to $\pm 6\text{ V}$, and 2 V to 12 V); however, the switch characteristics change. These changes include, but are not limited to: analog signal range, on resistance, leakage, V_{INL} , V_{INH} , and switching times. The optimal power-up sequence for the device is: ground, V_{DD} , V_{SS} , and then the digital inputs, before applying the analog input signal.

SINGLE-SUPPLY OPERATION

$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $GND = 0\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			0 to V_{DD}	V	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$
On Resistance, R_{ON}	85 150	160	200	Ω typ Ω max	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to 4.5 V , $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$; see Figure 20 $V_S = 0\text{ V}$ to 4.5 V , $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$; see Figure 20
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR_{ON}	4.5			Ω typ	$V_S = +3.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
	8	9	10	Ω max	$V_S = +3.5\text{ V}$, $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
On-Resistance Flatness, $R_{FLAT(ON)}$	13	14	16	Ω typ	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_S = 1.5\text{ V}$ to 4 V , $I_S = 1\text{ mA}$
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					
Source Off Leakage, $I_{S(OFF)}$	± 0.005 ± 0.2		± 5	nA typ nA max	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$ $V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$; see Figure 21 $V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$; see Figure 21
Drain Off Leakage, $I_{D(OFF)}$	± 0.005 ± 0.2		± 5	nA typ nA max	$V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$; see Figure 22 $V_S = 1\text{ V}/4.5\text{ V}$, $V_D = 4.5\text{ V}/1\text{ V}$; see Figure 22
Channel On Leakage, $I_{D(ON)}$, $I_{S(ON)}$	± 0.005 ± 0.2		± 5	nA typ nA max	$V_S = V_D = 1\text{ V}$ or 4.5 V ; see Figure 23 $V_S = V_D = 1\text{ V}$ or 4.5 V ; see Figure 23
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V_{INH}			2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V_{INL}			0.8	V max	
Input Current, I_{INL} or I_{INH}	0.005		± 1	μA typ μA max	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH} $V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}
Digital Input Capacitance, C_{IN}	2			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ¹					
$t_{TRANSITION}$	100 150	190	220	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 24 $R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 24
$t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$	100 150	190	220	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26 $R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$	25 35	45	50	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26 $R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_S = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 26
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	90		10	ns typ ns min	$R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 25 $R_L = 300\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, $V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3\text{ V}$; see Figure 25
Charge Injection	0.5 1			pC typ pC max	$V_S = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 27 $V_S = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 0\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 1\text{ nF}$; see Figure 27
Off Isolation	−90			dB typ	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 28
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−90			dB typ	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; see Figure 30
−3 dB Bandwidth	520			MHz typ	$R_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 5\text{ pF}$; see Figure 29
$C_{S(OFF)}$	5			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_{D(OFF)}$	8			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
$C_{D(ON)}$, $C_{S(ON)}$	12			pF typ	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$
POWER REQUIREMENTS ²					
I_{DD}	0.01		1	μA typ μA max	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$ Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V Digital inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V

¹ Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

² The device is fully specified at a $\pm 5\text{ V}$ dual supply and at 5 V and 3.3 V single supplies. It is possible to operate the ADG633 with unbalanced supplies or at other voltage supplies ($\pm 2\text{ V}$ to $\pm 6\text{ V}$, and 2 V to 12 V); however, the switch characteristics change. These changes include, but are not limited to: analog signal range, on resistance, leakage, V_{INL} , V_{INH} , and switching times. The optimal power-up sequence for the device is: ground, V_{DD} , V_{SS} , and then the digital inputs, before applying the analog input signal.

$V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $GND = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 3.

Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	−40°C to +125°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range			0 to V _{DD}	V	V _{DD} = 2.7 V, V _{SS} = 0 V
On Resistance, R _{ON}	185	350	400	Ω typ	V _S = 0 V to 2.7 V, I _S = 0.1 mA; see Figure 20
	300			Ω max	V _S = 0 V to 2.7 V, I _S = 0.1 mA; see Figure 20
On-Resistance Match Between Channels, ΔR _{ON}	2			Ω typ	V _S = +1.5 V, I _S = 0.1 mA
	4.5	6	7	Ω max	V _S = +1.5 V, I _S = 0.1 mA
LEAKAGE CURRENTS					
Source Off Leakage, I _{S(OFF)}	±0.005		±5	nA typ	V _{DD} = 3.3 V
	±0.2			nA max	V _S = 1 V/3 V, V _D = 3 V/1 V; see Figure 21
Drain Off Leakage, I _{D(OFF)}	±0.005			nA typ	V _S = 1 V/3 V, V _D = 3 V/1 V; see Figure 21
	±0.2			nA max	V _S = 1 V/3 V, V _D = 3 V/1 V; see Figure 22
Channel On Leakage, I _{D(ON)} , I _{S(ON)}	±0.005			nA typ	V _S = V _D = 1 V or 3 V; see Figure 23
	±0.2			nA max	V _S = V _D = 1 V or 3 V; see Figure 23
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}	0.005		2.0	V min	V _{IN} = V _{INL} or V _{INH} V _{IN} = V _{INL} or V _{INH}
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}			0.5	V max	
Input Current, I _{INL} or I _{INH}			±1	μA typ	
				μA max	
Digital Input Capacitance, C _{IN}	2			pF typ	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ¹					
t _{TRANSITION}	170	370	400	ns typ	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 24
	300			ns max	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 24
t _{ON} ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)	200			ns typ	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 26
	310	380	420	ns max	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 26
t _{OFF} ($\overline{\text{EN}}$)	30			ns typ	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 26
	40			ns max	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 26
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t _{BBM}	180	55	75	ns max	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _S = 1.5 V; see Figure 26
				ns typ	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _{S1} = V _{S2} = 1.5 V; see Figure 25
				ns min	R _L = 300 Ω, C _L = 35 pF, V _{S1} = V _{S2} = 1.5 V; see Figure 25
Charge Injection	1	55	10	pC typ	V _S = 1.5 V, R _S = 0 Ω, C _L = 1 nF; see Figure 27
	2			pC max	V _S = 1.5 V, R _S = 0 Ω, C _L = 1 nF; see Figure 27
Off Isolation	−90			dB typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 28
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	−90	55	10	dB typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF, f = 1 MHz; see Figure 30
−3 dB Bandwidth	500			MHz typ	R _L = 50 Ω, C _L = 5 pF; see Figure 29
C _{S(OFF)}	5			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
C _{D(OFF)}	8			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
C _{D(ON)} , C _{S(ON)}	12			pF typ	f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS ²					
I _{DD}	0.01			μA typ	V _{DD} = 3.3 V
			1	μA max	Digital inputs = 0 V or 3.3 V
					Digital inputs = 0 V or 3.3 V

¹ Guaranteed by design; not subject to production test.

² The device is fully specified at a $\pm 5 \text{ V}$ dual supply and at 5 V and 3.3 V single supplies. It is possible to operate the ADG633 with unbalanced supplies or at other voltage supplies ($\pm 2 \text{ V to } \pm 6 \text{ V}$, and 2 V to 12 V); however, the switch characteristics change. These changes include, but are not limited to: analog signal range, on resistance, leakage, V_{INL} , V_{INH} , and switching times. The optimal power-up sequence for the device is: ground, V_{DD} , V_{SS} , and then the digital inputs, before applying the analog input signal.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Table 4.

Parameter	Rating
V_{DD} to V_{SS} ¹	13 V
V_{DD} to GND	−0.3 V to +13 V
V_{SS} to GND	+0.3 V to −6.5 V
Analog Inputs ²	$V_{SS} - 0.3\text{ V}$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3\text{ V}$
Digital Inputs ²	GND − 0.3 V to $V_{DD} + 0.3\text{ V}$ or 10 mA, whichever occurs first
Peak Current, S or D	40 mA (pulsed at 1 ms, 10% duty cycle maximum)
Continuous Current, S or D	20 mA
Operating Temperature Range	−40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	−65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance	
16-Lead TSSOP	150.4°C/W
16-Lead LFCSP, 4-Layer Board	70°C/W
Lead Soldering	
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec)	300°C
IR Reflow, Peak Temperature (<20 sec)	220°C
(Pb-Free) Soldering	
Reflow, Peak Temperature	260(+0/−5)°C
Time at Peak Temperature	20 sec to 40 sec
ESD	4 kV

¹ The device is fully specified at a $\pm 5\text{ V}$ dual supply and at 5 V and 3.3 V single supplies. It is possible to operate the ADG633 with unbalanced supplies or at other voltage supplies ($\pm 2\text{ V}$ to $\pm 6\text{ V}$, and 2 V to 12 V); however, the switch characteristics change. These changes include, but are not limited to: analog signal range, on resistance, leakage, V_{INL} , V_{INH} , and switching times. The optimal power-up sequence for the device is: ground, V_{DD} , V_{SS} , and then the digital inputs, before applying the analog input signal.

² Overvoltages at Ax, EN, S, or D are clamped by internal diodes. Limit current to the maximum ratings given.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Only one absolute maximum rating can be applied at any one time.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

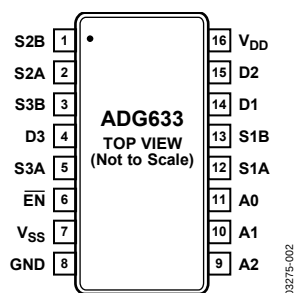
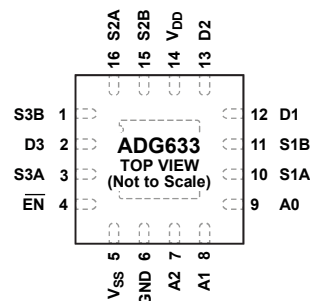


Figure 2. 16-Lead TSSOP Pin Configuration



NOTES
1. THE EXPOSED PADDLE CAN BE LEFT FLOATING OR BE TIED TO V_{DD} , V_{SS} , OR GND.

Figure 3. 16-Lead LFCSP Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.		Mnemonic	Description
TSSOP	LFCSP		
1	15	S2B	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 2. Can be an input or output.
2	16	S2A	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 2. Can be an input or output.
3	1	S3B	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 3. Can be an input or output.
4	2	D3	Drain Terminal of Multiplexer 3. Can be an input or output.
5	3	S3A	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 3. Can be an input or output.
6	4	EN	Digital Control Input. Disables all multiplexers when set high.
7	5	V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Terminal. Tie this pin to GND when using the device with single-supply voltages.
8	6	GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
9	7	A2	Digital Control Input.
10	8	A1	Digital Control Input.
11	9	A0	Digital Control Input.
12	10	S1A	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 1. Can be an input or output.
13	11	S1B	Source Terminal of Multiplexer 1. Can be an input or output.
14	12	D1	Drain Terminal of Multiplexer 1. Can be an input or output.
15	13	D2	Drain Terminal of Multiplexer 2. Can be an input or output.
16	14	V_{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Terminal.
Not applicable	EP	EP	Exposed Paddle. The exposed paddle can be left floating or be tied to V_{DD} , V_{SS} , or GND.

Table 6. ADG633 Truth Table

A2	A1	A0	EN	Switch Condition					
				Switch S1A/D1	Switch S1B/D1	Switch S2A/D2	Switch S2B/D2	Switch S3A/D3	Switch S3B/D3
X ¹	X ¹	X ¹	1	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off
0	0	0	0	On	Off	On	Off	On	Off
0	0	1	0	Off	On	On	Off	On	Off
0	1	0	0	On	Off	Off	On	On	Off
0	1	1	0	Off	On	Off	On	On	Off
1	0	0	0	On	Off	On	Off	Off	On
1	0	1	0	Off	On	On	Off	Off	On
1	1	0	0	On	Off	Off	On	Off	On
1	1	1	0	Off	On	Off	On	Off	On

¹ X means the logic state does not matter; it can be either 0 or 1.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

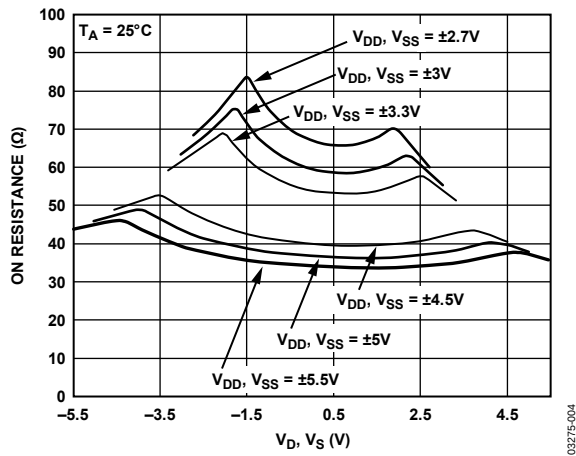
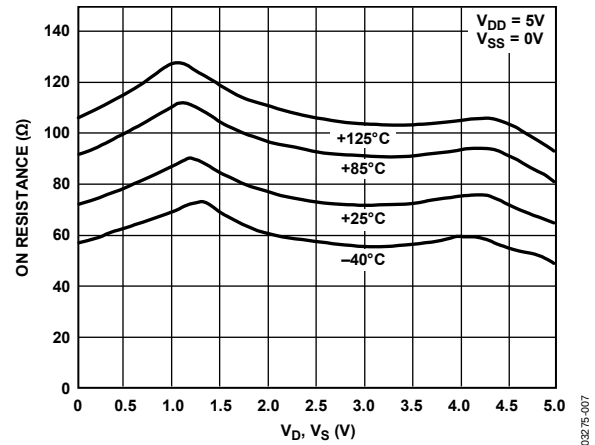
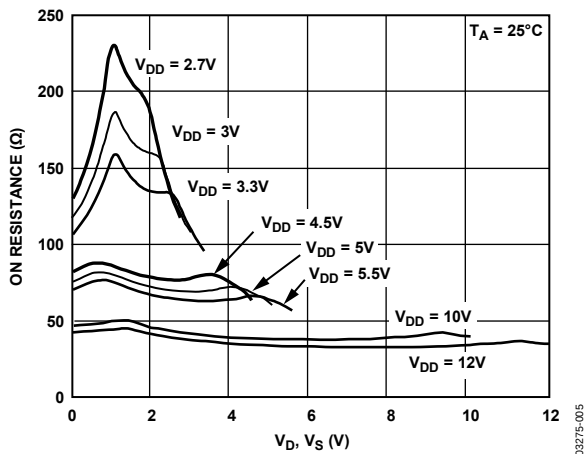
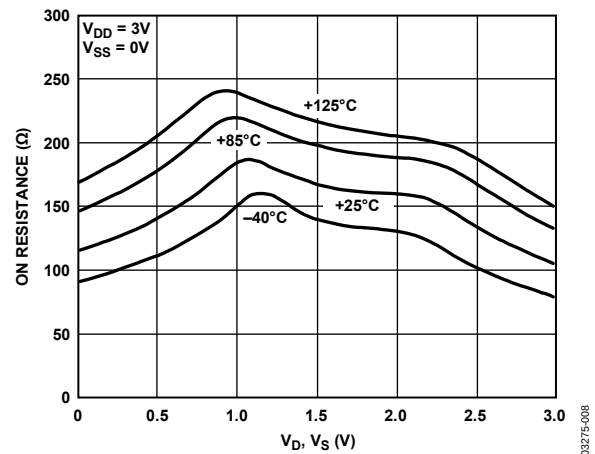
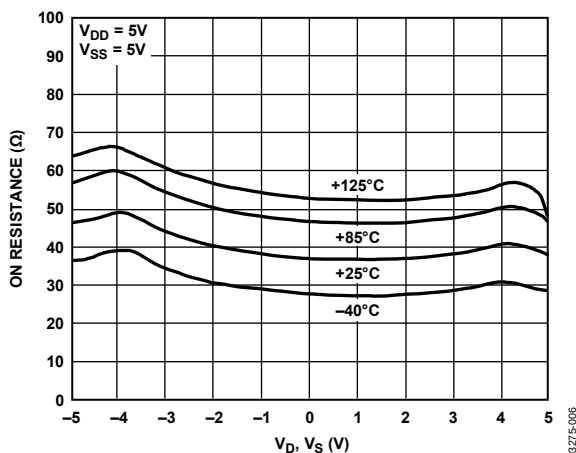
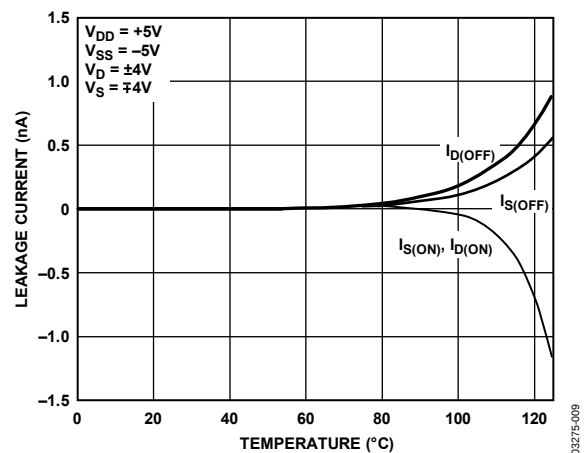
Figure 4. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S), Dual SuppliesFigure 7. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Various Temperatures, Single SupplyFigure 5. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S), Single SupplyFigure 8. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Various Temperatures, Single SupplyFigure 6. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Various Temperatures, Dual Supplies

Figure 9. Leakage Current vs. Temperature, Dual Supplies

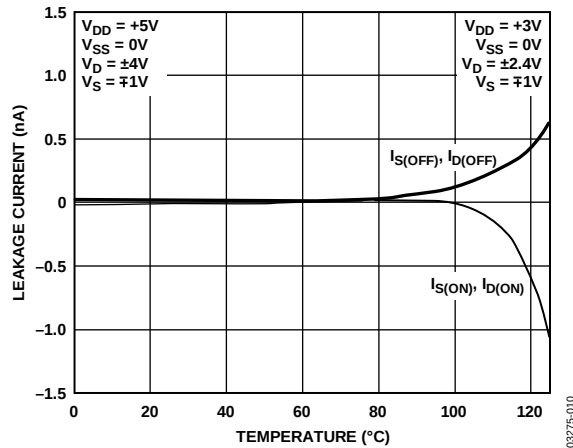


Figure 10. Leakage Current vs. Temperature, Single Supply

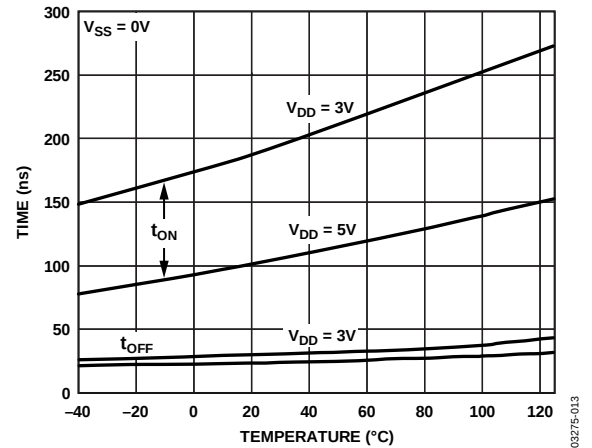
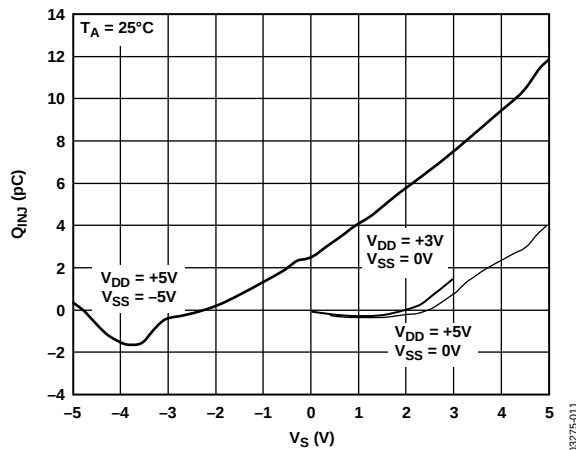
Figure 13. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Times vs. Temperature, Single Supply

Figure 11. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage

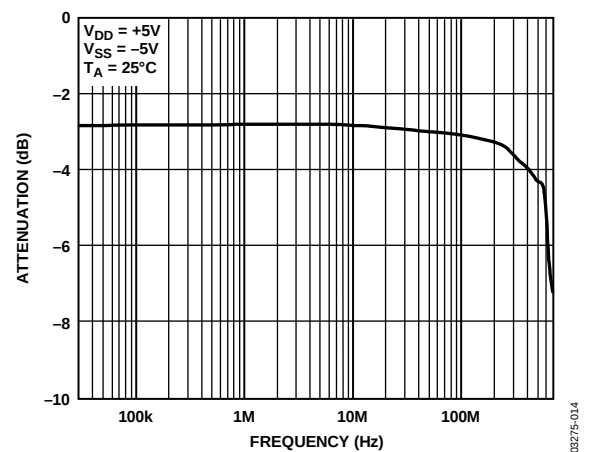


Figure 14. On Response vs. Frequency

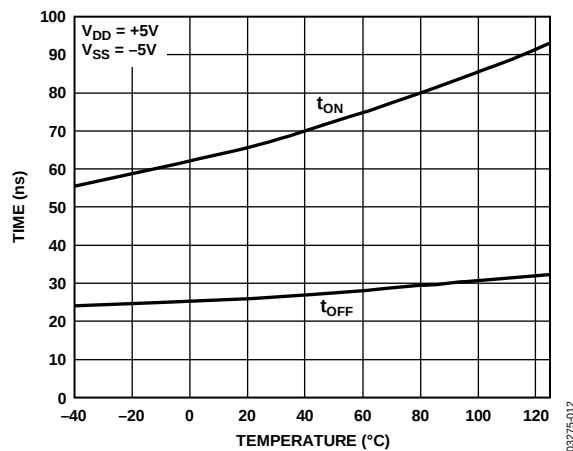
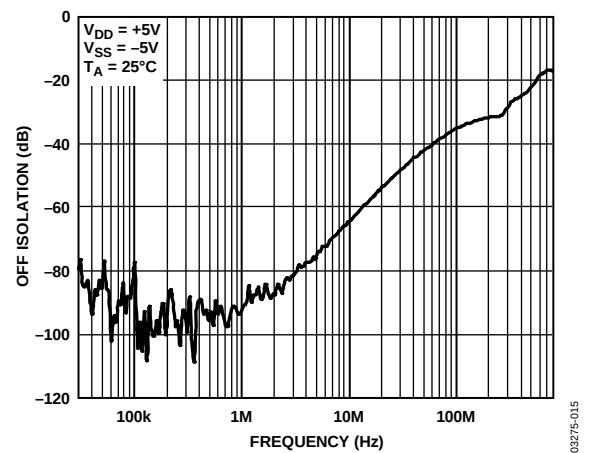
Figure 12. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Times vs. Temperature, Dual Supplies

Figure 15. Off Isolation vs. Frequency

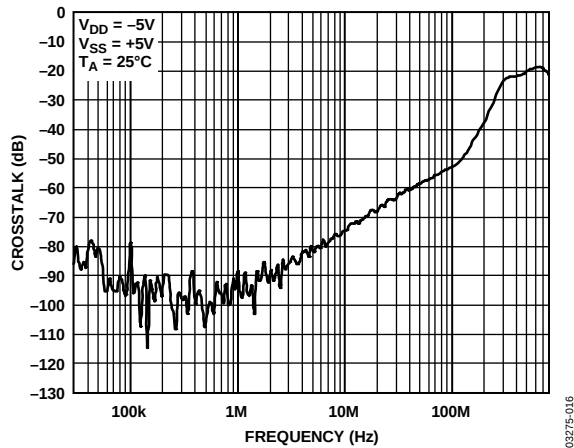


Figure 16. Crosstalk vs. Frequency

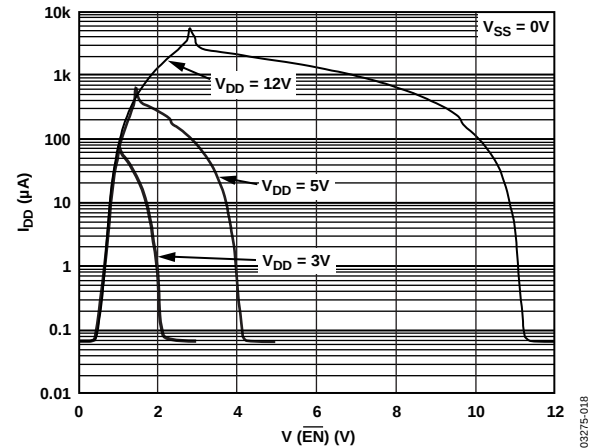
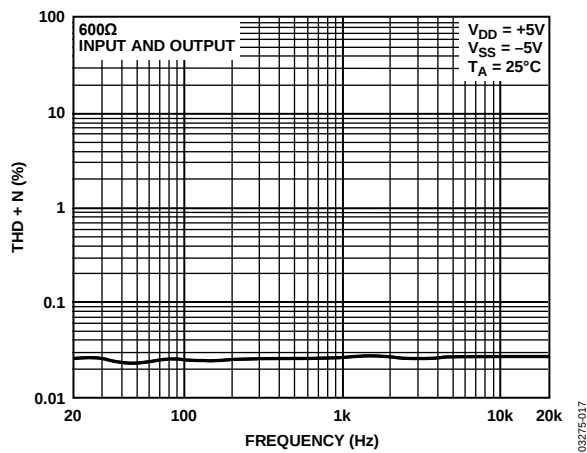
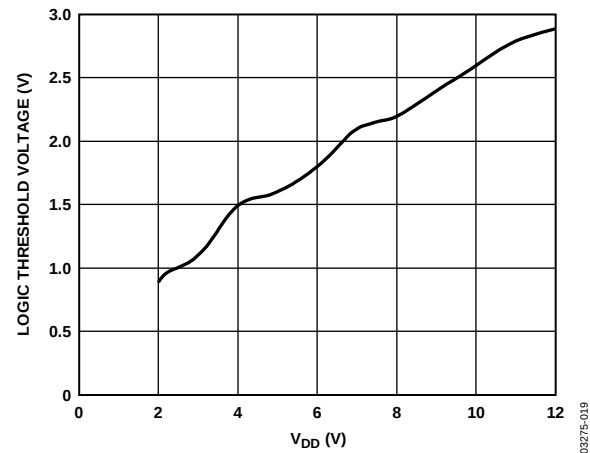
Figure 18. V_{DD} Current vs. Logic Level

Figure 17. THD + Noise vs. Frequency

Figure 19. Logic Threshold Voltage vs. V_{DD}

TERMINOLOGY

V_{DD}

Most positive power supply potential.

V_{SS}

Most negative power supply potential.

I_{DD}

Positive supply current.

I_{SS}

Negative supply current.

GND

Ground (0 V) reference.

S

Source terminal. Can be an input or output.

D

Drain terminal. Can be an input or output.

A_x

Logic control input.

$\overline{EN}$

Active low digital input. When $\overline{EN}$ is high, the device is disabled and all switches are off. When $\overline{EN}$ is low, the A_x logic inputs determine the on switches.

V_D, V_S

Analog voltage on Terminal D and Terminal S.

R_{ON}

Ohmic resistance between Terminal D and Terminal S.

ΔR_{ON}

On-resistance match between any two channels, that is, $R_{ONMAX} - R_{ONMIN}$.

$R_{FLAT(ON)}$

Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.

$I_{S(OFF)}$

Source leakage current with the switch off.

$I_{D(OFF)}$

Drain leakage current with the switch off.

$I_{D(ON)}, I_{S(ON)}$

Channel leakage current with the switch on.

V_{INH}

Maximum input voltage for Logic 0.

V_{INH}

Minimum input voltage for Logic 1.

I_{INL}, I_{INH}

Input current of the digital input.

$C_{S(OFF)}$

Off switch source capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

$C_{D(OFF)}$

Off switch drain capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

$C_{D(ON)}, C_{S(ON)}$

On switch capacitance. Measured with reference to ground.

C_{IN}

Digital input capacitance.

$t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$

Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching on (see Figure 26).

$t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$

Delay between applying the digital control input and the output switching off (see Figure 26).

t_{BBM}

On time, measured between 80% points of both switches when switching from one address state to another.

Charge Injection

A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from the digital input to the analog output during switching.

Off Isolation

A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an off switch.

Crosstalk

A measure of unwanted signal that is coupled through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.

Bandwidth

The frequency at which the output is attenuated by 3 dB.

On Response

The frequency response of the on switch.

Insertion Loss

The loss due to the on resistance of the switch.

TEST CIRCUITS

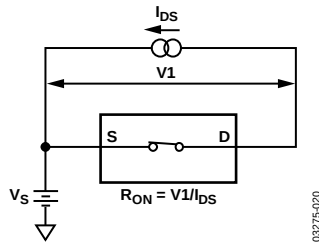


Figure 20. On Resistance

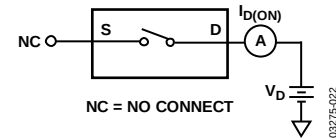


Figure 22. Drain Off Leakage

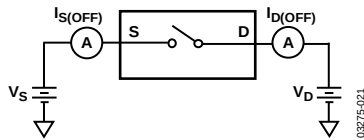


Figure 21. Source Off Leakage

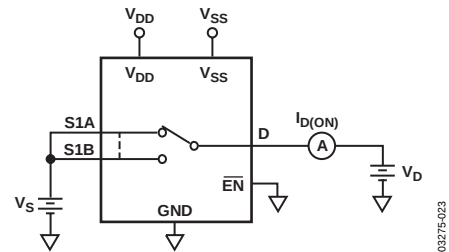
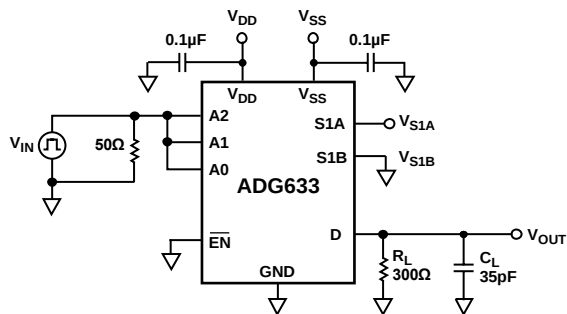
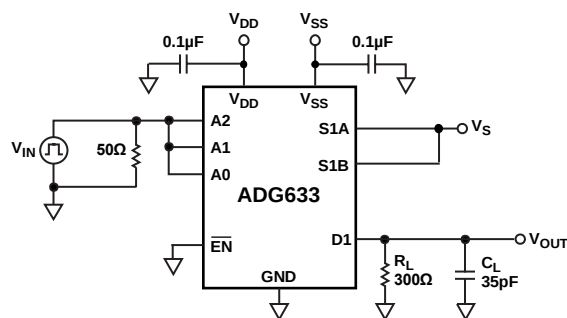
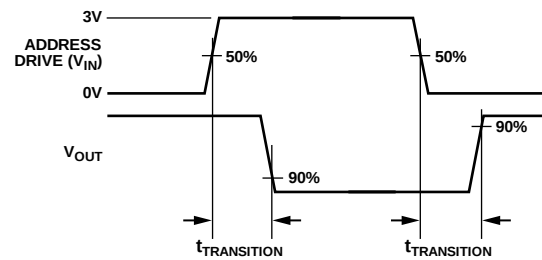
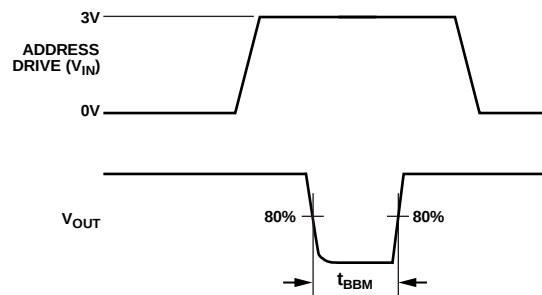
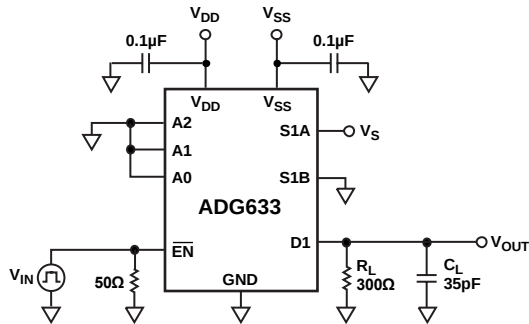
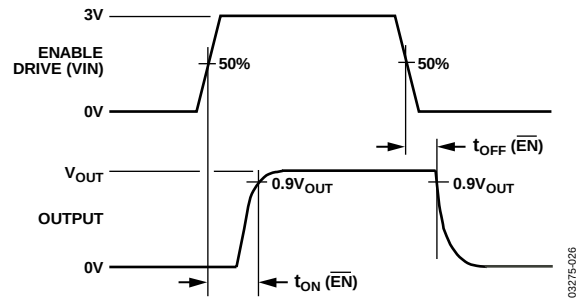


Figure 23. Channel On Leakage

Figure 24. Transition Time, $t_{TRANSITION}$ Figure 25. Break-Before-Make Delay, t_{BBM} 

Figure 26. Enable Delay, $t_{ON}(\overline{EN})$, $t_{OFF}(\overline{EN})$ 

03275-026

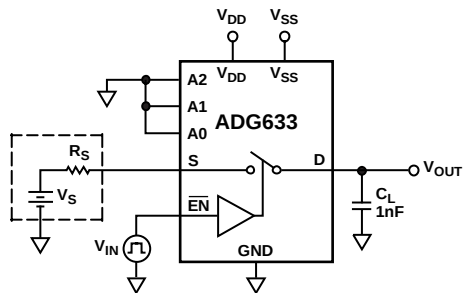
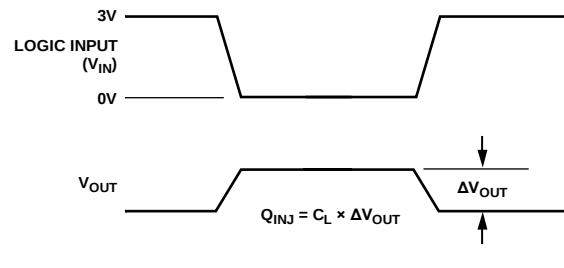


Figure 27. Charge Injection



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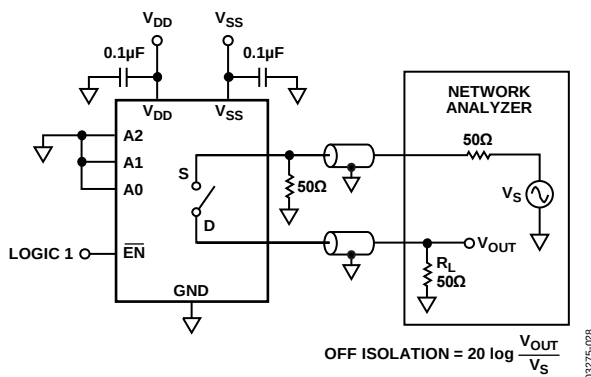


Figure 28. Off Isolation

$$\text{OFF ISOLATION} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_S}$$

03275-028

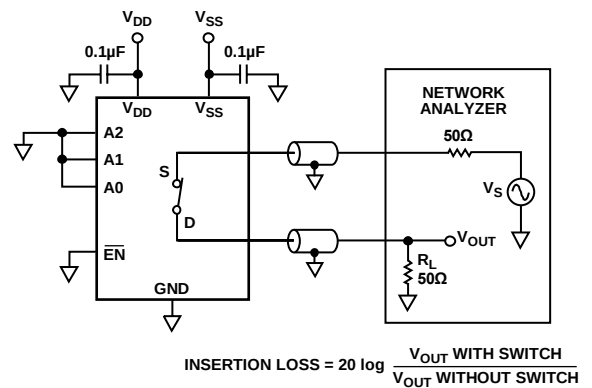


Figure 29. Bandwidth

$$\text{INSERTION LOSS} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OUT \text{ WITH SWITCH}}}{V_{OUT \text{ WITHOUT SWITCH}}}$$

03275-029

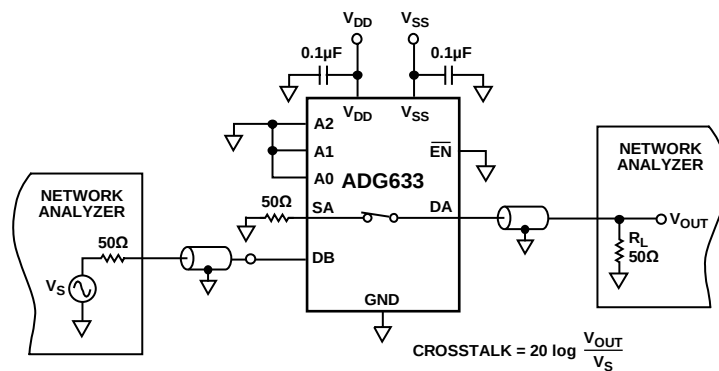
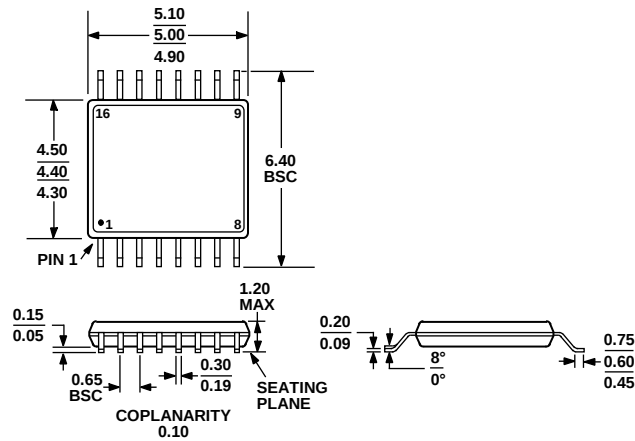


Figure 30. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

$$\text{CROSSTALK} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_S}$$

03275-030

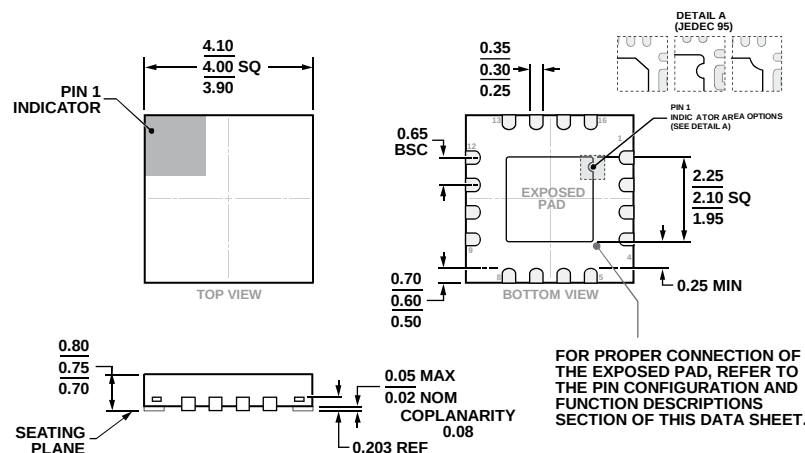
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-153-AB

Figure 31. 16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]
(RU-16)

Dimensions shown in millimeters



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-WGGC.

Figure 32. 16-Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]
4 mm × 4 mm Body and 0.75 mm Package Height
(CP-16-23)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
ADG633YRU	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-16
ADG633YRU-REEL7	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-16
ADG633YRUZ	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-16
ADG633YRUZ-REEL7	−40°C to +125°C	16-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package [TSSOP]	RU-16
ADG633YCPZ	−40°C to +85°C	16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-16-23
ADG633YCPZ-REEL7	−40°C to +85°C	16-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-16-23

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

NOTES

NOTES

Mouser Electronics

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