



AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

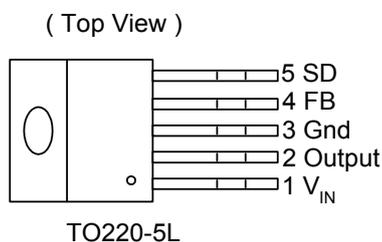
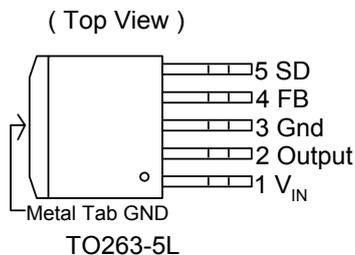
■ Features

- Output voltage: 3.3V, 5V, 12V and adjustable output version
- Adjustable version output voltage range, 1.23V to 37V \pm 4%
- 50KHz \pm 15% fixed switching frequency
- Voltage mode non-synchronous PWM control
- Thermal-shutdown and current-limit protection
- ON/OFF shutdown control input
- Operating voltage can be up to 60V
- Output load current: 2A (for AP1512)
3A (for AP1512A)
- Low power standby mode
- Built-in switching transistor on chip
- TO220-5L, TO220-5L(R) and TO263-5L **Pb-free** packages

■ Applications

- Simple High-efficiency step-down regulator
- On-card switching regulators
- Positive to negative converter

■ Pin Assignments



■ General Description

The AP1512/A is a monolithic IC that design for a step-down DC/DC converter, and own the ability of driving a 2A (3A for AP1512A) load without additional transistor component. Due to reducing the number of external component, the board space can be saved easily. The external shutdown function can be controlled by logic level and then come into standby mode. The internal compensation makes feedback control have good line and load regulation without external design. Regarding protected function, thermal shutdown is to prevent over temperature operating from damage, and current limit is against over current operating of the output switch. The AP1512/A operates at a switching frequency of 50KHz thus allowing smaller sized filter components than what would be needed with lower frequency switching regulators. Other features include a guaranteed \pm 4% tolerance on output voltage under specified input voltage and output load conditions, and \pm 15% on the oscillator frequency. The output version included fixed 3.3V, 5V, 12V, and an adjustable type. The packages are available in a standard 5-lead TO-220 package and a 5-lead TO-263.

■ Pin Descriptions

Name	Description
V _{IN}	Operating voltage input
Output	Switching output
Gnd	Ground
FB	Output voltage feedback control
SD	ON/OFF Shutdown



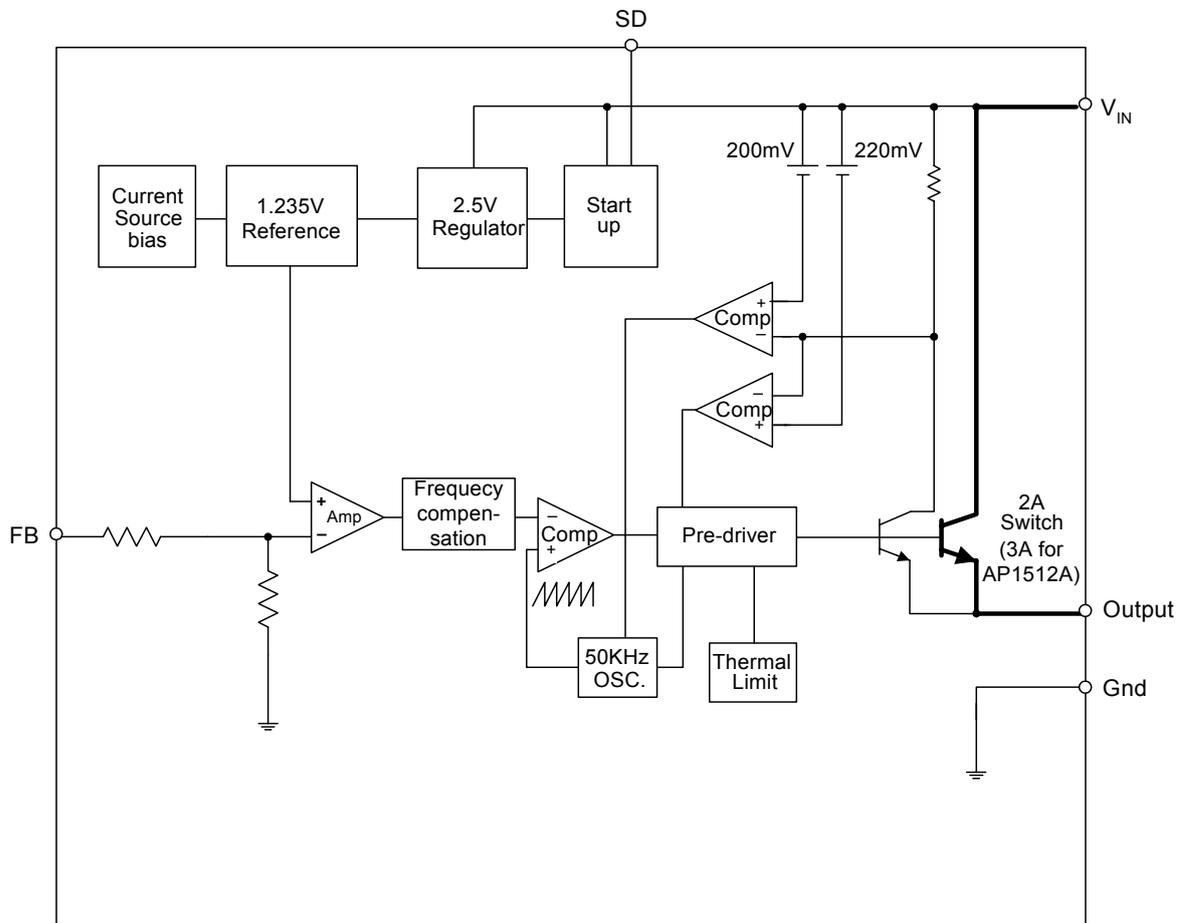
AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

Ordering Information

AP1512 X XX X X			
Part Number	Output Version	Package	Packing
Blank: 2A A : 3A	Blank : Adjustable -33 : 3.3V -50 : 5.0V -12 : 12V	T5: TO220-5L T5R: TO220-5L(R) K5: TO263-5L	Blank : Tube A : Taping

Block Diagram





AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	+63	V
V_{SD}	ON/OFF Pin input voltage	-0.3 to +40	V
V_{FB}	Feedback Pin voltage	-0.3 to +40	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage to Ground	-1	V
P_D	Power dissipation	Internally limited	W
T_{ST}	Storage temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_{OP}	Operating temperature	-40 to +125	°C
V_{OP}	Operating voltage	+4.5 to +60	V

■ Electrical Characteristics (All Output Voltage Versions)

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN}=30V$ for all version. $I_{LOAD} = 0.5A$

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_B	Feedback bias current		$V_{FB}=1.3V$ (Adjustable version only)		5	8 10	μA
F_{OSC}	oscillator frequency			42.5 40	50	57.5 60	KHz
V_{SAT}	saturation voltage		$I_{OUT}=2A$ no outside circuit $V_{FB}=0V$ force driver on		1.3	1.4 1.5	V
DC	Max. Duty Cycle(ON)		$V_{FB}=0V$ force driver on		100		%
	Min. Duty cycle(OFF)		$V_{FB}=12V$ force driver off		0		
I_{CL}	current limit for AP1512		peak current no outside circuit $V_{FB}=0V$ force driver on	2.5	3	4.5 5.5	A
I_{CL}	current limit for AP1512A		peak current no outside circuit $V_{FB}=0V$ force driver on	3.2	4	5 6	A
I_L	Output = 0	Output leakage current	no outside circuit $V_{FB}=12V$ force driver off			-250	μA
	Output = -1		$V_{IN}=60V$		-2	-60	mA
I_Q	Quiescent Current		$V_{FB}=12V$ force driver off		5	10	mA
I_{STBY}	Standby Quiescent Current		ON/OFF pin=5V $V_{IN}=60V$		350	450 500	μA
	V_{IL}	ON/OFF pin logic input threshold voltage		Low (regulator ON)	-	1.3	0.6
V_{IH}	ON/OFF pin logic input current		High (regulator OFF)	2.0		-	
I_H	ON/OFF pin logic input current		$V_{LOGIC}=2.5V$ (OFF)		0	-5	μA
I_L	ON/OFF pin input current		$V_{LOGIC}=0.5V$ (ON)		-0.8	-10	
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance		TO220-5L	Junction to case		2.5	°C/W
			TO263-5L			3.5	
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance		TO220-5L	Junction to ambient		28	°C/W
	With copper area of approximately 3 in ²		TO263-5L			23	



AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

AP1512

	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ.	Limit	Unit
AP1512-ADJ	V_{FB}	Output Feedback	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 2A$ V_{OUT} programmed for 3V	1.23	1.193/1.18 1.267/1.28	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512-3.3V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 2A$	3.3	3.168/3.135 3.432/3.465	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512-5V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 2A$	5	4.8/4.75 5.2/5.25	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512-12V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$15V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD} \leq 2A$	12	11.52/11.4 12.48/12.6	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
	η	Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 30V, I_{LOAD} = 2A$	83		%

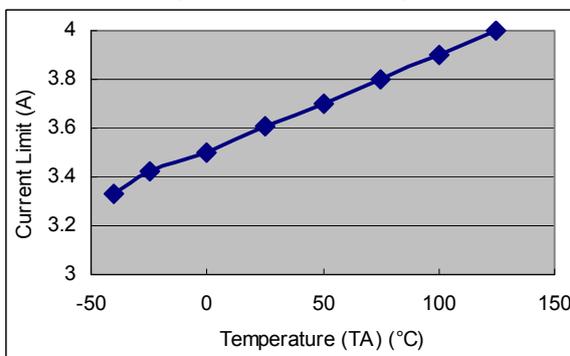
AP1512A

	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ.	Limit	Unit
AP1512A-ADJ	V_{FB}	Output Feedback	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD}$ V_{OUT} programmed for 3V	1.23	1.193/1.18 1.267/1.28	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512A-3.3V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD}$	3.3	3.168/3.135 3.432/3.465	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512A-5V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD}$	5	4.8/4.75 5.2/5.25	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
AP1512A-12V	V_{OUT}	Output voltage	$15V \leq V_{IN} \leq 60V$ $0.2A \leq I_{LOAD}$	12	11.52/11.4 12.48/12.6	V V_{MIN} V_{MAX}
	η	Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 30V, I_{LOAD} = 3A$	80		%

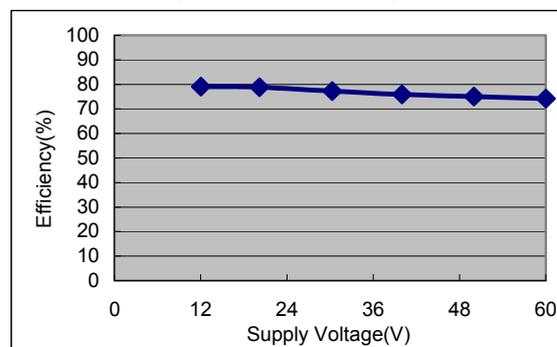
Specifications with **boldface type** are for full operating temperature range, the other type are for $T_J=25^\circ C$.

Typical Performance Characteristics

AP1512A Current Limit v.s. Temperature
($V_{CC}=60V, V_{out}=5V$)



AP1512A Efficiency v.s. Supply Voltage
($V_{out}=5V, I_{out}=3A$)



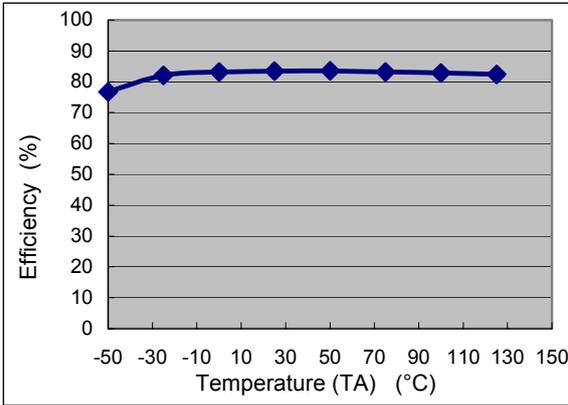


AP1512/A

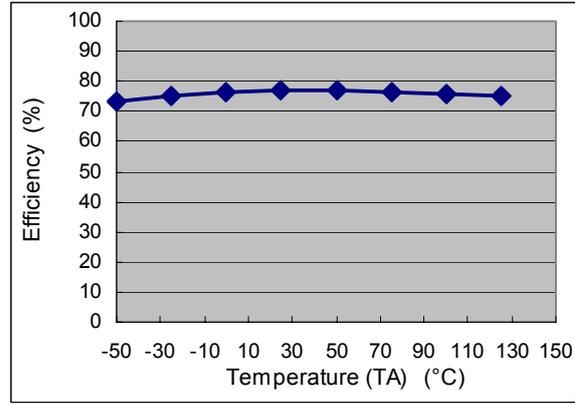
50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

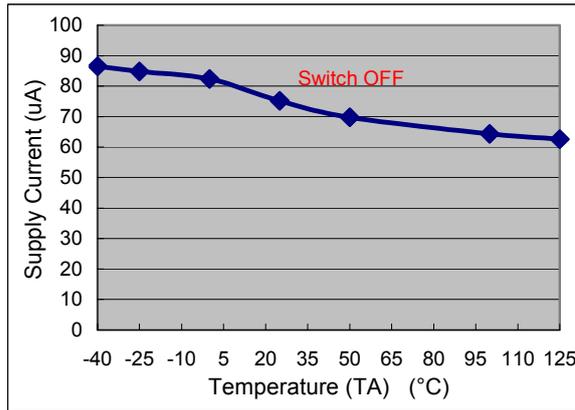
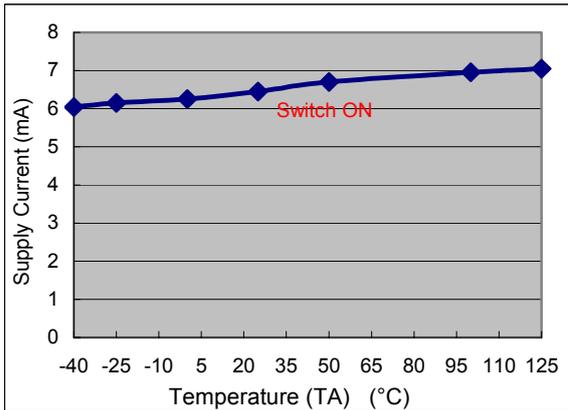
AP1512 Efficiency v.s. Temperature
($V_{in}=12V, V_{out}=5V, I_o=2A$)



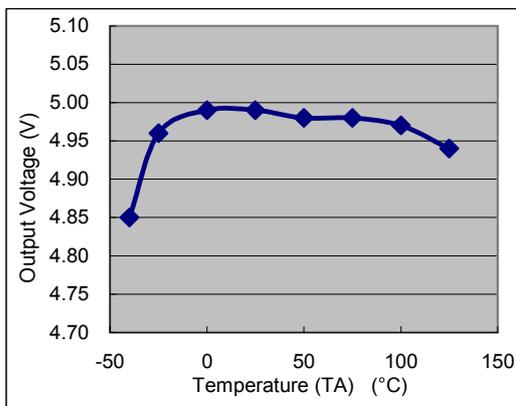
AP1512 Efficiency v.s. Temperature
($V_{in}=12V, V_{out}=3.3V, I_o=2A$)



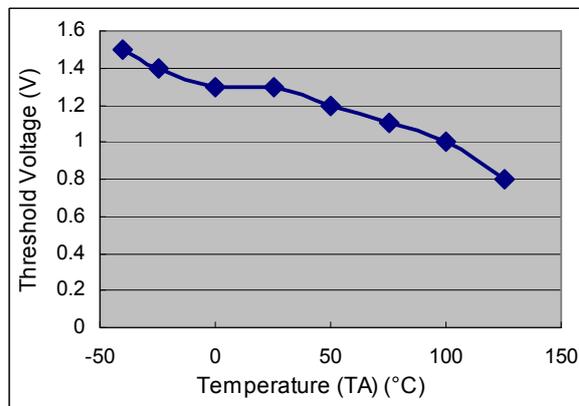
AP1512 Supply Current v.s. Temperature
($V_{cc}=12V$, No Load, $V_{on/off}=0V$ (Switch ON), $V_{on/off}=5V$ (Switch OFF))



AP1512 Output Voltage v.s. Temperature
($V_{in}=12V, V_{out}=5V, I_o=1A$)



AP1512 Threshold Voltage v.s. Temperature
($V_{cc}=12V, V_{out}=5V$)



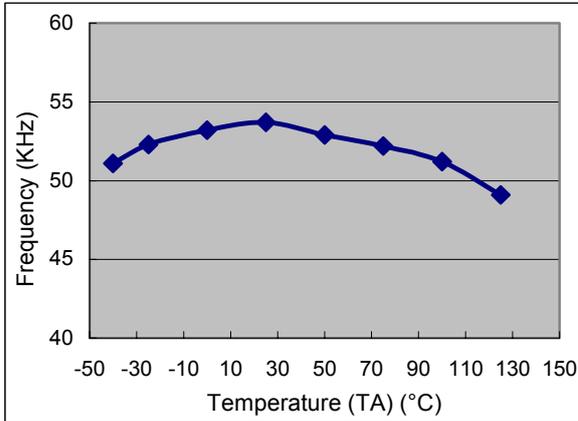


AP1512/A

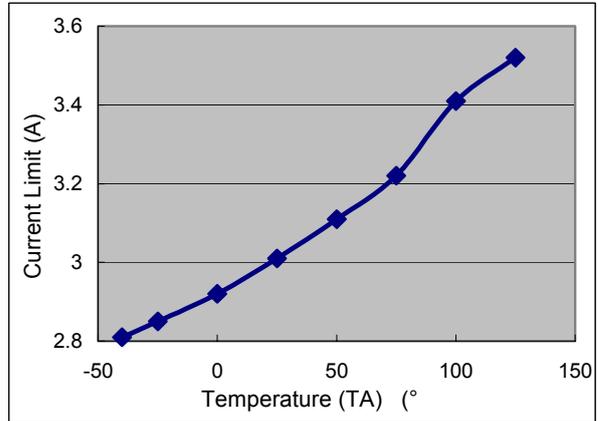
50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

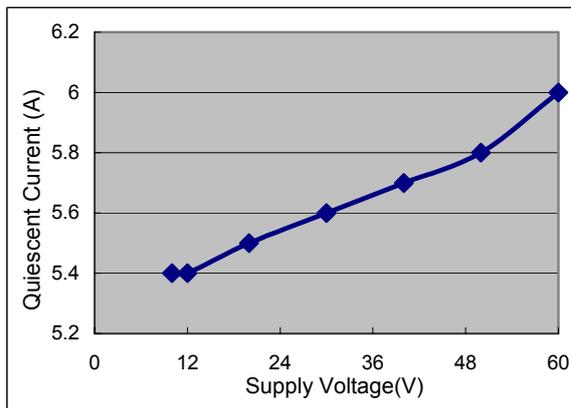
AP1512 Frequency v.s. Temperature
(V_{cc}=12V, I_o=1A, V_{out}=5V)



AP1512 Current Limit v.s. Temperature
(V_{cc}=60V, V_{out}=5V)



AP1512 Quiescent Current v.s. Supply Voltage
(force driver off)





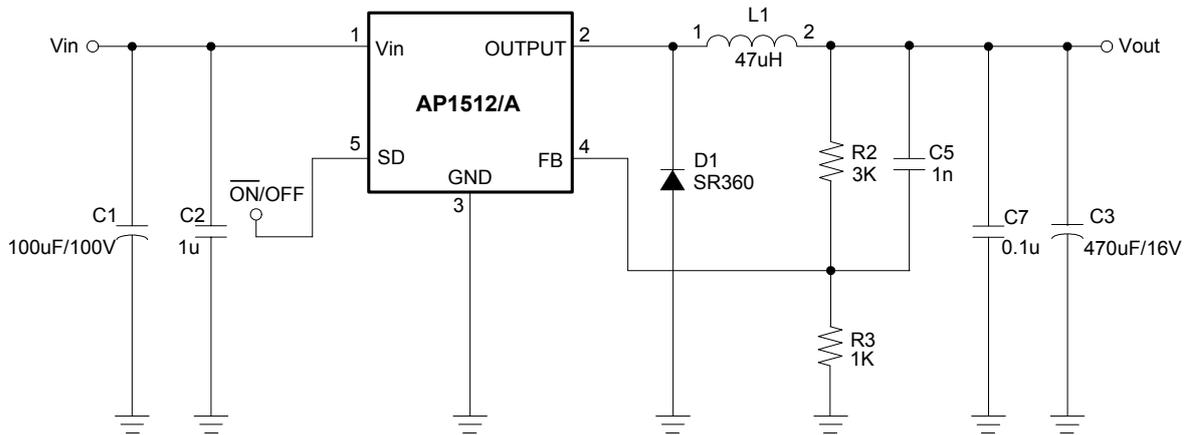
AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

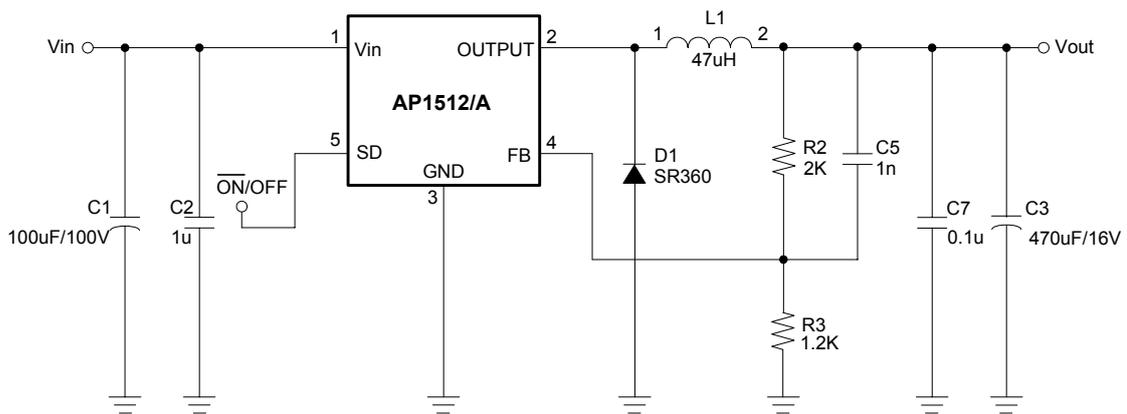
■ Typical Application Circuit

(1) Adjustable Type Circuit

A. $V_{in}=10V\sim60V$, $V_{out}=5V$; $I_{out}=0.3A\sim2A$, I_{out} below 0.3A DCM

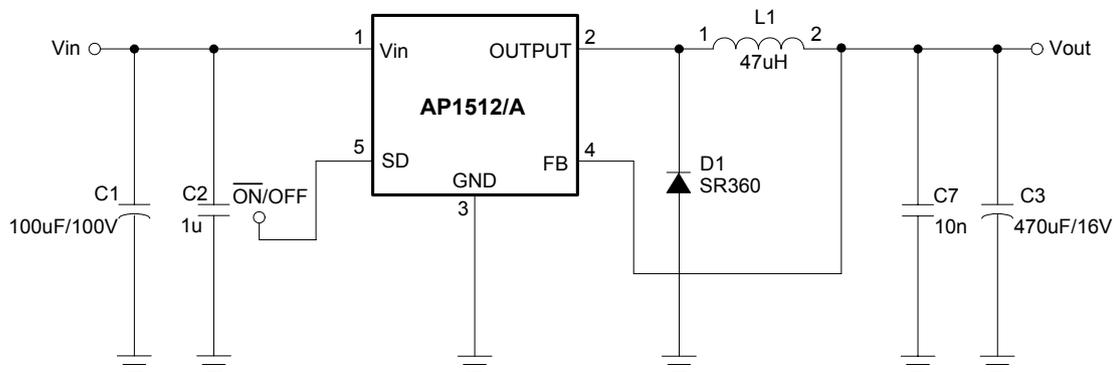


B. $V_{in}=10V\sim60V$, $V_{out}=3.3V$, $I_{out}=0.3A\sim2A$, I_{out} below 0.3A DCM



(2) Fixed Type Circuit

A. $V_{in}=10V\sim60V$, $V_{out}=5V$, $I_{out}=0.7A\sim2A$, I_{out} below 0.7A DCM



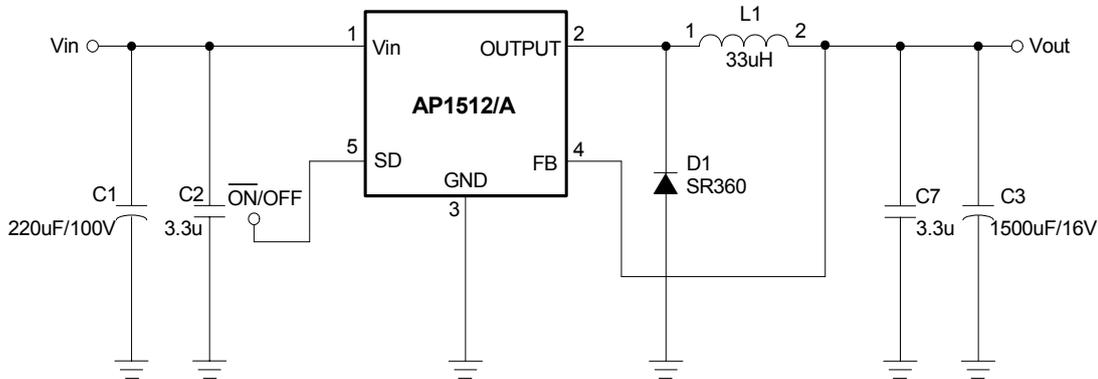


AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Typical Application Circuit (Continued)

B. $V_{in}=10V\sim 60V$, $V_{out}=3.3V$, $I_{out}=0.7A\sim 2A$, I_{out} below 0.7A DCM



■ Function Description

+ V_{IN}

This is the positive input supply for the IC switching regulator. A suitable input bypass capacitor must be present at this pin to minimize voltage transients and to supply the switching currents needed by the regulator.

Ground

Circuit ground.

Output

Internal switch. The voltage at this pin switches between $(+V_{IN} - V_{SAT})$ and approximately $-0.5V$, with a duty cycle of approximately V_{OUT} / V_{IN} . To minimize coupling to sensitive circuitry, the PC board copper area connected to this pin should be kept a minimum.

Feedback

Senses the regulated output voltage to complete the feedback loop.

$\overline{ON/OFF}$

Allows the switching regulator circuit to be shutdown using logic level signals thus dropping the total input supply current to approximately 150uA. Pulling this pin below a threshold voltage of approximately 1.3V turns the regulator on, and pulling this pin above 1.3V (up to a maximum of 40V) shuts the regulator down. If this shutdown feature is not needed, the SD pin can be wired to the ground pin or it can be left open, in either case the regulator will be in the ON condition.

Thermal Considerations

The AP1512/A is available in two packages, a 5-pin TO-220 and a 5-pin surface mount TO-263.

The TO-220 package needs a heat sink under most conditions. The size of the heatsink depends on the input voltage, the output voltage, the load current and the ambient temperature. The AP1512/A junction temperature rises above ambient temperature for a 2A load and different input and output voltages. The data for these curves was taken with the AP1512/A (TO-220 package) operating as a buck

switching regulator in an ambient temperature of 25°C (still air). These temperature rise numbers are all approximate and there are many factors that can affect these temperatures. Higher ambient temperatures require more heat sinking.

The TO-263 surface mount package tab is designed to be soldered to the copper on a printed circuit board. The copper and the board are the heat sink for this package and the other heat producing components, such as the catch diode and inductor. The PC board copper area that the package is soldered to should be at least 0.4 in², and ideally should have 2 or more square inches of 2 oz. Additional copper area improves the thermal characteristics, but with copper areas greater than approximately 6 in², only small improvements in heat dissipation are realized. If further thermal improvements are needed, double sided, multilayer PC board with large copper areas and/or airflow are recommended.



AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Function Description (Continued)

The AP1512/A (TO-263 package) junction temperature rise above ambient temperature with a 2A load for various input and output voltages. This data was taken with the circuit operating as a buck switching regulator with all components mounted on a PC board to simulate the junction temperature under actual operating conditions. This curve can be used for a quick check for the approximate junction temperature for various conditions, but be aware that there are many factors that can affect the junction temperature. When load currents higher than 2A are used, double sided or multilayer PC boards with large copper areas and/or airflow might be needed, especially for high ambient temperatures and high output voltages.

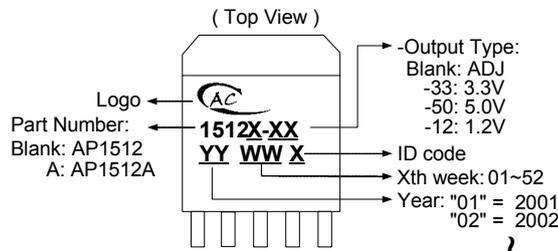
For the best thermal performance, wide copper traces and generous amounts of printed circuit board copper should be used in the board layout. (Once exception to this is the output (switch) pin, which should not have large areas of copper.) Large areas of copper provide the best transfer of heat (lower thermal resistance) to the surrounding

air, and moving air lowers the thermal resistance even further.

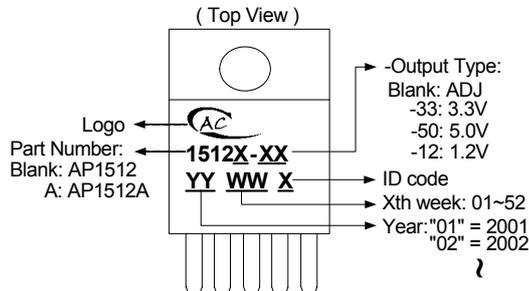
Package thermal resistance and junction temperature rise numbers are all approximate, and there are many factors that will affect these numbers. Some of these factors include board size, shape, thickness, position, location, and even board temperature. Other factors are, trace width, total printed circuit copper area, copper thickness, single or double-sided, multilayer board and the amount of solder on the board. The effectiveness of the PC board to dissipate heat also depends on the size, quantity and spacing of other components on the board, as well as whether the surrounding air is still or moving. Furthermore, some of these components such as the catch diode will add heat to the PC board and the heat can vary as the input voltage changes. For the inductor, depending on the physical size, type of core material and the DC resistance, it could either act as a heat sink taking heat away from the board, or it could add heat to the board.

■ Marking Information

(1) TO263-5L



(2) TO220-5L



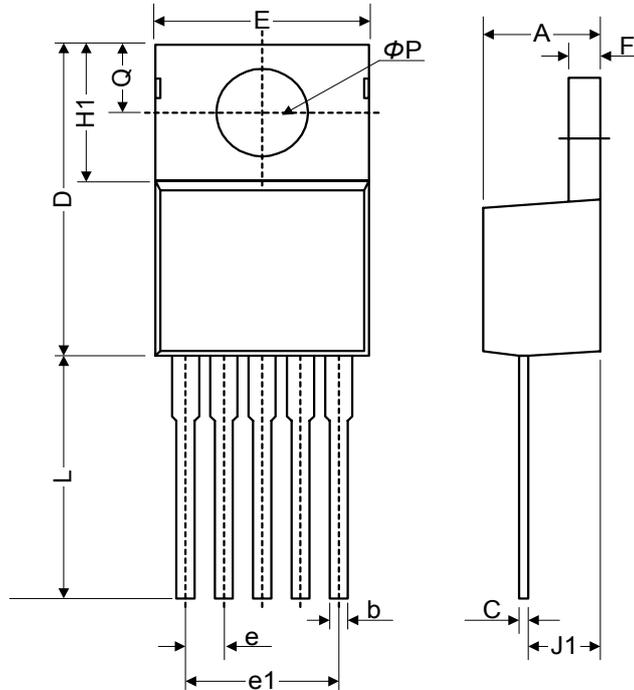


AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Package Information

(1) Package Type: TO220-5L



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	4.07	4.45	4.82	0.160	0.175	0.190
b	0.76	0.89	1.02	0.030	0.035	0.040
C	0.36	0.50	0.64	0.014	0.020	0.025
D	14.22	14.86	15.50	0.560	0.585	0.610
E	9.78	10.16	10.54	0.385	0.400	0.415
e	1.57	1.71	1.85	0.062	0.067	0.073
e1	6.68	6.81	6.93	0.263	0.268	0.273
F	1.14	1.27	1.40	0.045	0.050	0.055
H1	5.46	6.16	6.86	0.215	0.243	0.270
J1	2.29	2.74	3.18	0.090	0.108	0.125
L	13.21	13.97	14.73	0.520	0.550	0.580
ϕp	3.68	3.81	3.94	0.145	0.150	0.155
Q	2.54	2.73	2.92	0.100	0.107	0.115

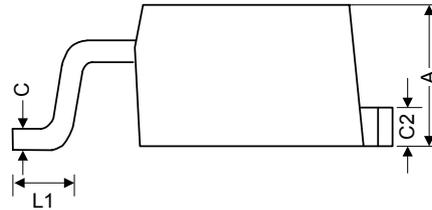
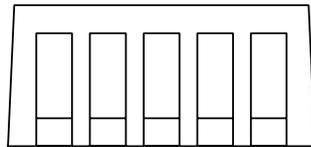
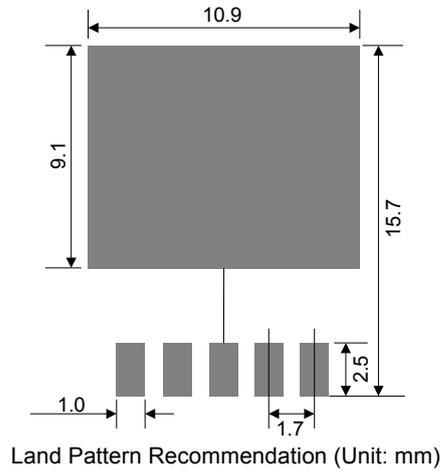
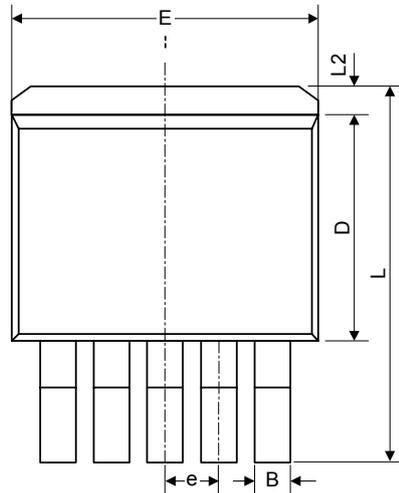


AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Package Information (Continued)

(2) Package Type: TO263-5L



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	4.07	4.46	4.85	0.160	0.176	0.191
B	0.66	0.84	1.02	0.026	0.033	0.040
C	0.36	0.50	0.64	0.014	0.020	0.025
C2	1.14	1.27	1.40	0.045	0.050	0.055
D	8.65	9.15	9.65	0.341	0.360	0.380
E	9.78	10.16	10.54	0.385	0.400	0.415
e	1.57	1.71	1.85	0.062	0.068	0.073
L	14.61	15.24	15.88	0.575	0.600	0.625
L1	2.29	2.54	2.79	0.090	0.100	0.110
L2	-	-	2.92	-	-	0.115

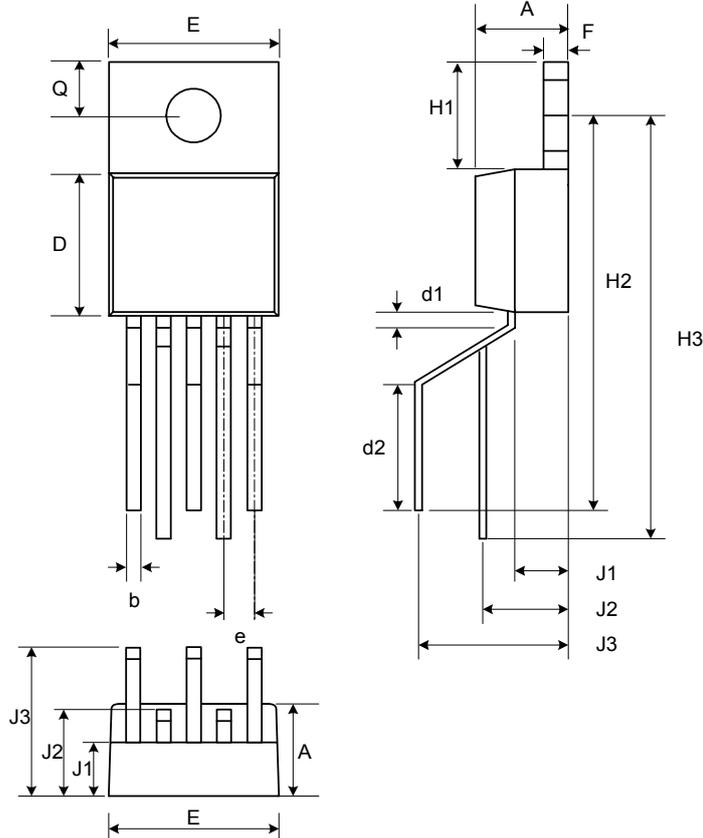


AP1512/A

50KHz, 2A/3A PWM Buck DC/DC Converter

■ Package Information (Continued)

(3) Package Type: TO220-5L(R) Mechanical drawing



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	4.4	4.6	4.7	0.175	0.180	0.185
b	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.027	0.032	0.037
D	8.4	8.7	8.9	0.330	0.340	0.350
d1	1.0			0.039		
d2	6.3			0.248		
E	9.91	10.16	10.41	0.390	0.400	0.410
e	1.6	1.7	1.8	0.062	0.067	0.072
F	1.2	1.25	1.3	0.048	0.050	0.052
H1	6.4			0.250		
H2	20.8	21.6	22.4	0.820	0.850	0.880
H3	23.9	24.7	25.5	0.942	0.972	1.002
J1	2.7			0.105		
J2	3.7	4.5	5.3	0.147	0.177	0.207
J3	8.4			0.331		
Q	2.5	2.8	3.0	0.100	0.110	0.120