GPIO ICs Series

GPIO Expander IC

BU8272GUW

No.09098EAT01

●Description

GPIO expander is useful especially for the application that is in short of IO ports.

It can

1. Control GPIO output states by I^{2}C write protocol.
2. Know GPIO input states by I^{2}C read protocol.

Furthermore,it has the interrupt function that can release CPU from polling the registers in the GPIO expander.

GPIO expander are also equipped with Built-in power on reset, 3V tolerant input,and NMOS open-drain output.

●Features

1) 400Kbps, 2-Wire serial interface
2) Interrupt output
3) 20-bit General purpose input/output interface
   8-bit and 12-bit IO groups are designed for different power supply
   voltages from the device core voltage supply

● Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	comment
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3 ~ +2.5	V	-
	VDDI2C	-0.3 ~ +3.5	V	-
	VDDIO	-0.3 ~ +3.5	V	-
Input voltage	VI	-0.3 ~ VDD +0.5 [*1]	V	CMOS Core
		-0.3 ~ VDDI2C +0.5 [*1]	V	CMOS I/O for 2-Wire
		-0.3 ~ VDDIO +0.5 [*1]	V	CMOS I/O
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 ~ +125	°C	-
Package power	PD	310 [*2]	mW	-

[*1] The input voltage range doesn't exceed absolute maximum ratings even including +0.5 V.

[*2] Package dissipation will be reduced each 3.1mW/°C when the ambient temperature increases beyond 25°C.

This IC is not designed to be X-ray proof.

● Recommended Operating Conditions

(Ta=-25°C ~+85°C)

Item	Symbol	Limit			Unit	Condition
		Min	Typ	Max		
Supply voltage （VDD）	V_{VDD}	1.65	1.80	1.95	V	Core
Supply voltage （VDDI2C）	V_{VDDI2C}	1.65	-	3.45	V	2-Wire,INT,ADR, XRST
Supply voltage （VDDIO1）	V_{VDDIO1}	1.65	-	3.45	V	GPIO[7:0]
Supply voltage （VDDIO2）	V_{VDDIO2}	1.65	-	3.45	V	GPIO[19:8]
2-Wire operating Frequency	F_{I2C}	-	-	400	KHz	Slave

● Package Specification（VBGA035W040）
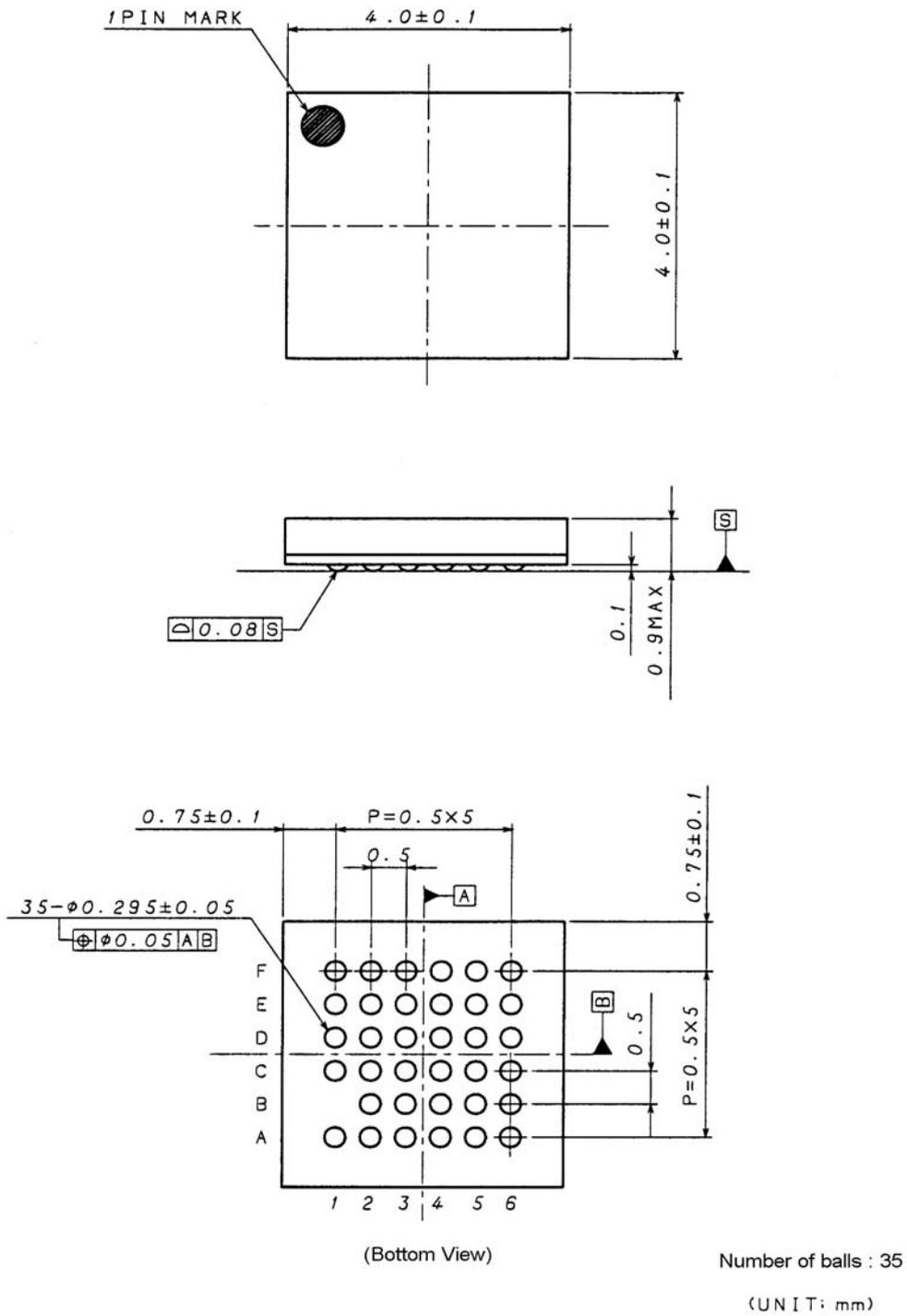
Fig.1　Package Specification

● Pin Diagram

	1	2	3	4	5	6
F	VDD	GPIO0	GPIO1	GPIO3	GPIO5	VDDIO1
E	INT	GND	GPIO2	GPIO4	GPIO6	GPIO7
D	SCL	XRST	GND	GND	GPIO9	GPIO8
C	ADR	SDA	GND	GND	GPIO11	GPIO10
B		GPIO19	GPIO17	GPIO15	VDD	GPIO12
A	VDDI2C	GPIO18	GPIO16	GPIO14	GPIO13	VDDIO2

Fig.2 Pin Diagram （Bottom View）

● Block Diagram

Functional Block Diagram

Fig.3   Functional Block Diagram

● Electrical Specification

VDD=1.8V, VDDIO=3.0V, VDDI2C=3.0V, Ta=25 °C, without output load conditions

Item	Symbol	Limit			Unit	comment
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input H Voltage	V_{IH}	0.75xVDDIO	-	-	V	-
Input L Voltage	V_{IL}	-	-	0.25xVDDIO	V	-
Input H Current	I_{IH}	0	-	3	μA	-
Input L Current	I_{IL}	-3	-	0	μA	-
Output H Voltage	V_{OH}	VDDIO－0.2	-	-	V	I_{OH}=-1.0mA
Output L Voltage	V_{OL}	-	-	0.2	V	I_{OL}=1.0mA
SCL clk frequency	fSCL	-	-	400	KHz	
Bus free time	tBUF	1.3	-	-	μs	
（repeat）Start condition Setup Time	tSU:STA	0.6	-	-	μs	
（repeat）Start condition Hold Time	tHD:STA	0.6	-	-	μs	
SCL Low Time	tLOW	1.3	-	-	μs	
SCL High Time	tHIGH	0.6	-	-	μs	
Data Setup Time	tSU:DAT	100	-	-	ns	
Data Hold Time	tHD:DAT	0	-	-	ns	
Stop condition Setup Time	tSU:STO	0.6	-	-	μs	
Interrupt Valid	tIV	-	-	0.1	μs	
Interrupt Reset	tIR	-	-	1.0	μs	
Output Data Valid	tDV	-	-	0.8	μs	
Input Data Setup Time	tDS	100	-	-	ns	
Input Data Hold Time	tDH	0	-	-	μs	
Standby Current	I_{STBY}	-	-	3.0	μA	

● Pin-out Functional Descriptions

1. Pin table

PIN No.	Land number	PIN name	I/O	Power source system	Function		Cell Type	XRST
1	A1	VDDI2C	-	-				
2	(NC)	-	-	-				
3	C3	GND	-	-				
4	C1	ADR	IN	VDDI2C			B	-
5	C2	SDA	INOUT	VDDI2C	Serial data inout for 2-Wire		A	Hi-z
6	D1	SCL	IN	VDDI2C	Clock for 2-Wire		B	-
7	D2	XRST	IN	VDDI2C	Reset（Low Active）		B	L
8	E1	INT	OUT	VDDI2C	Interrupt signal	[1]	C	-[3]
9	E2	GND	-	-				
10	F1	VDD	-	-				
11	F2	GPIO0	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
12	D3	GND	-	-				
13	F3	GPIO1	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
14	E3	GPIO2	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
15	F4	GPIO3	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
16	E4	GPIO4	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
17	F5	GPIO5	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
18	E5	GPIO6	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
19	F6	VDDIO1	-	-				
20	E6	GPIO7	INOUT	VDDIO1	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
21	D4	GND	-	-				
22	D6	GPIO8	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
23	D5	GPIO9	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
24	C6	GPIO10	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
25	C5	GPIO11	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
26	B6	GPIO12	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
27	B5	VDD						
28	A6	VDDIO2	-	-				
29	A5	GPIO13	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
30	C4	GND	-	-				
31	A4	GPIO14	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
32	B4	GPIO15	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
33	A3	GPIO16	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
34	B3	GPIO17	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
35	A2	GPIO18	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z
36	B2	GPIO19	INOUT	VDDIO2	General purpose inout. Pull-up to VDD	[2]	A	Hi-z

[1] The Low Active or High Active of interrupt output level and specific bit mask control are decided by internal register value.
[2] When IOSEL register is set to "1", please pull-up IO output to the same value as VDDIO1 or VDDIO2 voltages respectively.

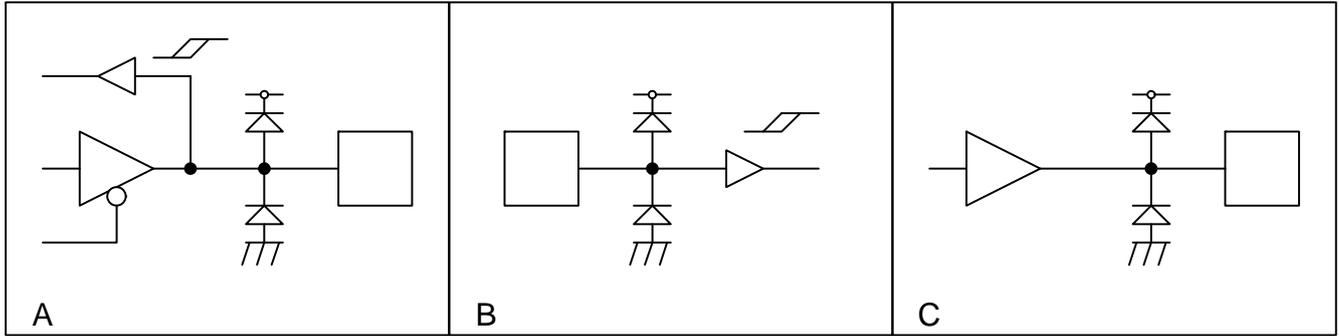2. Equivalent IO circuit diagram

Fig.4 Equivalent IO circuit diagram

● Functional Description

1 2-Wire Bus Interface
1.1 Slave address
Please pull-up SDA and SCL to the same potential of voltage as DVDDI2C.
BU8272GUW is controlled by using an on-chip 2-Wire slave interface. Two kinds of the device address, "0001111" at ADR="1" or "0001000" at ADR="0" can be used. The transfer bit rate supports Fast-mode up to max 400Kbps.

	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	W/R
ADR=0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0/1
ADR=1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	

2-Wire Slave address

Fig. 5 Slave address

1.2 Data transfer
One bit of data is transferred during SCL = "1".   During the bit transfer SCL = "1" cycle, the signal SDA should keep the value. If SDA changes during SCL = "1",   a START condition or STOP condition occur and it is interpreted as a control signal.
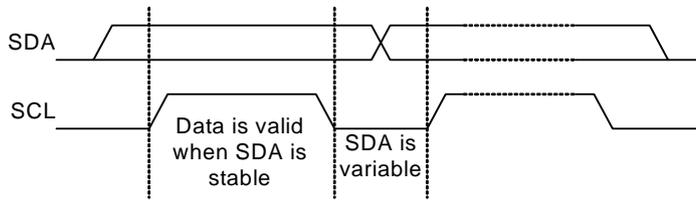

Fig. 6 Data transfer

1.3 START-STOP conditions
When SDA and SCL are "1", the data isn't transferred on the 2-wire bus. If SCL remains "1" and SDA transfers from "1" to "0", it means a "Start condition" is occurred and access is started.
If SCL remains "1" and SDA transfers from "0" to "1",   it means a "Stop condition" is occurred and access is stopped.
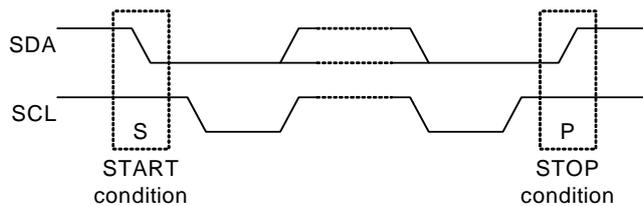

Fig. 7   START-STOP conditions

1.4   Acknowledge

After start condition is occurred, 8 bits data will be transferred. Then the "Master" opens SDA and "Slave" de-asserts SDA to "0" as an "Acknowledge" returned.
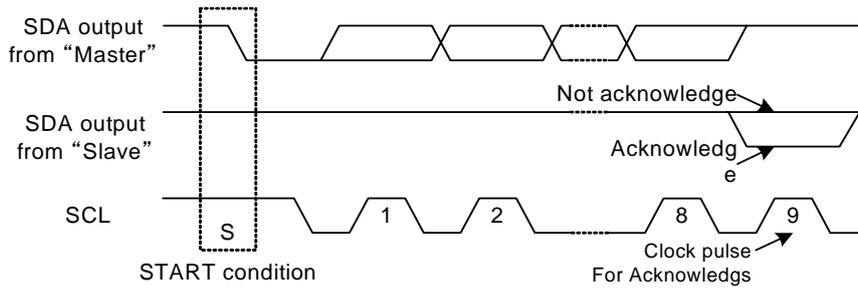

Fig. 8   Acknowledge

1.5   Writing protocol

A writing protocol is shown in Fig.8-5 below. GPIO register address in BU8272GUW is transferred after one byte of slave address with a write commend. The 3rd byte data is written to internal register which defined by the 2nd byte. After the each byte transfer, the register address will be automatically increased. However, when the register address increased to the final address (09h), it will be reset to (00h) after the byte transfer.

GPIO register address (00h) is assigned to GPIO register[7:0], the register address (01h) is assigned to GPIO register[15:8], and the register address (02h) is assigned to GPIO register[19:16]. Only the 4 bits LSB data are valid in the register with GPIO register address (02h).
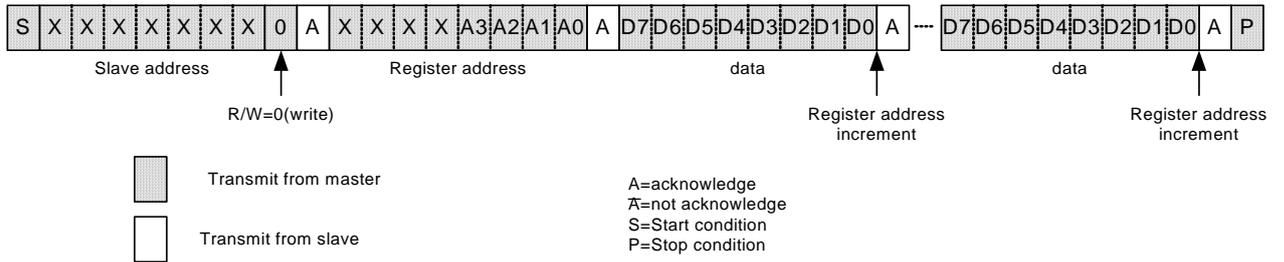

Fig. 9 Writing protocol

1.6 Reading protocol
After Writing the slave address and Read/Write commend bits, the next byte is read. The reading register address is next of previous accessed address. Therefore, the data is read with address increment. When the address in increased to the last, the following read address will be reset to (00h). When the GPIO port [19:16] is read, 4 bits of "0" will be added from MSB, and the value of 4 bits from GPIO port [19:16] is read from 2-wire interface.

| S | X | X | X | X | X | X | 1 | A | D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 | A | .... | D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 | Ā | P |

Salve address
R/W=1(Read)
data
Register Address increment
data
Register address increment

Transmit fronm master
Transmit from slave

A=acknowledge
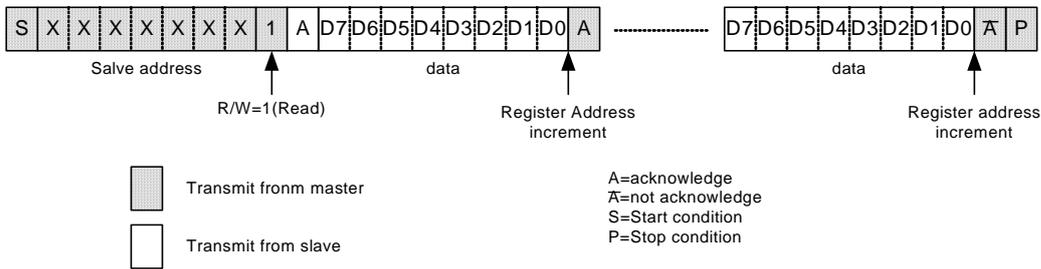Ā=not acknowledge
S=Start condition
P=Stop condition

Fig. 10 Readout protocol

1.7 Complex reading protocol
After the specifying the internal register address, a resending start condition occurs and the direction of data transfer is changed then reading access is done. Therefore, the data is read followed by address increment. If the address is increased to the last, it will be reset to (00h).
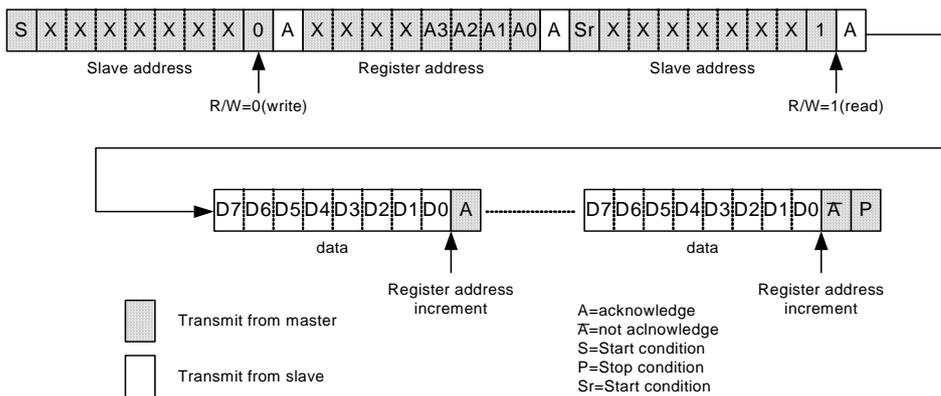
| S | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 0 | A | X | X | X | X | A3 A2 A1 A0 | A | Sr | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 1 | A |

Slave address
R/W=0(write)
Register address
Slave address
R/W=1(read)

| D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 | A | .... | D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0 | Ā | P |

data
Register address increment
data
Register address increment

Transmit from master
Transmit from slave

A=acknowledge
Ā=not aclnowledge
S=Start condition
P=Stop condition
Sr=Start condition

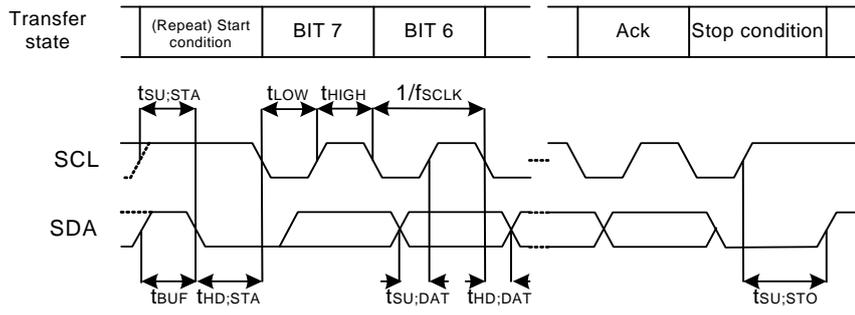Fig. 11 Complex reading protocol

1.8   Timing Diagram

Fig. 12   Timing Diagram

2. GPIO・INT Interface

The default mode of all GPIO [19:0] ports are input mode upon the power-on. By setting the specific bit of Interrupt Mask Sel register to "1", the corresponding bit of Interrupt will be masked. There are two kinds of ways to control input / output operations. The first way is to change read / write register value in each corresponding bit. Second way is to write each GPIO register a "0" value for 'Output operation' and a "1" value for 'input operation'. It is necessary to pull up the output to the same voltage value as the corresponding I/O power supply in the second way.
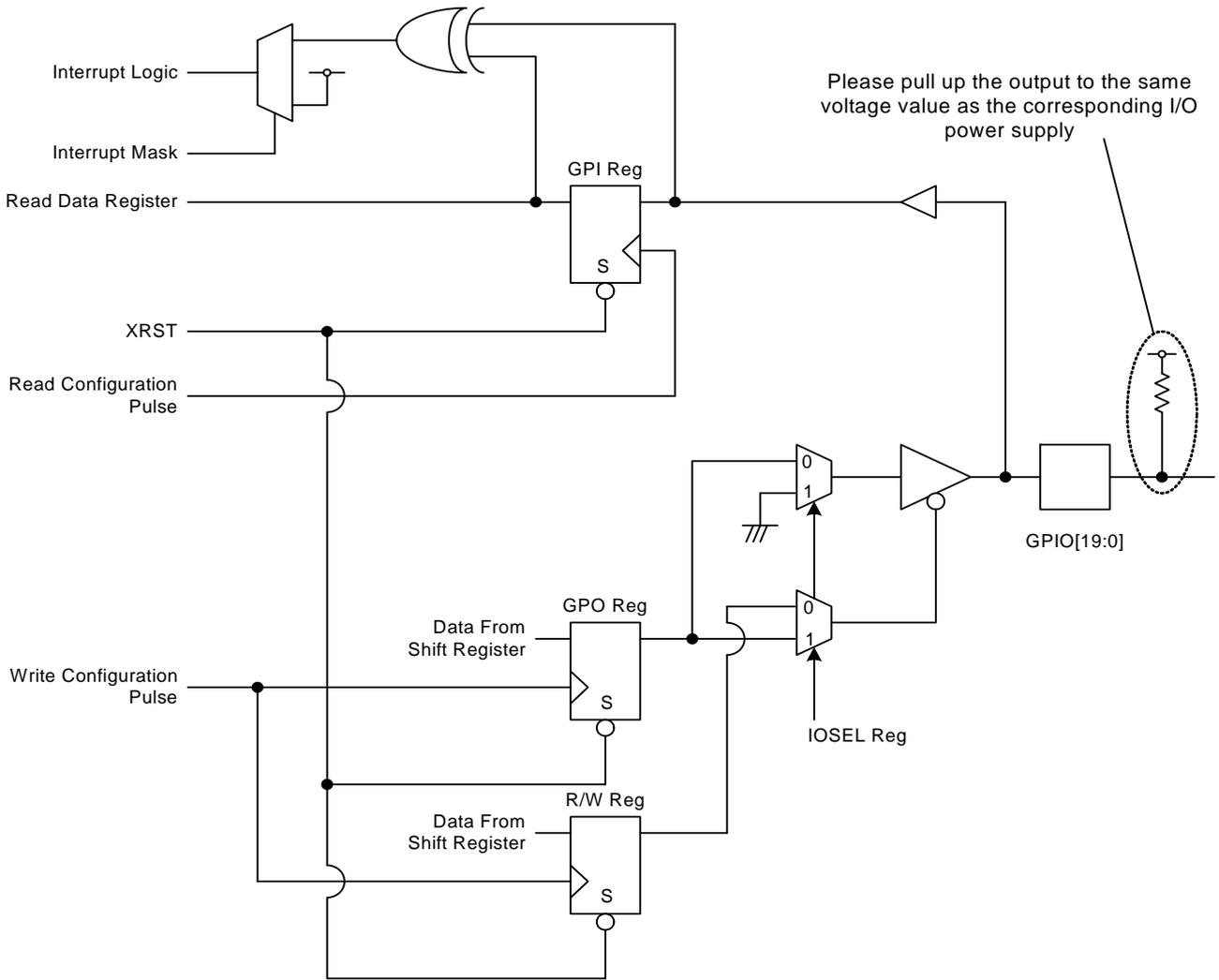

Fig. 13　GPIO・INT system

2.1   Write to GPIO Port
After setting the internal register address, the data from master is written from MSB.
After Acknowledge is returned, the value of each GPIO port will be changed.

・IOSEL=1
In the condition that IOSEL register is "1", after sending Acknowledge, a value "0" is output from the GPIO port which the corresponding bit is transferred as '0', and a input-mode(Hi-Z) is output from GPIO port which the corresponding bit is transferred as '1'.
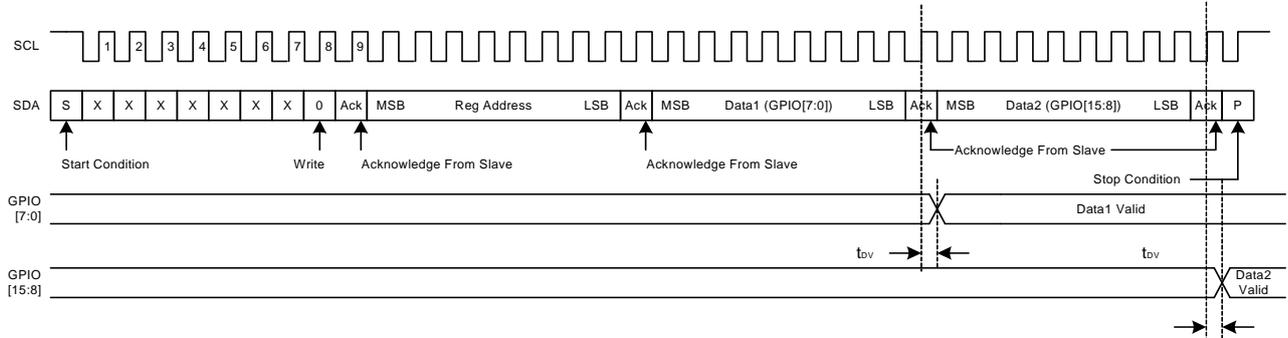
Fig. 14   Write to GPIO port   （Pull-up-mode）

・IOSEL=0
In the condition that IOSEL register is "0", data input or output is defined by the value of RWSEL register. Therefore, after "0" is written to each bit of RWSEL register, the data is output from GPIO port. If "0" is written to RWSEL register at first, the data will be output immediately from the GPIO port after the acknowledge signaling.
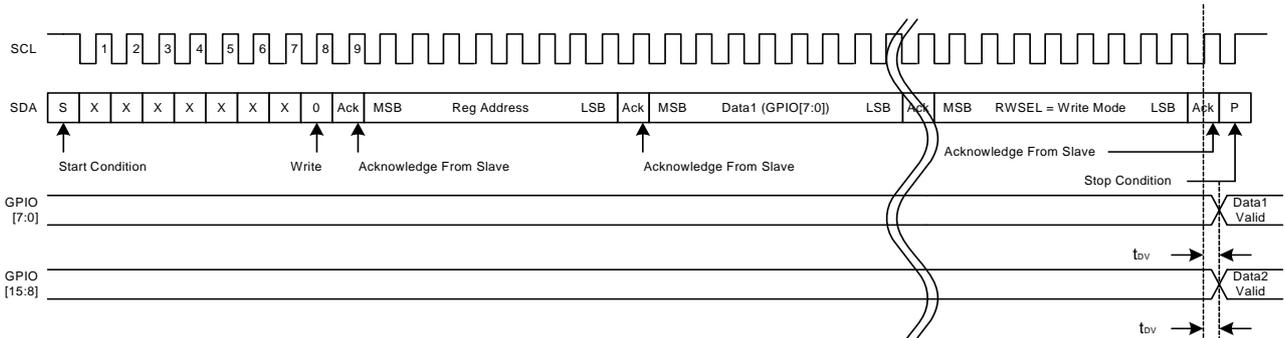
Fig. 15   Write to GPIO port   （RWSEL-mode）

2.2   Read From GPIO Port
After slave address and R/W bit is written, the GPIO ports value will be read into the GPIO registers. (refer to section 8.1.6 for 2-wire reading protocol.) The data fixed between tow consecutive acknowledges will be transferred to the Master.
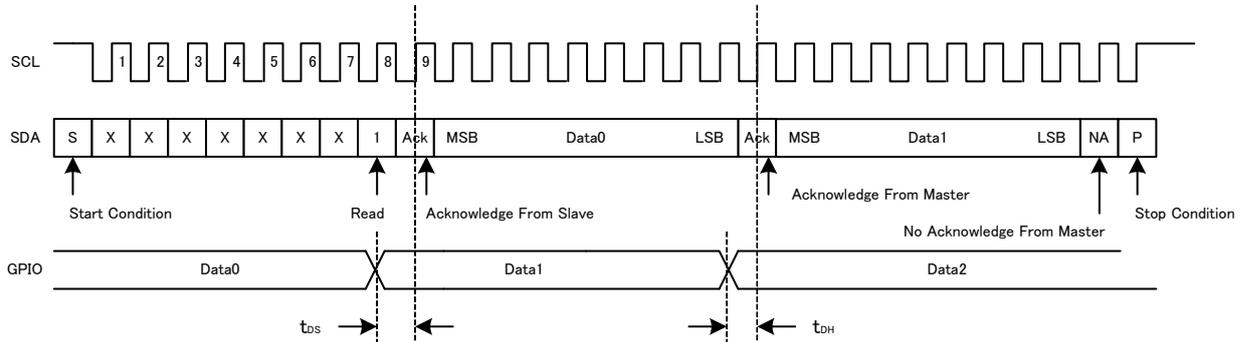
Fig. 16   Read from GPIO port

2.3   Interrupt Valid/Reset
The transition of each GPIO port de-asserts the interrupt signal (INT), generates the interrupt signal by asserting the INT after each acknowledge signaling.
Either a "High-Active" or a "Low-Active" interrupt signaling can be defined by changing the INTSEL register value beforehand.
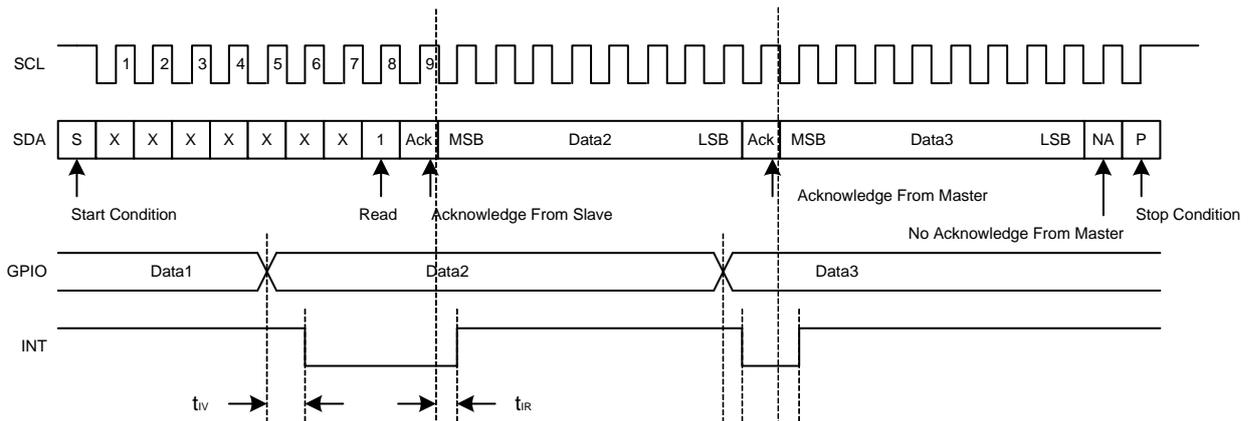
Fig. 17   Interrupt Valid/Reset

● The Setting Registers

When setting address is written beyond 00h~09h, the register address will be forced to value 00h.

When the final address is set to 09h, then the next address 00h will be written.

By making XRST "Low", the setting register value will be initialed shown in following register map.

1. Register map

Addr	Init	Type	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
00h	ffh	R/W	GPIO7	GPIO6	GPIO5	GPIO4	GPIO3	GPIO2	GPIO1	GPIO0
01h	ffh	R/W	GPIO15	GPIO14	GPIO13	GPIO12	GPIO11	GPIO10	GPIO9	GPIO8
02h	0fh	R/W	-	-	-	-	GPIO19	GPIO18	GPIO17	GPIO16
03h	00h	R/W	MASK7	MASK6	MASK5	MASK4	MASK3	MASK2	MASK1	MASK0
04h	00h	R/W	MASK15	MASK14	MASK13	MASK12	MASK11	MASK10	MASK9	MASK8
05h	00h	R/W	-	-	-	-	MASK19	MASK18	MASK17	MASK16
06h	ffh	R/W	RWSEL7	RWSEL6	RWSEL5	RWSEL4	RWSEL3	RWSEL2	RWSEL1	RWSEL0
07h	ffh	R/W	RWSEL15	RWSEL14	RWSEL13	RWSEL12	RWSEL11	RWSEL10	RWSEL9	RWSEL8
08h	0fh	R/W	-	-	-	-	RWSEL19	RWSEL18	RWSEL17	RWSEL16
09h	03h	R/W	-	-	-	-	-	INTSEL	IOSEL2	IOSEL1

2. Register functional explanations

Symbol	Addr	Init	Description
GPIO7 ~ GPIO0	00h	ffh	Read or write data of GPIO bit 0 to 7.
GPIO15 ~ GPIO8	01h	ffh	Read or write data of GPIO bit 8 to 15.
GPIO19 ~ GPIO16	02h	0fh	Read or write data of GPIO bit 16 to bit 19. In writing mode, 4 bits of MSB is ignored and in reading mode, 4 bits of "0" is filled up from MSB.
MASK7 ~ MASK0	03h	00h	0: Interrupt is not masked when "0" is written to GPIO bit 0 to 7 1: Interrupt is masked when "0" is written to GPIO bit 0 to 7
MASK15 ~ MASK8	04h	00h	0: Interrupt is not masked When "0" is written to GPIO bit 8 to 15 1: Interrupt is masked When "0" is written to GPIO bit 8 to 15
MASK19 ~ MASK16	05h	00h	0: Interrupt is not masked when "0" is written to GPIO bit 16 to 19 1: Interrupt is masked when "0" is written to GPIO bit 16 to 19 In writing mode, 4 bit of MSB is ignored and in reading mode, 4 bits of "0" is filled up from MSB.
RWSEL7 ~ RWSEL0	06h	ffh	0: GPIO bit 0 through 7 becomes output mode. 1: GPIO bit 0 through 7 becomes input mode.
RWSEL15 ~ RWSEL8	07h	Ffh	0: GPIO bit 8 through 15 becomes output mode. 1: GPIO bit 8 through 15 becomes input mode.
RWSEL19 ~ RWSEL16	08h	0fh	0: GPIO bit 16 through 19 becomes output mode. 1: GPIO bit 16 through 19 becomes input mode.
IOSEL1	09h	1h	0: RWSEL bit 0 through 7 becomes available. 1: Change to pull-up mode.
IOSEL2		1h	0: RWSEL bit 8 through 19 becomes available. 1: Change to pull-up mode.
INTSEL		0h	0: Make Interrupt "Low active". 1: Make Interrupt "High active".

● Appendix

1. About difference between I2C and 2-Wire

2-wire interface logic uses a normal IN/OUT cell (Hi-Z or only "0" output) instead of an Open-Drain cell in normal I2C interface. For this reason, the VDDI2C voltage level must be same as the connected other normal I2C masters'. Therefore, any other I2C slave with same bus level can be connected to the bus.

2 .In case of illegal access [*1] during 2-Wire data transference

The current data will be canceled and next access is necessary.

[*1]In case of a consecutive Start-condition and Stop-condition occurred.
   In case of Resend-condition or Stop-condition occurred during a slave address or R/W bit witting cycles.
   In case of Resend-condition or Stop-condition occurred during data witting cycles.

3. About the handling of the no using GPIO port

Any no using GPIO port must be pulled-up or connected to GND. In order to prevent from any unexpected interrupt happening when a no using GPIO is connected to GND, the corresponding bit of GPIO Mask register must be disabled by Mask register access, or simply read the GPIO value into corresponding internal GPIO port register. The no using GPIO port power supply (VDDIO1 or VDDIO2) must be connected to the voltage value defined in this specification, never left it open.
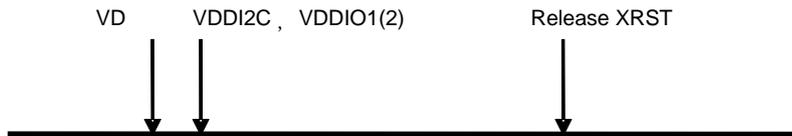
4. Caution of power on sequence

The BU8272GUW can not works correctly even one of the power supply among the core power supply (VDD) and the I/O power supply (VDDI2C, VDDIO1, VDDIO2) is not connected to specified conditions described in this specification.
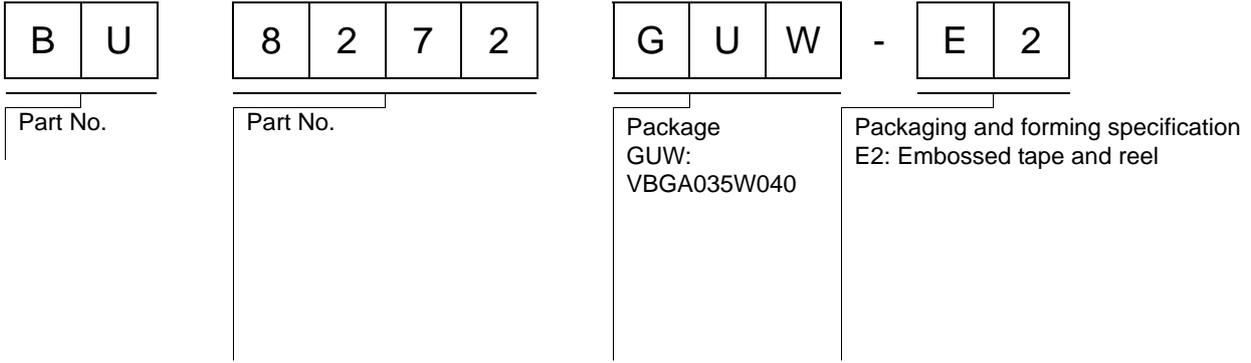
The power on sequence must be designed to give core power supply first then I/O power. Inversely, the I/O power supply must be switched off before the core power down in the device power down sequence.
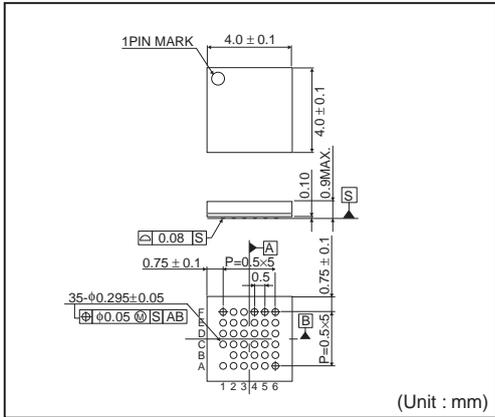
5. Reset release timing

Core power supply (VDD) and I/O power supply (VDDI2C, VDDIO1, VDDIO2) first. Afterwards, release XRST.

VD   VDDI2C ，VDDIO1(2)   Release XRST

● **Ordering part number**

| B | U | | 8 | 2 | 7 | 2 | | G | U | W | - | E | 2 |

Part No.

Part No.

Package
GUW:
VBGA035W040

Packaging and forming specification
E2: Embossed tape and reel

VBGA035W040

1PIN MARK   4.0 ± 0.1

4.0 ± 0.1

0.9MAX.

0.10

0.08 S

0.75 ± 0.1   P=0.5×5

0.5

35-φ0.295±0.05

φ0.05 Ⓜ S AB

0.75 ± 0.1

P=0.5×5

1 2 3 4 5 6

(Unit : mm)

<Tape and Reel information>

Tape	Embossed carrier tape (with dry pack)
Quantity	2500pcs
Direction of feed	E2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand)

1pin

Direction of feed

Reel

＊Order quantity needs to be multiple of the minimum quantity.

Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment [Note 1], transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

(Note1) Medical Equipment Classification of the Specific Applications

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅡb	CLASSⅢ
CLASSⅣ		CLASSⅢ	

2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
    [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
    [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure

3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
    [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
    [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
    [c] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl_2, H_2S, NH_3, SO_2, and NO_2
    [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
    [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
    [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
    [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
    [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation

4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.

5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.

6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.

8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.

9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.

2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.

2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of Ionizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
    [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl_2, H_2S, NH_3, SO_2, and NO_2
    [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
    [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
    [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic

2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.

4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

1. All information and data including but not limited to application example contained in this document is for reference only. ROHM does not warrant that foregoing information or data will not infringe any intellectual property rights or any other rights of any third party regarding such information or data. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for infringement of any intellectual property rights or other damages arising from use of such information or data.:

2. No license, expressly or implied, is granted hereby under any intellectual property rights or other rights of ROHM or any third parties with respect to the information contained in this document.

Other Precaution

1. This document may not be reprinted or reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of ROHM.

2. The Products may not be disassembled, converted, modified, reproduced or otherwise changed without prior written consent of ROHM.

3. In no event shall you use in any way whatsoever the Products and the related technical information contained in the Products or this document for any military purposes, including but not limited to, the development of mass-destruction weapons.

4. The proper names of companies or products described in this document are trademarks or registered trademarks of ROHM, its affiliated companies or third parties.

General Precaution

1. Before you use our Pro ducts, you are requested to care fully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall n ot be in an y way responsible or liabl e for fa ilure, malfunction or acci dent arising from the use of a ny ROHM's Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.

2. All information contained in this docume nt is current as of the issuing date and subj ect to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using ROHM's Products, please confirm the la test information with a ROHM sale s representative.

3. The information contained in this doc ument is provi ded on an "as is" basis and ROHM does not warrant that all information contained in this document is accurate an d/or error-free. ROHM shall not be in an y way responsible or liable for an y damages, expenses or losses incurred b y you or third parties resulting from inaccur acy or errors of or concerning such information.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[ROHM Semiconductor](#):
  [BU8272GUW-E2](#)