MoBL® 1-Mbit (64 K x 16) Static RAM

Features

- Temperature ranges
  - Industrial: –40 °C to 85 °C

- Very high speed: 55 ns

- Wide voltage range: 2.2 V to 3.6 V

- Pin compatible with CY62127BV

- Ultra-low active power
  - Typical active current: 0.85 mA at f = 1 MHz
  - Typical active current: 5 mA at f = f_{MAX}

- Ultra-low standby power

- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ features

- Automatic power-down when deselected

- Available in Pb-free 48-ball FBGA and 44-pin TSOP Type II packages
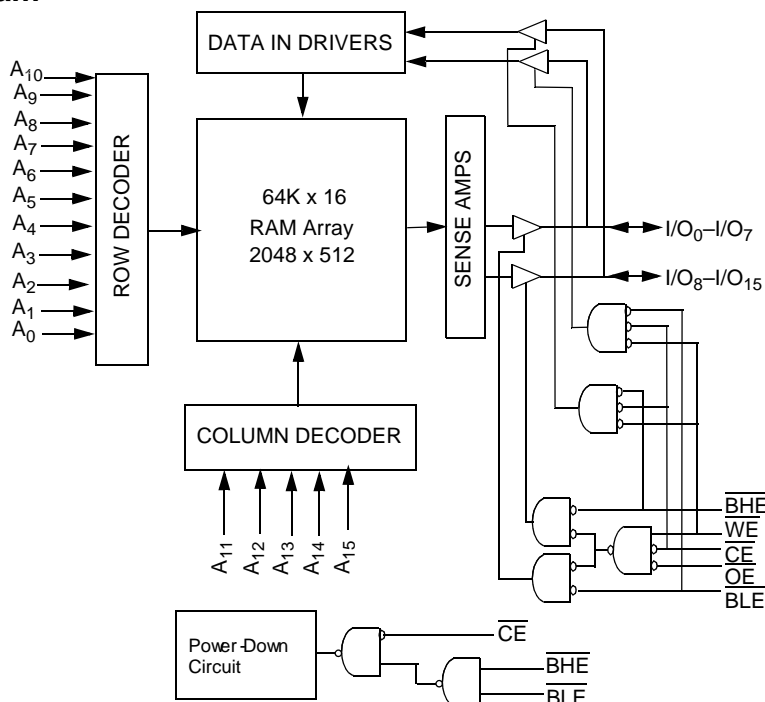
Functional Description

The CY62127DV30 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 64 K words by 16-bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 90% when addresses are not toggling. The device can be put into standby mode reducing power consumption by more than 99% when deselected (CE HIGH or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input/output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected (CE HIGH), outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), both byte high enable and byte low enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH) or during a write operation (CE LOW and WE LOW).

Writing to the device is accomplished by taking chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and write enable ($\overline{WE}$) inputs LOW. If byte low enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{15}). If byte high enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{15}).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking chip enable ($\overline{CE}$) and output enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW while forcing the write enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If byte low enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7. If byte high enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from memory appear on I/O_8 to I/O_{15}. See the truth table at the back of this datasheet for a complete description of read and write modes.
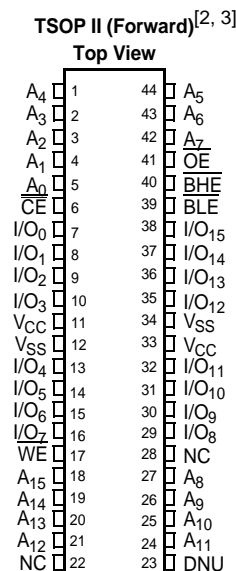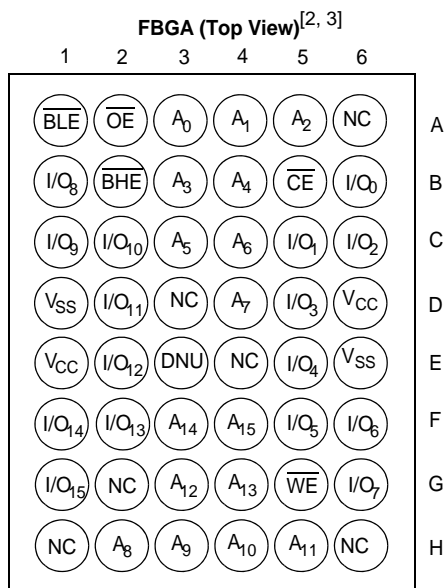
Logic Block Diagram

Contents

Product Portfolio

Product	V_{CC} Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					Standby I_{SB2} (μA)	
					Operating, I_{CC} (mA)						
					f = 1 MHz		f = f_{MAX}				
	Min	Typ	Max		Typ[1]	Max	Typ[1]	Max	Range	Typ[1]	Max
CY62127DV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.6	55	0.85	1.5	5	10	Industrial	1.5	4

Pin Configurations

FBGA (Top View)[2, 3]

TSOP II (Forward)[2, 3]
Top View

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Notes
1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, $T_A = 25\ ^\circ$C.
2. NC pins are not connected to the die. Expansion pins on FBGA Package: E4 - 2M, D3 - 4M, H1 - 8M, G2 - 16M, H6 - 32M
3. Pin #23 of TSOP-II and E3 ball of FBGA are DNU, which have to be left floating or tied to Vss to ensure proper application.

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature................................. −65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient temperature with
power applied .... −55 °C to +125 °C

Supply voltage to ground potential .... −0.3 V to 3.9 V

DC voltage applied to outputs
in high Z State[4] .... −0.3 V to V_{CC} + 0.3 V

DC input voltage[4]................................ −0.3 V to V_{CC} + 0.3 V

Output current into outputs (LOW) .... 20 mA

Static discharge voltage.. > 2001 V
(per MIL-STD-883, method 3015)

Latch-up current .... > 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature (T_A)	V_{CC}[5]
Industrial	−40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		−55			Unit
				Min	Typ[6]	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OH} = -0.1$ mA	2.0	–	–	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OH} = -1.0$ mA	2.4	–	–	
V_{OL}	Output LOW voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$	$I_{OL} = 0.1$ mA	–	–	0.4	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$	$I_{OL} = 2.1$ mA	–	–	0.4	
V_{IH}	Input HIGH voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$		1.8	–	V_{CC} + 0.3	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$		2.2	–	V_{CC} + 0.3	
V_{IL}	Input LOW voltage	$2.2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7$		−0.3	–	0.6	V
		$2.7 \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6$		−0.3	–	0.8	
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{CC}$		−1	–	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$, Output disabled		−1	–	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	$f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, I_{OUT} = 0 mA, CMOS level	–	5	10	mA
		f = 1 MHz		–	0.85	1.5	
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE power-down current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, $f = f_{MAX}$ (Address and data only), f = 0 ($\overline{OE}$, $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$)		–	1.5	4	µA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE power-down current— CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V, f = 0, V_{CC} = 3.6 V		–	1.5	4	µA

Capacitance

| Parameter[7]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	T_A = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	8	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance		8	pF

Notes
4. $V_{IL(min)}$ = −2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns., $V_{IH(max)}$ = V_{CC} + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
5. Full device operation requires linear ramp of V_{CC} from 0 V to $V_{CC(min)}$ and V_{CC} must be stable at $V_{CC(min)}$ for 500 µs.
6. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C.
7. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter[8]	Description	Test Conditions	FBGA	TSOP-II	Unit
θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	55	76	°C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		12	11	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms
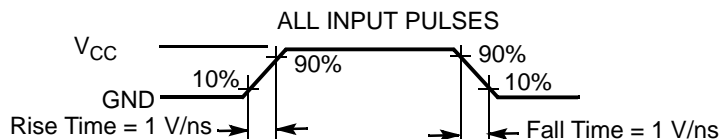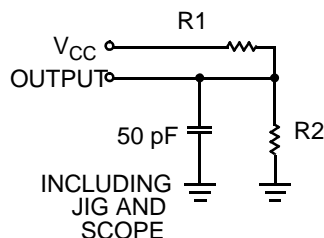
Parameters	2.5 V (2.2 V – 2.7 V)	3.0 V (2.7 V – 3.6 V)	Unit
R1	16600	1103	Ω
R2	15400	1554	Ω
R_{TH}	8000	645	Ω
V_{TH}	1.20	1.75	V

Data Retention Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ[9]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention		1.5	–	–	V
I_{CCDR}	Data retention current	V_{CC} = 1.5 V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V		–	3	μA
t_{CDR}	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
t_R[10]	Operation recovery time		55	–	–	ns

Data Retention Waveform[11]
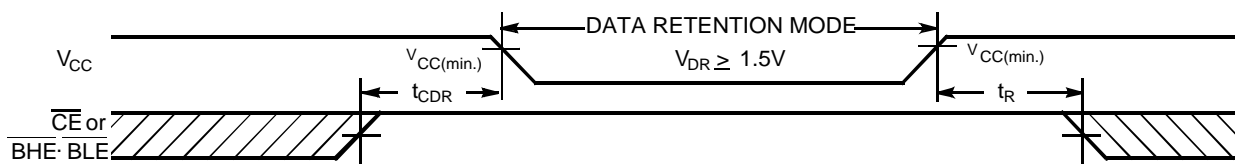
Notes
8. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
9. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C.
10. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)}$ > 200 μs.
11. BHE.BLE is the AND of both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$. Chip can be deselected by either disabling the Chip Enable signals or by disabling both byte enable pins.

Switching Characteristics

(Over the Operating Range)

Parameter[12]	Description	CY62127DV30-55		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	10	–	ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	25	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z[13]	5	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z[13, 14]	–	20	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to low Z[13]	10	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to high Z[13, 14]	–	20	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to power-up	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to power-down	–	55	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{LZBE}[15]	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to low Z[13]	5	–	ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to high Z[13, 14]	–	20	ns
Write Cycle[16]				
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to write end	40	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	40	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	40	–	ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}/\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	40	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	25	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z[13, 14]	–	20	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z[13]	10	–	ns

Notes
12. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 1V/ns or less, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ.)}$/2, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ.)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}.
13. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any device.
14. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.
15. If both byte enables are toggled together, this value is 10 ns.
16. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

Switching Waveforms

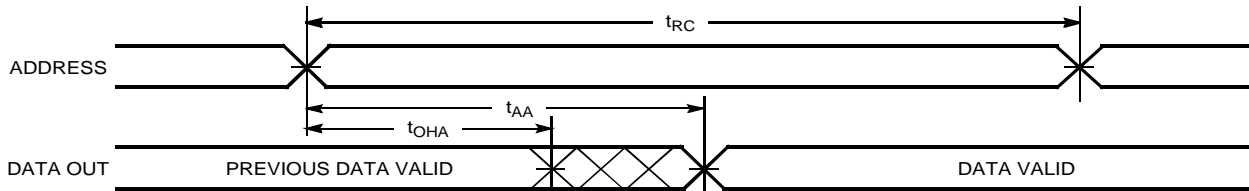### Figure 1. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled)[17, 18]

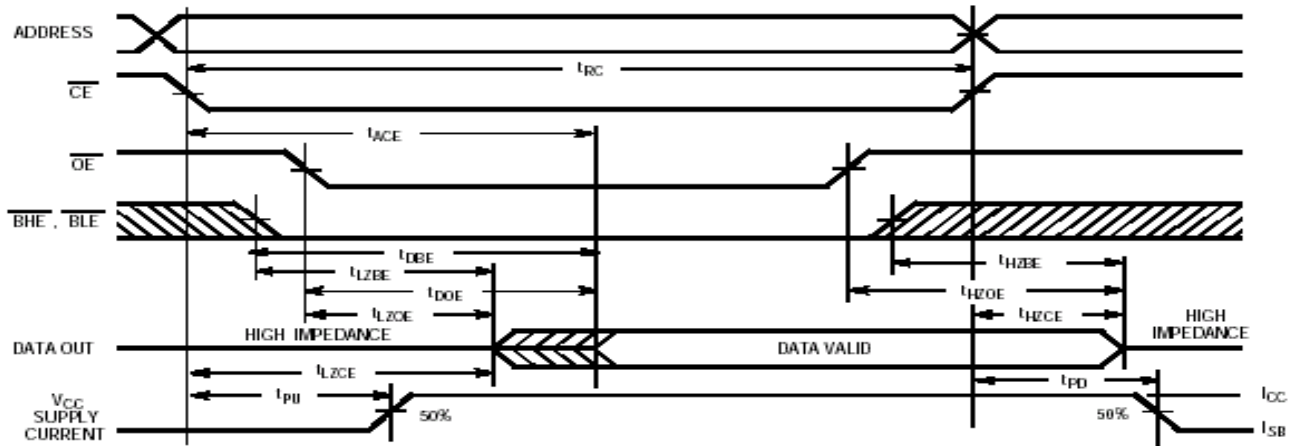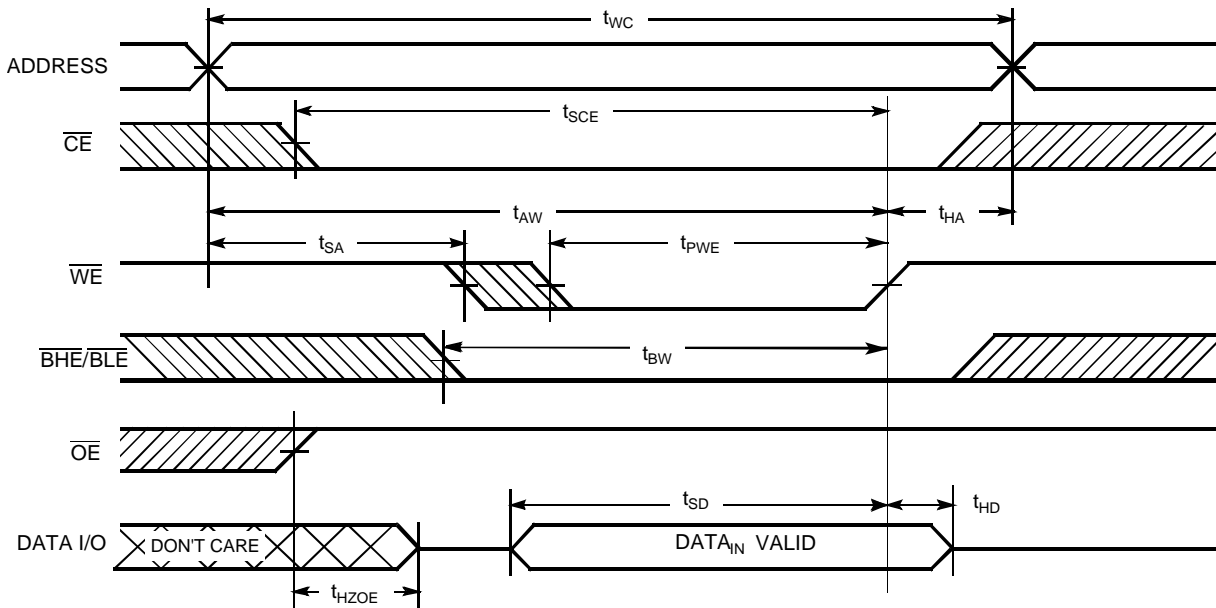### Figure 2. Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled)[17, 18, 19]

Figure 3. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled)[20, 21, 22, 23, 24]

Notes
17. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}.
18. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for Read cycle.
19. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ transition LOW.
20. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.
21. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE}$ = V_{IL}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
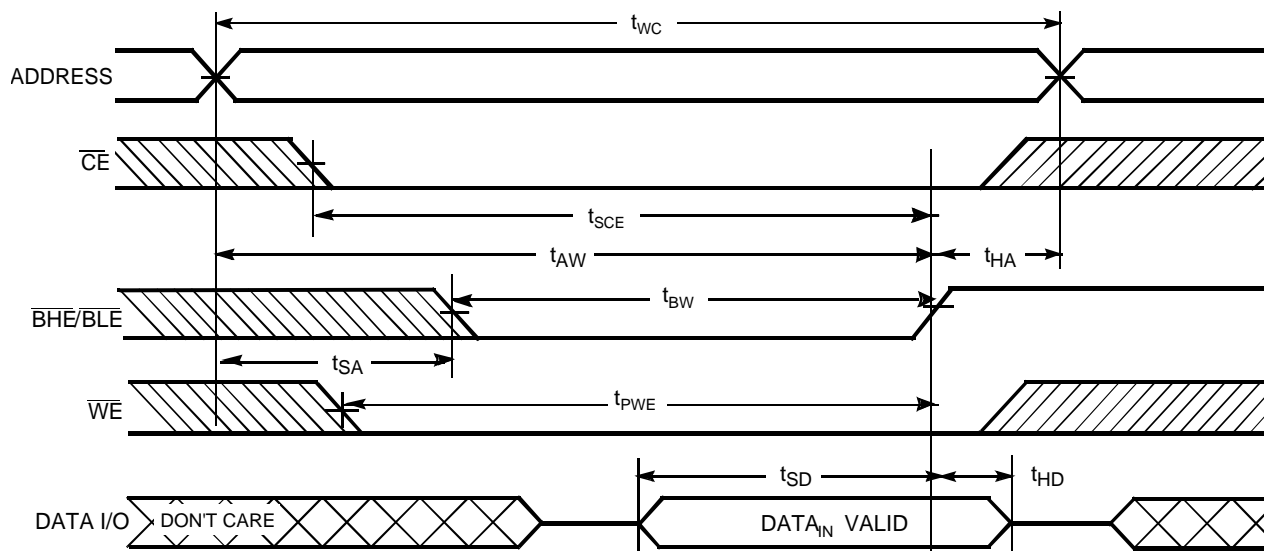22. Data I/O is high-impedance if $\overline{OE}$ = V_{IH}.
23. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
24. During the DON'T CARE period in the DATA I/O waveform, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms *(continued)*

Figure 4. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled)[25, 26, 27, 28, 29]
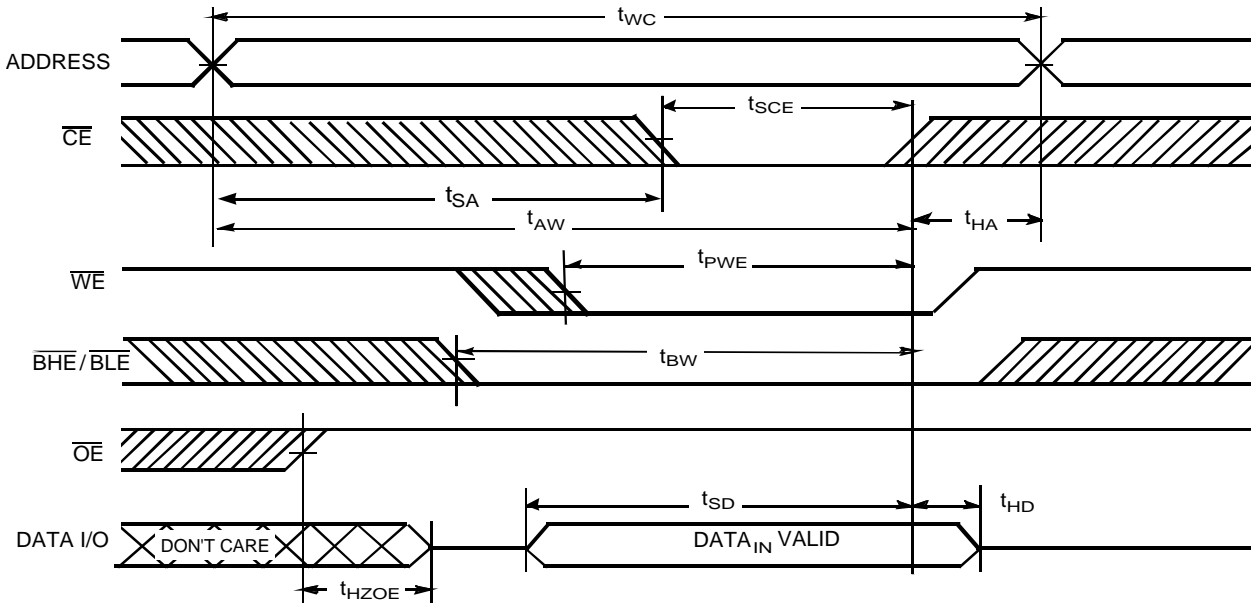
Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[28, 29]
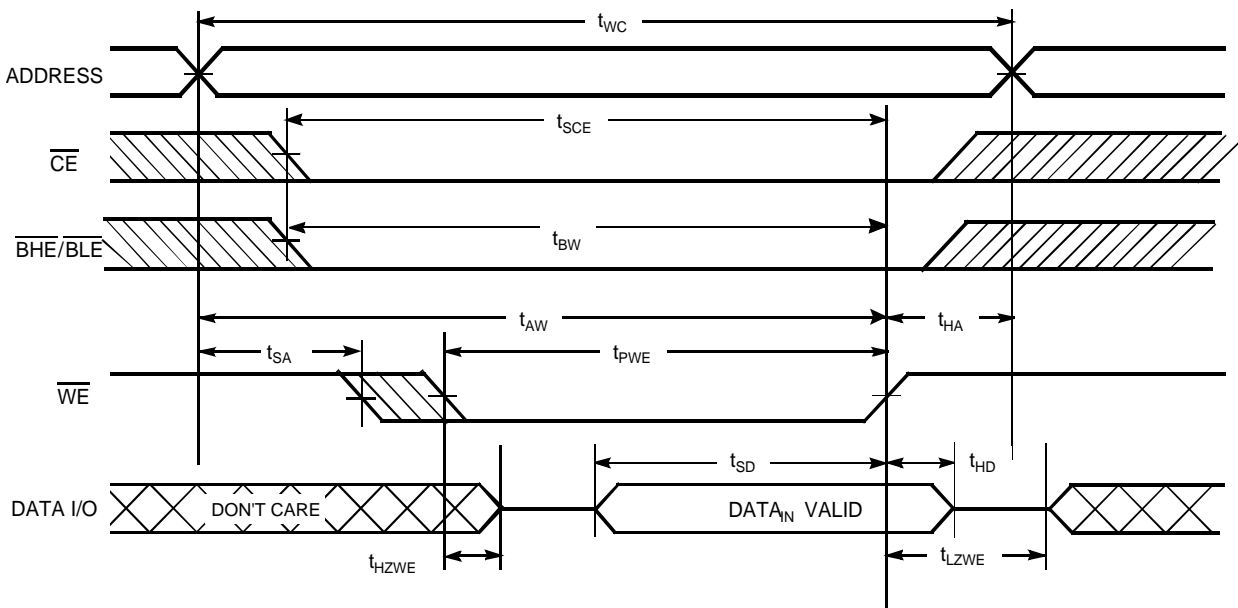
Notes
25. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.
26. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
27. Data I/O is high-impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
28. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
29. During the DON'T CARE period in the DATA I/O waveform, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms *(continued)*

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 4 ($\overline{BHE}$-/$\overline{BLE}$-controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[30, 31]

ADDRESS t_{WC}

$\overline{CE}$ t_{SCE}

t_{AW} t_{HA}

$\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ t_{BW}

t_{SA}

$\overline{WE}$ t_{PWE}

t_{SD} t_{HD}

DATA I/O DON'T CARE $DATA_{IN}$ VALID

Truth Table

$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	I/O_0–I/O_7	I/O_8–I/O_{15}	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
X	X	X	H	H	High Z	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read All bits	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	L	Data Out	High Z	Read Lower Byte Only	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	L	H	High Z	Data Out	Read Upper Byte Only	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	L	High Z	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	High Z	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	H	High Z	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	H	L	Data In	High Z	Write Lower Byte Only	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	H	High Z	Data In	Write Upper Byte Only	Active (I_{CC})

Notes
30. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
31. During the DON'T CARE period in the DATA I/O waveform, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.
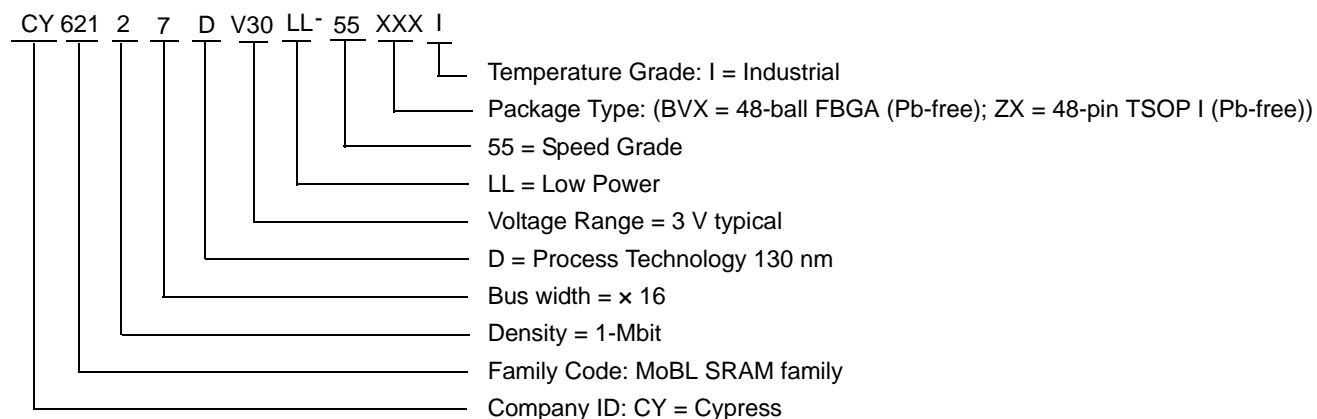
Ordering Information

Cypress offers other versions of this type of product in many different configurations and features. The below table contains only the list of parts that are currently available. For a complete listing of all options, visit the Cypress website at www.cypress.com and see product summary page at http://www.cypress.com/products or contact your local sales representative.

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at http://www.cypress.com/go/datasheet/offices.

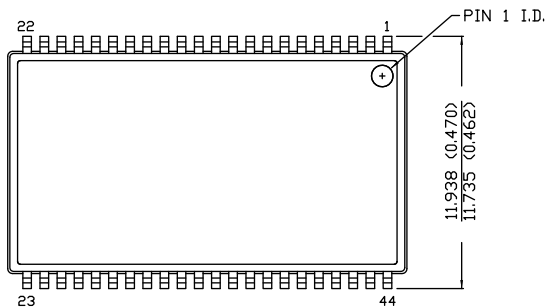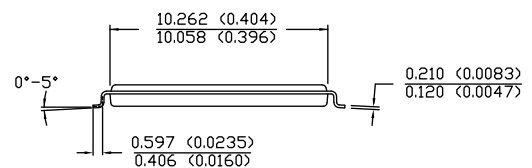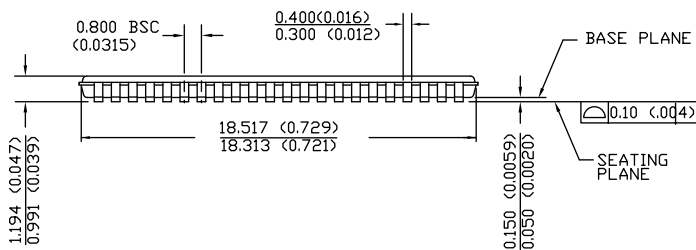| Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62127DV30LL-55BVXI	51-85150	48-ball fine pitch BGA (6 mm × 8 mm × 1 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial
55	CY62127DV30LL-55ZXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP-II (Pb-free)	Industrial

Ordering Code Definitions

CY 621 2 7 D V30 LL - 55 XXX I

- Temperature Grade: I = Industrial
- Package Type: (BVX = 48-ball FBGA (Pb-free); ZX = 48-pin TSOP I (Pb-free))
- 55 = Speed Grade
- LL = Low Power
- Voltage Range = 3 V typical
- D = Process Technology 130 nm
- Bus width = × 16
- Density = 1-Mbit
- Family Code: MoBL SRAM family
- Company ID: CY = Cypress

Package Diagrams

TOP VIEW

A1 CORNER

1 2 3 4 5 6

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H

8.00±0.10

6.00±0.10

A

B

0.25 C

0.55 MAX.

0.21±0.05

0.10 C

0.26 MAX.

SEATING PLANE

C

1.00 MAX

BOTTOM VIEW

A1 CORNER

ø0.05 M C
ø0.25 M C A B

ø0.30±0.05(48X)

6 5 4 3 2 1

A
B
C
D
E
F
G
H

8.00±0.10

5.25

0.75

2.625

1.875

0.75

3.75

A

B

0.15(4X)

6.00±0.10

51-85150 *G

TOP VIEW

22   1

PIN 1 I.D.

23   44

11.938 (0.470)
11.735 (0.462)

BOTTOM VIEW

10.262 (0.404)
10.058 (0.396)

EJECTOR MARK
(OPTIONAL)
CAN BE LOCATED
ANYWHERE IN THE
BOTTOM PKG

0.800 BSC
(0.0315)

0.400(0.016)
0.300 (0.012)

BASE PLANE

1.194 (0.047)
0.991 (0.039)

18.517 (0.729)
18.313 (0.721)

0.150 (0.0059)
0.050 (0.0020)

0.10 (.004)

SEATING
PLANE

DIMENSION IN MM (INCH)
MAX
MIN.

10.262 (0.404)
10.058 (0.396)

0°-5°

0.597 (0.0235)
0.406 (0.0160)

0.210 (0.0083)
0.120 (0.0047)

51-85087 *D

Acronyms

Acronym	Description
$\overline{BHE}$	byte high enable
$\overline{BLE}$	byte low enable
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
$\overline{CE}$	chip enable
I/O	input/output
$\overline{OE}$	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
TSOP	thin small outline package
FBGA	fine-pitch ball grid array
$\overline{WE}$	write enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
ns	nanosecond
V	volt
µA	microampere
mA	milliampere
pF	picofarad
°C	degree Celsius
W	watt

Document History Page

Document Title: CY62127DV30 MoBL® 1-MBit (64 K × 16) Static RAM				
Document Number: 38-05229				
Revision	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	117690	JUI	08/27/02	New Datasheet
*A	127311	MPR	06/13/03	Changed From Advanced Status to Preliminary Changed Isb2 to 5 μA (L), 4 μA (LL) Changed Iccdr to 4 μA (L), 3 μA (LL) Changed Cin from 6 pF to 8 pF
*B	128341	JUI	07/22/03	Changed from Preliminary to Final Add 70-ns speed, updated ordering information
*C	129000	CDY	08/29/03	Changed Icc 1 MHz typ from 0.5 mA to 0.85 mA
*D	316039	PCI	See ECN	Added 45-ns Speed Bin in AC, DC and Ordering Information tables Added Footnote # 8 on page #4 Added Lead-Free Package ordering information on page# 9 Changed 44-lead TSOP-II package name from Z44 to ZS44
*E	346982	AJU	See ECN	Added 56-pin QFN package
*F	369955	SYT	See ECN	Added Temperature Ranges in the Features Section on Page # 1 Added Automotive Specs for I_{IX}, I_{OZ}, I_{SB1} and I_{SB2} in the Product portfolio on Page #2 and the DC Electrical Characteristics table on Page# 4 Added Automotive spec for I_{CCDR} in the Data Retention Characteristics table on Page# 5 Added Pb-Free Automotive parts for 55 ns Speed bin
*G	457685	NXR	See ECN	Removed 56-pin QFN package from product offering Updated ordering Information Table
*H	470383	NXR	See ECN	Changed pin #23 of TSOP II from NC to DNU and updated footnote #2
*I	2897885	RAME/NIKM	03/22/10	Removed inactive parts from the ordering information table. Updated package diagrams.
*J	3010373	AJU	08/20/2010	Updated Features Updated Product Portfolio Updated Operating Range Updated DC Electrical Characteristics Updated Data Retention Characteristics Updated Switching Characteristics Updated Ordering Information Added Ordering Code Definitions Minor edits and updated in new template
*K	3329789	RAME	07/27/11	Removed references to AN1064 SRAM system guidelines. Updated template according to current CY standards.
*L	3393183	RAME	10/03/11	Post to web.

Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

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