



# 4-Mbit (256K words × 16 bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

## Features

- High speed: 45 ns/55 ns
- Ultra-low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 3.5 μA
  - Maximum standby current: 8.7 μA
- Embedded ECC for single-bit error correction<sup>[1]</sup>
- Wide voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, 4.5 V to 5.5 V
- 1.0-V data retention
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Error indication (ERR) pin to indicate 1-bit error detection and correction
- Pb-free 48-ball VFBGA and 44-pin TSOP II packages

## Functional Description

CY62146G/CY62146GE and CY62146GSL/CY62146GESL are high-performance CMOS low-power (MoBL) SRAM devices with embedded ECC. Both devices are offered in single and dual chip enable options and in multiple pin configurations. The CY62146GE/CY62146GESL device includes an ERR pin that signals an error-detection and correction event during a read cycle. The CY62146GSL/CY62146GESL<sup>[1]</sup> device supports a wide voltage range of 2.2 V–3.6 V and 4.5 V–5.5 V.

Devices with a single chip enable input are accessed by asserting the chip enable (CE) input LOW. Dual chip enable

devices are accessed by asserting both chip enable inputs –  $\overline{CE}_1$  as low and  $CE_2$  as HIGH.

Data writes are performed by asserting the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) input LOW, while providing the data on I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub> and address on A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>17</sub> pins. The Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) and Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) inputs control write operations to the upper and lower bytes of the specified memory location.  $\overline{BHE}$  controls I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub> and  $\overline{BLE}$  controls I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>.

Data reads are performed by asserting the Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input and providing the required address on the address lines. Read data is accessible on the I/O lines (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>). Byte accesses can be performed by asserting the required byte enable signal ( $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$ ) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location.

All I/Os (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a HI-Z state when the device is deselected ( $CE$  HIGH for a single chip enable device and  $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH/ $CE_2$  LOW for a dual chip enable device), or control signals are deasserted ( $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ).

On the CY62146GE/CY62146GESL devices, the detection and correction of a single-bit error in the accessed location is indicated by the assertion of the ERR output (ERR = HIGH)<sup>[2]</sup>. See the [Truth Table – CY62146G/CY62146GE/CY62146GSL/CY62146GESL](#) on page 17 for a complete description of read and write modes.

The logic block diagrams are on page 2.

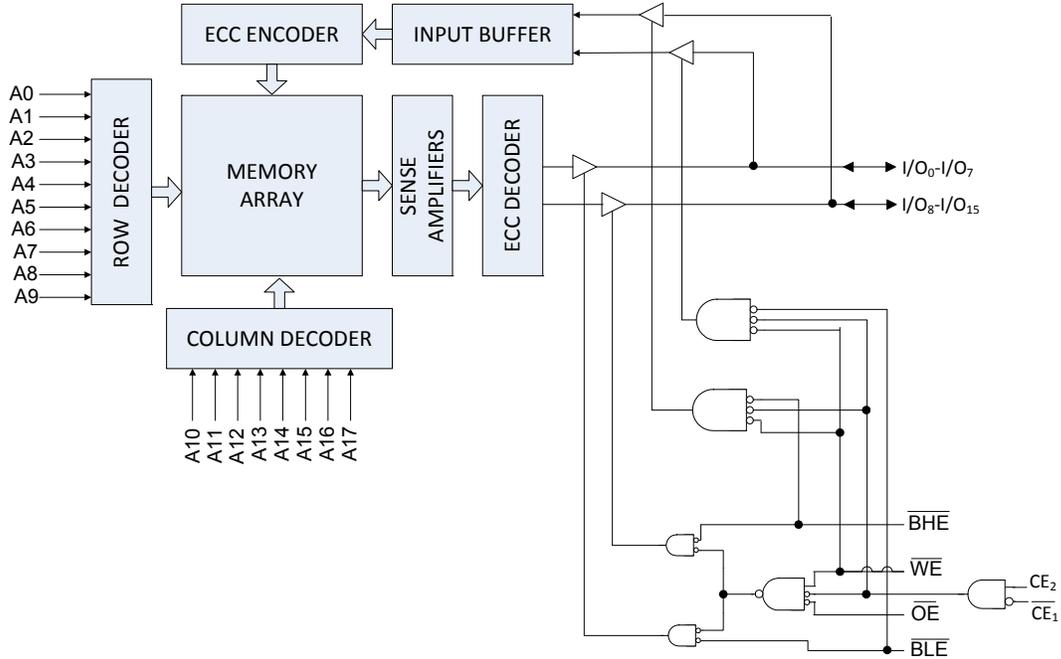
## Product Portfolio

Product <sup>[3]</sup>	Features and Options (see the Pin Configurations section)	Range	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)	Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation			
					Operating I <sub>CC</sub> , (mA)		Standby, I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
					f = f <sub>max</sub>			
					Typ <sup>[4]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[4]</sup>	Max
CY62146G(E)18	Single or dual Chip Enables	Industrial	1.65 V–2.2 V	55	15	20	3.5	10
CY62146G(E)30			2.2 V–3.6 V	45	15	20	3.5	8.7
CY62146G(E)	Optional ERR pin		4.5 V–5.5 V					
CY62146G(E)SL <sup>[5]</sup>			2.2 V–3.6 V and 4.5 V–5.5 V					

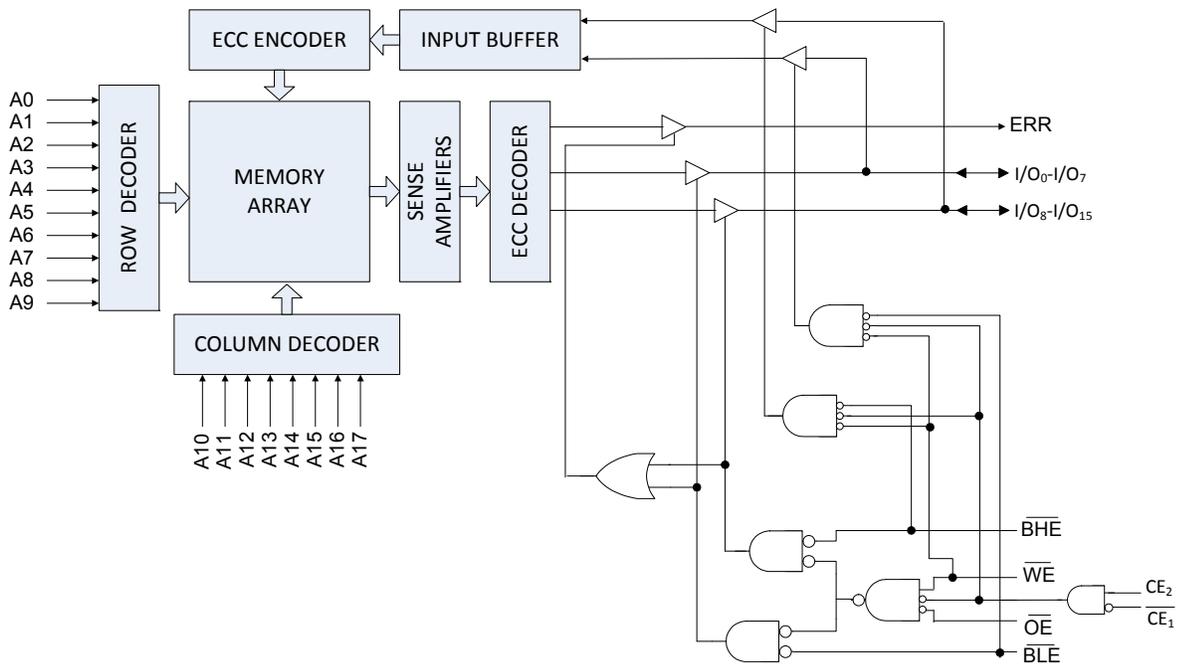
### Notes

1. Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed for V<sub>CC</sub> in the range of 3.6 V to 4.5 V.
2. This device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.
3. The ERR pin is available only for devices which have ERR option "E" in the ordering code. Refer [Ordering Information](#) for details.
4. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V (for a V<sub>CC</sub> range of 1.65 V–2.2 V), V<sub>CC</sub> = 3 V (for V<sub>CC</sub> range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), and V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V (for V<sub>CC</sub> range of 4.5 V–5.5 V), T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.
5. Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed for V<sub>CC</sub> in the range of 3.6 V to 4.5 V.

**Logic Block Diagram – CY62146G/CY62146GSL**



**Logic Block Diagram – CY62146GE/CY62146GESL**



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## Pin Configuration – CY62146G/CY62146GSL

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA pinout (Dual Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62146G/CY62146GSL [6]

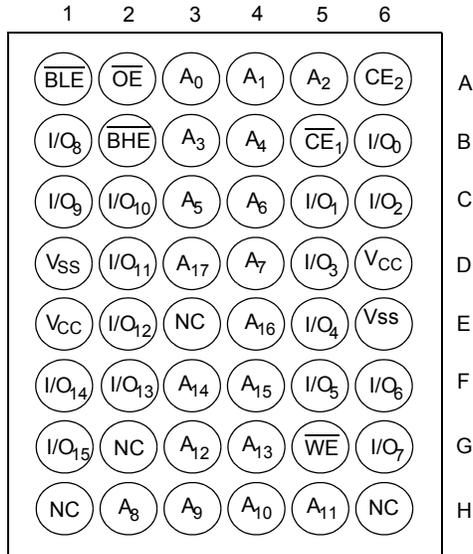
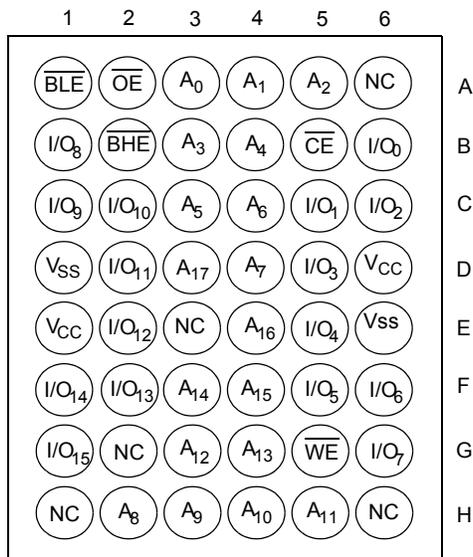


Figure 2. 48-ball VFBGA pinout (Single Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62146G/CY62146GSL [6]

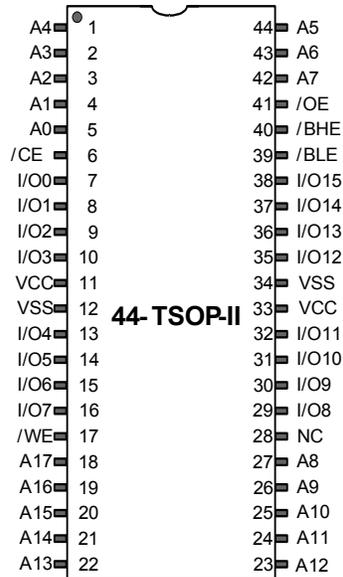


**Note**

- NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.

**Pin Configuration – CY62146G/CY62146GSL** (continued)

**Figure 3. 44-pin TSOP II pinout (Single Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62146G/CY62146GSL [7]**

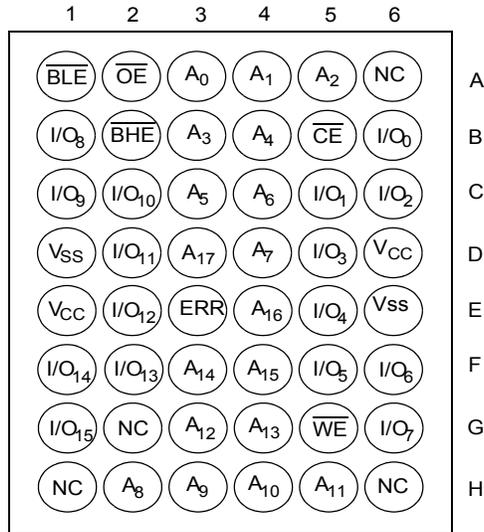


**Note**

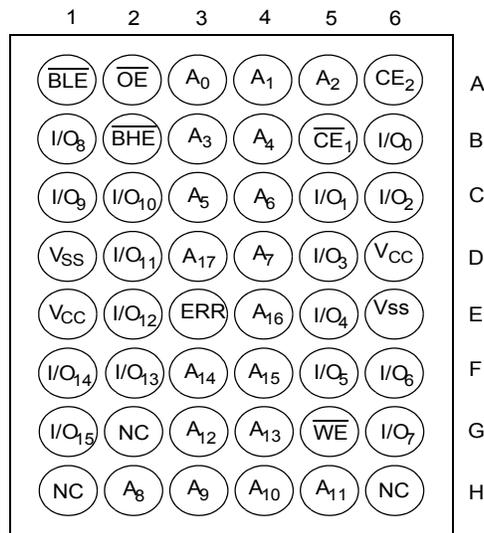
7. NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.

## Pin Configuration – CY62146GE

**Figure 4. 48-ball VFBGA pinout (Single Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62146GE [8, 9]**



**Figure 5. 48-ball VFBGA pinout (Dual Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62146GE [8, 9]**

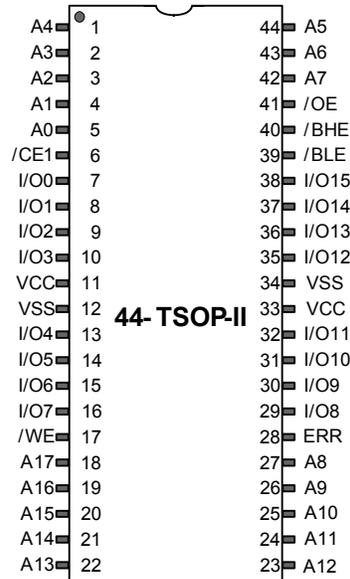


**Notes**

- 8. NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.
- 9. ERR is an output pin.

**Pin Configuration – CY62146GE** (continued)

**Figure 6. 44-pin TSOP II pinout (Single Chip Enable with ERR) – CY62146GE /CY62146GESL<sup>[10, 11]</sup>**



**Notes**

- 10. NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration.
- 11. ERR is an output pin.

## Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .....	-65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied .....	-55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential <sup>[12]</sup> .....	-0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in HI-Z state <sup>[12]</sup> .....	-0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V

DC input voltage <sup>[12]</sup> .....	-0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Output current into outputs (in low state) .....	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) .....	>2001 V
Latch-up current .....	>140 mA

## Operating Range

Grade	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>
Industrial <sup>[13]</sup>	-40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.2 V, 2.2 V to 3.6 V, 4.5 V to 5.5 V

## DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the operating range of -40 °C to 85 °C

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	45/55 ns			Unit	
			Min	Typ	Max		
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	1.4	-	-	V	
		2.2 V to 2.7 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	2	-	-		
		2.7 V to 3.6 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA	2.4	-	-		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA	2.4	-	-		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5 <sup>[14]</sup>	-	-		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.2	V	
		2.2 V to 2.7 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.4		
		2.7 V to 3.6 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA	-	-	0.4		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA	-	-	0.4		
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V -	1.4	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.2 <sup>[12]</sup>	V	
		2.2 V to 2.7 V -	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 <sup>[12]</sup>		
		2.7 V to 3.6 V -	2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 <sup>[12]</sup>		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V -	2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 <sup>[12]</sup>		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	1.65 V to 2.2 V -	-0.2 <sup>[12]</sup>	-	0.4	V	
		2.2 V to 2.7 V -	-0.3 <sup>[12]</sup>	-	0.6		
		2.7 V to 3.6 V -	-0.3 <sup>[12]</sup>	-	0.8		
		4.5 V to 5.5 V -	-0.5 <sup>[12]</sup>	-	0.8		
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1	-	+1	μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , Output disabled	-1	-	+1	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply current	Max V <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA, CMOS levels	f = 22.22 MHz (45 ns)	-	15	20	mA
			f = 18.18 MHz (55 ns)	-	15	20	mA
			f = 1 MHz	-	-	6	mA

### Notes

12. V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V and V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.

13. Wide voltage range part supports V<sub>CC</sub> range of 2.2 V–3.6 V and 4.5 V–5.5 V. Datasheet specifications are not guaranteed for V<sub>CC</sub> in the range of 3.6 V–4.5 V.

14. This parameter is guaranteed by design and not tested.

## DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over the operating range of -40 °C to 85 °C

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	45/55 ns			Unit	
			Min	Typ	Max		
$I_{SB1}^{[15]}$	Automatic power down current – CMOS inputs; $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V and }4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}, V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V},$	–	3.5	8.7	$\mu\text{A}$	
	Automatic power down current – CMOS inputs $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }2.2\text{ V}$	$f = f_{\text{max}}$ (address and data only), $f = 0$ ( $\overline{OE}$ , and $\overline{WE}$ ), Max $V_{CC}$	–	–	10		
$I_{SB2}^{[15]}$	Automatic power down current – CMOS inputs $V_{CC} = 2.2\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V and }4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V},$ $f = 0, \text{ Max } V_{CC}$	25 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	3.5	3.7	$\mu\text{A}$
			40 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	–	4.8	
			70 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	–	7	
			85 °C	–	–	8.7	
	Automatic power down current – CMOS inputs $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }2.2\text{ V}$	$\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V},$ $f = 0, \text{ Max } V_{CC}$	25 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	3.5	4.3	
			40 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	–	5	
			70 °C <sup>[16]</sup>	–	–	7.5	
			85 °C	–	–	10	

### Notes

15. Chip enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ ) must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the  $I_{SB1} / I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR}$  spec. Other inputs can be left floating.  
16. The  $I_{SB2}$  limits at 25 °C, 40 °C, 70 °C, and typical limit at 85 °C are guaranteed by design and not 100% tested.

## Capacitance

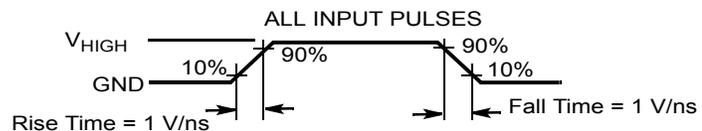
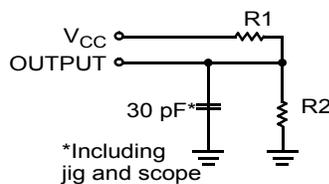
Parameter <sup>[17]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(typ)</sub>	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

## Thermal Resistance

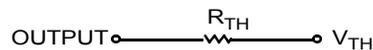
Parameter <sup>[17]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
Θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	31.35	68.85	°C/W
Θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		14.74	15.97	°C/W

## AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 7. AC Test Loads and Waveforms <sup>[18]</sup>



Equivalent to: THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT



Parameters	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.0 V	5.0 V	Unit
R1	13500	16667	1103	1800	Ω
R2	10800	15385	1554	990	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	6000	8000	645	639	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	0.80	1.20	1.75	1.77	V

### Notes

17. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
18. Full-device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs.

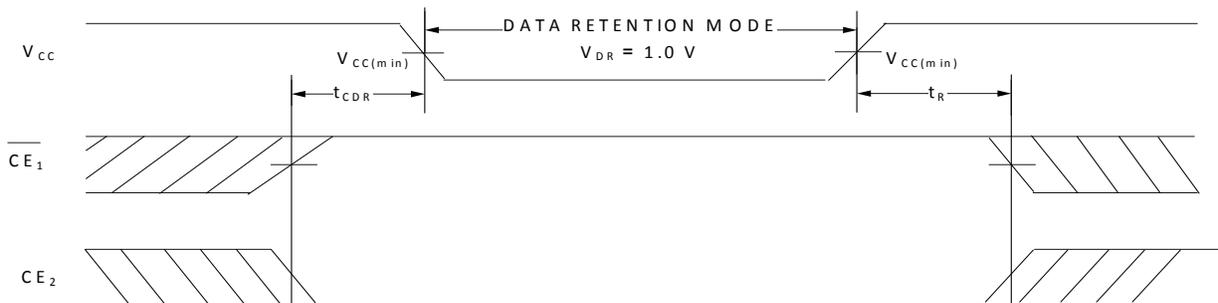
## Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[19]</sup>	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	$V_{CC}$ for data retention		1	–	–	V
$I_{CCDR}$ <sup>[20, 21]</sup>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 1.2\text{ V}$ , $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $CE_2 \leq 0.2\text{ V}$ , $(\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$	–		13	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_{CDR}$ <sup>[22, 23]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
$t_R$ <sup>[23]</sup>	Operation recovery time		45/55	–	–	ns

## Data Retention Waveform

Figure 8. Data Retention Waveform



### Notes

19. Typical values are included only for reference and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = 1.8\text{ V}$  (for  $V_{CC}$  range of 1.65 V–2.2 V),  $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$  (for  $V_{CC}$  range of 2.2 V–3.6 V), and  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  (for  $V_{CC}$  range of 4.5 V–5.5 V),  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

20. Chip enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ ) must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the  $I_{SB1}$  /  $I_{SB2}$  /  $I_{CCDR}$  spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

21.  $I_{CCDR}$  is guaranteed only after device is first powered up to  $V_{CC(min)}$  and then brought down to  $V_{DR}$ .

22. These parameters are guaranteed by design.

23. Full-device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min)}$   $\geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min)}$   $\geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ .

## AC Switching Characteristics

Parameter <sup>[24]</sup>	Description	45 ns		55 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
<b>Read Cycle</b>						
$t_{RC}$	Read cycle time	45	–	55	–	ns
$t_{AA}$	Address to data valid / Address to ERR valid	–	45	–	55	ns
$t_{OHA}$	Data hold from address change / ERR hold from address change	10	–	10	–	ns
$t_{ACE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to data valid / $\overline{CE}$ LOW to ERR valid	–	45	–	55	ns
$t_{DOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid / $\overline{OE}$ LOW to ERR valid	–	22	–	25	ns
$t_{LZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low impedance <sup>[25, 26]</sup>	5	–	5	–	ns
$t_{HZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to HI-Z <sup>[25, 26, 27]</sup>	–	18	–	18	ns
$t_{LZCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to low impedance <sup>[25, 26]</sup>	10	–	10	–	ns
$t_{HZCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and $CE_2$ LOW to HI-Z <sup>[25, 26, 27]</sup>	–	18	–	18	ns
$t_{PU}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to power-up <sup>[26]</sup>	0	–	0	–	ns
$t_{PD}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and $CE_2$ LOW to power-down <sup>[26]</sup>	–	45	–	55	ns
$t_{DBE}$	$\overline{BLE}$ / $\overline{BHE}$ LOW to data valid	–	22	–	25	ns
$t_{LZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}$ / $\overline{BHE}$ LOW to low impedance <sup>[25, 26]</sup>	5	–	5	–	ns
$t_{HZBE}$	$\overline{BLE}$ / $\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to HI-Z <sup>[25, 26, 27]</sup>	–	18	–	18	ns
<b>Write Cycle <sup>[28, 29]</sup></b>						
$t_{WC}$	Write cycle time	45	–	55	–	ns
$t_{SCE}$	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to write end	35	–	45	–	ns
$t_{AW}$	Address setup to write end	35	–	45	–	ns
$t_{HA}$	Address hold from write end	0	–	0	–	ns
$t_{SA}$	Address setup to write start	0	–	0	–	ns
$t_{PWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	35	–	40	–	ns
$t_{BW}$	$\overline{BLE}$ / $\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	35	–	45	–	ns
$t_{SD}$	Data setup to write end	25	–	25	–	ns
$t_{HD}$	Data hold from write end	0	–	0	–	ns
$t_{HZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to HI-Z <sup>[25, 26, 27]</sup>	–	18	–	20	ns
$t_{LZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low impedance <sup>[25, 26]</sup>	10	–	10	–	ns

### Notes

24. Test conditions assume a signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for  $V_{CC} \geq 3$  V) and  $V_{CC}/2$  (for  $V_{CC} < 3$  V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for  $V_{CC} \geq 3$  V) and 0 to  $V_{CC}$  (for  $V_{CC} < 3$  V). Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in AC Test Loads and Waveforms section, unless specified otherwise.

25. At any temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$  is less than  $t_{LZBE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any device. These parameters are guaranteed by design.

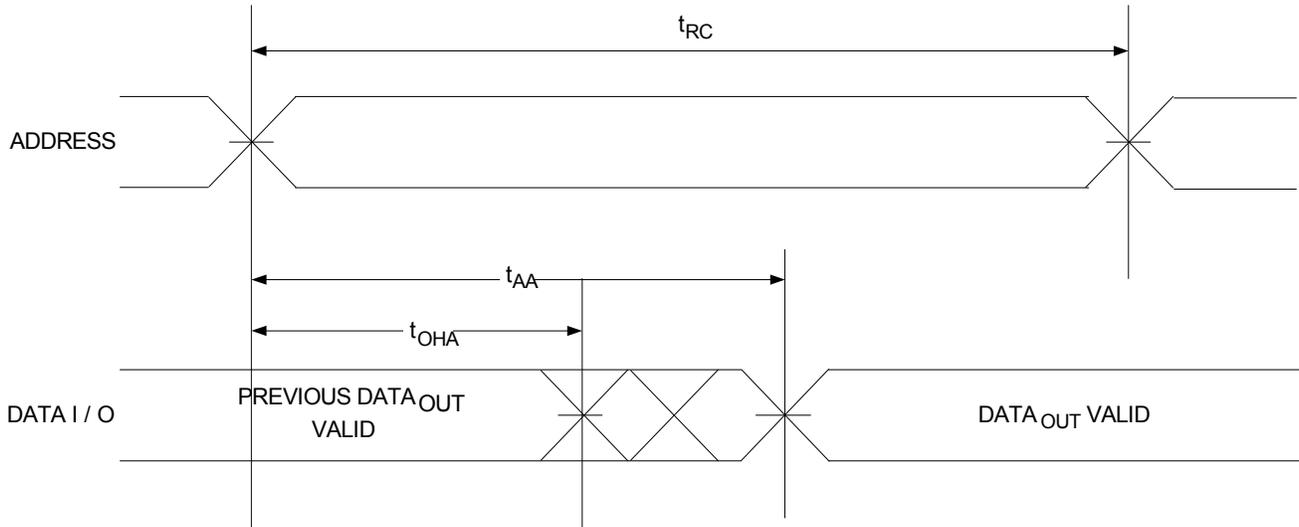
27.  $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZBE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.

28. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$ , or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

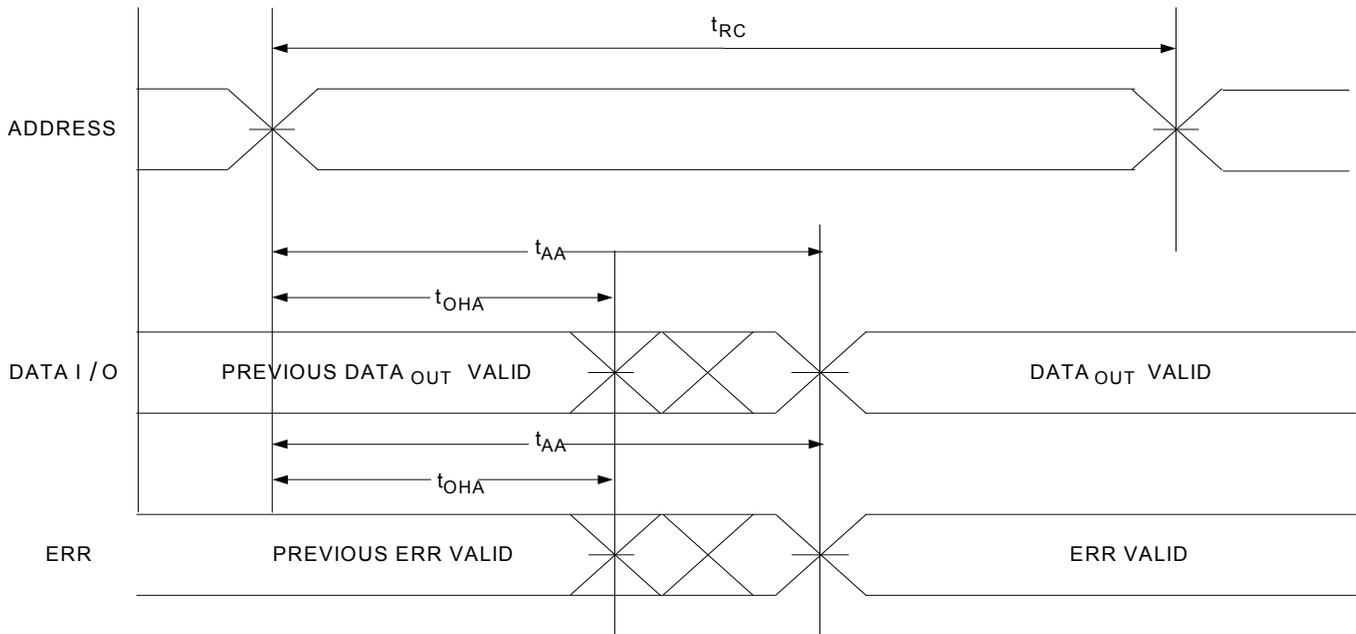
29. The minimum pulse width in Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  LOW) should be equal to sum of  $t_{SD}$  and  $t_{HZWE}$ .

## Switching Waveforms

**Figure 9. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY62146G (Address Transition Controlled)** [30, 31]



**Figure 10. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY62146GE (Address Transition Controlled)** [30, 31]



**Notes**

- 30. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ .
- 31.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for Read cycle.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 11. Read Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{OE}$  Controlled) [32, 33, 34]

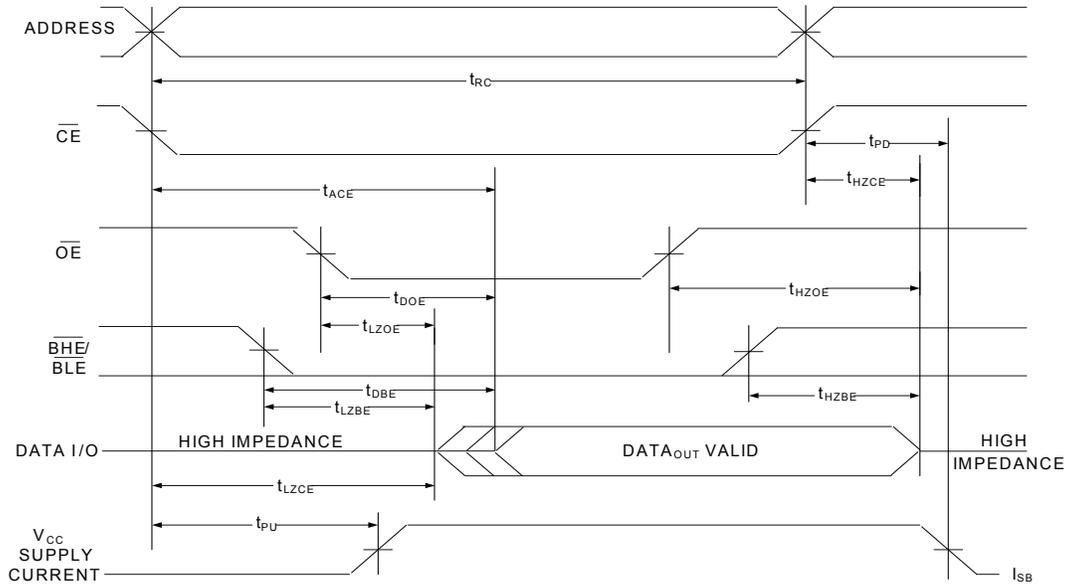
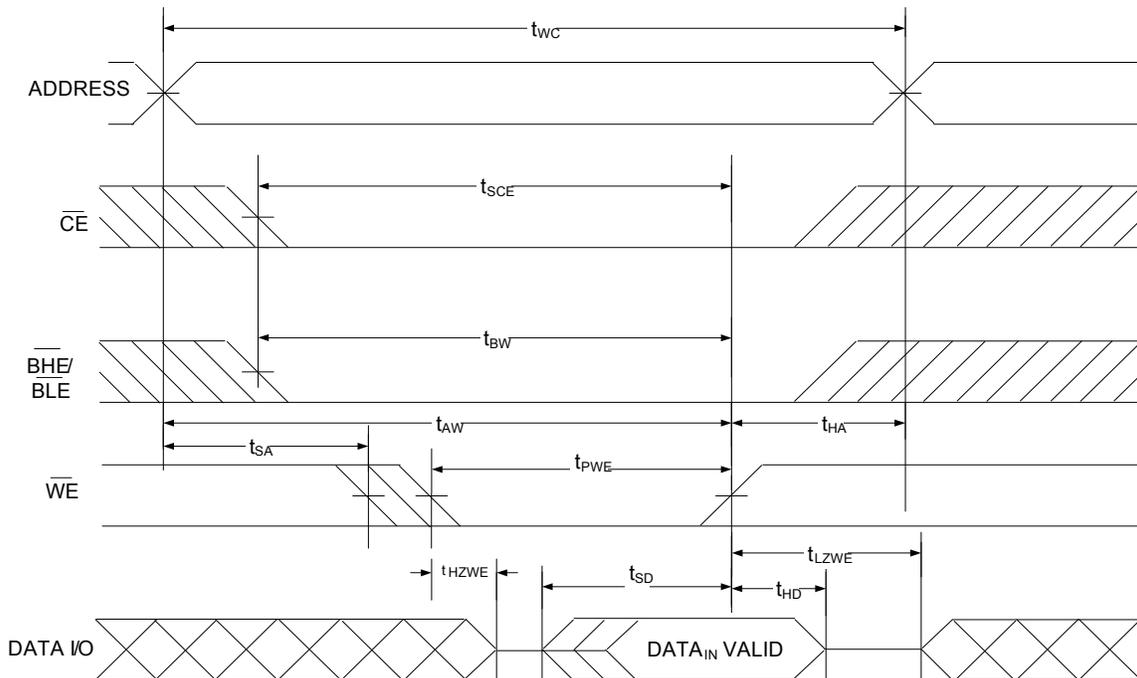


Figure 12. Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled) [33, 35, 36]



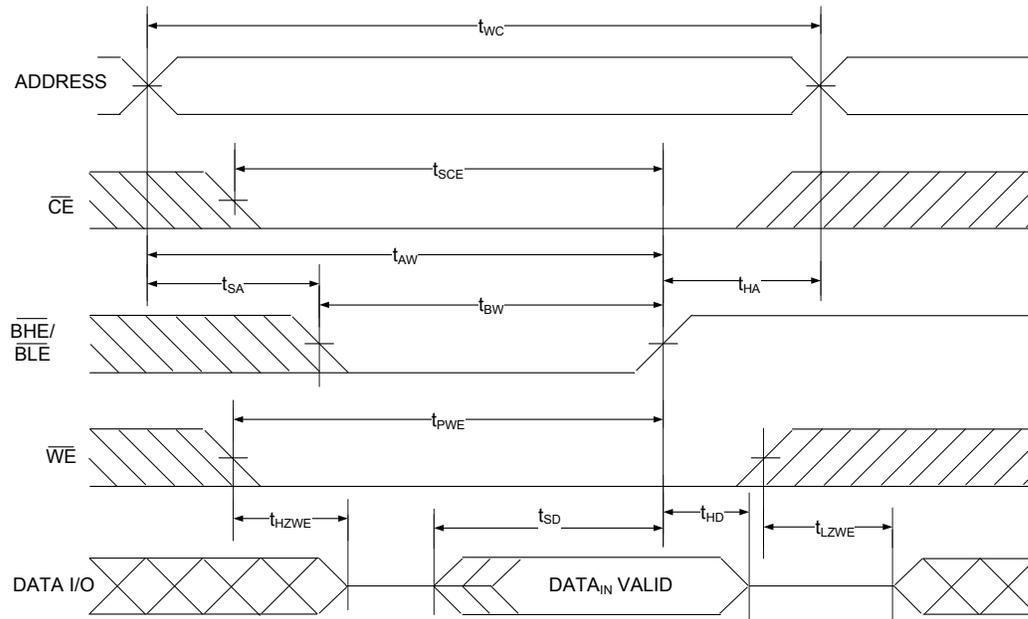
Notes

32.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for Read cycle.
33. For all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $CE_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH.
34. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}$  LOW transition.
35. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
36. Data I/O is in a HI-Z state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 15. Write Cycle No. 4 ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}/\overline{\text{BLE}}$  Controlled) [41, 42, 43]



Notes

41. For all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  and  $\text{CE}_2$ . When  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  is LOW and  $\text{CE}_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$  is HIGH or  $\text{CE}_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  is HIGH.
42. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{WE}} = V_{\text{IL}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CE}}_1 = V_{\text{IL}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BHE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$  or both =  $V_{\text{IL}}$ , and  $\text{CE}_2 = V_{\text{IH}}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
43. Data I/O is in a HI-Z state if  $\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$ , or  $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$  or  $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ , and/or  $\overline{\text{BLE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$ .

**Truth Table – CY62146G/CY62146GE/CY62146GSL/CY62146GESL**

$\overline{CE}_1$	$\overline{CE}_2$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X <sup>[44]</sup>	X	X	X	X	HI-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
X <sup>[44]</sup>	L	X	X	X	X	HI-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	L	Data Out ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	L	H	L	Data Out ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_7$ ); HI-Z ( $I/O_8$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	L	L	H	HI-Z ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_7$ ); Data Out ( $I/O_8$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	H	X	X	HI-Z	Output disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	X	H	H	HI-Z	Output disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	L	L	Data In ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Write	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	H	L	Data In ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_7$ ); HI-Z ( $I/O_8$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Write	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	L	X	L	H	HI-Z ( $I/O_0$ – $I/O_7$ ); Data In ( $I/O_8$ – $I/O_{15}$ )	Write	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )

**ERR Output – CY62146GE/CY62146GESL**

Output <sup>[45]</sup>	Mode
0	Read operation, no single-bit error in the stored data.
1	Read operation, single-bit error detected and corrected.
HI-Z	Device deselected/outputs disabled/Write operation

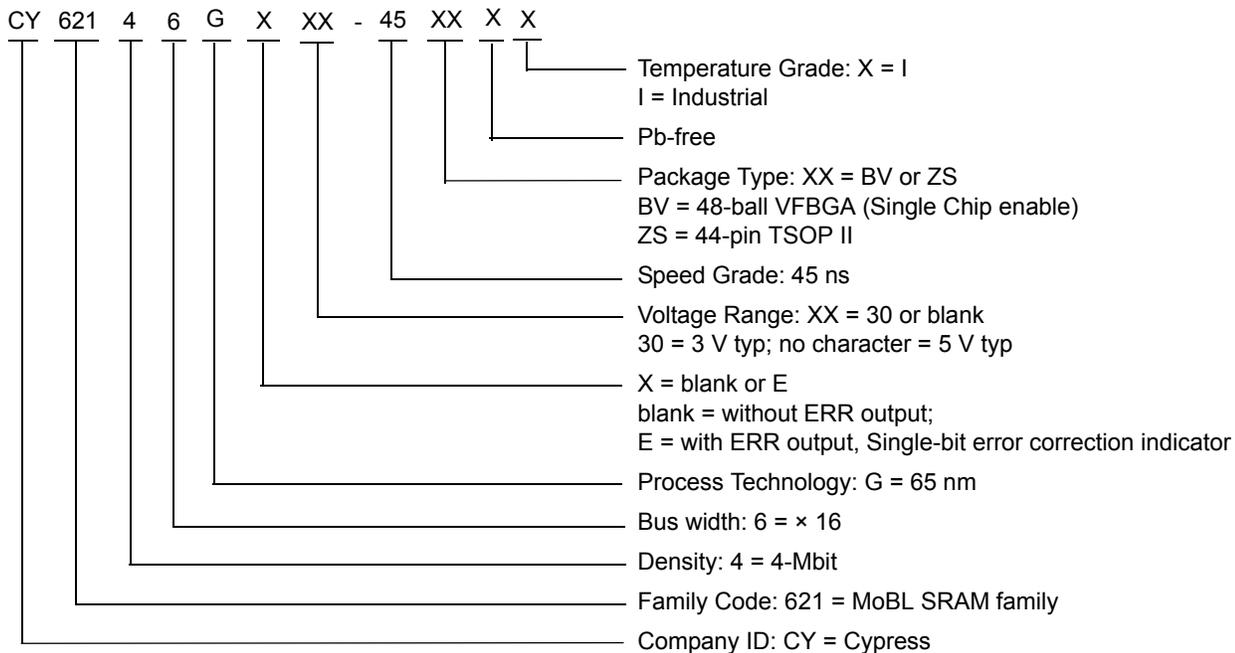
**Notes**

44. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the chip enables refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.  
45. ERR is an output pin. If not used, this pin should be left floating.

### Ordering Information

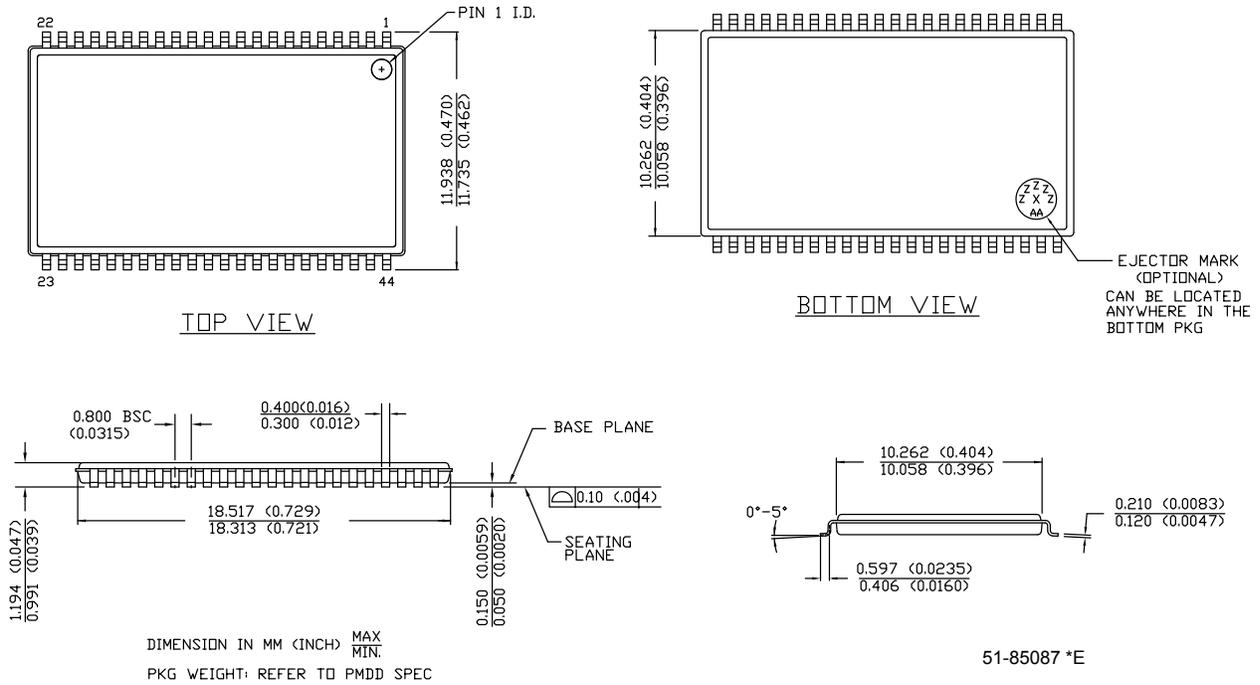
Speed (ns)	Voltage Range	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	2.2 V–3.6 V	CY62146G30-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm), Single Chip Enable without ERR	Industrial
		CY62146G30-45BVXIT	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm), Single Chip Enable without ERR, Tape and Reel	
		CY62146GE30-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm), Single Chip Enable with ERR	
		CY62146GE30-45BVXIT	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm), Single Chip Enable with ERR, Tape and Reel	
		CY62146GE30-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II with ERR	
		CY62146GE30-45ZSX	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II with ERR, Tape and Reel	
		CY62146G30-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II without ERR	
		CY62146G30-45ZSXIT	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II without ERR, Tape and Reel	
	4.5 V–5.5 V	CY62146GE-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II with ERR	
		CY62146GE-45ZSXIT	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II with ERR, Tape and Reel	
		CY62146G-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II without ERR	
		CY62146G-45ZSXIT	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II without ERR, Tape and Reel	

### Ordering Code Definitions

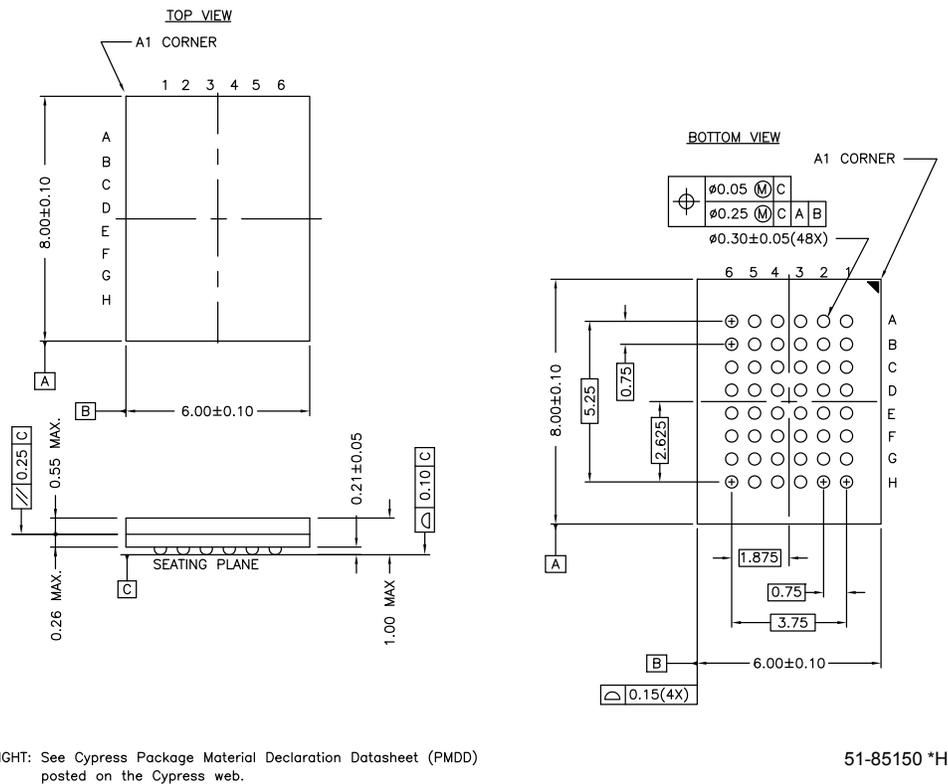


## Package Diagrams

**Figure 16. 44-pin TSOP Z44-II Package Outline, 51-85087**



**Figure 17. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline, 51-85150**



## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
$\overline{\text{BHE}}$	Byte High Enable
$\overline{\text{BLE}}$	Byte Low Enable
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input/Output
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable

## Document Conventions

### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μs	microsecond
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt

## Document History Page

Document Title: CY62146G/CY62146GE/CY62146GSL/CY62146GESL MoBL®, 4-Mbit (256K words × 16 bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC) Document Number: 001-95420				
Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*B	5023868	VINI	11/25/2015	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*C	5080447	NILE	01/11/2016	Updated <a href="#">Ordering Information</a> : Updated part numbers. Completing Sunset Review.
*D	5430481	NILE	09/08/2016	Updated <a href="#">Maximum Ratings</a> : Updated Note 12 (Replaced "2 ns" with "20 ns"). Updated <a href="#">DC Electrical Characteristics</a> : Changed minimum value of V <sub>OH</sub> parameter from 2.2 V to 2.4 V corresponding to Operating Range "2.7 V to 3.6 V" and Test Condition "V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA". Changed minimum value of V <sub>IH</sub> parameter from 2.0 V to 1.8 V corresponding to Operating Range "2.2 V to 2.7 V". Updated <a href="#">Ordering Information</a> : Updated part numbers. Updated to new template.

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