



Features

- High speed
 □ 20 ns
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Low active power ☐ 935 mW
- Low standby power □ 83 mW
- CMOS for optimum speed/power
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 , and \overline{OE} features
- Available in non Pb-free 32-Lead (300-Mil) Molded SOJ

Functional Description

The CY7C188 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 32,768 words by 9 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active-LOW chip enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$), an active-HIGH chip enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}_2$), an active-LOW output enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$), and tri-state drivers. The device has an automatic power-down feature that reduces power consumption by more than 75% when deselected.

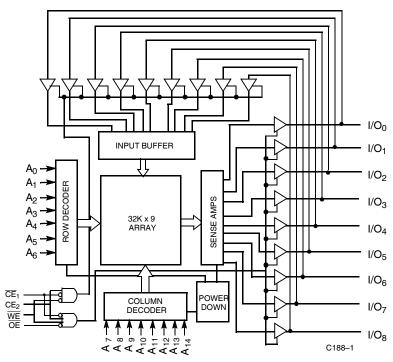
Writing to the device is accomplished by taking \overline{CE}_1 and write enable (\overline{WE}) inputs LOW and CE_2 input HIGH. Data on the nine I/O pins ($I/O_0 - I/O_8$) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ($A_0 - A_{14}$).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ and $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW while forcing $\overline{\text{WE}}$ and CE_2 HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the I/O pins.

The nine input/output pins (I/O $_0$ – I/O $_8$) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is <u>des</u>elected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 LOW), the outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), or during a write operation (\overline{CE}_1 LOW, \overline{CE}_2 HIGH, and \overline{WE} LOW).

The CY7C188 is available in standard 300-mil-wide SOJ.

Logic Block Diagram





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Pin Configuration



Selection Guide

Description	-20
Maximum Access Time (ns)	20
Maximum Operating Current (mA)	170
Maximum CMOS Standby Current (mA)	15



Maximum Ratings

DC Input Voltage ^[1]	0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch-up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	5 V ± 10%

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range^[2]

Davameter			-20		Unit
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OH} = -4.0 mA	2.4	-	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = Min, I _{OL} = 8.0 mA	_	0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.2	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage ^[1]		-0.5	0.8	V
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	- 5	+5	μА
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$, Output Disabled	- 5	+5	μА
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating Supply Current	V_{CC} = Max, I_{OUT} = 0 mA, f = f_{MAX} = 1/ t_{RC}	_	170	mA
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — TTL Inputs	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } CE_2 \leq V_{IL}, V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \\ \text{or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX} \end{array} $	_	35	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE}_1 \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{V or CE}_2 \leq 0.3 \text{V}, \\ \text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{V or V}_{IN} \leq 0.3 \text{V, f = 0} \end{array}$	-	15	mA

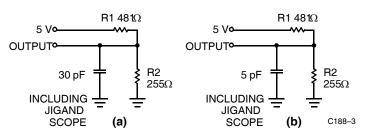
Capacitance^[3]

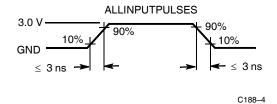
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN} : Addresses	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{V}$	6	pF
C _{IN} : Controls	Input Capacitance		8	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance		8	pF

- 1. Minimum voltage is equal to $-2.0\ V$ for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- 2. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information.
- 3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



AC Test Loads and Waveforms[4, 5]





THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT Equivalent to: OUTPUT -**─**• 1.73 V

Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range^[4, 6]

		-	20			
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit		
READ CYCLE						
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	20	_	ns		
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid	_	20	ns		
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3	_	ns		
t _{ACE}	CE ₁ LOW or CE ₂ HIGH to Data Valid	_	20	ns		
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid	_	9	ns		
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z ^[7]	0	_	ns		
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[5, 7]	_	9	ns		
t _{LZCE}	CE ₁ LOW or CE ₂ HIGH to low Z ^[7]	3	-	ns		
t _{HZCE}	CE ₁ HIGH or CE ₂ LOW to high Z ^[5, 7]	_	9	ns		
t _{PU}	CE ₁ LOW or CE ₂ HIGH to power-up	0	_	ns		
t _{PD}	CE ₁ HIGH or CE ₂ LOW to power-down	_	20	ns		
WRITE CYCLE ^[8, 9]						
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	20	_	ns		
t _{SCE}	CE ₁ LOW or CE ₂ HIGH to Write End	15	_	ns		
t _{AW}	Address set-up to Write End	15	_	ns		
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0	_	ns		
t _{SA}	Address set-up to Write Start	0	-	ns		
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	15	_	ns		
t _{SD}	Data Set-Up to Write End	10	_	ns		
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0	-	ns		
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to high Z ^[5]	0	7	ns		
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to low Z ^[5, 7]	3		ns		

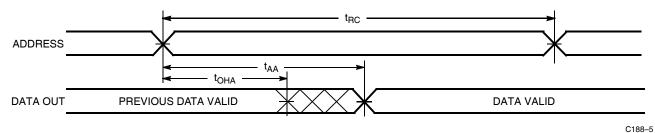
- 4. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and 30-pF load capacitance.
- t_{HZOE} , t_{HZCF} , and t_{HZWE} are specified with C_L = 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ± 500 mV from steady-state voltage. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information.

- At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE₂, LOW, CE₂ HIGH, and WE LOW. All three signals must be asserted to initiate a write and any signal can terminate a write by being deasserted. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write. The minimum write cycle time for write cycle #3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

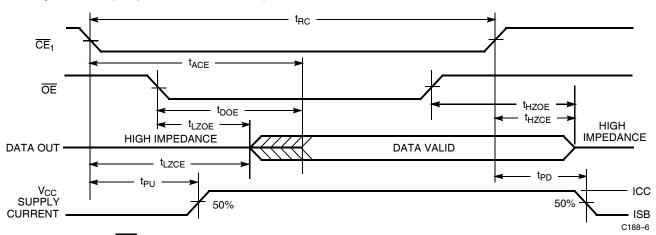


Switching Waveforms

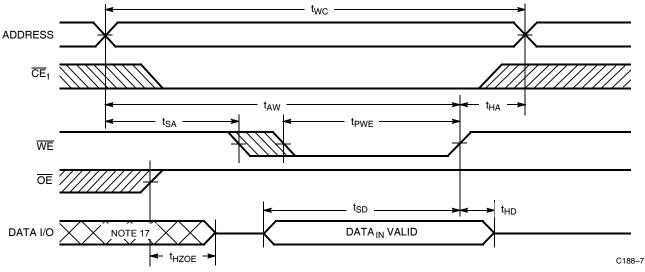
Read Cycle No. 1^[10, 11]



Read Cycle No. 2 (Chip-Enable Controlled)[11, 12, 13]



Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled)^[13, 14, 15, 16]



- 10. <u>De</u>vice is continuously selected. <u>OE</u>, <u>CE</u> = V_{IL}. 11. <u>WE</u> is HIGH for read cycle.

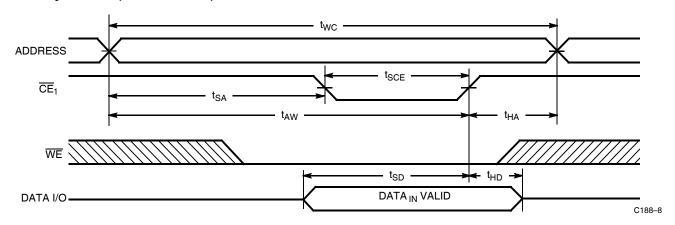
- Address valid prior to or coincident with CE transition LOW.
 Timing parameters are the same for all chip enable signals (CE₁ and CE₂), so only the timing for CE₁ is shown.
 The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE₁, LOW, CE₂ HIGH, and WE LOW. All three signals must be asserted to initiate a write and any signal can terminate a write by being deasserted. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 15. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.

 16. If \overline{CE} goes HIGH simultaneously with \overline{WE} HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
- 17. During this period, the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.

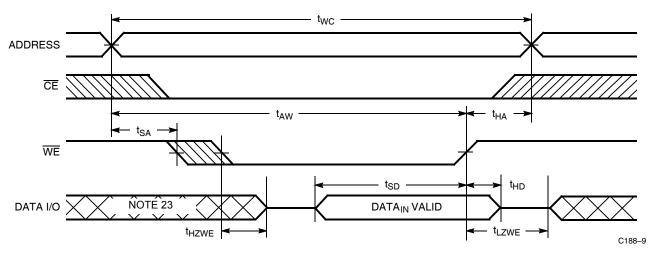


Switching Waveforms (Continued)

Write Cycle No.2 (CE Controlled)[18, 20, 21, 22]



Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[19, 20, 22]



Truth Table

CE	WE	OE	Input/Output	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power-Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	Н	L	Data Out	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Х	Data In	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect, Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

- 18. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of \overline{CE}_1 , LOW, \overline{CE}_2 HIGH, and \overline{WE} LOW. All three signals must be asserted to initiate a write and any signal can terminate a write by being deasserted. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.

 19. The minimum write cycle time for write cycle #3 (\overline{WE} controlled, \overline{OE} LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD} .

 20. Timing parameters are the same for all chip enable signals (\overline{CE}_1 and \overline{CE}_2), so only the timing for \overline{CE}_1 is shown.

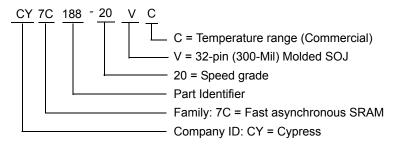
- 21. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
 22. If \overline{CE} goes HIGH simultaneously with \overline{WE} HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
- 23. During this period, the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



Ordering Information

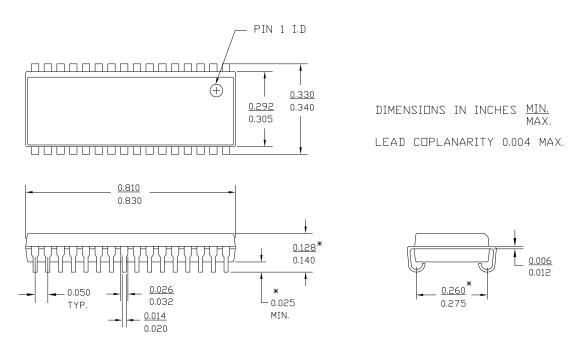
	Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
ſ	20	CY7C188-20VC	51-85041	32-pin (300-Mil) Molded SOJ	Commercial

Ordering Code Definitions



Package Diagram

Figure 1. 32-Lead (300-Mil) Molded SOJ, 51-85041



51-85041 *B



Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
CE	chip enable
DIP	dual inline package
I/O	input/output
OE	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
SOJ	small outline J-lead
TTL	transistor-transistor logic
WE	write enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
ns	nano seconds
V	Volts
μΑ	micro Amperes
mA	milli Amperes
mV	milli Volts
mW	milli Watts
pF	pico Farad
°C	degree Celcius
W	Watts
%	percent
MHz	Mega Hertz



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C188 32 K × 9 Static RAM Document Number: 38-05053				
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	107155	09/10/01	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-00220 to 38-05053
*A	506367	See ECN	NXR	Changed the description of I _{IX} from Input Load Current to Input Leakage Current in DC Electrical Characteristics table Removed I _{OS} parameter from DC Electrical Characteristics table Updated Ordering Information table
*B	2894123	03/17/2010	VKN	Added Table of Contents Removed 15ns speed bin Updated Ordering Information table Updated Package Diagram (Figure 1) Added Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information
*C	3096933	11/30/2010	PRAS	Added Ordering Code Definitions. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Minor edits.

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