DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic
  Family Specifications HEF, HEC

- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic
  Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

HEF4538B
MSI
Dual precision monostable multivibrator

Dual precision monostable multivibrator

DESCRIPTION

The HEF4538B is a dual retriggerable-resettable monostable multivibrator. Each multivibrator has an active LOW trigger/retrigger input ($\bar{I}_0$), an active HIGH trigger/retrigger input (I_1), an overriding active LOW direct reset input ($\bar{C}_D$), an output (O) and its complement ($\bar{O}$), and two pins (C_{TC},[1] RC_{TC}) for connecting the external timing components C_t and R_t. Typical pulse width variation over temperature range is $\pm$ 0,2%.

The HEF4538B may be triggered by either the positive or the negative edges of the input pulse and will produce an accurate output pulse with a pulse width range of 10 μs to infinity. The duration and accuracy of the output pulse are determined by the external timing components C_t and R_t. The output pulse width (T) is equal to $R_t \times C_t$. The linear design techniques in LOCMOS guarantee precise control of the output pulse width.

A LOW level at $\bar{C}_D$ terminates the output pulse immediately. Schmitt-trigger action in the trigger inputs makes the circuit highly tolerant to slower rise and fall times.

Fig.1 Functional diagram.

Fig.2 Pinning diagram.
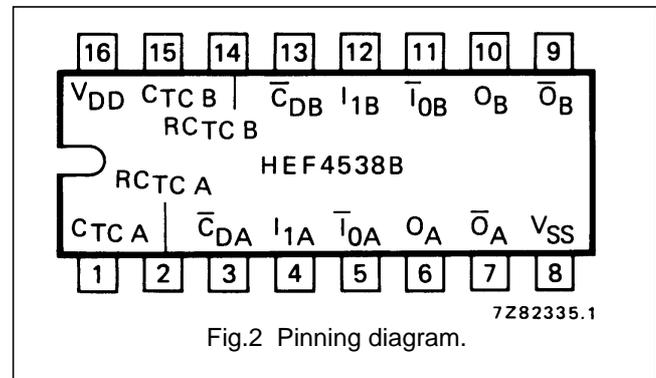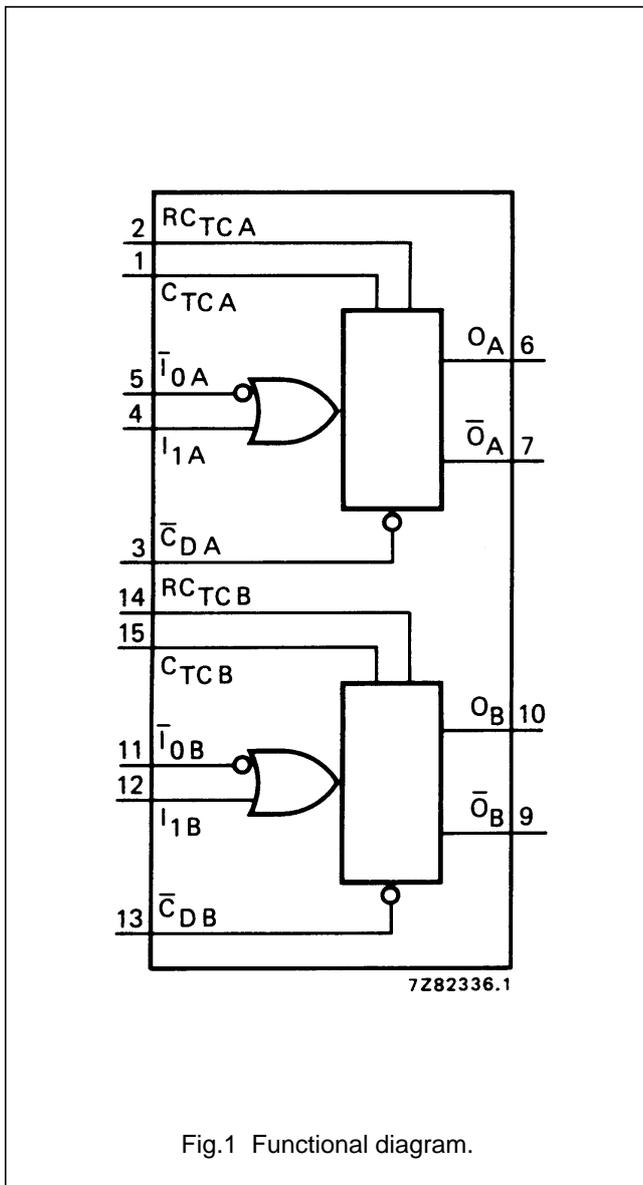
HEF4538BP(N):   16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38-1)

HEF4538BD(F):   16-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT74)

HEF4538BT(D):   16-lead SO; plastic (SOT109-1)

( ): Package Designator North America

PINNING

$\bar{I}_{0A}$, $\bar{I}_{0B}$	input (HIGH to LOW triggered)
I_{1A}, I_{1B}	input (LOW to HIGH triggered)
$\bar{C}_{DA}$, $\bar{C}_{DB}$	direct reset input (active LOW)
O_A, O_B	output
$\bar{O}_A$, $\bar{O}_B$	complementary output (active LOW)
$C_{TC\,A}$, $C_{TC\,B}$	external capacitor connections[1]
$RC_{TC\,A}$, $RC_{TC\,B}$	external capacitor/ resistor connections

Note

1. Always connected to ground.

FAMILY DATA, I_{DD} LIMITS category MSI

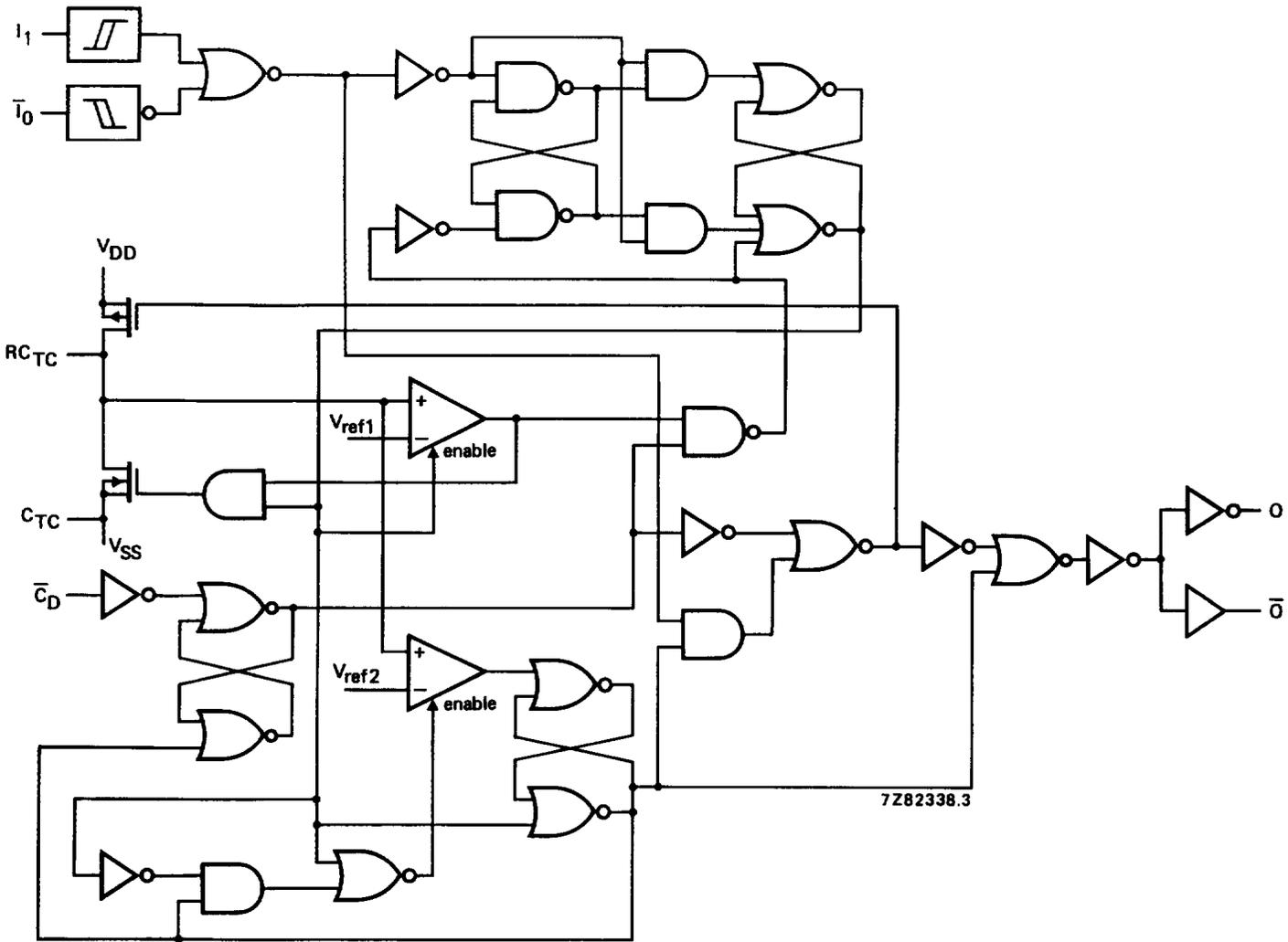See Family specifications.

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Fig.3 Logic diagram.

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FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUTS	
$\overline{I}_0$	I_1	$\overline{C}_D$	O	$\overline{O}$
$\searchdownarrow$	L	H	⊓	⊔
H	$\nearrow$	H	⊓	⊔
X	X	L	L	H

Notes

1. H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
   L = LOW state (the less positive voltage)
   X = state is immaterial
   ⊓ = positive output pulse
   ⊔ = negative output pulse
   $\nearrow$ = positive-going transition
   $\searchdownarrow$ = negative-going transition
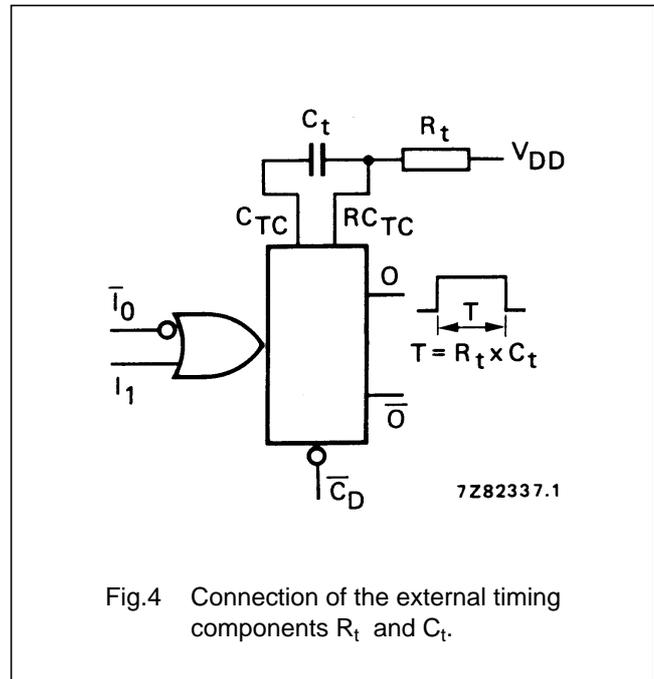
Fig.4   Connection of the external timing
components R_t and C_t.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{SS} = 0$ V

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	T_{amb} (°C)					
			− 40		+ 25		+ 85	
			TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
Supply current	5				55			μA
active state	10	I_D			150			μA
(see note)	15				220			μA
Input leakage current (pins 2 and 14)	15	$\pm I_{IN}$				300		1000 nA

Note

1. Only one monostable is switching: current present during output pulse (output O is HIGH).

AC CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{SS} = 0$ V; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; $C_L = 50$ pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays							
$\bar{I}_0, I_1 \rightarrow O$	5			200	460	ns	173 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{PHL}		90	180	ns	79 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			60	120	ns	52 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
$\bar{I}_0, I_1 \rightarrow \overline{O}$	5			220	440	ns	193 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{PLH}		85	190	ns	74 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			60	120	ns	52 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
$\overline{C}_D \rightarrow O$	5			125	250	ns	98 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
HIGH to LOW	10	t_{PHL}		55	110	ns	44 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			40	80	ns	32 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
$\overline{C}_D \rightarrow \overline{O}$	5			125	250	ns	98 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
LOW to HIGH	10	t_{PLH}		55	110	ns	44 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			40	80	ns	32 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
Recovery times	5			20	40	ns	
$\overline{C}_D \rightarrow \bar{I}_0, I_1$	10	t_{RCD}		10	20	ns	
	15			5	10	ns	
Retrigger times	5		0			ns	
$O, \overline{O} \rightarrow \bar{I}_0, I_1$	10	t_{RO}	0			ns	
	15		0			ns	
Minimum $\bar{I}_0$	5		90	45		ns	
pulse width; LOW	10	t_{WI0L}	30	15		ns	
	15		24	12		ns	
Minimum I_1	5		50	25		ns	
pulse width; HIGH	10	t_{WI1H}	24	12		ns	
	15		20	10		ns	
Minimum $\overline{C}_D$	5		55	25		ns	
pulse width; LOW	10	t_{WCDL}	25	12		ns	
	15		20	10		ns	
Output O or $\overline{O}$	5		218	230	242	μs	$R_t = 100$ kΩ
pulse width	10	t_{WO}	213	224	235	μs	$C_t = 0,002$ μF
	15		211	223	234	μs	
Output O or $\overline{O}$	5		10,3	10,8	11,3	ms	$R_t = 100$ kΩ
pulse width	10	t_{WO}	10,2	10,7	11,2	ms	$C_t = 0,1$ μF
	15		10,1	10,6	11,1	ms	
Output O or $\overline{O}$	5		1,01	1,09	1,11	s	$R_t = 100$ kΩ
pulse width	10	t_{WO}	0,99	1,04	1,09	s	$C_t = 10$ μF
	15		0,99	1,04	1,09	s	

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

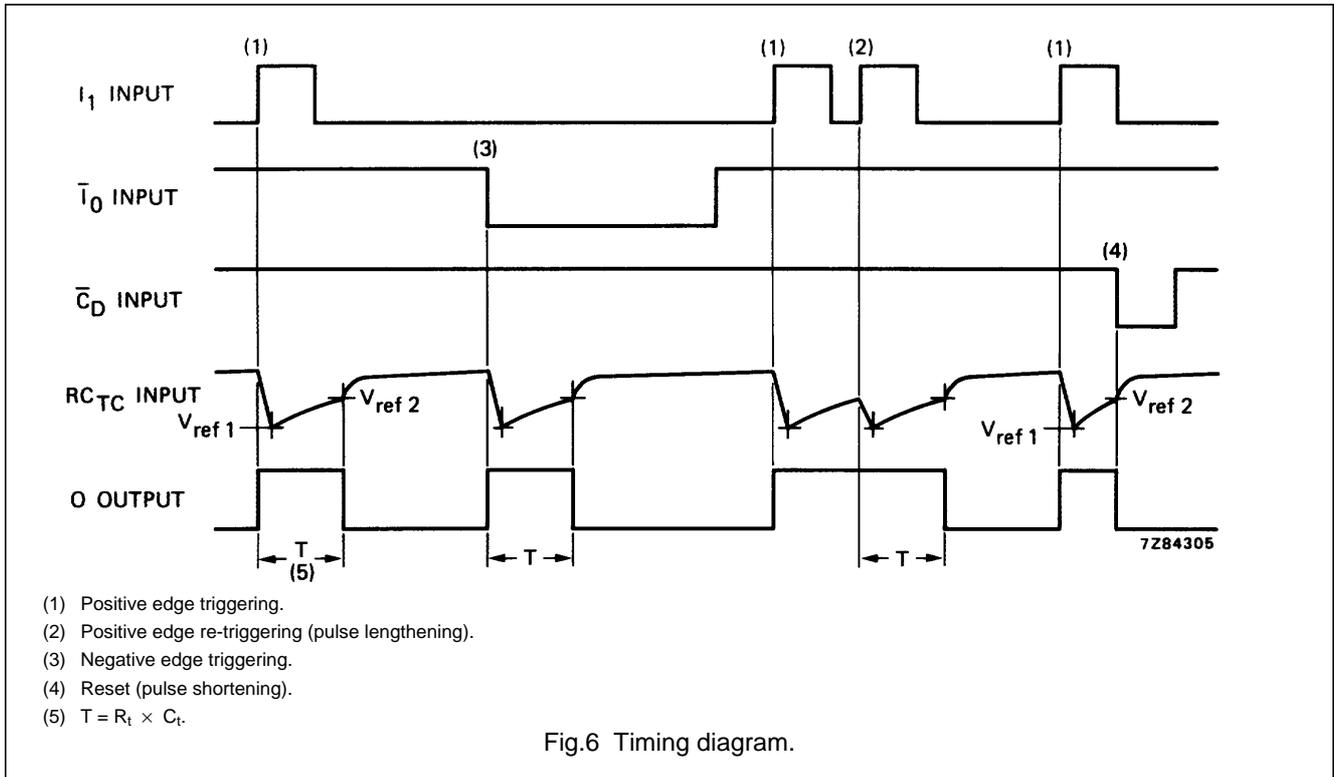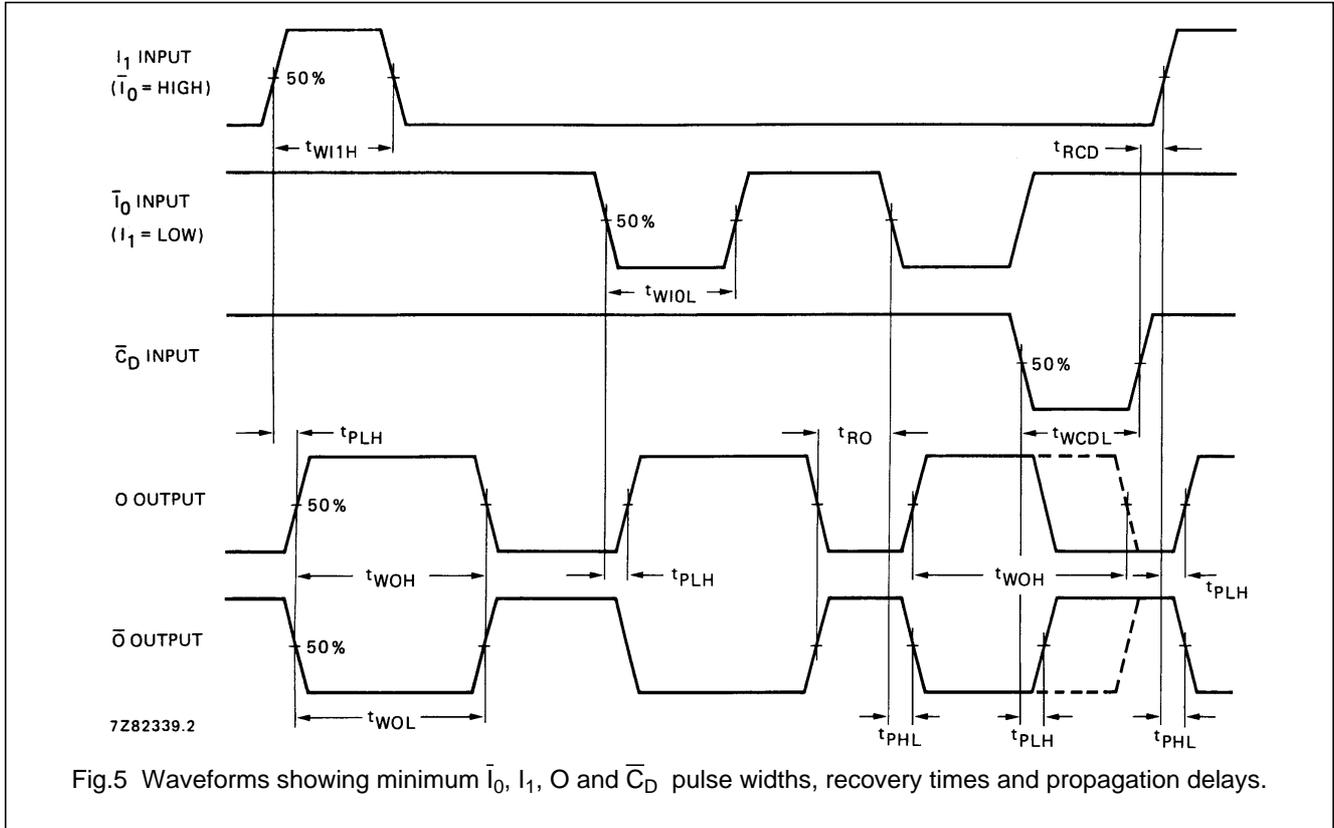V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; C_L = 50 pF; input transition times ≤ 20 ns

	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
Change in output O pulse width over temperature (T_{amb})	5	Δt_{WO}		± 0,2		%	
	10			± 0,2		%	
	15			± 0,2		%	
Change in output O pulse width over V_{DD} range 5 to 15 V		Δt_{WO}		± 1,5		%	
Pulse width variation between circuits in same package	5	Δt_{WO}		± 1		%	R_t = 100 kΩ C_t = 2 nF to 10 μF
	10			± 1		%	
	15			± 1		%	
External timing resistor		R_t	5	–	(1)	kΩ	
External timing capacitor		C_t	2000	–	no limits	pF	
Input capacitance (pin 2 or 14)		C_{IN}		15		pF	

Note

1. The maximum permissible resistance R_t, which holds the specified accuracy of t_{WO}, depends on the leakage current of the capacitor C_t and the leakage of the HEF4538B.

Fig.5 Waveforms showing minimum $\bar{I}_0$, I_1, O and $\overline{C}_D$ pulse widths, recovery times and propagation delays.

(1) Positive edge triggering.
(2) Positive edge re-triggering (pulse lengthening).
(3) Negative edge triggering.
(4) Reset (pulse shortening).
(5) $T = R_t \times C_t$.

Fig.6 Timing diagram.

(a) $R_t = 100$ kΩ; $C_t = 100$ nF..

(b) $R_t = 100$ kΩ; $C_t = 2$ nF.

Fig.7　Typical normalized change in output pulse width as a function of ambient temperature; 0% at $V_{DD} = 10$ V and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C.

Fig.8　Typical normalized change in output pulse width as a function of the supply voltage at $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; 0% at $V_{DD} = 10$ V; $R_t = 100$ kΩ.

Fig.9　Total supply current as a function of the output duty factor; $R_t = 100$ kΩ; $C_t = 100$ nF; $C_L = 50$ pF. One monostable multivibrator switching only.