Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

!\ REMINDERS

Product information in this catalog is as of October 2015. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or usage of the Products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual specification.

- Please contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for further details of product specifications as the individual specification is available.
- Please conduct validation and verification of products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before commercial shipment of the equipment.
- All electronic components listed in this catalogue are intended for use in general electronic equipment such as AV/OA equipment, home electrical appliances, office equipment, information-communication equipment, general medical equipment, industrial equipment, and automotive applications.
 Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for further information before using the components for any equipment which might have a negative impact directly on human life, such as specially controlled medical equip-

ment, transportation equipment (automotive powertrain/train/ship control systems, etc.) and traffic signal system.

Please do not incorporate the components into any equipment requiring a high degree of safety and reliability, such as aerospace equipment, avionics, nuclear control equipment, submarine system, and military equipment.

For use in high safety and reliability-required devices/circuits of general electronic equipment, thorough safety evaluation prior to use is strongly recommended, and a protective circuit should be designed and installed as necessary.

- The contents of this catalog are applicable to the products which are purchased from our sales offices or distributors (so called "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel").

 It is only applicable to the products purchased from any of TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.
- Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall have no responsibility for any controversies or disputes that may occur in connection with a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights arising from your usage of products in this catalog. TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. grants no license for such rights.
- Caution for export

Certain items in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", and other applicable regulations. Should you have any question or inquiry on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

INDUCTORS \ INDUCTORS FOR HIGH FREQUENCY APPLICATION

MULTILAYER CHIP INDUCTORS FOR HIGH FREQUENCY APPLICATIONS(HK SERIES)





REFLOW AEC-Q200

■PART NUMBER

*Operating Temp. : -55~125°C

△=Blank space

Н	K	Δ	1	0	0	5	Δ	1	0	Ν	J	— T	٧	
	(1)			(2	2)			-	3		(4)	(5)	6	

①Series name

Code	Series name
HK△	Multilayer chip inductor for high frequency

2 Dimensions (L x W)

E DITTICTISIONS (E	^ 11/	
Code	Type (inch)	Dimensions (L×W)[mm]
1005	1005 (0402)	1.0 × 0.5

3 Nominal inductance

Nominal inductance[nH]
3.9
10.0
100
120

%R=Decimal point
%N=0.0(nH type)

(4)Inductance tolerance

- Industrials coloraries						
Code	Inductance tolerance					
J	±5%					
S	±0.3nH					

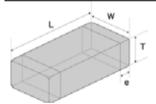
⑤Packaging

Code	Packaging
-т	Taping

6 Internal code

© Internal Code						
Code	Internal code					
V	MLCI for Industrial and Automotive					

■STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / STANDARD QUANTITY



	T	1	w	т		Standard quantity [pcs]			
	Туре	L	VV	'	е	Paper tape	Embossed tape		
	HK 1005	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5 ± 0.05	0.25±0.10	10000	_		
_	(0402)	(0.039 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.020 ± 0.002)	(0.010 ± 0.004)	10000	1		

Unit:mm(inch)

[▶] This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/) .

· All the Multilayer Chip Inductors of Catalog Lineup are Compliance RoHS

Note)

- · Information about usage environment or condition is necessary depending on the application and circuit condition. Please contact TAIYO YUDEN sales channels.
- *1: Automotive (AEC-Q200 Qualified) products
 - < FGD200 :AEC-Q200 qualified>

All the Multilayer Chip Inductors of *1 marks are tested based on the test conditions and methods defined in AEC-Q200 by family item.

125°C products: AEC-Q200 Grade1(we conduct the evaluation at the test condition of Grade1.)

85°C products: AEC-Q200 Grade3 (we conduct the evaluation at the test condition of Grade3.)

Please consult with TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel for the details of the product specification and AEC-Q200 test results, etc.,

and please review and approve TAIYO YUDEN's product specification before ordering.

• *2: Industrial products and Medical products

HK 1005

Part number	Nominal inductance	Inductance	Q	LQ Measuring	Q(Ty	/pical)frequ	ency[[MHz]		esonant cy [MHz]	DC Res		Rated ([mA]	current (max.)	Thickness	Note
Part number	[nH]	tolerance	(min.)	frequency [MHz]	100	300	500	800	1000	(min.)	(typ.)	(max.)	(typ.)	-55 ~ +125°C	-55 ~ +85°C	[mm]	Note
HK 1005 1N0S-TV	1.0	±0.3nH	8	100	11	25	34	43	52	10000	> 13000	0.08	0.04	300	900	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 1N2S-TV	1.2	±0.3nH	8	100	11	25	35	44	52	10000	> 13000	0.09	0.04	300	900	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 1N5S-TV	1.5	±0.3nH	8	100	11	24	33	44	48	6000	> 13000	0.10	0.05	300	850	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 1N8S-TV	1.8	±0.3nH	8	100	11	23	30	36	42	6000	11000	0.12	0.06	300	700	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 2N0S-TV	2.0	±0.3nH	8	100	11	21	27	34	39	6000	10500	0.12	0.06	300	700	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 2N2S-TV	2.2	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	25	31	36	6000	10000	0.13	0.07	300	700	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 2N4S-TV	2.4	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	6000	9500	0.13	0.07	300	650	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 2N7S-TV	2.7	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	34	6000	9000	0.13	0.08	300	650	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 3N0S-TV	3.0	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	6000	8500	0.16	0.09	300	600	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 3N3S-TV	3.3	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	6000	8000	0.16	0.10	300	550	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 3N6S-TV	3.6	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	5000	7500	0.20	0.11	300	500	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 3N9S-TV	3.9	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	4000	7000	0.21	0.12	300	500	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 4N3S-TV	4.3	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	35	4000	6500	0.20	0.12	300	500	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 4N7S-TV	4.7	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	34	4000	6000	0.21	0.12	300	500	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 5N1S-TV	5.1	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	31	34	4000	5800	0.21	0.13	300	450	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 5N6S-TV	5.6	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	30	35	4000	5700	0.23	0.15	300	430	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 6N2S-TV	6.2	±0.3nH	8	100	10	18	24	30	34	3900	5600	0.25	0.16	300	430	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 6N8J-TV	6.8	±5%	8	100	10	18	23	29	32	3900	5500	0.25	0.17	300	430	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 7N5J-TV	7.5	±5%	8	100	10	18	23	29	32	3700	5200	0.25	0.18	300	400	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 8N2J-TV	8.2	±5%	8	100	10	18	23	29	31	3600	4900	0.28	0.21	300	380	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 9N1J-TV	9.1	±5%	8	100	10	18	23	29	31	3400	4500	0.30	0.22	300	360	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 10NJ-TV	10	±5%	8	100	10	18	23	29	31	3200	4300	0.31	0.23	300	340	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 12NJ-TV	12	±5%	8	100	11	18	23	29	31	2700	3900	0.40	0.28	300	330	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 15NJ-TV	15	±5%	8	100	11	18	23	28	30	2300	3500	0.46	0.31	300	320	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 18NJ-TV	18	±5%	8	100	11	18	23	28	30	2100	3100	0.55	0.35	300	310	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 22NJ-TV	22	±5%	8	100	11	17	22	26	27	1900	2800	0.60	0.42	300	300	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 27NJ-TV	27	±5%	8	100	11	17	21	25	26	1600	2300	0.70	0.47	300	300	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 33NJ-TV	33	±5%	8	100	11	16	20	23	22	1300	1900	0.80	0.50	200	250	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 39NJ-TV	39	±5%	8	100	11	16	20	23	21	1200	1700	0.90	0.52	200	250	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 47NJ-TV	47	±5%	8	100	11	16	19	21	18	1000	1500	1.00	0.58	200	230	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 56NJ-TV	56	±5%	8	100	11	16	18	18	16	750	1300	1.00	0.61	200	220	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 68NJ-TV	68	±5%	8	100	11	15	17	18	11	750	1200	1.20	0.70	180	200	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 82NJ-TV	82	±5%	8	100	10	14	16	15	6	600	1100	1.30	0.81	150	200	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R10J-TV	100	±5%	8	100	10	14	14	12	_	600	1000	1.50	0.94	150	200	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R12J-TV	120	±5%	8	100	10	12	10	-	_	600	800	1.60	1.10	150	200	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R15J-TV	150	±5%	8	100	12	17	17	-	_	550	920	3.20	2.57	140	200	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R18J-TV	180	±5%	8	100	12	16	_	-	_	500	810	3.70	2.97	130	200	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R22J-TV	220	±5%	8	100	12	16	_	-	_	450	700	4.20	3.29	120	200	0.50 ±0.05	*1 ,*2
HK 1005 R27J-TV	270	±5%	8	100	12	14	-	_	_	400	600	4.80	3.92	110	200	0.50 ± 0.05	*1 ,*2

^{※)}The rated current is either the DC value at which the internal L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.

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Multilayer chip inductors Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type) Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOILTM MC series)

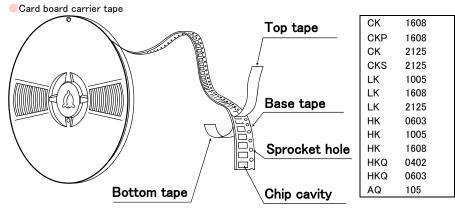
PACKAGING

1 Minimum Quantity

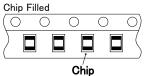
Tape & Reel Packaging			
Tura	Thickness	Standard Q	uantity [pcs]
Type	mm(inch)	Paper Tape	Embossed Tape
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
CK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
GK2120 (0000)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
CKC313E(000E)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
CKS2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
CKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
	0.7 (0.028)	_	3000
CKP2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
	1.1 (0.043)	_	2000
NM2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
NM2520(1008)	1.1 (0.043)	_	2000
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
LK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
LK2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
-	0.85 (0.033)	_	4000
HK2125(0805)	1.0 (0.039)	_	3000
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	40000
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	
HKQ0603C (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HKQ0603S (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	_
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	 _
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
DI(1000(0003)	0.85 (0.031)	4000	_
BK2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	4000	2000
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	4000	2000
BK3216(1206)	0.43(0.018)	1	4000
	0.8 (0.031)	20000	4000
BKP0402 (01005) BKP0603 (0201)	0.2 (0.008)	20000 15000	
			
BKP1005 (0402) BKP1608 (0603)	0.5 (0.020) 0.8 (0.031)	10000	-
BKP1608 (0603) BKP2125 (0805)		4000	
	0.85 (0.033)	4000 15000	
MCF0605 (0202)	0.3 (0.012)	10000	10000
MCF0806 (0302)	0.4 (0.016)	_	10000
MCF1210 (0504)	0.55(0.022)	_	5000
MCF2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	4000	4000
MCFE1608 (0603)	0.65(0.026)	4000	-
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.00(0.039)	_	3000

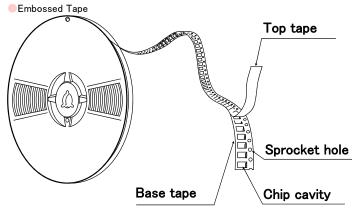
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2Taping material



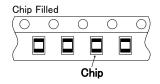
BK	0402	
BK	0603	
BK	1005	
BK	1608	
BK	2125	
BK	2010	
BKP	0402	
BKP	0603	
BKP	1005	
BKP	1608	
BKP	2125	
BKH	0603	
BKH	1005	
MCF	0605	
MC	1608	





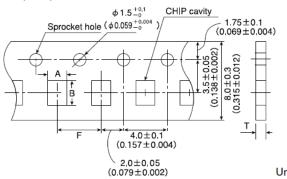
CK	2125
CKS	2125
CKP	2012
CKP	2016
CKP	2520
NM	2012
NM	2520
LK	2125
HKQ	0402
HK	2125

BK	2125	
BK	3216	
MCF	0806	
MCF	1210	
MCF	2010	
MC	2012	
	•	



3Taping Dimensions

Paper tape (8mm wide)



Unit: mm (inch)

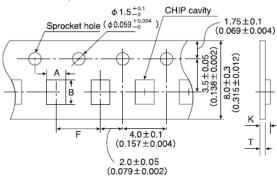
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	Thickness	Chip	cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Туре	mm (inch)	A	В	F	Т
		1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CKS2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
		0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
LK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
		1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
LK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
11(0405(0005)	0.05(0.000)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
LK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
	()	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
	()	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
LU(1000 (0000)	0.0 (0.004)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
HK1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
HKO0400 (0100E)	0.0 (0.000)	0.25±0.04	0.45±0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
HKQ0402 (01005)	0.2 (0.008)	(0.010 ± 0.002)	(0.018 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.014max)
LIKO0603W(0301)	0.2 (0.010)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
HKO0603C (0301)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603C (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HNQ00033(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ00030 (0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016 ± 0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.75±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
AQ100(0402)	0.0 (0.020)	(0.030 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25 ± 0.04	0.45 ± 0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
	0.2 (0.000)	(0.010 ± 0.002)	(0.018±0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.014max)
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
	0.0 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	(0.028 ± 0.002)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.018max)
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
	0.0 (0.020)	(0.026 ± 0.004)	(0.045 ± 0.004)	(0.079 ± 0.002)	(0.031max)
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
	, ,	(0.039 ± 0.008)	(0.071 ± 0.008)	(0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
	, ,	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.043max)
BK2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	1.2±0.1	2.17±0.1	4.0±0.1	0.8max
· · ·		(0.047±0.004)	(0.085 ± 0.004)	(0.157±0.004)	(0.031max)
BKP0402 (01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25 ± 0.04	0.45 ± 0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
		(0.010±0.002)	(0.018±0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.014max)
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40 ± 0.06	0.70 ± 0.06	2.0 ± 0.05	0.45max
		(0.016±0.002)	(0.028±0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
BKP1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65 ± 0.1	1.15 ± 0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
	+	(0.026±0.004) 1.0±0.2	(0.045±0.004)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.031max)
BKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	(0.039 ± 0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1	1.1max (0.043max)
		(0.039±0.008) 1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	(0.157±0.004) 4.0±0.1	(0.043max) 1.1max
BKP2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	(0.059±0.008)	(0.091 ± 0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	(0.028±0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
		0.016±0.002)	1.15±0.1		
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	(0.026±0.004)	(0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
		0.62±0.03	0.77±0.03	2.0±0.05	0.45max
MCF0605(0202)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.024±0.001)	(0.030 ± 0.001)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
		1.1±0.05	1.9±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.72max
MCFE1608(0603)	0.65(0.026)	(0.043 ± 0.002)	(0.075 ± 0.002)	(0.157 ± 0.004)	(0.028max)
	1	(0.040 ± 0.002)	(0.070 ± 0.002)	(0.107 ± 0.004)	Unit: mm (inch)

Unit: mm(inch)

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Embossed Tape (8mm wide)



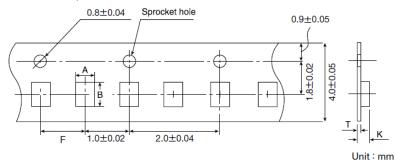
Unit: mm (inch)

T	Thickness	Chip	cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Туре	mm(inch)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
CK2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)	
CKS2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)	
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2 (0.061±0.008)	2.3 ± 0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)	
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	1.8±0.1 (0.071±0.004)	2.2 ± 0.1 (0.087±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.25 (0.01)	
	0.7 (0.028)				1.4 (0.055)		
CKP2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	2.3±0.1 (0.091±0.004)	2.8±0.1 (0.110±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)	
	1.1 (0.043)				1.7 (0.067)		
NM2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2 (0.061±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)	
	0.9 (0.035)	2.3±0.1	2.8±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.4 (0.055)	0.3	
NM2520(1008)	1.1 (0.043)	(0.091 ± 0.004)	(0.110±0.004)	(0.157±0.004)	1.7 (0.067)	(0.012)	
LK2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)	
LIK010E (000E)	0.85 (0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.5 (0.059)	0.3	
HK2125 (0805)	1.0 (0.039)	(0.059 ± 0.008)	(0.091±0.008)	(0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	(0.012)	
BK2125(0805)	1.25 (0.049)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)	
BK3216(1206)	0.8(0.031)	1.9±0.1 (0.075±0.004)	3.5±0.1 (0.138±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)	
MCF0806 (0302)	0.4 (0.016)	0.75±0.05 (0.030±0.002)	0.95±0.05 (0.037±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.55 (0.022)	0.3 (0.012)	
MCF1210 (0504)	0.55(0.022)	1.15±0.05 (0.045±0.002)	1.40±0.05 (0.055±0.002)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.65 (0.026)	0.3 (0.012)	
MCF2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	1.1±0.1 (0.043±0.004)	2.3±0.1 (0.091±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.85 (0.033)	0.3 (0.012)	
MCKK2012(0805)	1.0 (0.039)	1.55±0.2 (0.061±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.3 (0.051)	0.25 (0.010)	

Unit: mm(inch)

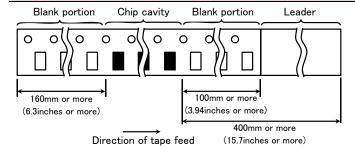
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Embossed Tape (4mm wide)

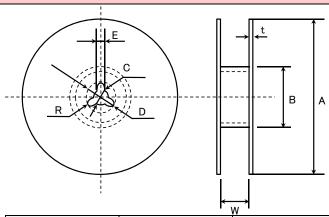


Type Thickness		Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch	ertion Pitch Tape Thicknes	
туре	mm(inch)	АВ		F	K	Т
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.
		·			Unit	: mm

4LEADER AND BLANK PORTION



⑤Reel Size



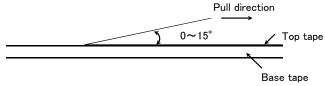
Α	В	С	D	E	R
ϕ 178 ± 2.0	ϕ 50 or more	ϕ 13.0 \pm 0.2	ϕ 21.0±0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	t	W
4mm width tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm width tape	2.5max.	10±1.5

(Unit:mm)

$\ensuremath{\text{6}\text{Top}}$ tape strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 \sim 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

■RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Temp	perature Range	
	BK1005	
	BK1608	55~+125°C
	BK2125	
	BKP1005	
	BKP1608	−55∼+125°C (Including self-generated heat)
Specified Value	BKP2125	and the state of t
	LK1005	-40~+85°C
	HK1005	_55~+125°C
	HK1608	
	HK2125	40~+125°C
2. Storage Temper	rature Range	
-	BK1005	
	BK1608	55~+125°C
	BK2125	
	BKP1005	
0 '5 17/1	BKP1608	_55~+125°C
Specified Value	BKP2125	
	LK1005	-40~+85°C
	HK1005	-55~+125°C
	HK1608	40 105%
	HK2125	-40~+125°C
3. Rated Current		
	BK1005	150~750mA DC
	BK1608	150~1500mA DC
	BK2125	200~1200mA DC
	BKP1005	0.8~2.4A DC
Specified Value	BKP1608	1.0~3.0A DC
opecified value	BKP2125	1.5~4.0A DC
	LK1005	20~25mA DC
	HK1005	110~300mA DC (-55~+125°C), 200~900mA DC (-55~+85°C)
	HK1608	110~300mA DC (-40~+125°C), 150~300mA DC (-40~+85°C)
	HK2125	80~300mA DC (-40~+125°C), 300mA DC (-40~+85°C)

Definition of rated current:

- •In the BK Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- •In the BK Series P type the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 40°C.
- •In the LK and HK Series, the rated current is either the DC value at which the internal L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.

4. Impedance			
	BK1005		10~1800Ω ±25%
	BK1608		22~2500Ω ±25%
	BK2125		15~2500Ω ±25%
	BKP1005		$10\sim330\Omega$ ±5Ω(EM100), ±25%(Other)
0 '5 1)///	BKP1608		33~470Ω ±25%
Specified Value	BKP2125		33~330Ω ±25%
	LK1005		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		_
	HK2125		
	BK1005Series, BKP10055	Series	
	Measuring frequency	: 100±1MHz	
	Measuring equipment	: 4291A (or its ed	guivalent)
Test Methods and	Measuring jig	: 16192A(or its e	equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)
Remarks	BK1608 • 2125 Series, BKP1608 • 2125 Series		
	Measuring frequency	: 100±1MHz	
	Measuring equipment	: 4291A (or its ed	guivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)
	Measuring jig	: 16092A(or its e	equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW

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5. Inductance			
o. madetande	BK1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	BKP1005	_	
	BKP1608		
Specified Value	BKP2125		
	LK1005	0.12~2.2 μH: ±10 or ±20%	
	HK1005	1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~270nH: ±5%	
	HK1608	1.0~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%	
	HK2125	1.5~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%	
	LK Series		
	Measuring frequency : 10~25MHz(l	K1005)	
		193A(or its equivalent)/LK1005	
	Measuring current : •1mA rms(0		
Test Methods and	HK Series		
Remarks	Measuring frequency : 100MHz(HK1	005)	
	Measuring frequency : 50/100MHz(HK1608 · HK2125)	
	Measuring equipment /jig : •4291A+161	93A(or its equivalent)/HK1005	
	•4291A+160	92A + in-house made jig(or its equivalent)/HK1608•HK2125	
6. Q			
	BK1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	BKP1005	_	
Specified Value	BKP1608		
Specified value	BKP2125		
	LK1005	10~20 min.	
	HK1005	8 min.	
	HK1608	8∼12 min.	
	HK2125	10∼18 min.	
	LK Series		
	Measuring frequency : 10∼25MHz(I	_K1005)	
	Measuring equipment /jig : •4291A+161	93A(or its equivalent)/LK1005	
Test Methods and	Measuring current : •1mA rms(0	0.047~4.7 μ H)	
Remarks	HK Series		
	Measuring frequency : 100MHz (HK1005)		
	Measuring frequency : 50/100MHz(HK		
	Measuring equipment /jig : •4291A+16193		
	-4291A+16092	A + in-house made jig(or its equivalent)/HK1608, HK2125	
7. DC Resistance	I =		
	BK1005	0.03~0.90Ω max.	
	BK1608	0.05~1.10Ω max.	
	BK2125	0.05~0.75Ω max.	
	BKP1005	0.0273~0.220Ω max.	
Specified Value	BKP1608	0.025~0.18 Ω max.	
	BKP2125	0.020~0.075Ω max.	
	LK1005	0.41~1.16Ω max.	
	HK1005	0.08~4.8Ω max.	

7. DC Resistance			
	BK1005	0.03~0.90 Ω max.	
	BK1608	0.05~1.10Ω max.	
	BK2125	0.05~0.75Ω max.	
	BKP1005	0.0273~0.220Ω max.	
Specified Value	BKP1608	0.025~0.18Ω max.	
Specified value	BKP2125	0.020~0.075Ω max.	
	LK1005	0.41~1.16Ω max.	
	HK1005	0.08~4.8 Ω max.	
	HK1608	0.05~2.6Ω max.	
	HK2125	0.10~1.5Ω max.	
Test Methods and Remarks	Measuring equipment: VOAC-7412, VOAC-7512, VOAC-7521 (made by Iwasaki Tsushinki)		

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8. Self Resonance I		
	BK1005	
	BK1608	
	BK2125	
	BKP1005	_
C 'C 17/1	BKP1608	
Specified Value	BKP2125	
	LK1005	40~180MHz min.
	HK1005	400∼10000MHz min.
	HK1608	300∼10000MHz min.
	HK2125	200~4000MHz min.
	LK Series	
	Measuring equipment : 4195A(or its	equivalent)
Test Methods and		2A(or its equivalent)
Remarks	HK Series :	
	Measuring equipment : 8719C(or its ed	quivalent) •8753D (or its equivalent)/HK2125
	1	
9. Temperature Cha	aracteristic	
	BK1005	
	BK1608	
	BK2125	
	BKP1005	_
	BKP1608	
Specified Value	BKP2125	
	LK1005	
	HK1005	
	HK1608	Inductance change:Within ±10%
	HK2125	
	THETES	
Test Methods and Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : −30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C	
	HK Series: Temperature range : −30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C	
Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005	
Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : −30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C	
Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125	
Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005	
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate	No mechanical damage.
Remarks	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005	No mechanical damage.
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005 BKP1608 BKP2125 LK1005	No mechanical damage.
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005 BKP1608 BKP2125 LK1005 HK1005	No mechanical damage.
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005 BKP1608 BKP2125 LK1005 HK1005 HK1005 HK1608	No mechanical damage.
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005 BKP1608 BKP2125 LK1005 HK1005	No mechanical damage.
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C lexure of Substrate BK1005 BK1608 BK2125 BKP1005 BKP1608 BKP2125 LK1005 HK1005 HK1005 HK1608	
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : −30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : −30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C	K、HK Series)
Remarks 10. Resistance to F	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C Exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C Exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C Exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C Exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)
10. Resistance to F Specified Value Test Methods and	HK Series: Temperature range : -30~+85°C Reference temperature : +20°C exure of Substrate	K、HK Series)

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11. Solderability						
11. Solderability	BKH1005					
	BK1608		1			
	BK2125		1			
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608		1			
Specified Value			At least 75% of	terminal electrode is co	vered by new solder.	
	BKP2125 LK1005 HK1005		4			
			-			
			_			
	HK1608		_			
	HK2125					
Test Methods and	Solder temperature		3282 H60A or H63	A)		
Remarks	Solder temperature	:245±3°C (Sn/3.	0Ag/0.5Cu)			
	Duration	:4±1 sec.				
12 Pasistanas ta S	aldavina					
12. Resistance to S	_		T			
	BK1005		-			
	BK1608		┥			
	BK2125		1 ' '	significant abnormality		
	BKP1005		Impedance chang	ge:Within ±30%		
	BKP1608		4			
Specified Value	BKP2125		1			
•			No mechanical d	=		
	LK1005			nal electrode: 70% min.		
			Inductance chan	ge: Within ±15%		
	HK1005		No mechanical d	•		
	HK1608		_	nal electrode: 70% min.		
	HK2125		Inductance chan	ge: Within ±5%		
	Solder temperature	:260±5°C				
	Duration	:10±0.5 sec.				
Remarks	Preheating temperatur		•			
	Preheating time	: 3 min.			_	
	Flux			n with colophony for 3 to		
	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of	recovery under the	standard condition after	r the test. (See Note 1)	
12 Thornal Charle						
13. Thermal Shock	BK1005		T			
			-			
	BK1608		┥			
	BK2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within ±30%			
	BKP1005					
0 '5 11/1	BKP1608		-			
Specified Value	BKP2125		<u> </u>			
	LK1005		No mechanical d	•	Mest 1 0007	
			Inductance chan	ge: Within ±10% Q cl	nange: Within ±30%	
	HK1005		No mechanical d	amage.		
	HK1608			=	hange: Within ±20%	
	HK2125		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%			
	BK, BKP, HK Series					
	Conditions for 1 cycle				¬	
	Step	temperature (°C)		time(min.)	4	
	1	-40°C +0/-3		30±3	_	
	2	Room temperatur		2~3	_	
	3	+125°C +3/-0)	30±3	_	
	4	Room temperatur	e	2~3	╛	
	Number of cycles: 1000					
Test Methods and	Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of	recovery under the s	standard condition a	after the test.(See Note	1)	
Remarks						
	LK Series					
	Conditions for 1 cycle					
	Step	temperature (°C)		time(min.)		
	1	-40°C +0/-3		30±3	_	
	2	Room temperatur	re .	2~3	_	
	3	+85°C +3/-0		30±3		
	3 +85°C +3/-0 4 Room temperature		re	2~3		
		·				
	Number of cycles: 1000		<u>-</u>		_	
	Number of cycles: 1000)		after the test.(See Note	1)	

(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after 48±2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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	BK1005		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	BK1608			
	BK2125			
	BKP1005		Impedance change: Within ±30%	
	BKP1608			
Specified Value	BKP2125			
	LK1005		No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%	
	HK1005		N	
	HK1608 HK2125		No mechanical damage.	
			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%	
Test Methods and Remarks	BK、BKP Series Temperature Humidity Duration Recovery LK、HK Series: Temperature Humidity Duration Recovery	:: :85±2°C :80 to 85%RH :1000+24/-0 hrs :2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1) :85±2°C :80 to 85%RH :1000±12 hrs :2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)		

15. Loading under D	amp Heat			
	BK1005		Appearance:No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within ±30%	
	BK1608			
	BK2125			
	BKP1005			
	BKP1608			
Specified Value	BKP2125			
	LK1005		No mechanical damage.	
			Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%	
	HK1005		No mechanical damage.	
	HK1608		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%	
	HK2125		inductance change. Within 21070 & change. Within 22070	
	BK、BKP Series:			
	Temperature :85±2°C			
	Humidity: 80 to 85%RH			
	Applied current : Rated current			
	Duration : $1000+24/-0$ hrs			
Test Methods and	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)		
Remarks	LK、HK Series:			
	Temperature	:85±2℃		
	Humidity	:80 to 85%RH		
	Applied current			
	Duration	$:1000\pm12~\mathrm{hrs}$		
	Recovery :2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)			

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to 35° C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of $20\pm2^{\circ}C$ of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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16. Loading at High	Temperature			
	BK1005			
	BK1608			
Specified Value	BK2125		Appearance : No significant abnormality	
	BKP1005		Impedance change: Within ±30%	
	BKP1608			
	BKP2125			
	LK1005		No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%	
	HK1005		Inductance change. Within ±10% Q change. Within ±30%	
	HK1608		No mechanical damage.	
	HK2125		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%	
	BK, BKP Series	e:	<u> </u>	
	Temperature : 125±3°C (BK Series)			
	: 85±3°C(BKP Series)			
	Applied current : Rated current			
	Duration : 1000+24/-0 hrs			
	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.		
	(See Note 1)			
Test Methods and				
Remarks				
	Temperature	: 85±2°C(LK1005)		
		: 85±2°C(HK1005: operat	ing temperature range $-55 \sim +85^{\circ}$ C)	
	: 85±2°C (HK1608, HK2125: operating temperature range - 40~+85°C)			
		: 125±2°C (HK1005: operating temperature range – 55~ + 125°C)		
	: $125\pm2^{\circ}$ C (HK1608, HK2125: operating temperature range $-40\sim+125^{\circ}$ C)			
	Applied currer	nt :Rated current		
	Duration	:1000±12 hrs		
	Recovery :2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)			

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to $35^{\circ}\!C$ of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of $20\pm2^{\circ}C$ of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure. Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 ± 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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Precautions on the use of Multilayer chip inductors Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

PRECAUTIONS

1. Circuit Design

◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance

1. A malfunction in medical equipment, spacecraft, nuclear reactors, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Precautions

As such, any inductors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and/or reliability considerations and should be clearly differentiated from components used in general purpose applications.

- ◆Operating Current(Verification of Rated current)
 - 1. The operating current for inductors must always be lower than their rated values.
 - 2. Do not apply current in excess of the rated value because the inductance may be reduced due to the magnetic saturation effect.

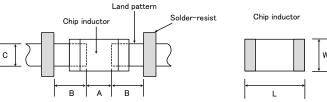
2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations(Design of Land-patterns)
 - When inductors are mounted on a PCB, the size of land patterns and the amount of solder used(size of fillet) can directly affect inductor
 performance.

Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns:

- (1) The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
- (2) When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed so that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.
- (3) The larger size of land patterns and amount of solder, the smaller Q value after mounting on PCB. It makes higher the Q value to design land patterns smaller than terminal electrode of chips.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized[breakaway] PC boards)
 - 1. After inductors have been mounted on the boards, chips can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering the reflow soldered boards etc.) For this reason, planning pattern configurations and the position of SMD inductors should be carefully performed to minimize stress.
- ◆Pattern configurations(Design of Land-patterns)
 - The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts (larger fillets which extend above the component end terminations). Examples of improper pattern designs are also shown.
 - (1) Recommended land dimensions for a typical chip inductor land patterns for PCBs



Recommended land dimensions for wave-soldering (Unit:mm)

Type		1608	2125
Size	L	1.6	2.0
Size	W	8.0	1.25
Α		0.8~1.0	1.0~1.4
В		0.5~0.8	0.8~1.5
С		0.6~0.8	0.9~1.2

Technical considerations

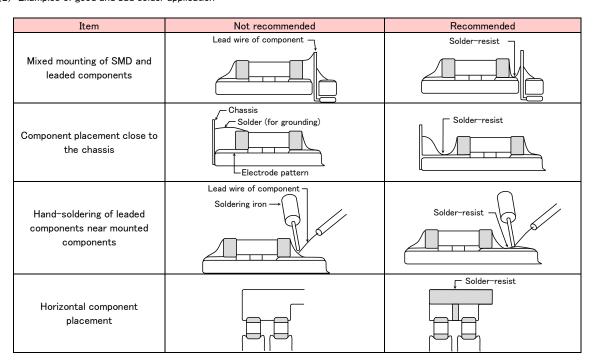
Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (Unit:mm)

Type		1005	1608	2125
C:=-	┙	1.0	2.0	1.6
Size W		0.5	1.25	0.8
-	4	0.45~0.55	0.8~1.0	0.8~1.2
Е	3	0.40~0.50	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2
()	0.45~0.55	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6

Excess solder can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses. Therefore, please take proper precautions when designing land-patterns.

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(2) Examples of good and bad solder application

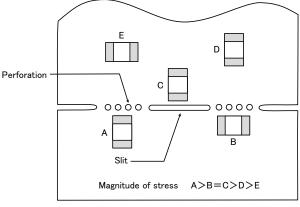


- ◆Pattern configurations(Inductor layout on panelized[breakaway] PC boards)
 - 1-1. The following are examples of good and bad inductor layout; SMD inductors should be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Item	Not recommended	Recon	nmended
Deflection of the board			Position the component at a right angle to the direction of the mechanical stresses that are anticipated.

1-2. To layout the inductors for the breakaway PC board, it should be noted that the amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on inductor layout.

An example below should be counted for better design.



1-3. When breaking PC boards along their perforations, the amount of mechanical stress on the inductors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, any ideal SMD inductor layout must also consider the PCB splitting procedure.

3. Considerations for automatic placement

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
 - 1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the inductors when mounting onto the PC boards.
 - 2. The maintenance and inspection of the mounter should be conducted periodically.

Precautions

◆Selection of Adhesives

1. Mounting inductors with adhesives in preliminary assembly, before the soldering stage, may lead to degraded inductor characteristics unless the following factors are appropriately checked; the size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the manufacturer of the adhesives on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use.

◆Adjustment of mounting machine

- 1. If the lower limit of the pick-up nozzle is low, too much force may be imposed on the inductors, causing damage. To avoid this, the following points should be considered before lowering the pick-up nozzle:
 - (1) The lower limit of the pick-up nozzle should be adjusted to the surface level of the PC board after correcting for deflection of the board.
 - (2) The pick-up pressure should be adjusted between 1 and 3N static loads.
 - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins should be used under the PC board. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good pick-up nozzle placement:

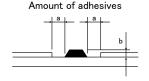
Item	Improper method	Proper method
Single-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins
Double-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins

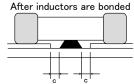
Technical considerations

- 2. As the alignment pin wears out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of the inductors because of mechanical impact on the inductors. To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pin in the stopped position, and maintenance, inspection and replacement of the pin should be conducted periodically.
- ◆Selection of Adhesives
- 1. Some adhesives may cause reduced insulation resistance. The difference between the shrinkage percentage of the adhesive and that of the inductors may result in stresses on the inductors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect component placement, so the following precautions should be noted in the application of adhesives.
 - (1) Required adhesive characteristics
 - a. The adhesive should be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
 - b. The adhesive should have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
 - c. The adhesive should have good coating and thickness consistency.
 - d. The adhesive should be used during its prescribed shelf life.
 - e. The adhesive should harden rapidly.
 - f. The adhesive must not be contaminated.
 - g. The adhesive should have excellent insulation characteristics.
 - h. The adhesive should not be toxic and have no emission of toxic gasses.
 - (2) When using adhesives to mount inductors on a PCB, inappropriate amounts of adhesive on the board may adversely affect component placement. Too little adhesive may cause the inductors to fall off the board during the solder process. Too much adhesive may cause defective soldering due excessive flow of adhesive on to the land or solder pad.

[Recommended conditions]

Figure	0805 case sizes as examples
а	0.3mm min
b	100∼120 μ m
С	Area with no adhesive





4. Soldering

Precautions

♦Selection of Flux

- 1. Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of inductors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;
 - (1) Flux used should be with less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (Chlorine conversion method) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content should not be applied.
 - (2) When soldering inductors on the board, the amount of flux applied should be controlled at the optimum level.
 - (3) When using water-soluble flux, special care should be taken to properly clean the boards.

◆ Soldering

1. Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. are specified in accordance with the following recommended conditions, and please contact us about peak temperature when you use lead-free paste.

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◆Selection of Flux

- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate the flux, or highly acidic flux is used, an excessive amount of residue after soldering may lead to corrosion of the terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surface of the Inductor.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in flow soldering, but if too much is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may detrimentally affect solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved by water content in the air, the residue on the surface of Inductor in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and therefore affect the reliability of the components. The cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used should also be considered carefully when selecting water-soluble flux.

Soldering

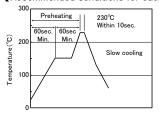
1-1. Preheating when soldering

Heating: Chip inductor components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering. Cooling: The temperature difference between the components and cleaning process should not be greater than 100°C.

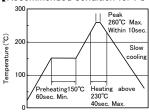
Chip inductors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling. Therefore, the soldering process must be conducted with a great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.

[Reflow soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



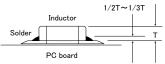
 $\mbox{\%}$ Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

*Assured to be reflow soldering for 2 times.

Caution

Technical considerations

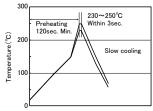
1. The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of the inductor, as shown below:



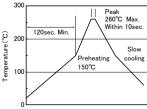
2. Because excessive dwell times can detrimentally affect solderability, soldering duration should be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

[Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



**Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

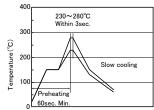
*Assured to be wave soldering for 1 time. *Except for reflow soldering type.

Caution

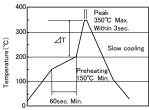
- $1. \ \ \text{Make sure the inductors are preheated sufficiently}.$
- 2. The temperature difference between the inductor and melted solder should not be greater than 100 to 130° C.
- 3. Cooling after soldering should be as gradual as possible.
- 4. Wave soldering must not be applied to the inductors designated as for reflow soldering only.

[Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



[Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



(**※**⊿TT190°C)

lephIt is recommended to use 20W soldering iron and the tip is 1 ϕ or less.

*The soldering iron should not directly touch the components.

*Assured to be soldering iron for 1 time.

Note: The above profiles are the maximum allowable soldering condition, therefore these profiles are not always recommended.

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Caution 1. Use a 20W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm. 2. The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.

5. Cleaning

Precautions

Technical

considerations

♦Cleaning conditions

- 1. When cleaning the PC board after the Inductors are all mounted, select the appropriate cleaning solution according to the type of flux used and purpose of the cleaning (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.)
- 2. Cleaning conditions should be determined after verifying, through a test run, that the cleaning process does not affect the inductor's characteristics.

◆Cleaning conditions

- 1. The use of inappropriate solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to the inductor, resulting in a degradation of the inductor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).
- 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may detrimentally affect the performance of the inductors.

(1) Excessive cleaning

a. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of the PC board which may lead to the cracking of the inductor or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Thus the following conditions should be carefully checked;

Ultrasonic output Below 20W/2
Ultrasonic frequency Below 40kHz
Ultrasonic washing period 5 min. or less

6. Post cleaning processes

◆Application of resin coatings, moldings, etc. to the PCB and components.

Precautions

- With some type of resins a decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while
 left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the inductor's performance.
- 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than the inductor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excess heat may lead to inductor damage or destruction.
- 3. Stress caused by a resin's temperature generated expansion and contraction may damage inductors.

The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

7. Handling

- ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations)
 - 1. When splitting the PC board after mounting inductors and other components, care is required so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.
 - 2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.
- ♦General handling precautions
 - 1. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD.
 - $\ensuremath{\mathbf{2}}.$ Keep the inductors away from all magnets and magnetic objects.
- Precautions
- 3. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handling inductors.4. Any devices used with the inductors (soldering irons, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded.
- 5. Keep bare hands and metal products (i.e., metal desk) away from chip electrodes or conductive areas that lead to chip electrodes.
- 6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils.
- ◆Mechanical considerations
 - 1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks.
 - (1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used.
 - (2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

8. Storage conditions

◆Storage

1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.

Precautions

Recommended conditions
Ambient temperature Below 40°C

Humidity Below 70% RH

The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions inductor electrode solderability decreases as time passes, so inductors should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.

*The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

◆Storage

Technical considerations

1. If the parts are stocked in a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place. For this reason, components should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the inductors.

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