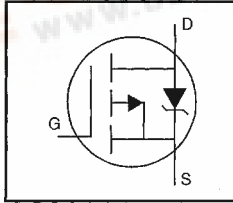


HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Surface Mount
- Available in Tape & Reel
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- P-Channel
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements



$$V_{DSS} = -200V$$

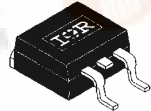
$$R_{DS(on)} = 3.0\Omega$$

$$I_D = -1.8A$$

Description

The HEXFET technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and extreme device ruggedness.

The SMD-220 is a surface mount power package capable of accommodating die sizes up to HEX-4. It provides the highest power capability and the lowest possible on-resistance in any existing surface mount package. The SMD-220 is suitable for high current applications because of its low internal connection resistance and can dissipate up to 2.0W in a typical surface mount application.



SMD-220

DATA
SHEETS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ -10 V	-1.8	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ -10 V	-1.0	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-7.0	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	20	W
P_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation (PCB Mount)**	3.0	
	Linear Derating Factor	0.16	
	Linear Derating Factor (PCB Mount)**	0.025	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	
I_{LM}	Inductive Current, Clamp	-7.0	A
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	-5.0	V/ns
T_J, T_{STG}	Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
R_{JC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	6.4	°C/W
R_{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount)**	—	—	40	
R_{JA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	62	

** When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-200	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	-0.23	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D=-1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	3.0	Ω	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$, $I_D=-0.90\text{A}$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	0.90	—	—	S	$V_{DS}=-50\text{V}$, $I_D=-0.90\text{A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-100	μA	$V_{DS}=-200\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$
		—	—	-500		$V_{DS}=-160\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS}=-20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	11	nC	$I_D=-3.5\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	7.0		$V_{DS}=-160\text{V}$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	4.0		$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}$ See Fig. 6 and 12 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	8.0	—		$V_{DD}=-100\text{V}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	15	—	ns	$I_D=-0.90\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	10	—		$R_G=50\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	8.0	—		$R_D=110\Omega$ See Figure 10 ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	170	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	50	—		$V_{DS}=-25\text{V}$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	15	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$ See Figure 5



Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-1.8	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-7.0		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-5.8	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S=-1.8\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	240	360	ns	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F=-1.8\text{A}$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1.7	2.6	μC	$di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S+L_D)				

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See Figure 11)

③ $I_{SD} \leq -1.8\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 70\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$

② Not Applicable

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

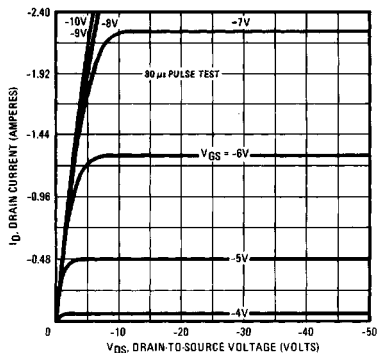


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics

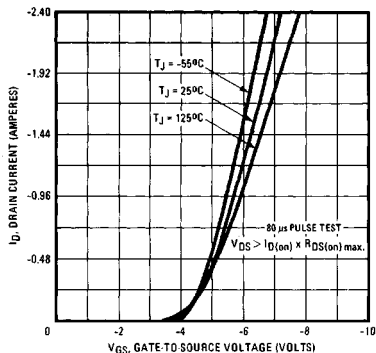


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

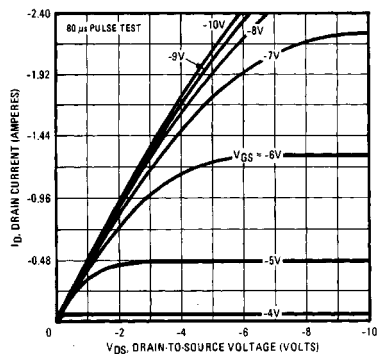


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

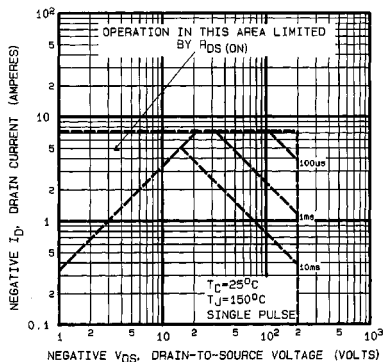


Fig. 4 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

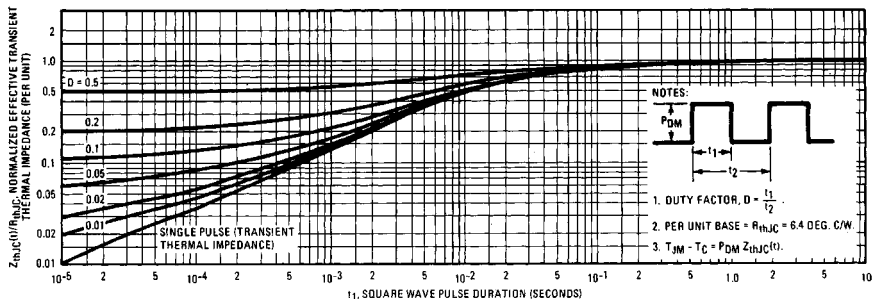


Fig. 5 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

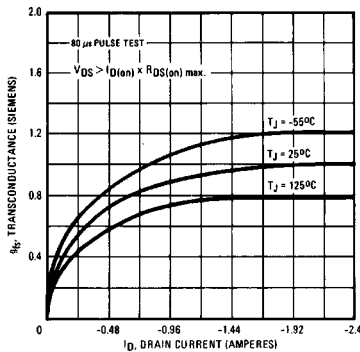


Fig. 6 — Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

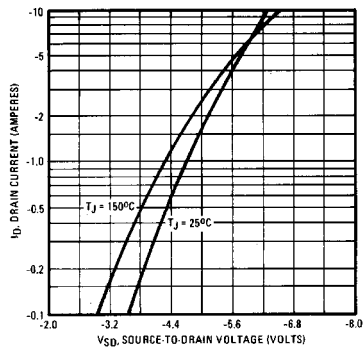


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

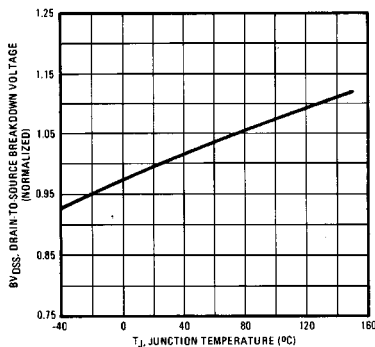


Fig. 8 — Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

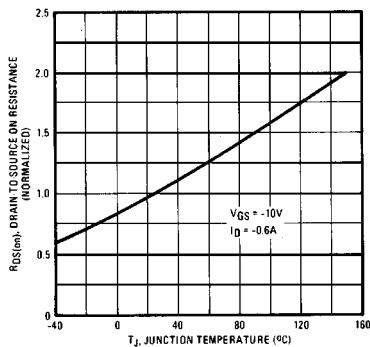


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

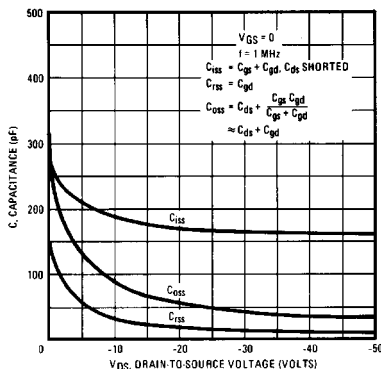


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

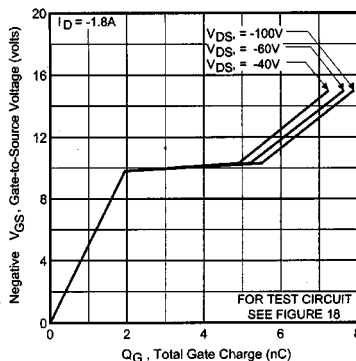


Fig. 11 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Negative VGS

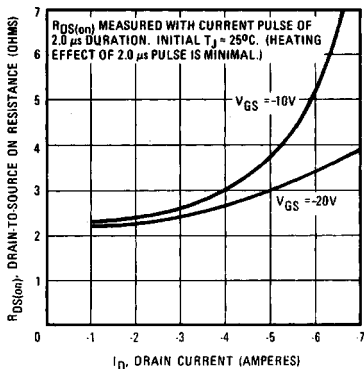


Fig. 12 — Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

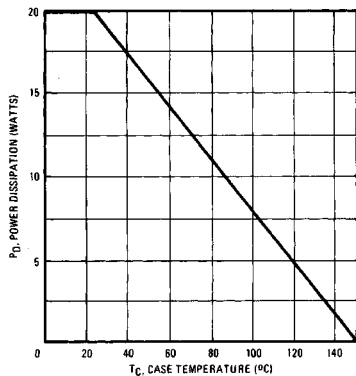


Fig. 14 — Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

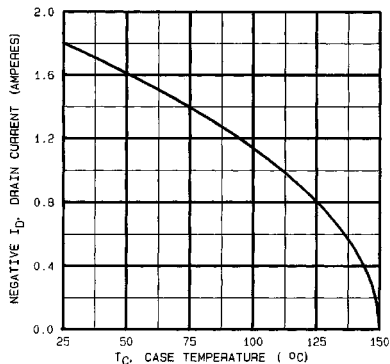


Fig. 13 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

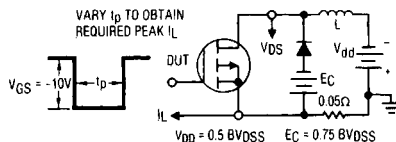


Fig. 15 — Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

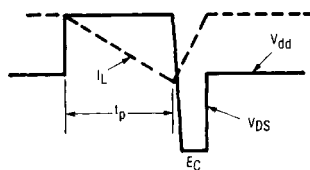


Fig. 16 — Clamped Inductive Waveforms

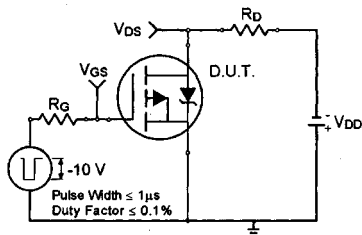


Fig. 17a — Switching Time Test Circuit

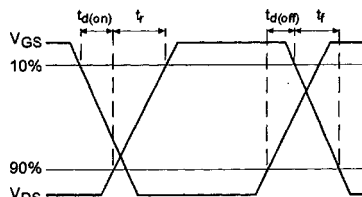


Fig. 17b — Switching Time Waveforms

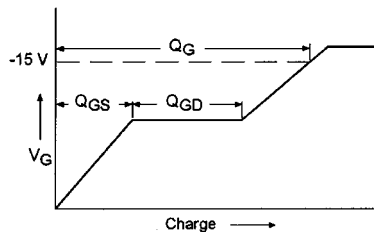


Fig. 18a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

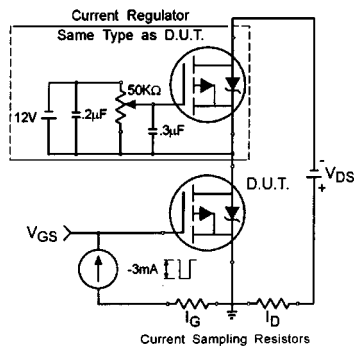


Fig. 18b — Gate Charge Test Circuit

Appendix A: Figure 14, Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit – See page 1506

Appendix B: Package Outline Mechanical Drawing – See page 1507

Appendix C: Part Marking Information – See page 1515

Appendix D: Tape & Reel Information – See page 1519