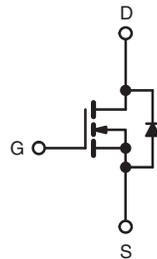
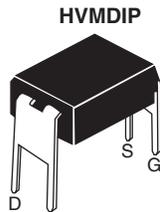


## Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY		
$V_{DS}$ (V)	250	
$R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	1.1
$Q_g$ (Max.) (nC)	14	
$Q_{gs}$ (nC)	2.7	
$Q_{gd}$ (nC)	7.8	
Configuration	Single	



N-Channel MOSFET

### FEATURES

- Dynamic  $dV/dt$  Rating
- Repetitive Avalanche Rated
- For Automatic Insertion
- End Stackable
- Fast Switching
- Ease of Paralleling
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC


**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT

### DESCRIPTION

Third generation Power MOSFETs from Vishay provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

The 4 pin DIP package is a low cost machine-insertible case style which can be stacked in multiple combinations on standard 0.1" pin centers. The dual drain serves as a thermal link to the mounting surface for power dissipation levels up to 1 W.

ORDERING INFORMATION	
Package	HVMDIP
Lead (Pb)-free	IRFD224PbF SiHFD224-E3

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	250	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$		
Continuous Drain Current	$V_{GS}$ at 10 V	$T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	A	
		$T_A = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{DM}$	5.0		
Linear Derating Factor		0.0083	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy <sup>b</sup>	$E_{AS}$	60	mJ	
Avalanche Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{AR}$	0.63	A	
Repetitive Avalanche Energy <sup>a</sup>	$E_{AR}$	0.10	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.0	W
Peak Diode Recovery $dV/dt^c$		$dV/dt$	4.8	V/ns
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	- 55 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s	300 <sup>d</sup>		

#### Notes

- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- $V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}$ , starting  $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 15\text{ mH}$ ,  $R_g = 25\text{ }\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 2.5\text{ A}$  (see fig. 12).
- $I_{SD} \leq 4.4\text{ A}$ ,  $dI/dt \leq 90\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{DS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .
- 1.6 mm from case.

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{thJA}$	-	120	°C/W

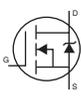
**SPECIFICATIONS** ( $T_J = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Static</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	250	-	-	V
$V_{DS}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	Reference to $25\text{ °C}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	-	0.36	-	V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 250\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	25	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = 200\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	-	250	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$   $I_D = 0.38\text{ A}^b$	-	-	1.1	$\Omega$
Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, I_D = 2.6\text{ A}$	1.5	-	-	S

**Dynamic**

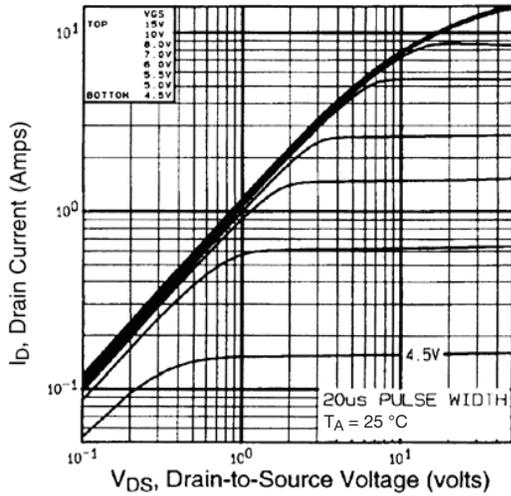
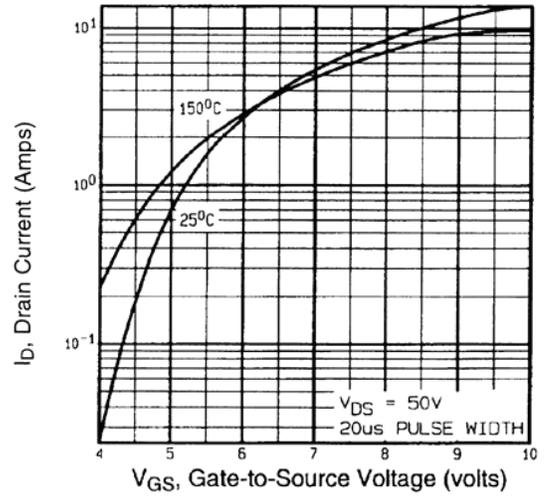
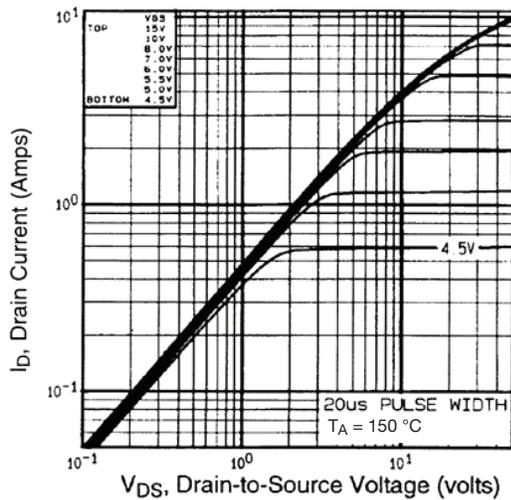
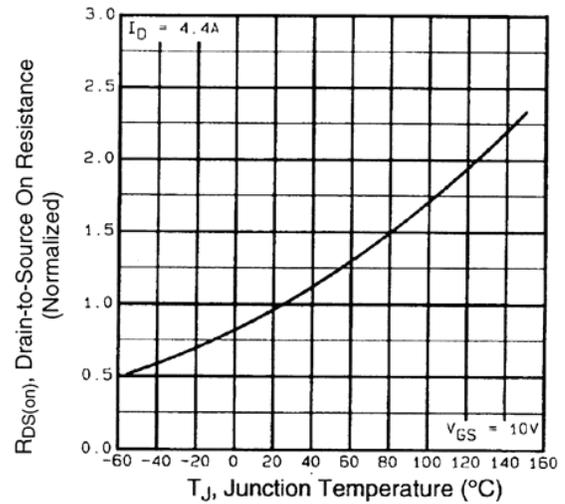
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz},$ see fig. 5	-	260	-	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	77	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	15	-	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$   $I_D = 4.4\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 200\text{ V},$ see fig. 6 and 13 <sup>b</sup>	-	-	14	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		-	-	2.7	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	-	7.8	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 125\text{ V}, I_D = 4.4\text{ A},$ $R_g = 18\text{ }\Omega, R_D = 28\text{ }\Omega,$ see fig. 10 <sup>b</sup>	-	7.0	-	ns
Rise Time	$t_r$		-	13	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	20	-	
Fall Time	$t_f$		-	12	-	
Internal Drain Inductance	$L_D$	Between lead, 6 mm (0.25") from package and center of die contact 	-	4.0	-	nH
Internal Source Inductance	$L_S$		-	6.0	-	

**Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics**

Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	$I_S$	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode 	-	-	0.63	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{SM}$		-	-	5.0	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$T_J = 25\text{ °C}, I_S = 0.63\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}^b$	-	-	1.8	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$T_J = 25\text{ °C}, I_F = 4.4\text{ A}, dI/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}^b$	-	200	400	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	0.93	1.9	$\mu\text{C}$
Forward Turn-On Time	$t_{on}$	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S$ and $L_D$ )				

**Notes**

- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- Pulse width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

**Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics**

**Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_A = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature**

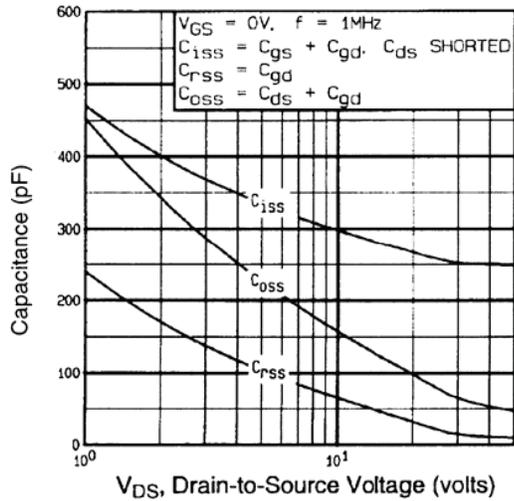


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

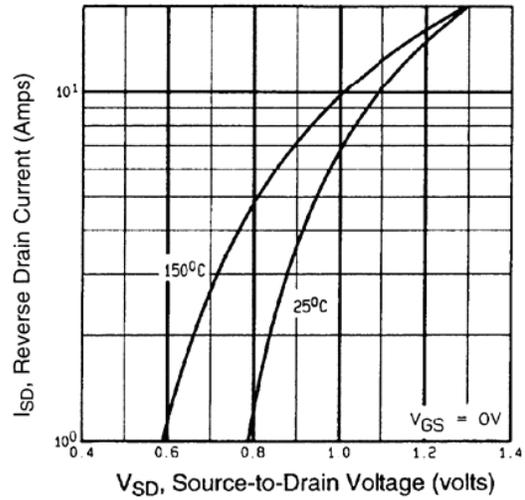


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

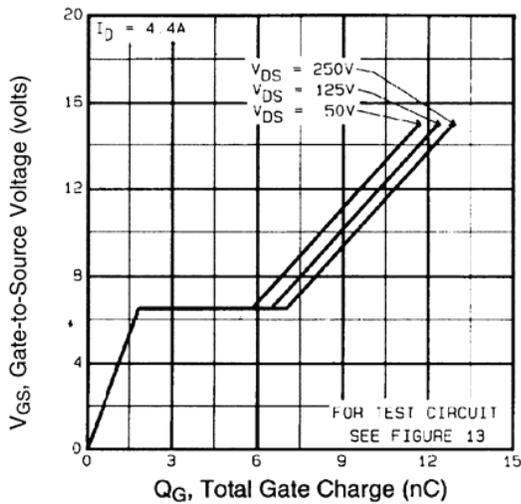


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

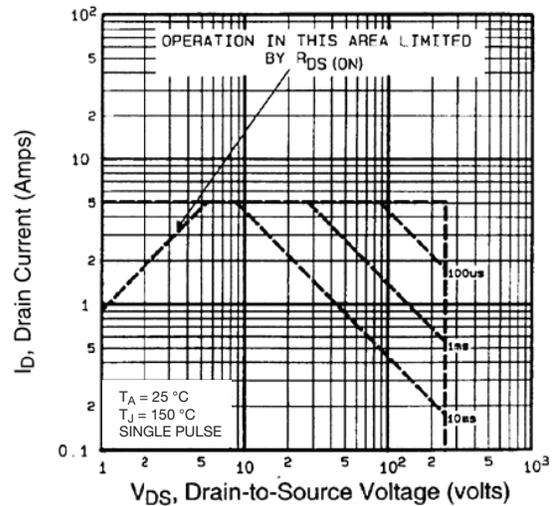


Fig. 8 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

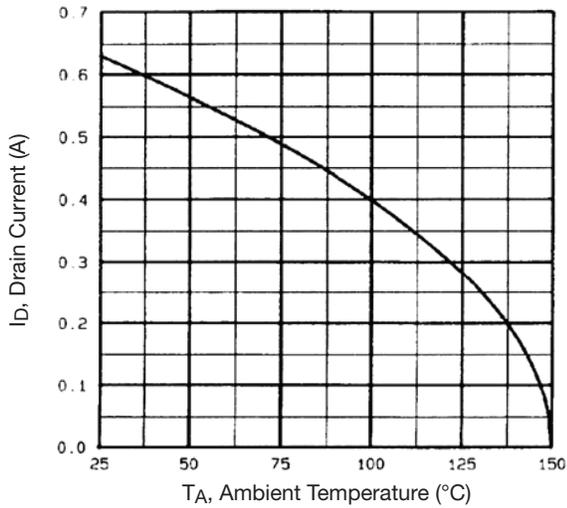


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Ambient Temperature

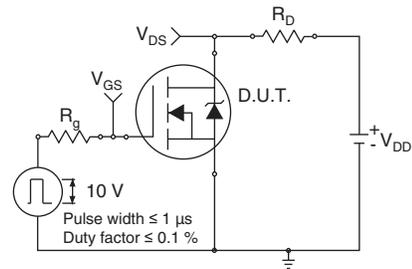


Fig. 10a - Switching Time Test Circuit

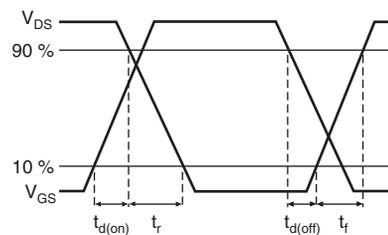


Fig. 10b - Switching Time Waveforms

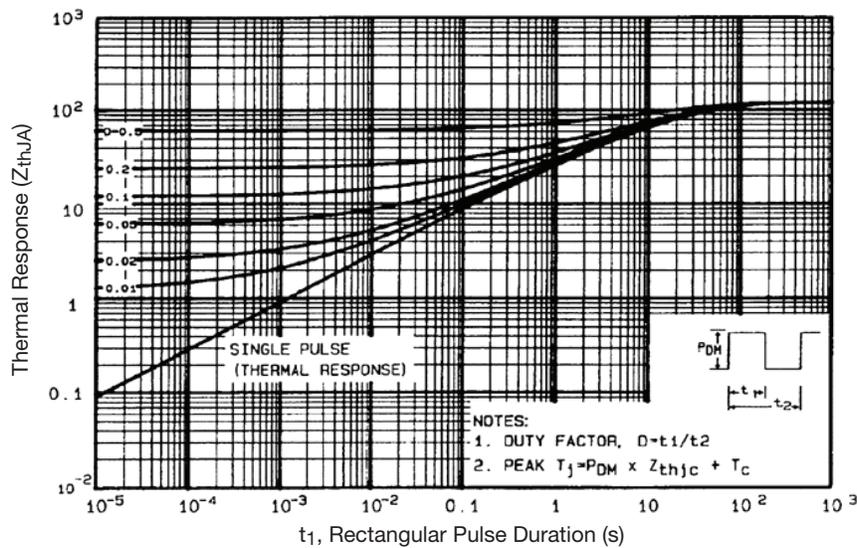


Fig. 11 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

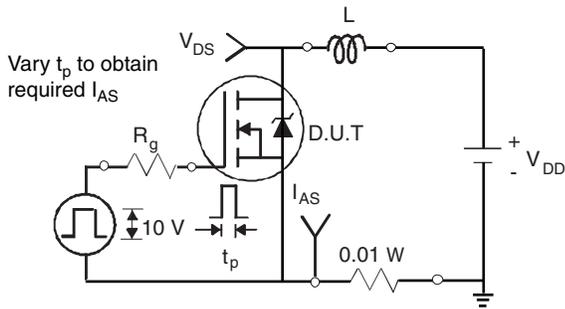


Fig. 12a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

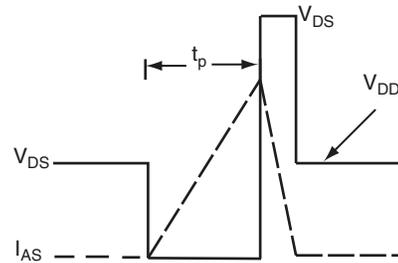


Fig. 12b - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

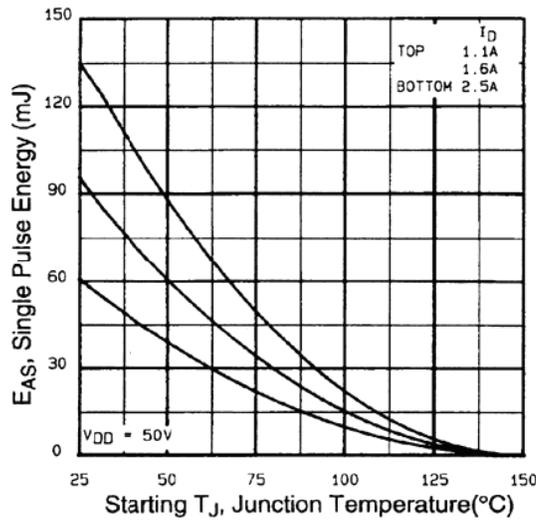


Fig. 12c - Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

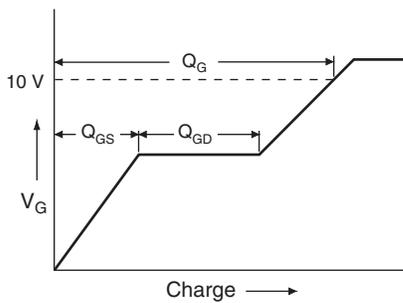


Fig. 13a - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

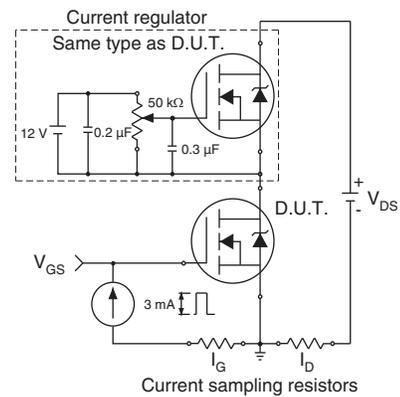
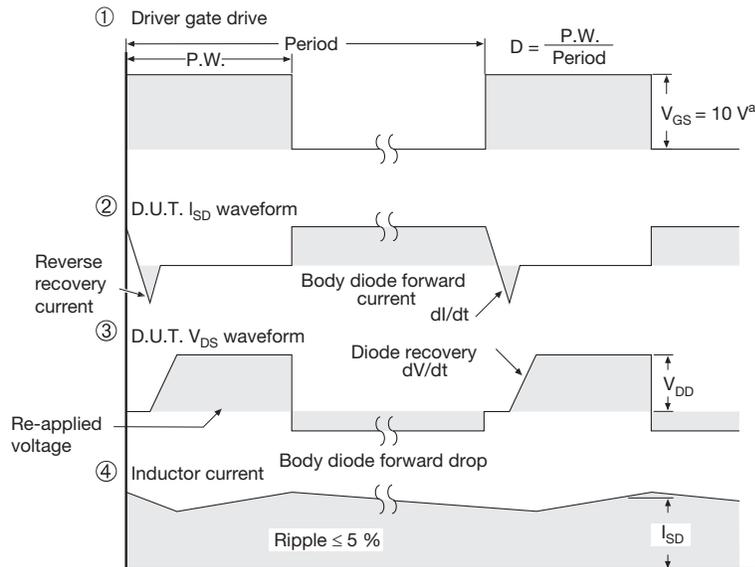
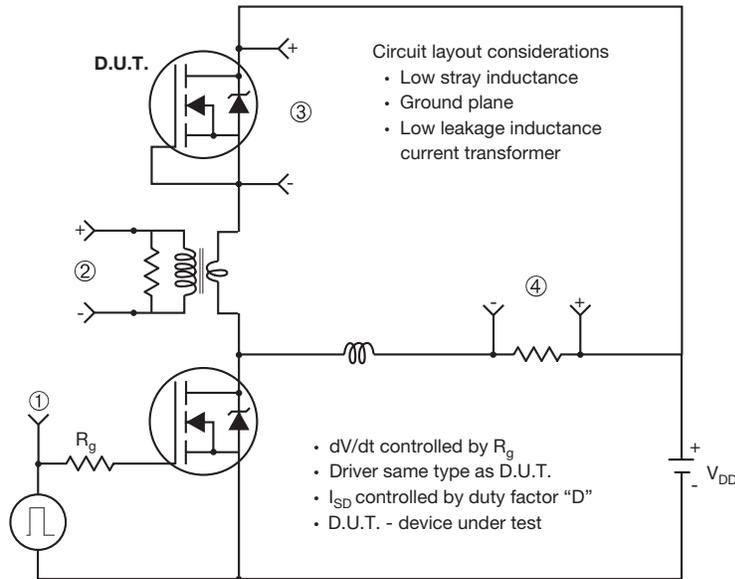


Fig. 13b - Gate Charge Test Circuit

### Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



**Note**

a.  $V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$  for logic level devices

**Fig. 14 - For N-Channel**

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