

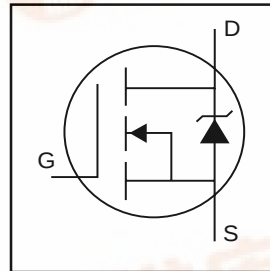
International IOR Rectifier

PD - 93956

IRFZ44R

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Fully Avalanche Rated
- Drop in Replacement of the IRFZ44 for Linear/Audio Applications



$V_{DSS} = 60V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 0.028\Omega$
$I_D = 50^*A$

Description

Advanced HEXFET® Power MOSFETs from International Rectifier utilize advanced processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit, combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.

The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	50*	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	36	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	200	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	150	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.0	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	100	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	4.5	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf•in (1.1 N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	1.0	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	62	

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	60	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.060	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1mA$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.028	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V$, $I_D = 31A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	15	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V$, $I_D = 31A$ ④
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 60V$, $V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 48V$, $V_{GS} = 0V$, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	67	nC	$I_D = 51A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	18		$V_{DS} = 48V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	25		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig. 6 and 13 ④
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 30V$ $I_D = 51A$ $R_G = 9.1\Omega$ $R_D = 0.55\Omega$, See Fig. 10 ④
t_r	Rise Time	—	110	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	45	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	92	—		
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	1900	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1.0MHz$, See Fig. 5
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	920	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	170	—		

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	50*	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	200		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	2.5	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 51A$, $V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	120	180	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 51A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	0.53	0.80	μC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11)

② $V_{DD} = 25V$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 44\mu H$
 $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 51A$. (See Figure 12)

③ $I_{SD} \leq 51A$, $di/dt \leq 250A/\mu s$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$,
 $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

* Current limited by the package, (Die Current = 51A)

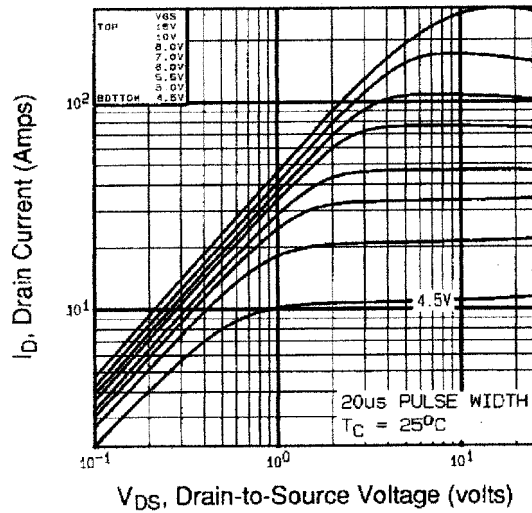


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

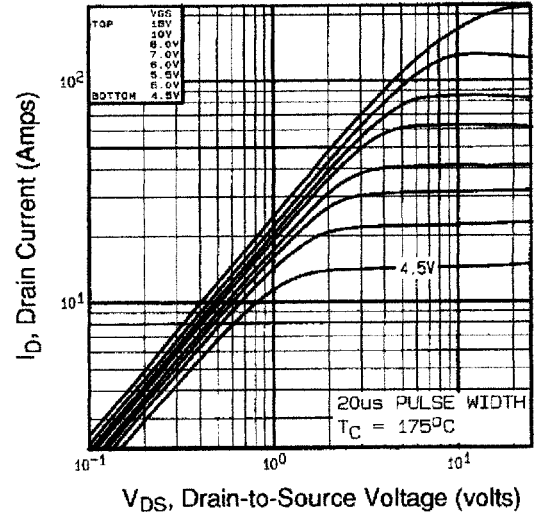


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

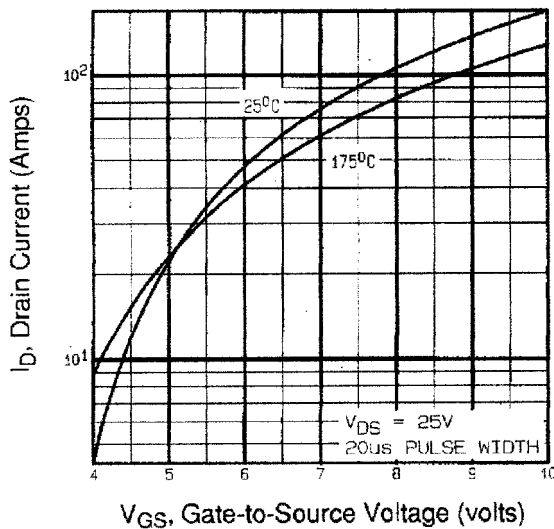


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

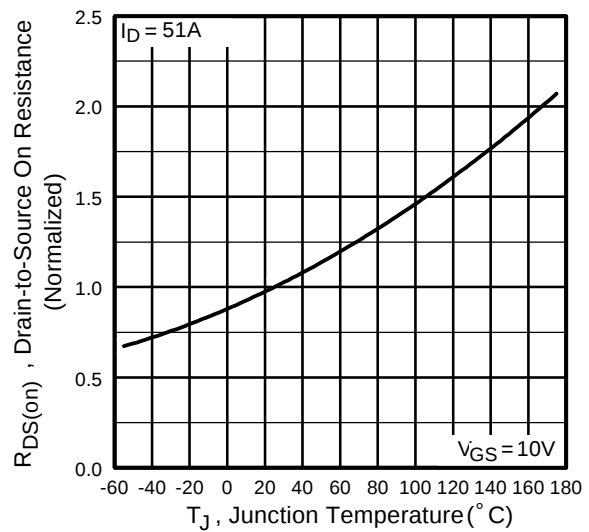


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance
Vs. Temperature

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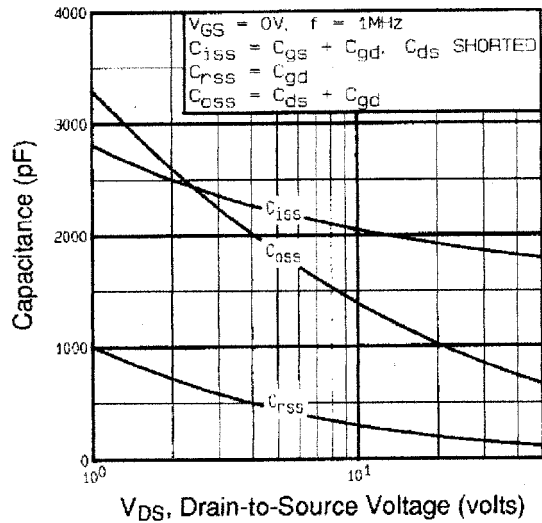


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

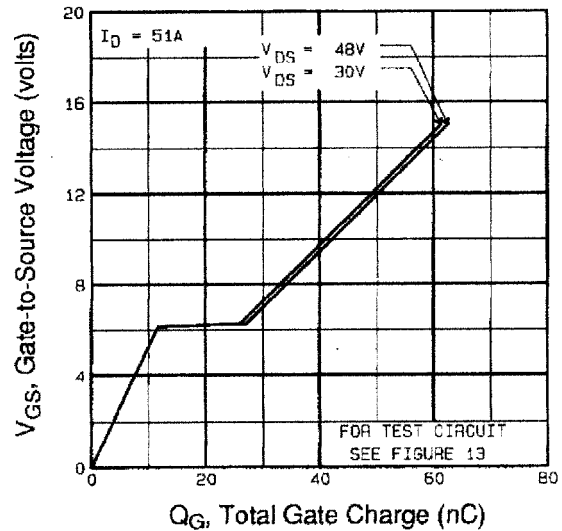


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

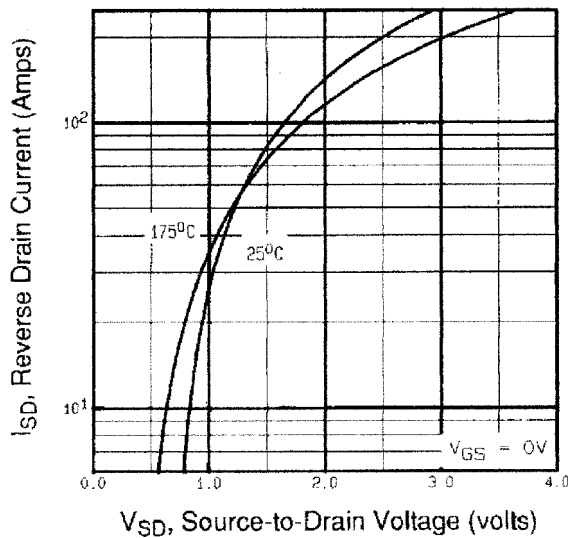


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

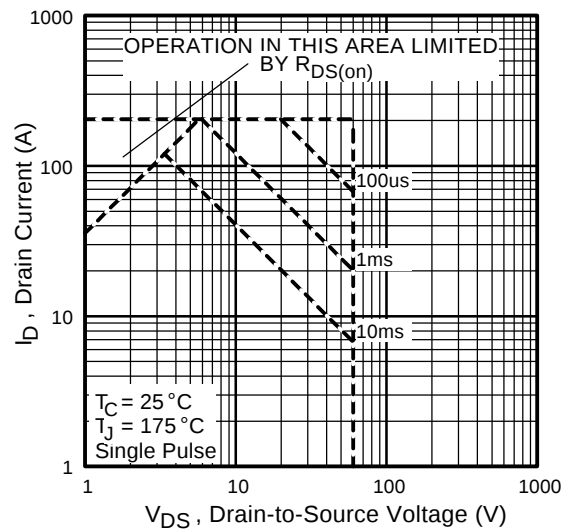


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

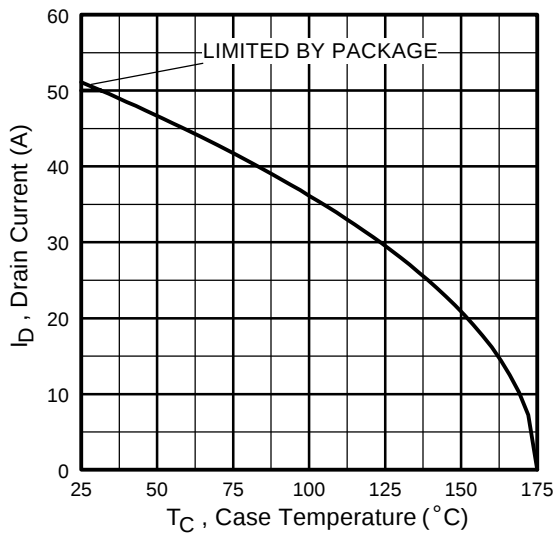


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

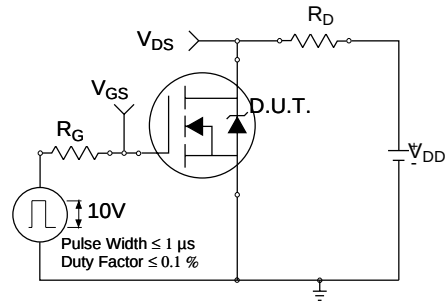


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

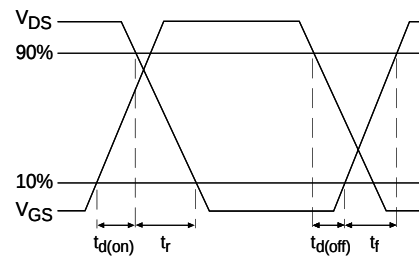


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

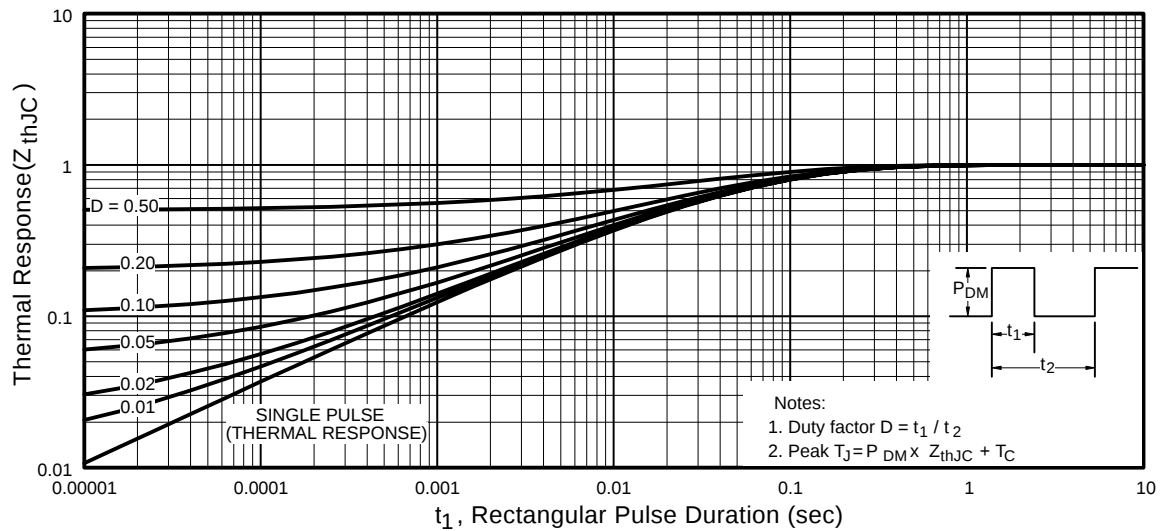


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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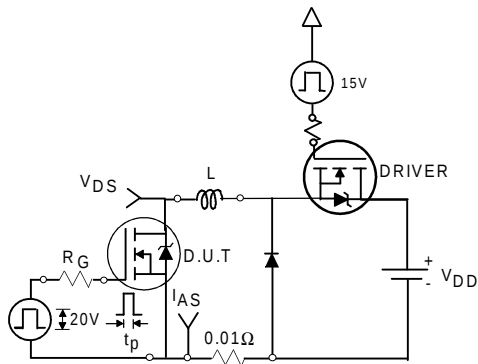


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

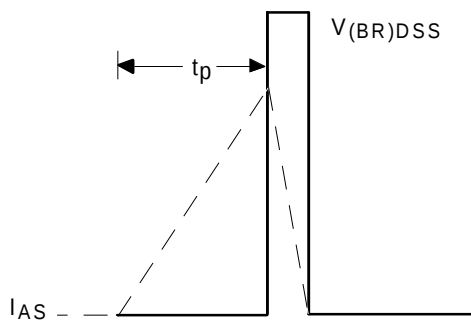


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

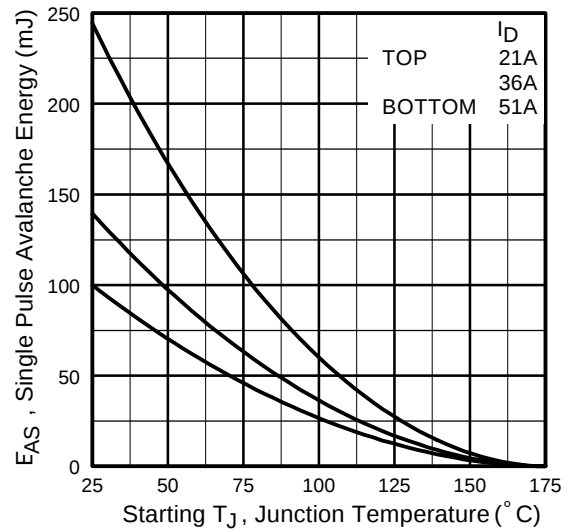


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

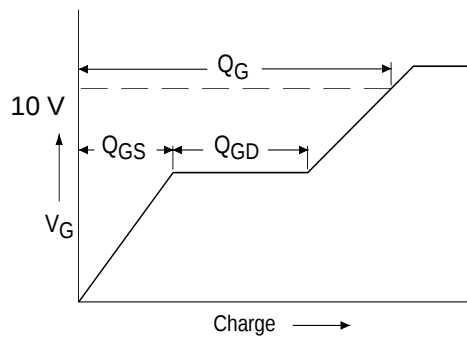


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

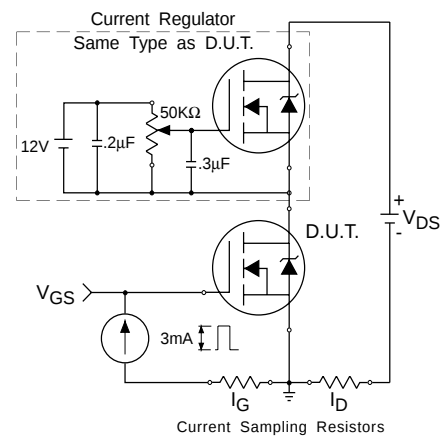


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit

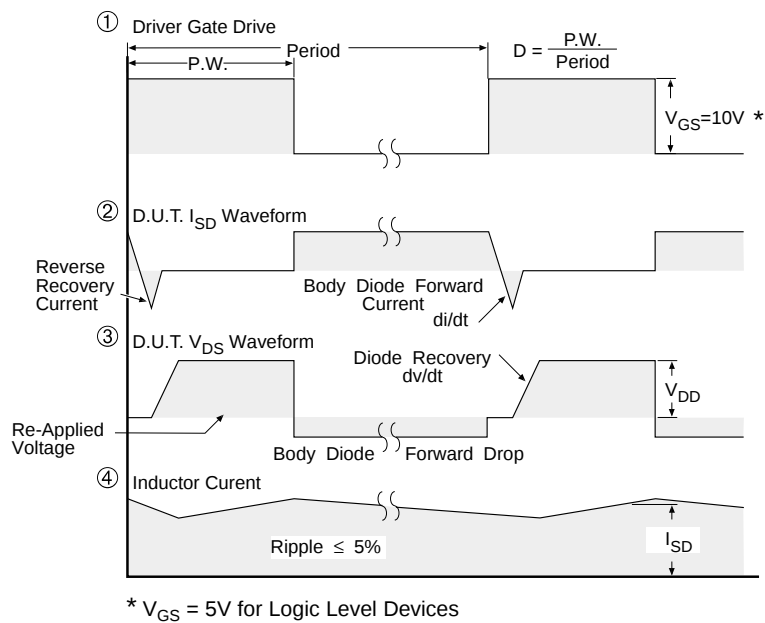
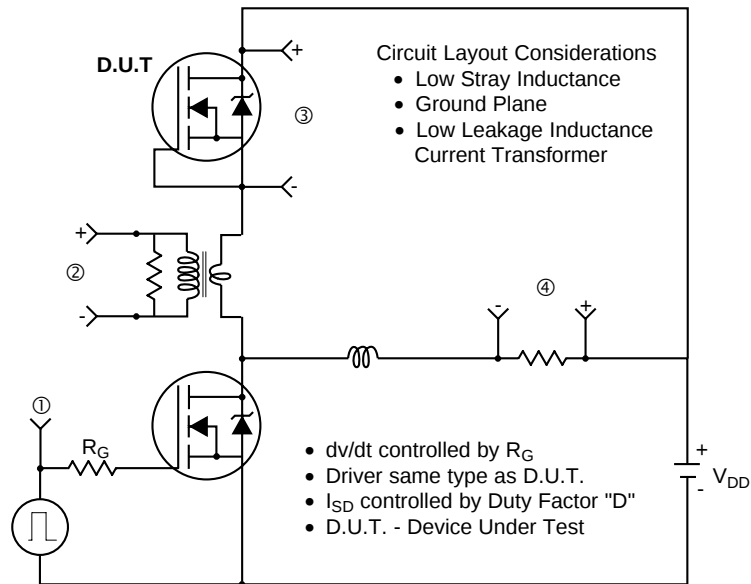
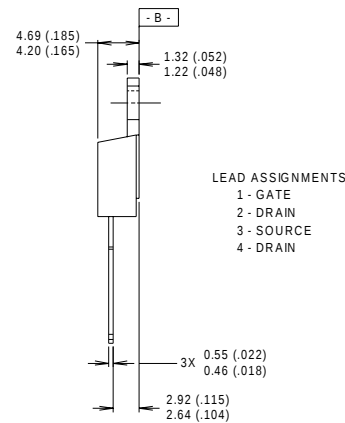


Fig 14. For N-Channel HEXFETS

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



3 OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-220AB.
4 HEATSINK & LEAD MEASUREMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS.

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