



Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	40	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	60	mA
Continuous Forward Current	15	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.2	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I _v	0.4	1.1		mcd	I _F = 10mA Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}		120		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ _P		697		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ _d		657		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ		90		nm	
Forward Voltage	V _F		2.1	2.6	V	I _F = 20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			100	μA	V _R = 5V
Capacitance	C		55		pF	V _F = 0, f = 1MHz

- Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE (Commission International De L'Eclairage) eye-response curve.
2. θ_{1/2} is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
4. The I_v guarantee should be added ± 15% .

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

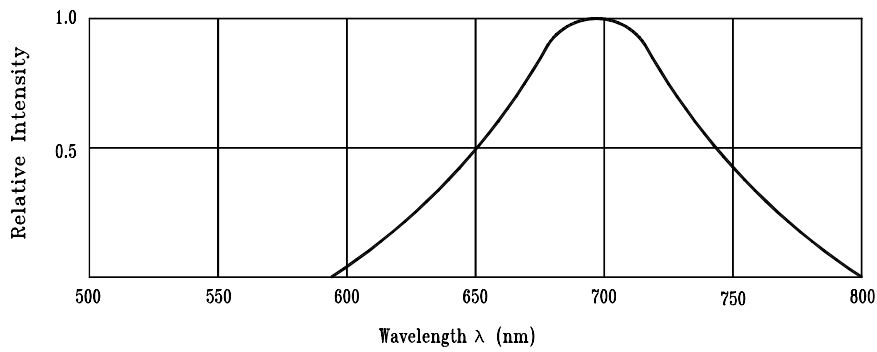


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

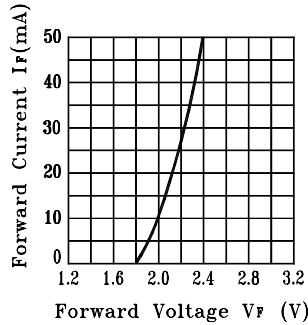


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

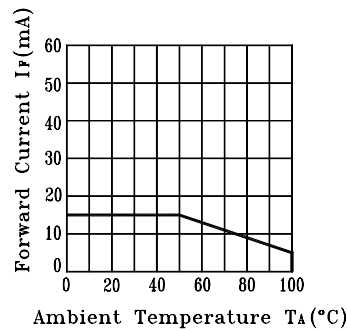


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

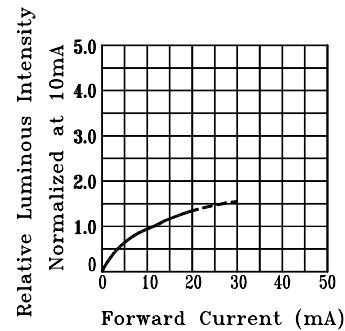


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

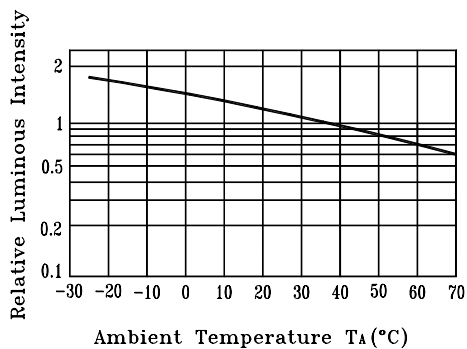


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

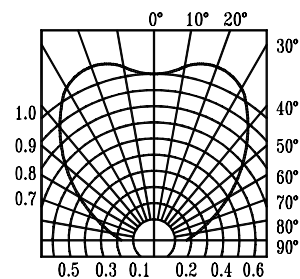


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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