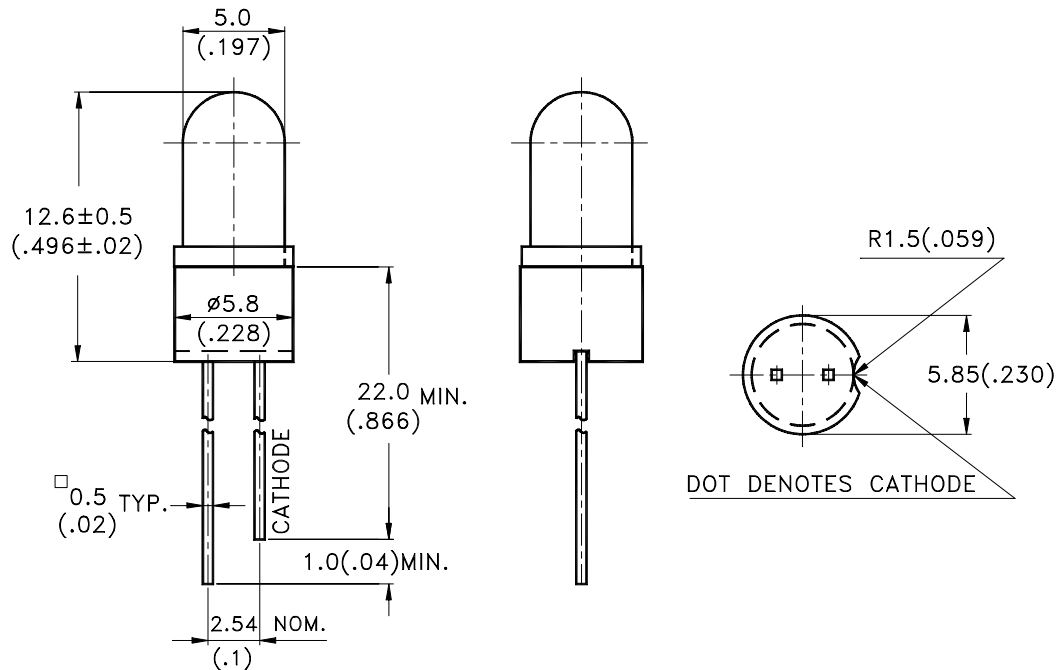


Features

- * Designed for ease in circuit board assembly.
- * Black case enhance contrast ratio.
- * Solid state light source.
- * Reliable and rugged.

Package Dimensions



Lamp Part No.	Lens	Source Color
LTL-307Y	Yellow Diffused	Yellow

Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is $\pm 0.25\text{mm}(.010")$ unless otherwise noted.
3. The spacer color is black.



LITE-ON ELECTRONICS, INC.

Property of Lite-On Only

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	60	mW
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	80	mA
Continuous Forward Current	20	mA
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.25	mA/°C
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_v	8.7	29		mcd	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ Note 1,4
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$		50		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λ_p		585		nm	Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d		588		nm	Note 3
Spectral Line Half-Width	$\Delta\lambda$		35		nm	
Forward Voltage	V_F		2.1	2.6	V	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$
Reverse Current	I_R			100	μA	$V_R = 5\text{V}$
Capacitance	C		15		pF	$V_F = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$

Note: 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. The dominant wavelength, λ_d is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

4. I_v needs $\pm 15\%$ additional for guaranteed limits.

Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

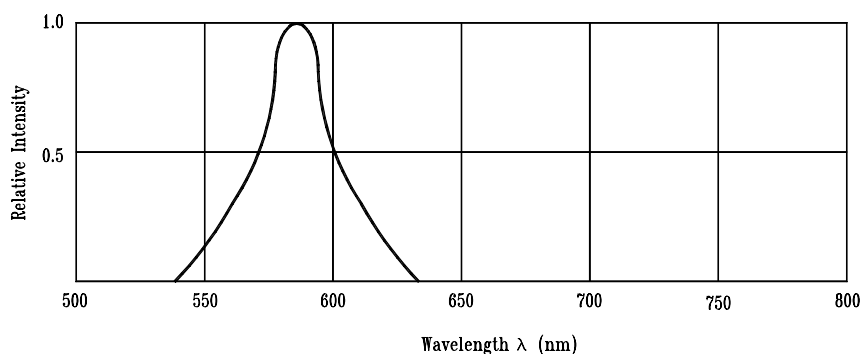


Fig.1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

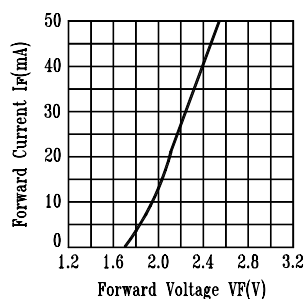


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

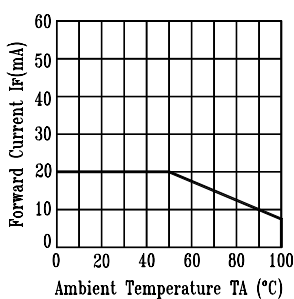


Fig.3 Forward Current Derating Curve

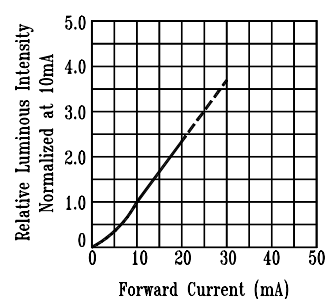


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

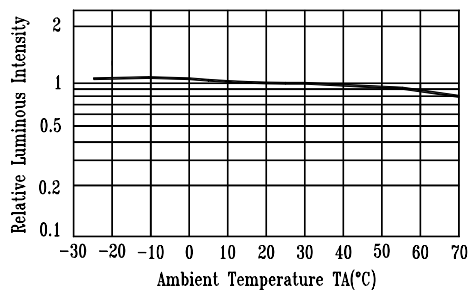


Fig.5 Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

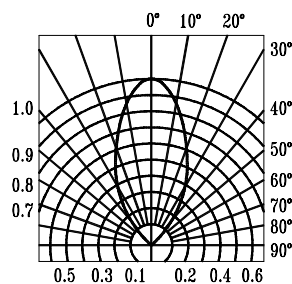
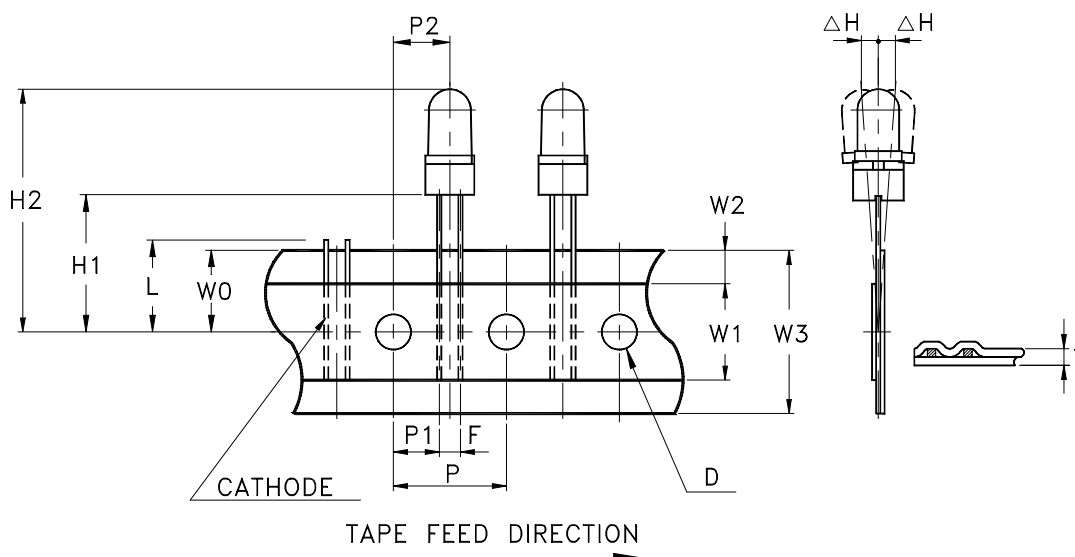


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

Features

- * Compatible with radial lead automatic insertion equipment.
- * Most radial lead plastic lead lamps available packaged in tape and reel.
- * 2.54mm (0.1") straight lead spacing available.
- * Reel packaging simplifies handling and testing.

Package Dimensions



Item	Symbol	Specification			
		Minimum		Maximum	
		mm	inch	mm	inch
Tape Feed Hole Diameter	D	3.8	0.149	4.2	0.165
Component Lead Pitch	F	2.3	0.091	3.0	0.118
Front to Rear Deflection	ΔH	--	--	2.0	0.078
Feed Hole to Bottom of Component	H1	17.5	0.689	18.5	0.728
Feed Hole to Overall Component Height	H2	29.6	1.165	31.6	1.244
Lead Length After Component Height	L	W0		11.0	0.433
Feed Hole Pitch	P	12.4	0.488	13.0	0.511
Lead Location	P1	4.4	0.173	5.8	0.228
Center of Component Location	P2	5.05	0.198	7.65	0.301
Total Taped Thickness	T	--	--	0.90	0.035
Feed Hole Location	W0	8.5	0.334	9.75	0.384
Adhesive Tape Width	W1	12.5	0.492	13.5	0.531
Adhesive Tape Position	W2	0	0	3.0	0.118
Tape Width	W3	17.5	0.689	19.0	0.748