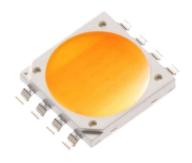




# LED HIGH POWER P05 Product Series Data Sheet

Created Date: 03 / 13 / 2013 Revision: 1.4, 06 / 17 / 2013



Lite-on Technology Corp. www.liteon.com



#### 1. Description

The LiteON P05 Product series is a revolutionary, energy efficient and ultra compact new light source, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies.

#### 1.1 Features

- Compact high flux density light source
- Uniform high quality illumination
- Streamlined thermal path
- MacAdam compliant binning structure More energy efficient than incandescent, halogen and fluorescent lamps
- Instant light with unlimited dimming
- RoHS compliant and Pb free
- DC 12V/36V, HV 100V/200V application

- Enhanced optical control
- Clean white light without pixilation
- Uniform consistent white light
- Significantly reduced thermal resistance and increased operating temperatures
- Lower operating costs
- Reduced maintenance costs

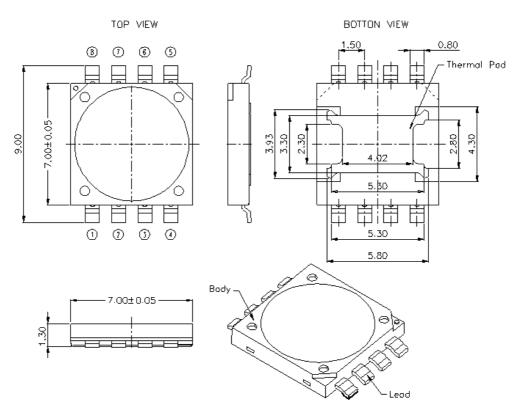
#### 1.2 Available Part Numbers

Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI	Forward Voltage	Part Number	
2700K	80	100V	LTPL-P05DZS27	
3000K	80	100V	LTPL-P05DZS30	
2700K	80	12V	LTPL-P05EZS27	
3000K	80	12V	LTPL-P05EZS30	
4000K	80	12V	LTPL-P05EZS40	
5000K	80	12V	LTPL-P05EZS50	
5700K	80	12V	LTPL-P05EZS57	



#### 2. Outline Dimensions

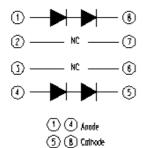
#### 2.1 Form Factor of P05



#### 2.2 Internal Equivalent Circuit

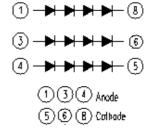
#### **2.2.1 LTPL-P05DXXXX**

#### Terminal connections



#### **2.2.2 LTPL-P05EXXXX**

#### Terminal connections



#### **Notes**

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.2 mm (.008") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. The thermal pad is no polarity.



### 3. Rating and Characteristics

#### 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃.

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation (100V)	Po	6.5	W
Power Dissipation (12V)	Po	7.5	W
DC Forward Current (100V)	lF	60	mA
DC Forward Current (12V)	lF	540	mA
ESD Sensitivity	V <sub>B</sub>	2	kV
Junction Temperature	Tj	125	$\mathcal C$
Thermal Resistance, Junction-Case	Rth, J-C	3.0	℃/W
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40~+85	S.
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-55~+100	${\cal C}$

#### Notes:

- 1. The pulse mode condition is 1 KHz with 0.1msec pulse width..
- 2. Forbid to operating at reverse voltage condition
- 3. ESD spec is reference to AEC-Q101-001 HBM.
- 4. The unit of Rth is ℃/W electrical.
- 5. Thermal resistance measurement tolerance is ± 10%



#### 3.2 Electro-Optical Characteristics

#### ■ LTPL-P05DXXXX

Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI	Current (mA)	Typ. VF (V) @ 25°C	Typ. Flux(lm) @25°C	Typ. VF (V) @85°C	Typ. Flux(lm) @85°C	Eff.(lm/W) @25°C	Eff.(lm/W) @85°C
2700K	80	40mA	100	330	94	297	82.5	79.0
3000K	80	40mA	100	350	94	315	87.5	83.8

#### LTPL-P05EXXXX

Nominal CCT	Minimum CRI	Current (mA)	Typ. VF (V) @25°C	Typ. Flux(lm) @25°C	Typ. VF (V) @85°C	Typ. Flux(lm) @85°C	Eff.(lm/W) @25°C	Eff.(lm/W) @85°C
2700K	80	350	12	419	11.6	377	99.8	92.6
3000K	80	350	12	440	11.6	396	104.8	97.2
4000K	80	350	12	461	11.6	415	109.8	101.8
5000K	80	350	12	499	11.6	449	118.7	110.2
5700K	80	350	12	482	11.6	434	114.7	106.5

#### **Notes**

- 1. P05 maintains a tolerance of ±7% on flux and power measurement.
- 2. LEDs are lighted up and measured with externally parallel connecting leads of LED.
- 3. Luminous flux is the total luminous flux output as measured with an integrating sphere.
- 4. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) is derived from the CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- 5. IS CAS140B is for the luminous flux (Im) and the CIE1931 chromaticity coordinates (x, y) testing. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) guarantee should be added ± 0.01 tolerance.
- 6. P05 maintains a tolerance of ±3% on voltage measurement.
- 7. P05 maintains a tolerance of ±3 on color rendering index measurement.
- 8. LTPL-P05DXXXX: test current is 20mA/string and VF is average test value.
- 9. LTPL-P05EXXXX: test current is 116.7mA/string and VF is average test value.



### 4. Typical Electrical/Optical Characteristics Curve

#### 4.1 Relative Flux vs. Current of LTPL-P05DXXXX at 25℃

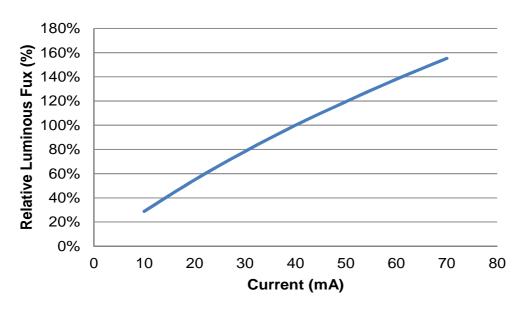


Fig 1. Typical relative luminous flux vs. forward current of LTPL-P05DXXXX

Current	VF	Current	VF	Lume	n (lm)
(mA)	(V)	(mA)	(V)	2700K	3000K
10	88.2	5	176.4	96	101
20	91.9	10	183.8	184	193
30	95.1	15	190.2	263	276
40	97.8	20	195.6	335	352
50	100.4	25	200.8	400	420
60	102.8	30	205.6	463	486
70	105.2	35	210.4	520	546

#### **Notes**

1. Black current-voltage data is read by using external parallel connection; gray is by series connection.



#### 4.2 Relative Flux vs. Current of LTPL-P05EXXXX at 25℃

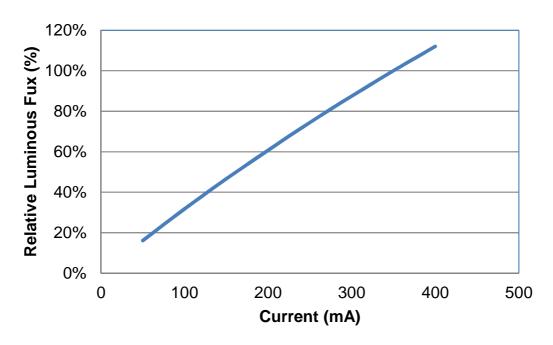


Fig 2. Typical relative luminous flux vs. forward current of LTPL-P05EXXXX

Current	VF	Current	VF	Lumen (Im)				
(mA)	(V)	(mA)	(V)	2700K	3000K	4000K	5000K	5700K
50	10.7	16.7	32.1	67	70	72	73	76
100	11.0	33.3	33.1	132	139	142	145	149
150	11.3	50.0	33.9	194	204	208	212	219
200	11.5	66.7	34.6	253	266	271	277	285
250	11.7	83.3	35.2	310	326	332	339	349
300	11.9	100.0	35.8	364	383	391	398	410
350	12.1	116.7	36.3	417	438	458	496	479
400	12.3	133.3	36.9	466	490	500	510	525

#### **Notes**

1. Black current-voltage data is read by using external parallel connection; gray is by series connection.



#### 4.3 Relative Spectral Distribution vs. Wavelength Characteristics at 25℃ & 85℃

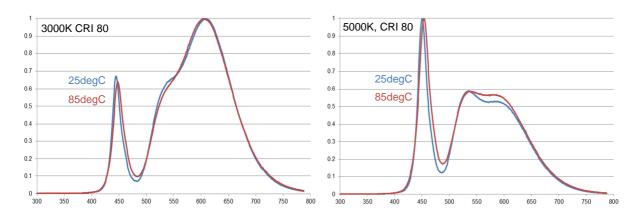


Fig 3. Relative Spectral Distribution at Tj = 25℃ & 85℃

#### **4.4 Typical Spatial Radiation Pattern**

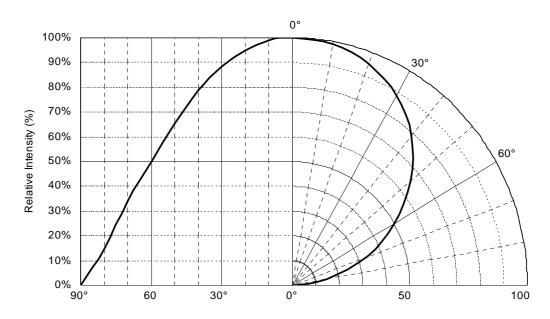


Fig 4. Typical Spatial Radiation Pattern



#### 4.5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage at 25℃

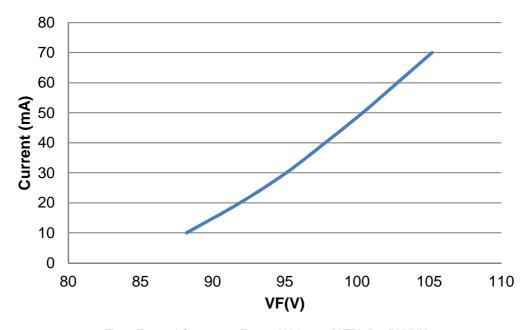


Fig 5. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage of LTPL-P05DXXXX

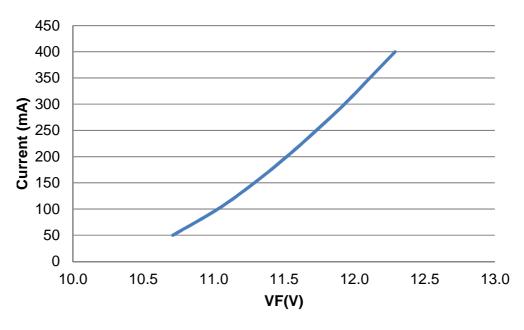


Fig 6. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage of LTPL-P05EXXXX



#### 4.6 Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

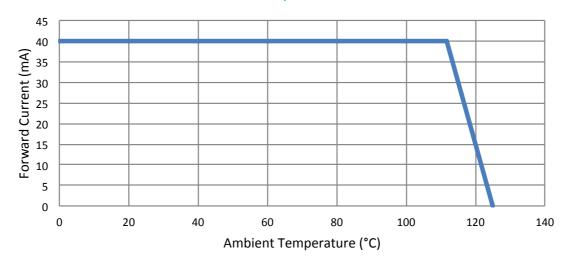


Fig 7. Forward Current Degrading Curve of LTPL-P05DXXXX

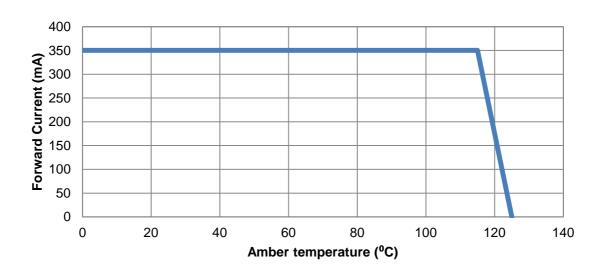


Fig 8. Forward Current Degrading Curve of LTPL-P05EXXXX



#### 5. VF Bin Definition

### 5.1 Forward Voltage Binning Parameter at 25℃

#### ■ LTPL-P05DXXXX

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage	V1	VF	97	101	V	IF = 40mA
Forward Voltage	V2	VF	101	105	V	IF = 40mA
Forward Voltage	V3	VF	105	109	V	IF = 40mA
Forward Voltage	V4	VF	109	113	V	IF = 40mA

#### ■ LTPL-P05EXXXX

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Condition
Forward Voltage	V1	VF	11.6	12.0	V	IF = 350mA
Forward Voltage	V2	VF	12.0	12.4	V	IF = 350mA
Forward Voltage	V3	VF	12.4	12.8	V	IF = 350mA
Forward Voltage	V4	VF	12.8	13.2	V	IF = 350mA



#### 6. Flux Bin Definition

6.1 Luminous Flux Binning Parameter at 25℃

■ LTPL-P05DXXXX

**CRI 80 Series** 

#### 2700K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	BD		285	315		
Luminous Flux	DF		315	345		lf=40mA
Editiliodo Fiax	FH	ФV	345	375	- lm	
	HJ		375	405		11-40111A
	JL		405	435		
	LN		435	465		

#### 3000K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	CE		300	330		If=40mA
Luminous Flux	EG		330	360		
Laminous mux	GI	ФV	360	390	lm	
	IK		390	420		
	KM		420	450		
	MO		450	480		

#### ■ LTPL-P05EXXXX

**CRI 80 Series** 

#### 2700K

	Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	Luminous Flux	HJ		375	405	- Im	lf=350mA
		JL		405	435		
		LN	ФV	435	465		
		NP		465	495		
		PR		495	535		
		RT		535	575		



#### 3000K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	IK	ΦV ·	390	420		lf=350mA
	KM		420	450	- lm	
Luminous Flux	MO		450	480		
Luminous Flux	OQ		480	515		
	QS		515	555		
	SU		555	600		

#### 4000K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	JL		405	435	lm	lf=350mA
	LN	ФV	435	465		
Luminous Elux	NP		465	495		
Luminous Flux	PR		495	535		
	RT		535	575		
	TV		575	625		

#### 5000K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	MO		450	480		16 050m A
	OQ	<b>4</b> 17	480	515		
Lucaia ava Elivi	QS		515	555		
Luminous Flux	SU	ФV	555	600	lm	If=350mA
	UW		600	650		
	WY		650	700		

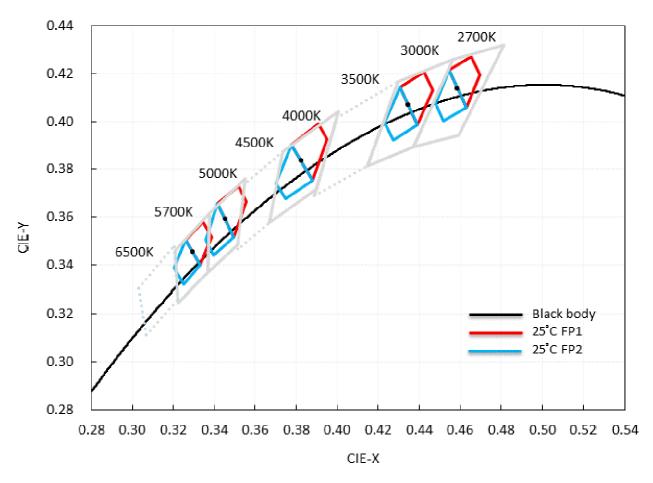
#### 5700K

Parameter	Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	condition
	LN		435	465	· Im	lf=350mA
	NP	ΦV	465	495		
Luminous Eluv	PR		495	535		
Luminous Flux	RT		535	575		
	TV		575	625		
	VX		625	675		



#### 7. Color Bin Definition

#### 7.1 Chromaticity Coordinate Groups at 25℃



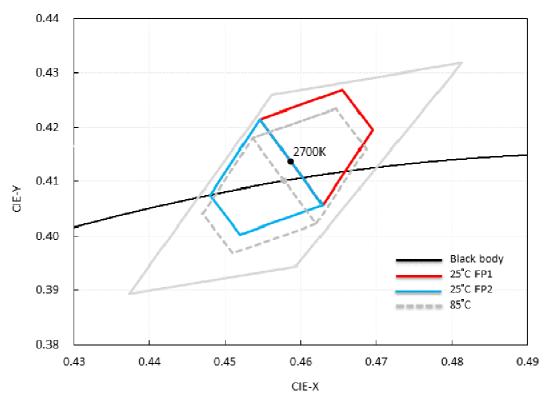
#### **Notes**

- 2. The Chromaticity Coordinate Groups follow ANSI 7-Step MacAdam Quadrangle
- 3. The (CIEx, CIEy) center follow ANSI Quadrangle



#### 7.2 Chromaticity Coordinate Category Code Table at 25℃

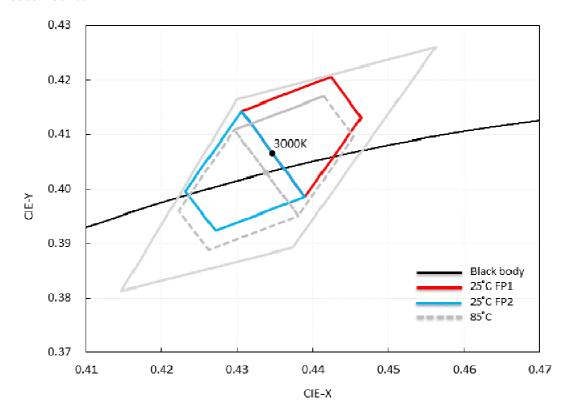
#### 2700K Series



	Х	Y
Center point(25C)	0.4587	0.4136
	0.4655	0.4269
	0.4545	0.4215
FP1	0.4629	0.4057
	0.4695	0.4195
	0.4655	0.4269
	0.4545	0.4215
	0.4479	0.4075
FP2	0.4519	0.4003
	0.4629	0.4057
	0.4545	0.4215
Center point(85C)	0.4578	0.4101



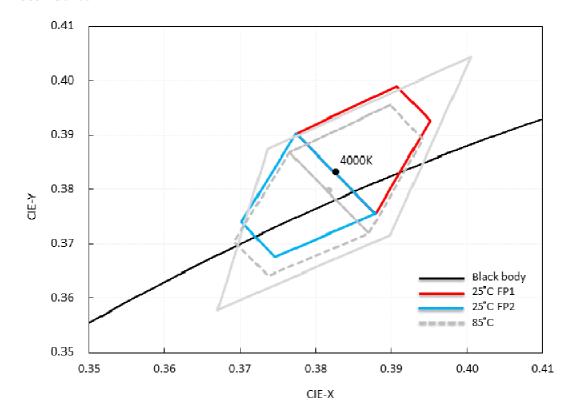
#### 3000K Series



	Х	Y
Center point(25C)	0.4347	0.4065
	0.4423	0.4206
	0.4305	0.4144
FP1	0.4389	0.3986
	0.4463	0.4132
	0.4423	0.4206
	0.4305	0.4144
	0.4231	0.3996
FP2	0.4271	0.3924
	0.4389	0.3986
	0.4305	0.4144
Center point(85C)	0.4338	0.4030



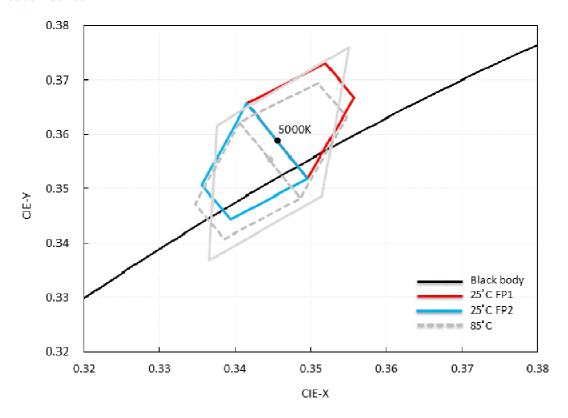
#### ■ 4000K Series



	Х	Y
Center point(25C)	0.3827	0.3832
	0.3907	0.3990
	0.3774	0.3903
FP1	0.3879	0.3755
	0.3951	0.3927
	0.3907	0.3990
	0.3774	0.3903
	0.3701	0.3740
FP2	0.3746	0.3676
	0.3879	0.3755
	0.3774	0.3903
Center point(85C)	0.3818	0.3797



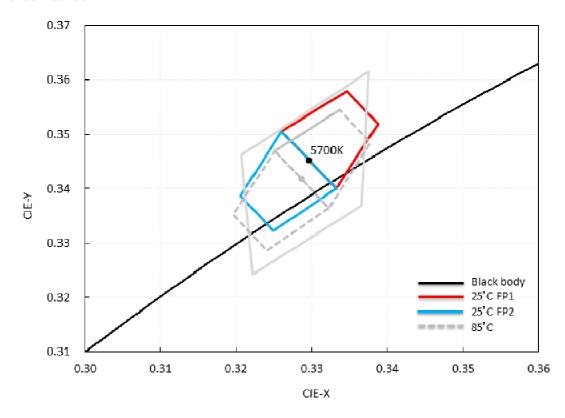
#### ■ 5000K Series



	Х	Y
Center point(25C)	0.3456	0.3588
	0.3519	0.3730
	0.3415	0.3657
FP1	0.3495	0.3518
	0.3557	0.3667
	0.3519	0.3730
	0.3415	0.3657
	0.3356	0.3507
FP2	0.3394	0.3443
	0.3495	0.3518
	0.3415	0.3657
Center point(85C)	0.3447	0.3553



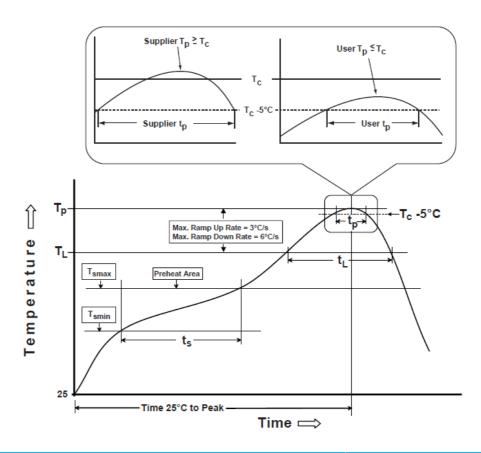
#### ■ 5700K Series



	Х	Υ
Center point(25C)	0.3296	0.3452
	0.3346	0.3580
	0.3260	0.3505
FP1	0.3332	0.3400
	0.3387	0.3519
	0.3346	0.3580
	0.3260	0.3505
	0.3205	0.3387
FP2	0.3249	0.3322
	0.3332	0.3400
	0.3260	0.3505
Center point(85C)	0.3287	0.3417



### 8. Reflow Soldering Characteristics



Profile Feature	Lead Free Assembly
Average Ramp-Up Rate (T <sub>Smax</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	3℃ / second max
Preheat Temperature Min (T <sub>Smin</sub> )	150℃
Preheat Temperature Max (T <sub>Smax</sub> )	200℃
Preheat Time (t <sub>Smin</sub> to t <sub>Smax</sub> )	60 – 180 seconds
Time Maintained Above Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	217°C
Time Maintained Above Time (t <sub>L</sub> )	60 – 150 seconds
Peak / Classification Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	255℃
Time Within 5℃ of Actual Peak Temperature (t P)	5 seconds
Ramp – Down Rate	6℃ / second max
Time 25℃ to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max



#### **Notes:**

- The LEDs can be soldered using the reflow soldering or hand soldering method. The recommended hand soldering condition is 350℃ max. and 2secs max. for one time only, and the recommended reflow soldering condition is 260℃ max. and 5secs max. for three times max.
- 2. All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.
- 3. The soldering condition referring to J-STD-020B. The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30℃ temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are soldered within one week. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs were stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or desiccators with nitrogen ambient. If the LEDs were unpacked more than 168hrs, baking the LEDs at 60℃ for 60 minutes before soldering process.
- 4. The soldering profile could be further referred to different soldering grease material characteristic. The grease vendor will provide this information.
- 5. A rapid-rate process is not recommended for the LEDs cooling down from the peak temperature.
- Although the recommended reflow conditions are specified above, the reflow or hand soldering condition at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.
- LiteOn cannot make a guarantee on the LEDs which have been already assembled using the dip soldering method.



#### **Reliability Test Plan** 9.

#### LTPL-P05DXXXX

No	Test item	Condition	Duration	Number of Failed
1	High Temperature Operating Life	Tc=105℃, IF=40mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
'	(HTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	11(1113	0/20
2	High Temperature Operating Life	Tc=85℃, IF=40mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
	(HTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	11(1113	0/20
3	Room Temperature Operating Life	Tc=55℃, IF=40mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
3	(RTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	IKIIIS	0/20
4	Wet High Temperature Operating	85℃/85%RH,	1K hrs	0/20
4	(WHTOL)	IF=40mA DC 30 min ON/OFF	IKIIIS	0/20
		-40℃ to 105℃		
5	Power Temperature Cycle	15minutes dwell/15minutes transfer	1K ovolog	0/20
5	(PTMCL)	5 minutes ON/5 minutes OFF IF=40mA	1K cycles	0/20
		DC		
		-40℃ to 125℃		
6	Non-Operating Thermal Shock	30minutes dwell, <10 seconds transfer	416 evelee	0/20
0	(TMSK)	measure each 250 cycles (continues to	1K cycles	0/20
		fail, more than 1k cycles)		
		40000cycles, 2 mins On/Off, Room		
7	Fast switch Cycling Test	temperature(25℃+/-5℃), measurement	40K cycles	0/20
		in every 5000cycles		

#### Notes:

- 1. Operating life test are mounted on thermal heat sink
- Storage item are only component, not put on heat sink.

#### Criteria for Judging the Damage

ltom	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria for	Judgment
Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	Vf	IF=Typical Current	-10%	+10%
Luminous Flux	Lm	IF=Typical Current	-15%	+15%
CCX&CCY	X,Y	IF=Typical Current	-0.007	+0.007



#### LTPL-P05EXXXX

No	Test item	Condition	Duration	Number of Failed
1	High Temperature Operating Life	Tc=105℃, IF=350mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
'	(HTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	11/11115	0/20
2	High Temperature Operating Life	Tc=85℃, IF=350mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
2	(HTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	IKIIIS	0/20
3	Room Temperature Operating Life	Tc=55℃, IF=350mA DC	1K hrs	0/20
3	(RTOL)	(0, 250, 500, 750, 1000hrs)	IKIIIS	0/20
4	Wet High Temperature Operating	85℃/85%RH,	1K hrs	0/20
4	(WHTOL)	IF=350mA DC 30 min ON/OFF	INTIIS	0/20
		-40℃ to 105℃		
5	Power Temperature Cycle	15minutes dwell/15minutes transfer	1K cyclos	0/20
3	(PTMCL)	5 minutes ON/5 minutes OFF IF=350mA	1K cycles	0/20
		DC		
		-40℃ to 125℃		
6	Non-Operating Thermal Shock	30minutes dwell, <10 seconds transfer	1K cycles	0/20
0	(TMSK)	measure each 250 cycles (continues to	TK cycles	0/20
		fail, more than 1k cycles)		
		40000cycles, 2 mins On/Off, Room		
7	Fast switch Cycling Test	temperature(25°C+/-5°C), measurement	40K cycles	0/20
		in every 5000cycles		

#### Notes:

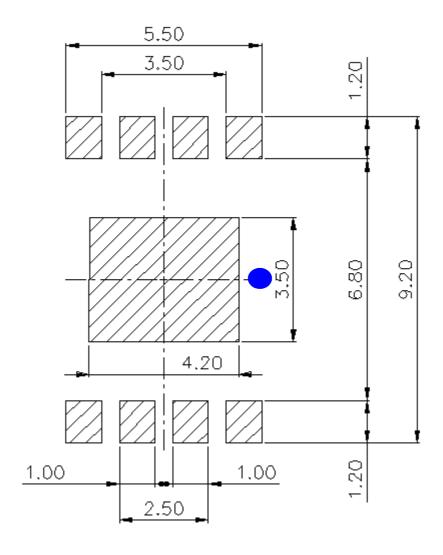
- Operating life test are mounted on thermal heat sink
- Storage item are only component, not put on heat sink.

Criteria for Judging the Damage

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria for Judgment	
			Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	Vf	IF=Typical Current	-10%	+10%
Luminous Flux	Lm	IF=Typical Current	-15%	+15%
CCX&CCY	X,Y	IF=Typical Current	-0.007	+0.007



### 10. Recommend Soldering Pad Layout



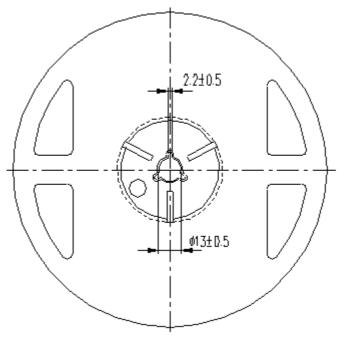
#### **Notes:**

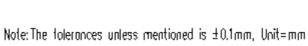
- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2. The Thermal pad is electrically isolated.
- 3. Blue point is LITEON suggest Ts test point and distance between solder should be less than 1.5mm

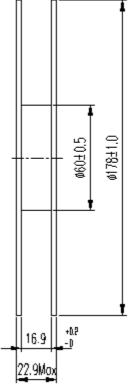


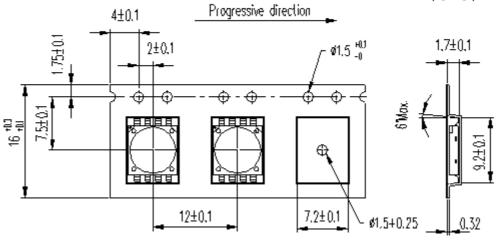
### 11. Package Dimensions of Tape and Reel

Reel Packaging









#### Note:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.



#### 12. Cautions

#### **Application**

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

#### **Storage**

This product is qualified as Moisture Sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handing this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30 °C or less and 90%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

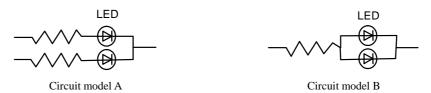
The package is opened:

The LEDs should be stored at 30 °C or less and 60%RH or less. Moreover, the LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If the Humidity Indicator shows the pink color in 10% even higher or exceed the storage limiting time since opened, that we recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

The soldering condition referring to J-STD-020B. If the LEDs were unpacked more than 72 hrs, baking the LEDs at 60℃ for 24 hrs before soldering process.

#### **Drive Method**

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.



- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.



#### **ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)**

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens
  as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no light up" at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for "light up" and VF of the suspect LEDs at low currents.

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