

General Description

The MAX8506 evaluation kit (EV kit) is a fully assembled and tested surface-mount circuit board that demonstrates the MAX8506 1MHz pulse-width-modulated (PWM) step-down DC-DC converter optimized for powering the power amplifier (PA) in wireless applications. The EV kit can dynamically control the output voltage in the 0.4V to VIN range from a 2.6V to 5.5V input. It can deliver 600mA of load current. The MAX8506 EV kit can also be used to evaluate the MAX8507, which has a different gain, and the MAX8508, whose output can be externally programmed for fixed 0.75V to 3.4V.

Features

- ♦ 2.6V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- ◆ 1MHz Fixed-Frequency PWM Switching
- ♦ 600mA Output Current
- ♦ Adjustable Output Voltages 1.76 x REFIN (MAX8506) 2 x REFIN (MAX8507) Set by External Feedback Resistors (MAX8508)
- ♦ Low 0.1µA (typ) Quiescent Current in Shutdown Mode
- ♦ Surface-Mount Construction
- ♦ Fully Assembled and Tested

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	IC PACKAGE
MAX8506EVKIT	0°C to +70°C	16 Thin QFN (4mm x 4mm)

Note: To evaluate the other devices, MAX8507/MAX8508, order a MAX8507ETE/MAX8508ETE free sample with the MAX8506EVKIT.

Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C1	1	2.2µF ±10%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) Taiyo Yuden JMK107BJ225K TDK C1608X5R0J225K
C2	1	4.7µF ±10%, 6.3V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) TDK C1608X5R0J475K
C3	1	0.22µF ±20%, 16V X5R ceramic capacitor (0603) Taiyo Yuden EMK107BJ224MA TDK C1608X7R1C224M
C4	1	1500pF ±10%, 50V X7R ceramic capacitor (0603) Murata GRM188R71H152K TDK C1608X7R1H152K
C5	1	0.1µF ±10%, 10V X5R ceramic capacitor (0402) Taiyo Yuden LMK105BJ104KV TDK C1005X5R1A104K

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C6	1	100pF ±5%, 50V C0G ceramic capacitor (0402) Murata GRP1555C1H101J TDK C1005C0G1H101J
L1	1	4.7µH inductor Sumida CDRH2D18/HP-4R7NC TOKO1001AS-4R7M
R1	1	10kΩ ±5% resistor (0603)
R2	0	Not installed, resistor (0402)
U1	1	MAX8506ETE (16-pin thin QFN 4mm x 4mm)
JU1, JU2, JU3	3	3-pin headers
None	3	Shunts
None	1	MAX8506 PC board

MIXIM

Component Suppliers

SUPPLIER	PHONE	FAX	WEBSITE
Murata	770-436-1300	770-436-3030	www.murata.com
Sumida	847-545-6700	847-545-6720	www.sumida.com
Taiyo Yuden	800-348-2496	847-925-0899	www.t-yuden.com
TDK	847-803-6100	847-390-4405	www.component.tdk.com
TOKO	847-297-0070	847-699-1194	www.tokoam.com

Note: Please indicate that you are using the MAX8506/MAX8507/MAX8508 when contacting these component suppliers.

Quick Start

The MAX8506 EV kit is a fully assembled and tested surface-mount board. Follow the steps below for board operation. **Do not turn on the power supply until all connections are completed:**

- Verify that a shunt is connected across pins 1 and 2 of jumper JU1 (output enabled).
- 2) Verify that a shunt is connected across pins 2 and 3 of jumper JU2 (high-power bypass mode disabled).
- 3) Verify that a shunt is connected across pins 1 and 2 of jumper JU3 (PWM mode enabled).
- 4) Connect a voltmeter across the VOUT and the GND pads to monitor the output voltage.
- Connect a 2.6V to 5.5V power supply to the VIN pad. Connect the power-supply ground terminal to the GND pad.
- Connect a 1V power supply to the REFIN pad. Connect the power-supply ground terminal to the GND pad.
- 7) Turn on the power supplies and verify that the output voltage is 1.76V.

Detailed Description

The MAX8506 EV kit circuit board demonstrates the MAX8506 1MHz, PWM, step-down DC-DC converter circuit that is optimized to power the PA in wireless applications. The EV kit requires a power supply in the 2.6V to 5.5V range, and has an output voltage dynamically controlled by REFIN. The EV kit board features

jumpers that enable the user to configure the shutdown, SKIP/PWM, and high-power (HP) bypass modes.

Shutdown Mode

The EV kit contains jumper JU1 to allow the user to switch the MAX8506 converter from enable to shutdown mode. Shutdown mode reduces the supply current to 0.1µA (typ) and sets the output voltage to 0V. See Table 1 for JU1 configurations.

High-Power Bypass Mode

Jumper JU2 allows the user to enable or disable the high-power bypass mode of the MAX8506 converter. When the high-power mode is enabled, the converter stops regulating the output voltage and the output voltage, VOUT, is equal to the input voltage, VIN. When the high-power mode is disabled, the converter regulates the output voltage to the programmed voltage. See Table 2 for JU2 configuration. Removing the shunt on jumper JU2 and applying a CMOS logic-level signal to the HP pad on the EV kit board can also control the high-power bypass mode.

Skip/PWM Mode

Installing a shunt across pins 2 and 3 of jumper JU3 enables skip-mode operation. This allows automatic PWM control at medium and heavy current loads, and skip mode at light current loads to improve efficiency and reduce quiescent current. Installing a shunt across pins 1 and 2 of JU3 enables forced-PWM operation. Forced-PWM operation is desirable in sensitive RF and data-acquisition applications to ensure that switching harmonics do not interfere with sensitive IF and data-

Table 1. Jumper JU1 (SHDN)

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SHUNT LOCATION	SHDN PIN	MAX8506 OUTPUT
Pins 1 and 2	Connected to VIN	Output enabled, VOUT = 1.76 x REFIN
Pins 2 and 3	Connected to GND	Shutdown, VOUT = 0V
None	Connected to SHDN pad	Output controlled by the user (user-supplied control signal must be connected to SHDN pad)

Table 2. Jumper JU2 (HP)

SHUNT LOCATION	HP PIN	EV KIT OPERATION
Pins 1 and 2	Connected to VIN	High-power bypass mode enabled, VOUT = VIN
Pins 2 and 3	Connected to GND	High-power bypass mode disabled
None	Connected to HP pad	Output controlled by the user (user-supplied control signal must be connected to HP pad)

Table 3. Jumper JU3 (SKIP)

SHUNT LOCATION	SKIP PIN	OPERATION MODE
Pins 1 and 2	Connected to VIN	PWM mode at all loads
Pins 2 and 3	Connected to GND	SKIP mode at light loads and PWM mode at medium and heavy loads
None	Connected to SKIP pad	Operation mode controlled by the user (user-supplied control signal must be connected to SKIP pad)

sampling frequencies. Forced-PWM operation uses higher supply current with no load compared to skip mode. See Table 3 for JU3 configuration.

Evaluating the MAX8507/MAX8508

The MAX8506 EV kit circuit board comes with the MAX8506 converter installed. The MAX8506 EV kit board can also be used to evaluate the MAX8507/MAX8508 converters. To evaluate the MAX8507 with the MAX8506 EV kit, replace the MAX8506ETE with the MAX8507ETE, and change R1 to 15k Ω and C4 to 1000pF.

To evaluate the MAX8508 with the MAX8506 EV kit, replace the MAX8506ETE with the MAX8508ETE, remove C5, and then install feedback resistors on R2 and C5 pads. Change R1 to $5.62k\Omega$ and C4 to 2700pF. The output voltage, VOUT, can be adjusted in the 0.75V to 3.4V range. Select a feedback resistor, RFeedback, between $5k\Omega$ and $50k\Omega$ and install on the C5 pads. R2 is determined by the following equation:

where $V_{FB} = 0.75V$ and VOUT is the desired output voltage.

Care should be taken when soldering or desoldering the exposed paddle under the IC.

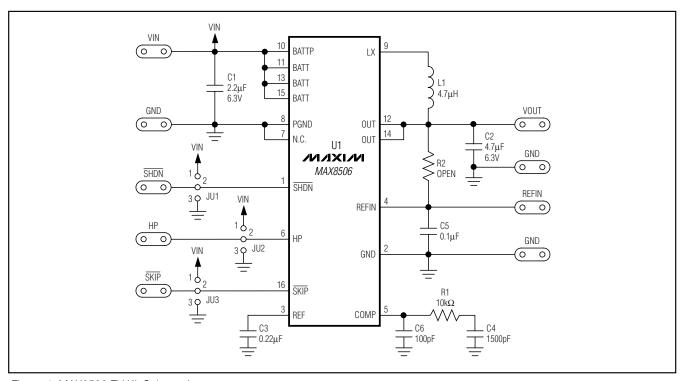


Figure 1. MAX8506 EV Kit Schematic

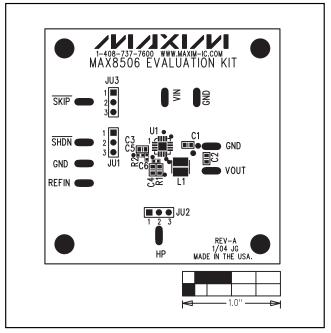


Figure 2. MAX8506 EV Kit Component Placement Guide—Component Side

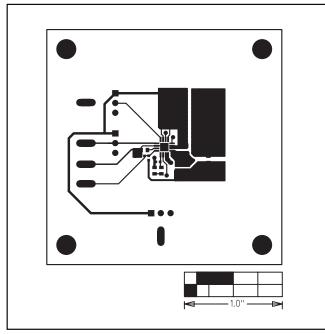


Figure 3. MAX8506 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Component Side

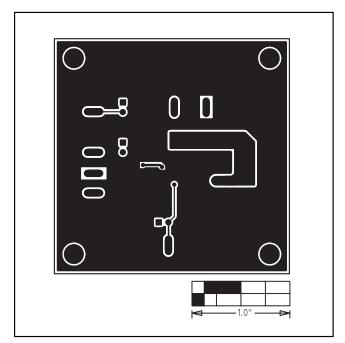


Figure 4. MAX8506 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Solder Side

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