

# S-8821 Series

# VOLTAGE REGULATION STEP-UP CHARGE PUMP DC-DC CONVERTER

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Rev.5.1\_01

The S-8821 series is a CMOS step-up charge pump DC-DC converter with a voltage regulation function.

The S-8821 series consists of an oscillation circuit, a controller, a reference voltage circuit, an error amplifier circuit, and an output switching transistor, and can regulate the output voltage by PFM control.

Since small ceramic capacitors can be used for the pump capacitor, input capacitor, and output capacitor, the mounting area can be minimized.

#### ■ Features

• Step-up PFM control CMOS charge pump

• Power supply voltage: 1.6 to 5.0 V

• Output voltage: 2.5 to 5.5 V, selectable in 0.1 V steps.

Output voltage accuracy: ±2 % max.
Built-in soft start circuit: 1.0 ms typ.

• Output current 25 mA ( $V_{IN}$ =( $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.80$ ) V)

• Oscillation frequency: 1.0 MHz typ.

• ON/OFF function: During standby: 1 μA max.

• Lead-free, Sn 100%, halogen-free\*1

# ■ Applications

- · Lithium ion battery driven applications
- · Local power supply
- Power supply for white LED display backlights

#### ■ Packages

- SOT-23-6W
- SNT-8A

<sup>\*1.</sup> Refer to "■ Product Name Structure" for details.

# **■** Block Diagram

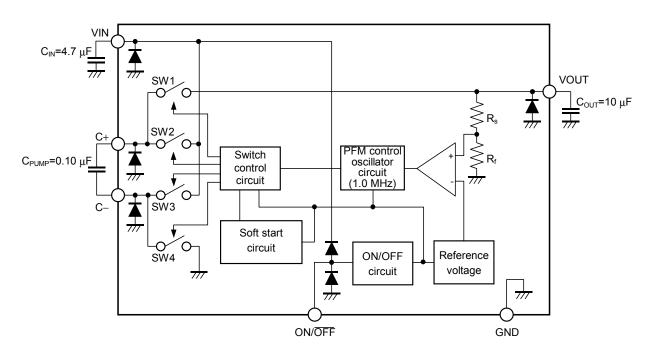


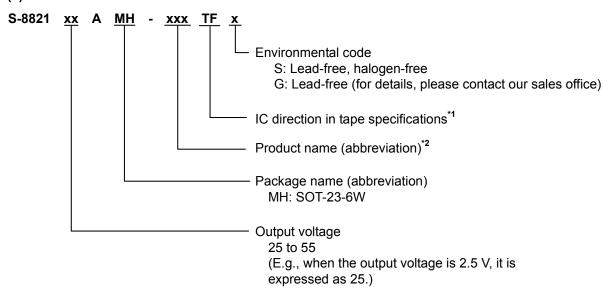
Figure 1

#### ■ Product Name Structure

• The output voltage and packages for the S-8821 Series can be selected at the user's request. Refer to the "Product name" for the meanings of the characters in the product name, "Package" regarding the package drawings and "Product name list" for the full product names.

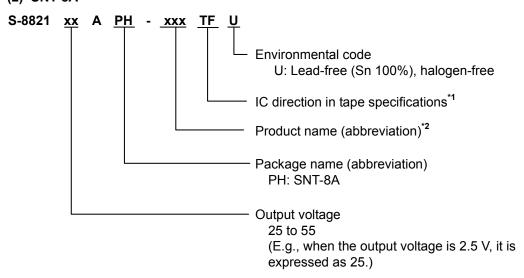
#### 1. Product name

#### (1) SOT-23-6W



- \*1. Refer to the tape specifications at the end of this book.
- \*2. Refer to the product name list.

#### (2) SNT-8A



- \*1. Refer to the tape specifications at the end of this book.
- \*2. Refer to the product name list.

#### 2. Package

Deales as News	Drawing Code				
Package Name	Package	Tape	Reel	Land	
SOT-23-6W	MP006-B-P-SD	MP006-B-C-SD	MP006-B-R-SD	_	
SNT-8A	PH008-A-P-SD	PH008-A-C-SD	PH008-A-R-SD	PH008-A-L-SD	

#### 3. Product name list

Table 1

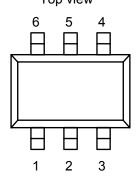
Output Voltage	SOT-23-6W	SNT-8A
2.5 V	S-882125AMH-M2ATFz	S-882125APH-M2ATFU
3.0 V	S-882130AMH-M2FTFz	_
3.3 V	S-882133AMH-M2ITFz	_
3.5 V	S-882135AMH-M2KTFz	_
3.6 V	S-882136AMH-M2LTFz	_
4.0 V	S-882140AMH-M2PTFz	_
4.5 V	S-882145AMH-M2UTFz	_
5.0 V	S-882150AMH-M2ZTFz	S-882150APH-M2ZTFU
5.2 V	S-882152AMH-M3BTFz	_
5.5 V	S-882155AMH-M3ETFz	_

**Remark 1.** Contact the SII Semiconductor Corporation sales department for products with an output voltage other than those specified above.

- 2. z: G or S
- **3.** Please select products of environmental code = U for Sn 100%, halogen-free products.

# ■ Pin Configurations

SOT-23-6W Top view



Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Description
1	VIN	Voltage input pin
2	C+	Charge-pump pump capacitor connection pin (positive pin)
3	C-	Charge-pump pump capacitor connection pin (negative pin)
4	ON/OFF	Shutdown pin High level (H): normal operation (step-up) Low level (L): step-up halt (all circuit halt)
5	GND	GND pin
6	VOUT	Voltage output pin

Table 2

Figure 2

SNT-8A Top view

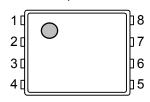


Figure 3

Table 3

	ř	
Pin No.	Symbol	Pin Description
1	C+	Charge-pump pump capacitor connection pin (positive pin)
2	VIN	Voltage input pin
3	NC*1	No connection
4	VOUT	Voltage output pin
5	ON/OFF	Shutdown pin High level (H): normal operation (step-up) Low level (L) : step-up halt (all circuit halt)
6	GND	GND pin
7	NC*1	No connection
8	C-	Charge-pump pump capacitor connection pin (negative pin)

<sup>\*1.</sup> The NC pin is electrically open.

The NC pin can be connected to VIN or GND.

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 4

(Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Items S		Symbols	Absolute Maximum Ratings	Units
C+ pin voltage \		pin voltage V <sub>C+</sub> V <sub>GND</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>GND</sub> +7.5		V
C- pin voltage		V <sub>C</sub> -	V <sub>GND</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>GND</sub> +7	V
VIN pin voltage V <sub>IN</sub>		V <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{GND}$ -0.3 to $V_{GND}$ +5.5	V
VOUT pin voltage		Vout	V <sub>GND</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>GND</sub> +7	V
ON/OFF pin voltage		V <sub>ON/OFF</sub>	V <sub>GND</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	
	SOT-23-6W		300 (When not mounted on board)	mW
Power dissipation	301-23-000	P <sub>D</sub>	650*1	mW
	SNT-8A		450*1	mW
Operating ambient temperature T		Topr	−40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature 1		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C

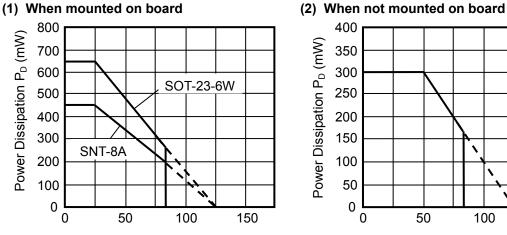
<sup>\*1.</sup> When mounted on board

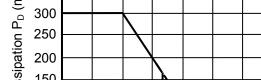
[Mounted board]

(1) Board size: 114.3 mm  $\times$  76.2 mm  $\times$  t1.6 mm

(2) Board name: JEDEC STANDARD51-7

Caution The absolute maximum ratings are rated values exceeding which the product could suffer physical damage. These values must therefore not be exceeded under any conditions.





50 100 150

Ambient Temperature Ta (°C) Ambient Temperature Ta (°C)

Figure 4 Power Dissipation of Package

#### **■** Electrical Characteristics

Table 5

 $(V_{IN}=(V_{OUT(S)}\times 0.60)\ V^{*1}$ , Ta=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Items	Symbols	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test circuits
		V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> ≤ 2.9 V	1.6		5.0	V	2
Operation input voltage	Vin	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> > 2.9 V	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 0.54	_	5.0	V	2
Output voltage*²	V <sub>OUT(E)</sub>	І <sub>оит</sub> =10 mA	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 0.98	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub>	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 1.02	V	2
		$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.54) V^{*6}$	5	_	_	mA	2
Output current*3	Іоит	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.60) V^{1}$	15		_	mA	2
		$V_{IN}=(V_{OUT(S)}\times 0.80) V$	25		_	mA	2
Line regulation	$\Delta V_OUT1$	$V_{IN}$ =( $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.60$ ) $V^{*1}$ to ( $V_{OUT(S)} - 0.10$ ) $V$ , $I_{OUT}$ =10 mA	_	50	100	mV	2
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{\text{OUT2}}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0.1 mA to 10 mA	_	40	80	mV	2
Ripple voltage*4	$V_{RIP}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10 mA	_	70	_	mV <sub>p-p</sub>	2
Maximum oscillation frequency	f <sub>osc</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =(V <sub>OUT</sub> (s) × 0.60) V, Measure waveform at C– pin	800	1000	1200	kHz	2
Efficiency*5	η	$V_{IN}=(V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.54) V$ , $V_{OUT(S)} \ge 3.0 V$ , $I_{OUT}=5 mA$	_	90	_	%	1
Operation consumption current	I <sub>SS1</sub>	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}$ , $V_{OUT}=(V_{OUT(S)}+0.5) V$	_	35	60	μΑ	2
Standby consumption current	Isss	$V_{IN}$ =( $V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.54$ ) $V^{*6}$ to 5.0 V, $V_{ON/OFF}$ =0 V	_	0.3	1.0	μΑ	1
ON/ <del>OFF</del> pin input voltage (high level)	V <sub>SH</sub>	$V_{IN}=(V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.54) V^{*6} \text{ to } 5.0 V$	1.5	_	_	V	1
ON/OFF pin input voltage (low level)	V <sub>SL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =(V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 0.54) V*6 to 5.0 V	_	_	0.3	V	1
ON/OFF pin input current (high level)	Isн	V <sub>IN</sub> =(V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 0.54) V*6 to 5.0 V	-0.1	_	0.1	μА	1
ON/OFF pin input current (low level)	I <sub>SL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =(V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> × 0.54) V*6 to 5.0 V	-0.1	_	0.1	μА	1
Soft start time	tss	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10 mA	0.2	1.0	4.0	ms	1

<sup>\*1.</sup> In case of  $V_{OUT} \le 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IN}=2.0 \text{ V}$ 

<sup>\*2.</sup> V<sub>OUT(E)</sub>: Actual output voltage

V<sub>OUT(S)</sub>: Specified output voltage

<sup>\*3.</sup> The output current at which the output voltage becomes 97 % of  $V_{OUT(E)}$  after gradually increasing the output current.

<sup>\*4.</sup> Design assurance

<sup>\*5.</sup> The ideal efficiency is indicated by the following expression. Efficiency  $(\eta)=(V_{\text{OUT}}\times I_{\text{OUT}})/(2.0\times V_{\text{IN}}\times I_{\text{OUT}})$ 

**<sup>\*6.</sup>** In case of  $V_{OUT}$  ≤ 2.9 V,  $V_{IN}$ =1.6 V

# **■** Test Circuits

1.

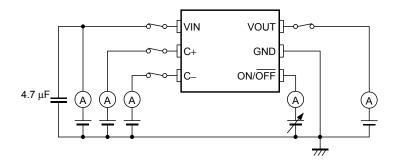


Figure 5

2.

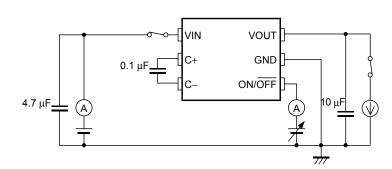


Figure 6

## ■ Operation

#### 1. Basic operation

Figure 7 shows the block diagram of the S-8821 Series.

The S-8821 series controls the output voltage by using the pulse frequency modulation (PFM) method. The SW1 to SW4 switching transistors are switched ON/OFF with the clock generated by the internal oscillator circuit, and operates the step-up charge pump.

The output voltage is fed back and the voltage split by feedback resistances  $R_s$  and  $R_f$  and reference voltage ( $V_{ref}$ ) are compared by a comparator. This comparator signal is used to modulate the oscillation pulse frequency in order to keep the output voltage constant.

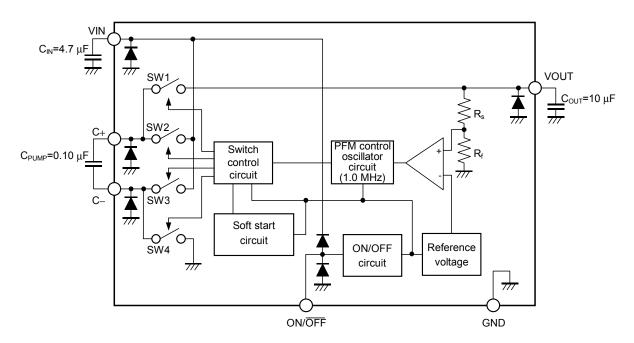


Figure 7

#### 2. Step-up Charge Pump

The step-up charge pump steps up the voltage by switching ON/OFF of the SW1 to SW4 switching transistors.

First, in order to charge the pump capacitance ( $C_{PUMP}$ ), set SW1 to OFF, SW2 to ON, SW3 to OFF, and SW4 to ON (charge cycle). Following charging the electricity, in order to discharge the charged electricity to the output capacitance ( $C_{OUT}$ ), SW1 set the switches as to ON, SW2 to OFF, SW3 to ON, and SW4 to OFF (discharge cycle).

The input voltage can be stepped up to a constant voltage value by repeating this charge cycle and discharge cycle.

Figure 8 shows the charge cycle, and Figure 9 shows the discharge cycle.

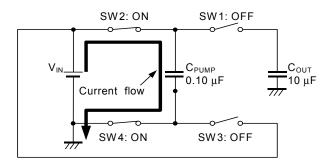


Figure 8

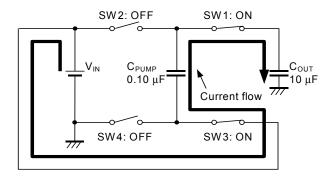


Figure 9

#### 3. Shutdown Pin (ON/OFF Pin)

Setting the ON/OFF pin to the Low level ("L") causes the voltage of the VOUT pin to change to the GND level and simultaneously the operation of all the internal circuit to stop. At this time, the consumption current is largely reduced, to a level of approximately 0.3 μA.

The structure of the ON/OFF pin is as shown in **Figure 10**. Since the ON/OFF pin is neither pulled down nor pulled up internally, do not use it in the floating state.

When the ON/OFF pin is not used, connect it to the VIN pin.

Table 6

ON/OFF pin	Internal circuit	VOUT pin voltage
"H": Power on	Operating	Set value
"L": Power off	Stop	V <sub>GND</sub> level

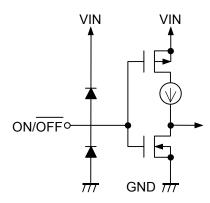


Figure 10

#### 4. Soft Start Function

The S-8821 Series features a built-in soft start circuit. Upon power application or when the  $ON/\overline{OFF}$  pin is switched from "L" to "H", the output voltage gradually rises over the soft start time, and the output current is gradually output as a result. This soft start function reduces the input current rush.

## ■ External Capacitor Selection

## 1. Input and Output Capacitors (CIN, COUT)

The input capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) lowers the power supply impedance and averages the input current. The  $C_{IN}$  value is selected according to the impedance of the power supply that is used. Select a ceramic capacitor with a small equivalent series resistance (ESR). Although this figure varies according to the impedance of the power supply that is used as well as the load current value, it is generally in the range of 4.7  $\mu$ F to 10  $\mu$ F.

For the output capacitor ( $C_{OUT}$ ), select a ceramic capacitor with a small ESR for smoothing the ripple voltage. A value of 10  $\mu$ F is recommended for the capacitance value. Use of a capacitor with a capacitance lower than 10  $\mu$ F results in a larger ripple voltage. Conversely, use of a capacitor with a capacitance greater than 10  $\mu$ F results in the output voltage not being able to rise up to setting value and the impossibility to obtain the desired output current.

#### 2. Pump Capacitor (CPUMP)

The pump capacitor ( $C_{PUMP}$ ) is required for stepping up the voltage. Select a ceramic capacitor with a small ESR. A capacitance value of 0.10  $\mu F$  is recommended. Use of a capacitor with a capacitance greater than 0.10  $\mu F$  results in a larger ripple voltage. Conversely, use of a capacitor with a capacitance lower than 0.10  $\mu F$  results in the output voltage not being able to raise up to setting value and the impossibility to obtain the desired output current.

#### ■ Precautions

- Regarding the wiring to the VIN pin, VOUT pin, C+ pin, C- pin and GND pin, be careful to perform pattern wiring so as to obtain low impedance.
- Always connect a capacitor to the VOUT pin, C+ pin, and C- pin.
- Connect C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> in the vicinity of the IC and sufficiently strengthen the wiring for GND pin and VIN pin in order to lower the impedance of the wiring resistance, etc. High impedance may cause unstable operation.

Moreover, in selecting C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub>, perform a full evaluation of the actual usage conditions.

• Connect C<sub>PUMP</sub> in the vicinity of the IC and sufficiently strengthen the wiring for the C+ pin and C- pin in order to lower the impedance of the wiring resistance, etc. High impedance may cause instable operation.

Moreover, in selecting C<sub>PUMP</sub>, perform a full evaluation of the actual usage conditions.

- The ON/OFF pin is configured as shown in **Figure 9** and is neither pulled up or down internally, so do not use this pin in a floating state. When not using the ON/OFF pin, connect it to the VIN pin.

  Moreover, please do not apply voltage higher than VIN + 0.3 V to an ON/OFF pin. Current flows for a VIN pin through the protection diode inside IC.
- Since this IC consists of double step-up circuits, it cannot set more than twice voltage of V<sub>IN</sub> to V<sub>OUT(S)</sub>.
- Be careful about the usage conditions for the input/output voltages and output current to make sure that dissipation within the IC does not exceed the allowable power dissipation of the package.
   For reference, the calculation of the power consumption in this IC is shown below.

$$P_D = (V_{IN} \times 2.0 - V_{OUT}) \times (I_{OUT})$$

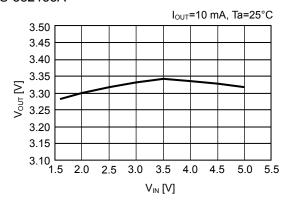
Reference: 
$$V_{IN}$$
=4.2 V,  $V_{OUT}$ =5.5 V,  $I_{OUT}$ =10 mA  
 $P_{D}$ =(4.2 × 2.0 - 5.5) × 0.010=29 mW

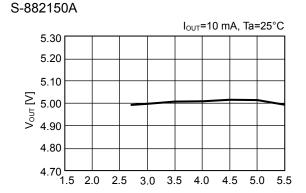
- Since the information described herein is subject to change without notice, confirm that this is the latest one before using.
- Do not apply an electrostatic discharge to this IC that exceeds the performance ratings of the built-in electrostatic protection circuit.
- SII Semiconductor Corporation claims no responsibility for any and all disputes arising out of or in connection with any infringement of the products including this IC upon patents owned by a third party.

# ■ Characteristics (Typical Data)

#### (1) Output voltage vs. Operation input voltage

S-882133A

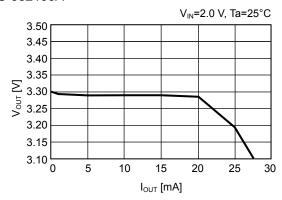




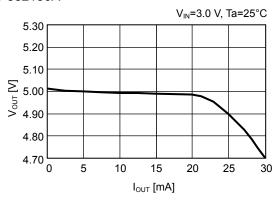
V<sub>IN</sub> [V]

#### (2) Output voltage vs. Output current

S-882133A

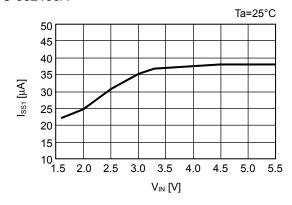




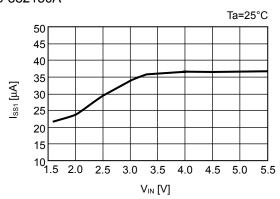


#### (3) Operation consumption vs. Operation input voltage

S-882133A

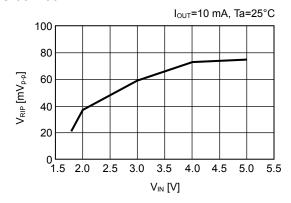


S-882150A

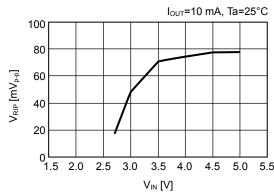


#### (4) Ripple voltage vs. Operation input voltage

S-882133A

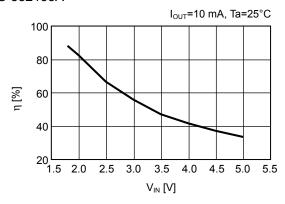


S-882150A

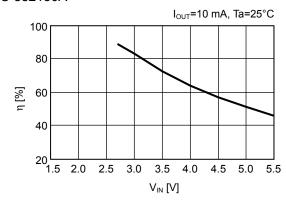


#### (5) Efficiency\*1 vs. Operation input voltage

S-882133A



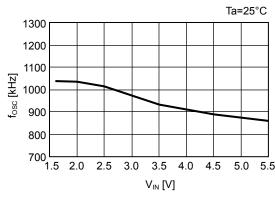
#### S-882150A



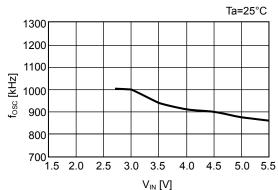
\*1. The ideal efficiency is indicated by the following expression. Efficiency ( $\eta$ )=(Vout × Iout) / (2.0 × VIN × Iout)

## (6) Maximum oscillation frequency vs. Operation input voltage

S-882133A

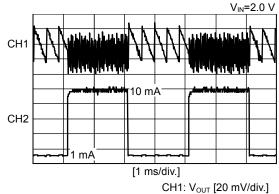


S-882150A



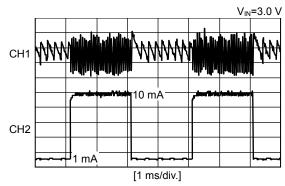
## (7) Load fluctuation

S-882133A



CH1:  $V_{OUT}$  [20 mV/div.] CH2:  $I_{OUT}$  [2 mA/div.]

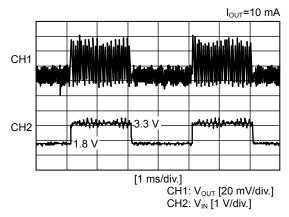
#### S-882150A



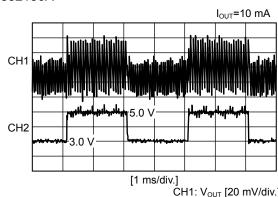
CH1:  $V_{OUT}$  [20 mV/div.] CH2:  $I_{OUT}$  [2 mA/div.]

## (8) Input voltage fluctuation

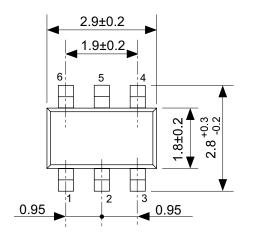
S-882133A

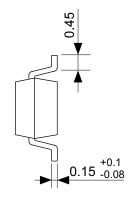


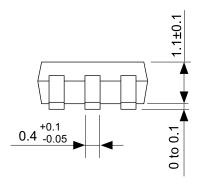
S-882150A



CH1: V<sub>OUT</sub> [20 mV/div.] CH2: V<sub>IN</sub> [1 V/div.]



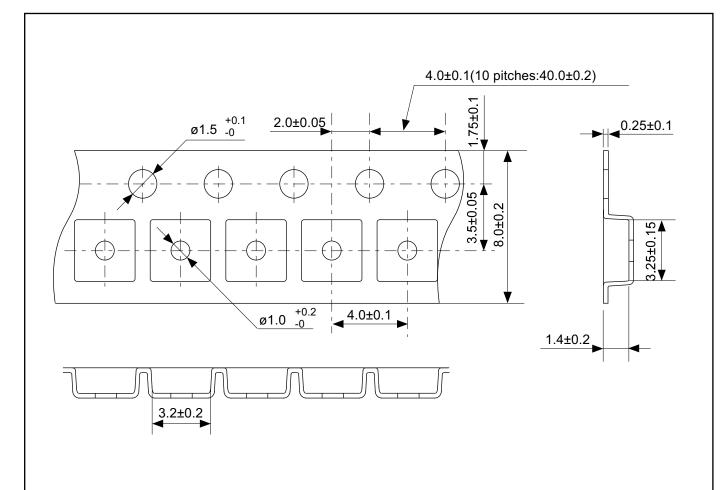


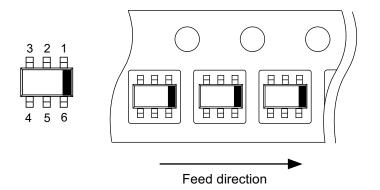


# No. MP006-B-P-SD-2.0

TITLE	SOT236-B-PKG Dimensions	
No.	MP006-B-P-SD-2.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
SII Semiconductor Corporation		

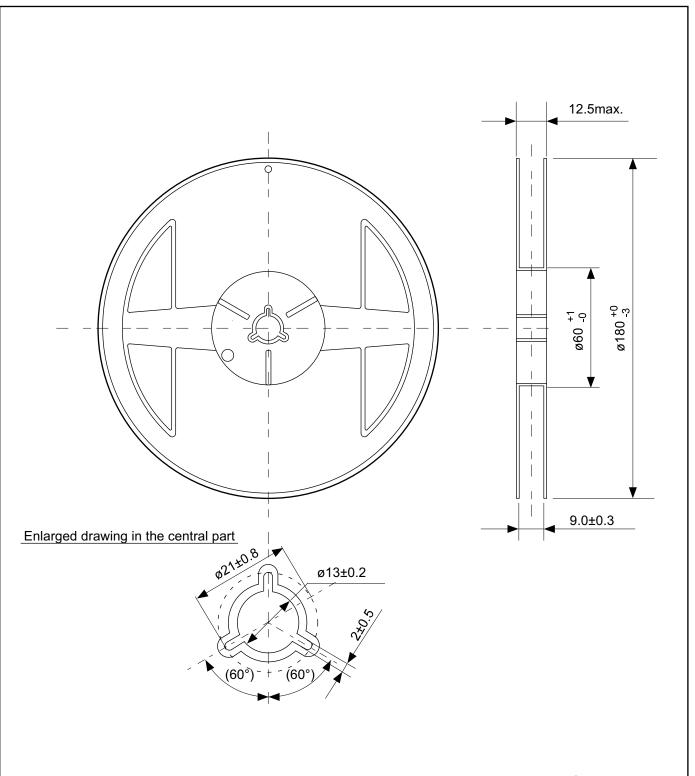
SII Semiconductor Corporation





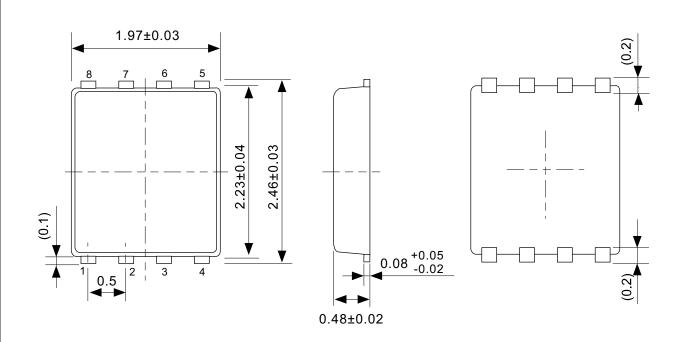
# No. MP006-B-C-SD-1.0

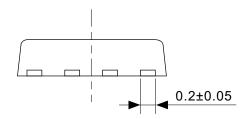
TITLE	SOT236-B-Carrier Tape	
No.	MP006-B-C-SD-1.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
SII Semiconductor Corporation		



# No. MP006-B-R-SD-1.0

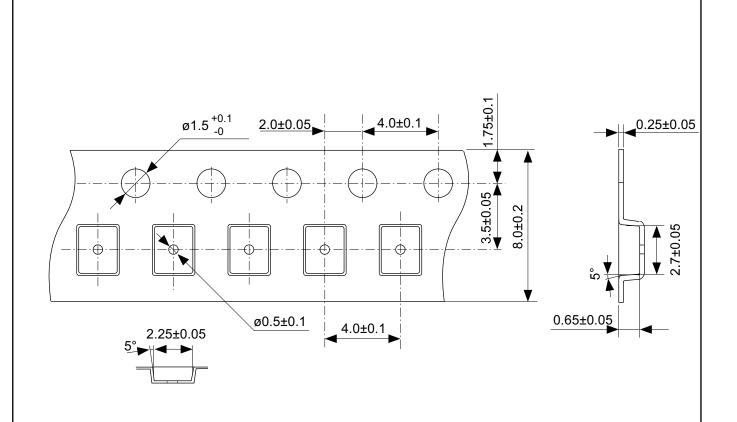
TITLE	SOT23	86-B-F	Reel
No.	MP006-	B-R-SI	D-1.0
SCALE		QTY	3,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			

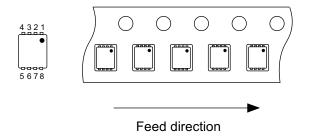




# No. PH008-A-P-SD-2.0

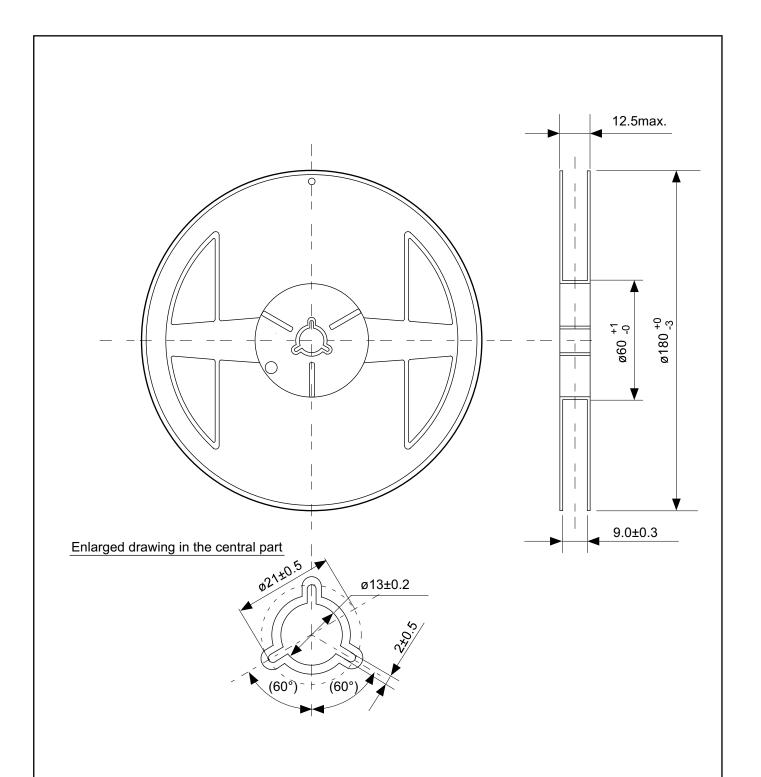
TITLE	SNT-8A-A-PKG Dimensions
No.	PH008-A-P-SD-2.0
SCALE	
UNIT	mm
SII Se	emiconductor Corporation





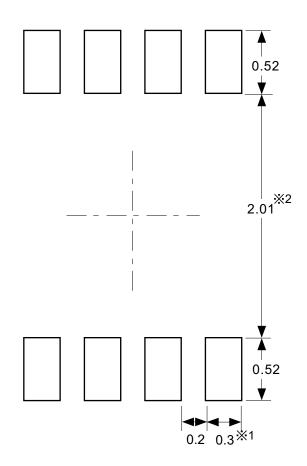
# No. PH008-A-C-SD-1.0

TITLE	SNT-8A-A-Carrier Tape	
No.	PH008-A-C-SD-1.0	
SCALE		
UNIT	mm	
SII Semiconductor Corporation		



# No. PH008-A-R-SD-1.0

TITLE	SNT-8A-A-Reel		
No.	PH008-A-R-SD-1.0		
SCALE		QTY.	5,000
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			



- ※1. ランドパターンの幅に注意してください (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。 ※2. パッケージ中央にランドパターンを広げないでください (1.96 mm ~ 2.06 mm)。
- 注意 1. パッケージのモールド樹脂下にシルク印刷やハンダ印刷などしないでください。
  - 2. パッケージ下の配線上のソルダーレジストなどの厚みをランドパターン表面から0.03 mm 以下にしてください。
  - 3. マスク開口サイズと開口位置はランドパターンと合わせてください。
  - 4. 詳細は "SNTパッケージ活用の手引き"を参照してください。
- X1. Pay attention to the land pattern width (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.).
- X2. Do not widen the land pattern to the center of the package (1.96 mm to 2.06mm).
- Caution 1. Do not do silkscreen printing and solder printing under the mold resin of the package.
  - 2. The thickness of the solder resist on the wire pattern under the package should be 0.03 mm or less from the land pattern surface.
  - 3. Match the mask aperture size and aperture position with the land pattern.
  - 4. Refer to "SNT Package User's Guide" for details.
- ※1. 请注意焊盘模式的宽度 (0.25 mm min. / 0.30 mm typ.)。
- ※2. 请勿向封装中间扩展焊盘模式 (1.96 mm~2.06 mm)。
- 注意 1. 请勿在树脂型封装的下面印刷丝网、焊锡。
  - 2. 在封装下、布线上的阻焊膜厚度 (从焊盘模式表面起) 请控制在 0.03 mm 以下。
  - 3. 钢网的开口尺寸和开口位置请与焊盘模式对齐。
  - 4. 详细内容请参阅 "SNT 封装的应用指南"。

No. PH008-A-L-SD-4.1

TITLE	SNT-8A-A -Land Recommendation		
No.	PH008-A-L-SD-4.1		
SCALE			
UNIT	mm		
SII Semiconductor Corporation			

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