



# Delphi S36SE, 17W 1x1 Brick Series DC/DC Power Modules: 18~75V in, 7V/2.14A out

The Delphi S36SE series, 1x1 sized, 18~75Vin, single output, isolated DC/DC converters are the latest offering from a world leader in power systems technology and manufacturing - Delta Electronics, Inc. This product family is available in either a surface mount or through-hole package and provides up to 17 watts of power or 5A of output current (3.3Vout) in a standard 1x1 form factor (1.10"x0.96"x0.33"). The pinout is compatible with the popular industry standard 1x2 sized products. With creative design technology and optimization of component placement, these converters possess outstanding electrical and thermal performance, as well as extremely high reliability under highly stressful operating conditions. The S36SE 7V module could provide full output power without any airflow up to 80°C ambient temperature while keeping the component junction temperatures under most derating guidelines. All modules are fully protected from abnormal input/output voltage, current, and temperature conditions.

#### **FEATURES**

- High efficiency: 84.0% @7V/2.14A
- Industry standard 1x1 pinout
- Low profile

Open frame: 27.9 x 24.4 x 8.7mm

(1.10" x 0.96" x 0.34")

Encapsulated: 29.6 x 26.0 x 11.5mm

(1.17" x 1.02" x 0.45")

- Fixed frequency operation
- 4:1 ultra wide input voltage range
- Input UVLO
- Output OCP, OVP and OTP
- Monotonic startup into normal and pre-bias loads
- Output voltage trim ±10%
- 2250V isolation and basic insulation
- No minimum load required
- SMT and Through-hole versions
- ISO 9001, TL 9000, ISO 14001, QS9000,
   OHSAS18001 certified manufacturing facility
- UL/cUL 60950-1 (US & Canada), and TUV (EN60950-1) - pending

#### **OPTIONS**

- Positive, negative, or no On/Off
- OTP and Output OVP, OCP mode,
   Auto-restart (default) or latch-up
- Surface mounted pins
- Short pin lengths

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Optical Transport
- Data Networking
- Communications, including Wireless
  and traditional Telecom
- Servers

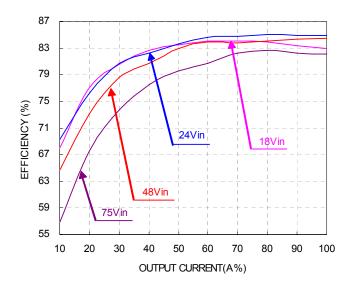


### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

 $T_A$  = 25°C, airflow rate = 300 LFM,  $V_{in}$  = 48 Vdc, nominal Vout unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	NOTES and CONDITIONS	S365	SE0700	(Standard)	
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Input Voltage					
Continuous				80	Vdc
Transient(100ms)	100ms			100	Vdc
Operating Temperature (Open Frame)	Refer to Figure 20 for measuring point	-40		121	°C
Operating Case Temperature (Encapsulated)	Refer to Figure 23 for measuring point	-40		108	°C
Storage Temperature		-55		125	°C
Input/Output Isolation Voltage				2250	Vdc
NPUT CHARACTERISTICS Operating Input Voltage		18		75	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lockout		10		75	vuc
Turn-On Voltage Threshold		16	17	18	Vdc
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold		15	16	17	Vdc
Lockout Hysteresis Voltage		0.5	1	1.5	Vdc
Maximum Input Current	100% Load, 18Vin			1.3	Α
No-Load Input Current			15		mA
Off Converter Input Current			5		mA
Inrush Current (I <sup>2</sup> t)	D. D. then, 40 million divistes, 51 le to 00 Mill		C	0.01	A <sup>2</sup> s
Input Voltage Pinple Principle	P-P thru 12µH inductor, 5Hz to 20MHz		8 <b>60</b>		mA dB
Input Voltage Ripple Rejection DUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS	IZU MZ		00		aB
Output Voltage Set Point	Vin=48V, lo=lo.max, Tc=25°C	6.985	7.0	7.105	Vdc
Output Voltage Regulation	VIII 10V, 10 10.111ax, 10 20 0	0.000	7.0	7.100	v uo
Over Load	lo=lo, min to lo, max		±3	±10	mV
Over Line	Vin=18V to 75V		±3	±10	mV
Over Temperature	Tc=-40°C to 100°C		±50		mV
Total Output Voltage Range	Over sample load, line and temperature	6.79		7.21	V
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth				
Peak-to-Peak	Full Load, 1µF ceramic, 10µF tantalum		50		mV
RMS Operating Output Current Range	Full Load, 1μF ceramic, 10μF tantalum	0	10	2.14	mV_
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	Output Voltage 10% Low	110	125	2.14 140	A %
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS	Output Voltage 10 % LOW	110	123	140	/0
Output Voltage Current Transient	48V, 10µF Tan & 1µF Ceramic load cap, 0.1A/µs				
Positive Step Change in Output Current	50% lo.max to 75% lo.max		200		mV
Negative Step Change in Output Current	75% Io.max to 50% Io.max		200		mV
Settling Time (within 1% Vout nominal)			300		us
Turn-On Transient					
Start-Up Time, From On/Off Control			15	25	ms
Start-Up Time, From Input	5 H 1 50/ 1 (5)/ 1 (1)		15	25	ms
Maximum Output Capacitance	Full load; 5% overshoot of Vout at startup	_		1000	μF
EFFICIENCY 100% Load			84.0		%
60% Load			84.0		%
SOLATION CHARACTERISTICS			U- <b>7</b> .U		/0
Input to Output				2250	Vdc
Isolation Resistance		10			МΩ
Isolation Capacitance			1000		pF
EATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
			450		kHz
Switching Frequency					
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic	V- 1.5	0.7		0.0	
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On)	Von/off	-0.7		0.8	V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)	Von/off Von/off	-0.7 2		0.8 18	V V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)  ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic	Von/off	2		18	V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)  ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off Von/off	-0.7		0.8	
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module Off) Logic High (Module On)	Von/off Von/off Von/off	2	0,25	18	V V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)  ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module Off)	Von/off Von/off	-0.7	0.25	0.8	V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)  ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module Off)  Logic High (Module On)  ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)	Von/off  Von/off  Von/off  Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V	-0.7	0.25	0.8 18	V V V mA
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module Off) Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic) Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic) Output Voltage Trim Range Output Over-Voltage Protection	Von/off  Von/off  Von/off  Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V  Logic High, Von/off=15V	-0.7 2	0.25	0.8 18	V V V mA uA
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module Off) Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic) Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic) Output Voltage Trim Range Output Over-Voltage Protection SENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	Von/off  Von/off  Von/off  Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V  Logic High, Von/off=15V  Across Trim Pin & +Vo or –Vo, Pout ≦ max rated	-0.7 2	0.25	18 0.8 18 30 10%	V V V mA uA %
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module On) Logic High (Module Off) ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic Logic Low (Module Off) Logic High (Module On) ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic) Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic) Output Voltage Trim Range Output Over-Voltage Protection SENERAL SPECIFICATIONS MTBF	Von/off  Von/off  Von/off  Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V  Logic High, Von/off=15V	-0.7 2		18 0.8 18 30 10%	V V V MA uA % V
ON/OFF Control, Negative Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module On)  Logic High (Module Off)  ON/OFF Control, Positive Remote On/Off logic  Logic Low (Module Off)  Logic High (Module On)  ON/OFF Current (for both remote on/off logic)  Leakage Current (for both remote on/off logic)  Output Voltage Trim Range	Von/off  Von/off  Von/off  Ion/off at Von/off=0.0V  Logic High, Von/off=15V  Across Trim Pin & +Vo or –Vo, Pout ≦ max rated	-0.7 2	0.25 9 132	18 0.8 18 30 10%	V V V mA uA %

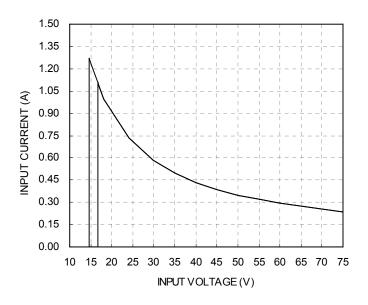
#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**



3.6 3.2 18Vin 24Vin 2.8 POWER DISSIPATION(W) 2.4 75Vin 2.0 48Vin 1.6 1.2 8.0 0.4 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 OUTPUT CURRENT(A%)

**Figure 1:** Efficiency vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

**Figure 2:** Power dissipation vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.



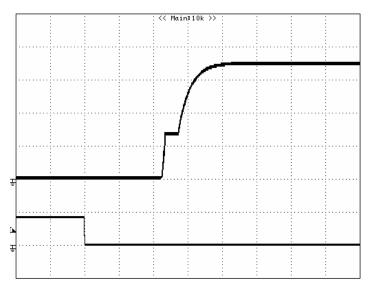


Figure 3: Typical full load input characteristics at room temperature.

**Figure 4:** (For negative remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at full rated load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.

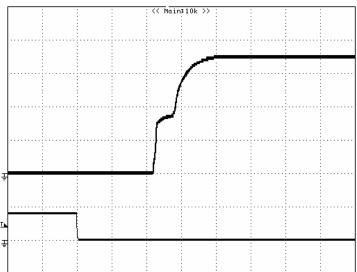
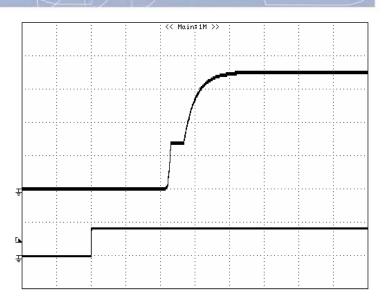
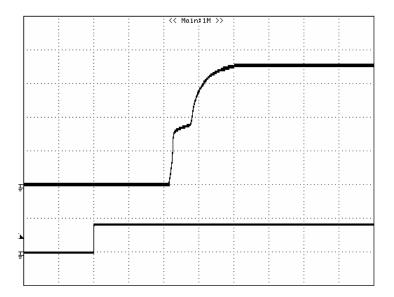


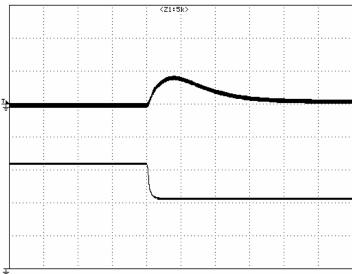
Figure 5: (For negative remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div, Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



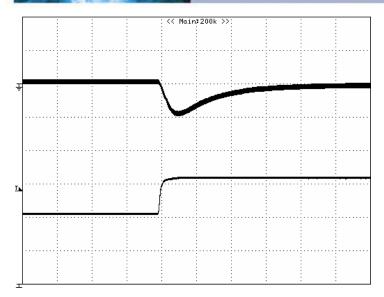
**Figure 6**: (For positive remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at full rated load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.

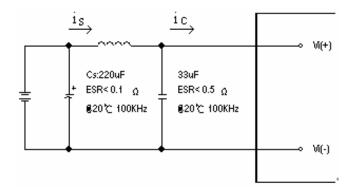


**Figure 7:** (For positive remote on/off logic) Turn-on transient at zero load current (5 ms/div). Vin=48V. Top Trace: Vout, 2V/div; Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input, 5V/div.



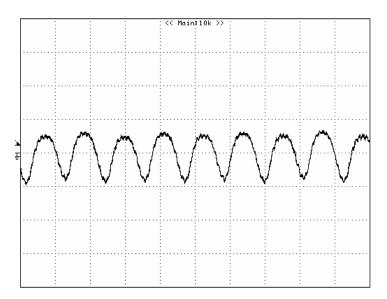
**Figure 8:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (75%-50%) of lo, max; di/dt =  $0.1A/\mu$ s). Load cap:  $10\mu$ F tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (200mV/div, 100us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (0.5A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



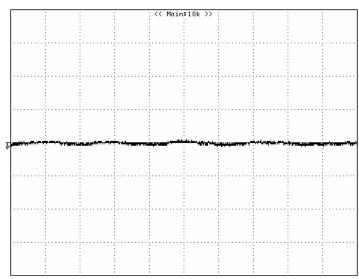


**Figure 9:** Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75% of lo, max; di/dt =  $0.1A/\mu$ s). Load cap:  $10\mu$ F tantalum capacitor and  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. Top Trace: Vout (200mV/div, 100us/div), Bottom Trace: lout (0.5A/div). Scope measurement should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.

**Figure 10:** Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current and Input Reflected Ripple Current. Note: Measured input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source Inductance ( $L_{TEST}$ ) of 12  $\mu$ H. Capacitor Cs offset possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown below.



**Figure 11:** Input Terminal Ripple Current, i<sub>c</sub>, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with 12μH source impedance and 33μF electrolytic capacitor (50mA/div, 2us/div).



**Figure 12:** Input reflected ripple current,  $i_s$ , through a 12 $\mu$ H source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (20 mA/div, 2us/div).

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES**

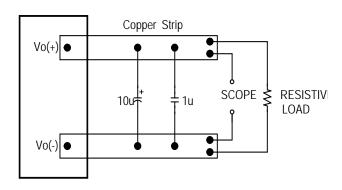
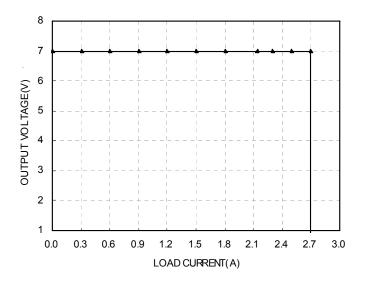


Figure 13: Output voltage noise and ripple measurement test setup.



**Figure 14:** Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current (lo=2.14A) (50mV/div, 2us/div).Load capacitance: 1μF ceramic capacitor and 10μF tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. Scope measurements should be made using a BNC cable (length shorter than 20 inches). Position the load between 51 mm to 76 mm (2 inches to 3 inches) from the module.



**Figure 15:** Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.

#### **DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Input Source Impedance**

The impedance of the input source connecting to the DC/DC power modules will interact with the modules and affect the stability. A low ac-impedance input source is recommended. If the source inductance is more than a few  $\mu H$ , we advise adding a 10 to 100  $\mu F$  electrolytic capacitor (ESR < 0.7  $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) mounted close to the input of the module to improve the stability.

#### **Layout and EMC Considerations**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are designed to operate in a wide variety of systems and applications. For design assistance with EMC compliance and related PWB layout issues, please contact Delta's technical support team. An external input filter module is available for easier EMC compliance design. Below is the example of using Delta latest FL75L07, An input filter tested with S36SE series to meet class B in CISSPR 22.

#### **Safety Considerations**

The power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-user's safety agency standard, i.e., UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2, No. 60950-1 and EN60950-1+A11 and IEC60950-1, if the system in which the power module is to be used must meet safety agency requirements.

Basic insulation based on 75 Vdc input is provided between the input and output of the module for the purpose of applying insulation requirements when the input to this DC-to-DC converter is identified as TNV-2 or SELV. An additional evaluation is needed if the source is other than TNV-2 or SELV.

When the input source is SELV circuit, the power module meets SELV (safety extra-low voltage) requirements. If the input source is a hazardous voltage which is greater than 60 Vdc and less than or equal to 75 Vdc, for the module's output to meet SELV requirements, all of the following must be met:

- The input source must be insulated from the ac mains by reinforced or double insulation.
- The input terminals of the module are not operator accessible.
- If the metal baseplate / heatspreader are grounded the output must be also grounded.
- A SELV reliability test is conducted on the system where the module is used, in combination with the module, to ensure that under a single fault, hazardous voltage does not appear at the module's output.

When installed into a Class II equipment (without grounding), spacing consideration should be given to the end-use installation, as the spacing between the module and mounting surface have not been evaluated.

The power module has extra-low voltage (ELV) outputs when all inputs are ELV.

This power module is not internally fused. To achieve optimum safety and system protection, an input line fuse is highly recommended. The safety agencies require a normal-blow fuse with 5A maximum rating to be installed in the ungrounded lead. A lower rated fuse can be used based on the maximum inrush transient energy and maximum input current.

#### **Soldering and Cleaning Considerations**

Post solder cleaning is usually the final board assembly process before the board or system undergoes electrical testing. Inadequate cleaning and/or drying may lower the reliability of a power module and severely affect the finished circuit board assembly test. Adequate cleaning and/or drying is especially important for un-encapsulated and/or open frame type power modules. For assistance on appropriate soldering and cleaning procedures, please contact Delta's technical support team.

#### FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS

#### **Over-Current Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-current protection circuit, which will endure current limiting for an unlimited duration during output overload. If the output current exceeds the OCP set point, the modules will automatically shut down, and enter hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the overload condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### **Over-Voltage Protection**

The modules include an internal output over-voltage protection circuit, which monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If this voltage exceeds the over-voltage set point, the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For hiccup mode, the module will try to restart after shutdown. If the overload condition still exists, the module will shut down again. This restart trial will continue until the over-voltage condition is corrected.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### **Over-Temperature Protection**

The over-temperature protection consists of circuitry that provides protection from thermal damage. If the temperature exceeds the over-temperature threshold the module will shut down, and enter in hiccup mode or latch mode, which is optional.

For auto-restart mode, the module will monitor temperature after shut down. Once the temperature is within the specification, the module will be auto-restarted.

For latch mode, the module will latch off once it shutdown. The latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off signal for one second.

#### Remote On/Off

The remote on/off feature on the module can be either negative or positive logic. Negative logic turns the module on during a logic low and off during a logic high. Positive logic turns the modules on during a logic high and off during a logic low.

Remote on/off can be controlled by an external switch between the on/off terminal and the Vi(-) terminal. The switch can be an open collector or open drain.

For negative logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please short the on/off pin to Vi(-). For positive logic if the remote on/off feature is not used, please leave the on/off pin floating.

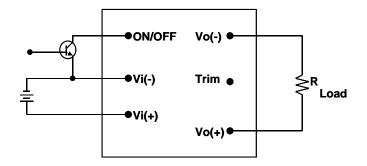


Figure 16: Remote on/off implementation

### FEATURES DESCRIPTIONS (CON.)

#### **Output Voltage Adjustment**

To increase or decrease the output voltage set point, the modules may be connected with an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo (+) or Vo (-). The TRIM pin should be left open if this feature is not used.

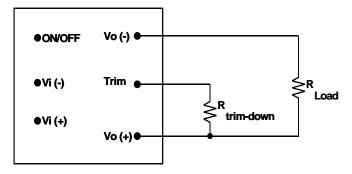


Figure 17: Circuit configuration for trim-down (decrease output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo (+) pins, the output voltage set point decreases (Fig. 17). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 5V to the desired Vo\_adj is defined as:

Rtrim\_down = 
$$\frac{(\text{Vo}_{adj} - 2.5) \cdot 11.5}{7 - \text{Vo adj}} - 2.05$$

Ex. When Trim-down -10%

Vo\_adj=7V×(1-10%)=6.3V

Rtrim\_down = 
$$\frac{(6.3 - 2.5) \cdot 11.5}{7 - 6.3} - 2.05$$

Rtrim down= 60.38Kohm

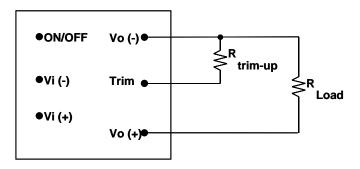


Figure 18: Circuit configuration for trim-up (increase output voltage)

If the external resistor is connected between the TRIM and Vo (-) the output voltage set point increases (Fig. 18). The external resistor value required to obtain an output voltage change from 5V to the desired Vo\_adj is defined as:

Rtrim\_up = 
$$\frac{2.5 \cdot 11.5}{\text{Vo_adj} - 7} - 2.05$$

Ex. When Trim-up +10%

Vo adj=
$$7V \times (1+10\%) = 7.7V$$

Rtrim\_up = 
$$\frac{2.5 \cdot 11.5}{7.7 - 7} - 2.05$$

Rtrim\_up= 39.02K

When using trim function, the output voltage of the module is usually increased, which increases the power output of the module with the same output current.

Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power.

#### THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

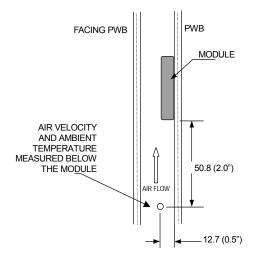
Thermal management is an important part of the system design. To ensure proper, reliable operation, sufficient cooling of the power module is needed over the entire temperature range of the module. Convection cooling is usually the dominant mode of heat transfer.

Hence, the choice of equipment to characterize the thermal performance of the power module is a wind tunnel.

#### **Thermal Testing Setup**

Delta's DC/DC power modules are characterized in heated vertical wind tunnels that simulate the thermal environments encountered in most electronics equipment. This type of equipment commonly uses vertically mounted circuit cards in cabinet racks in which the power modules are mounted.

The following figure shows the wind tunnel characterization setup. The power module is mounted on a test PWB and is vertically positioned within the wind tunnel. The space between the neighboring PWB and the top of the power module is constantly kept at 6.35mm (0.25").



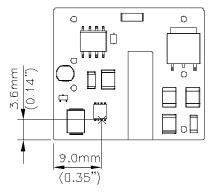
Note: Wind Tunnel Test Setup Figure Dimensions are in millimeters and (Inches)

Figure 19: Wind tunnel test setup

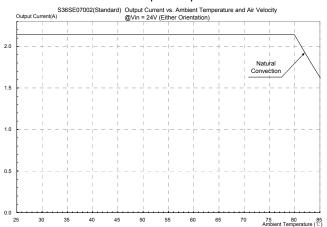
#### **Thermal Derating**

Heat can be removed by increasing airflow over the module. To enhance system reliability, the power module should always be operated below the maximum operating temperature. If the temperature exceeds the maximum module temperature, reliability of the unit may be affected.

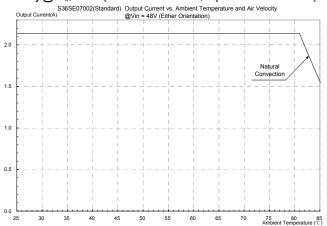
### **THERMAL CURVES (OPEN FRAME)**



**Figure 20:** Temperature measurement location The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 121  $\mathcal{C}$ .

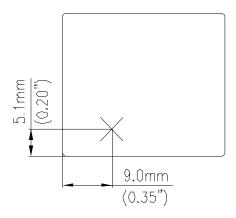


**Figure 21:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity  $@V_{in}=24V$  (Either Orientation, Open frame Version)

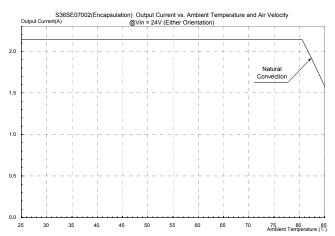


**Figure 22:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity  $V_{in}$ =48V (Either Orientation, Open frame Ve<u>rsion)</u>

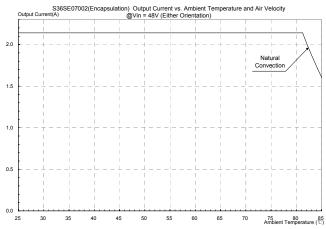
## THERMAL CURVES (ENCAPSULATION)



**Figure 23:** Temperature measurement location The allowed maximum hot spot temperature is defined at 108  $\mathcal{C}$ .



**Figure 24:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @ V<sub>in</sub>=24V (Either Orientation, Encapsulated Version)



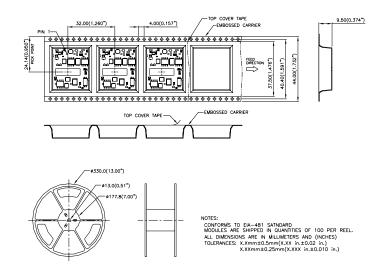
**Figure 25:** Output current vs. ambient temperature and air velocity @ V<sub>in</sub>=48V (Either Orientation, Encapsulated Version)

#### PICK AND PLACE LOCATION

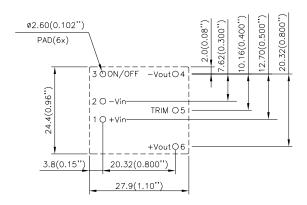
### 27.9(1.10") 11.75(0.163'') PIN 1 24.4(0.96'') Ŀ 8.5(0.35")X1.5(0.06") MIN. AREA PICK AND PLACE LOCATION

NOTES:
ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.) X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

#### **SURFACE-MOUNT TAPE & REEL**



### **RECOMMENDED PAD LAYOUT (SMD)**

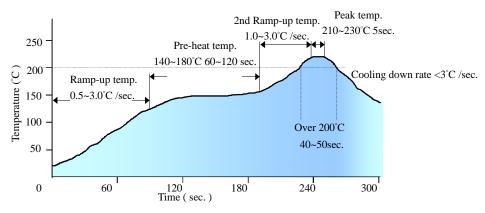


#### RECOMMAND P.W.B PAD LAYOUT

#### NOTES:

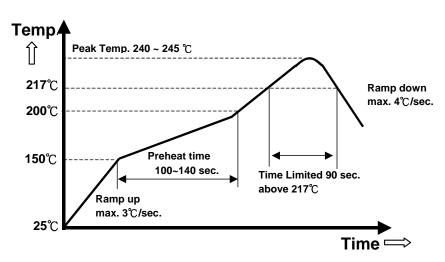
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES) TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)  $X.XXmm\pm0.25mm(X.XXX in.\pm0.010 in.)$ 

### LEADED (Sn/Pb) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMPERATURE PROFILE



Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S36SE, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

### LEAD FREE (SAC) PROCESS RECOMMEND TEMPERATURE PROFILE

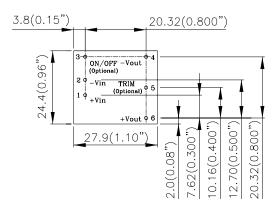


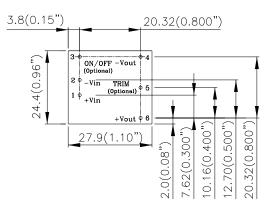
Note: The temperature refers to the pin of S36SE, measured on the pin +Vout joint.

### **MECHANICAL DRAWING (OPEN FRAME)**

#### Surface-mount module

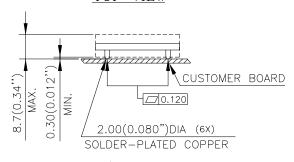
### Through-hole module

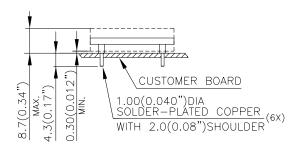




TOP VIEW

TOP VIEW





SIDE VIEW

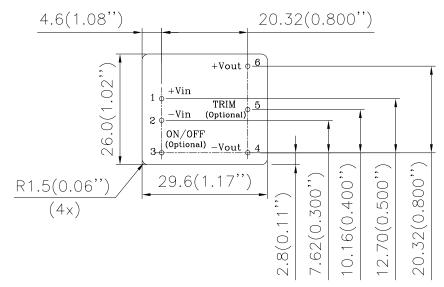
SIDE VIEW

NOTES:

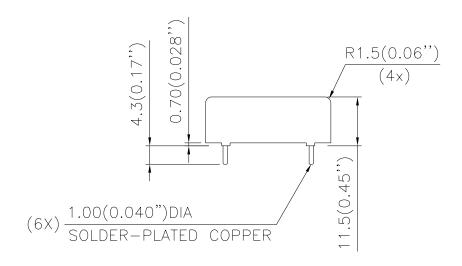
DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

Pin No.	<u>Name</u>	<u>Function</u>
1	+Vin	Positive input voltage
2	-Vin	Negative input voltage
3	ON/OFF (Optional)	Remote ON/OFF (Optional)
4	-Vout	Negative output voltage
5	TRIM (Optional)	Output voltage trim (Optional)
6	+Vout	Positive output voltage

### **MECHANICAL DRAWING (ENCAPSULATED)**



### BOTTOM VIEW



### SIDE VIEW

NOTES:

DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS AND (INCHES)
TOLERANCES: X.Xmm±0.5mm(X.XX in.±0.02 in.)
X.XXmm±0.25mm(X.XXX in.±0.010 in.)

#### PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

S	36	S	E	070	02	E	R	F	F
Product Type	Input Voltage	Number of Outputs	Product Series	Output Voltage	Output Current	ON/OFF Logic	Pin Length		Option Code
S - Small Power	18V~75V	S - Single	1x1, 15W	070 - 7.0V	-	N - Negative P - Positive E - No remote on/off pin	R - 0.170" N - 0.145" K - 0.110" M - SMD	(Lead Free)	A - No trim pin B - With trim pin F - With trim pin and case

#### **MODEL LIST**

MODEL NAME	INPUT		OUTPUT		EFF @ 100% LOAD	
S36SE3R305NRFB	18V~75V	1.3A	3.3V	5A	86.5%	
S36SE05003NRFB	18V~75V	1.1A	5.0V	3A	83.5%	
S36SE07002ERFF	18V~75V	1.3A	7.0V	2.14A	84.0%	
S36SE12001NRFB	18V~75V	1.1A	12V	1.3A	87.0%	

#### Note:

- 1. Default remote on/off logic is negative;
- 2. Default pin length is 0.170";
- 3. Default OTP and output OVP, OCP mode is auto-restart
- 4. For different options, please refer to part numbering system above or contact your local sales office.

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