

# Panasonic ideas for life

## 2a2b/3a1b/4a 4A polarized power relays

## **S RELAYS**



Compliance with RoHS Directive

2. Strong resistance to vibration and shock

Use of 4G-BA technology realizes strong resistance to vibration and shock.

3. High reliability and long life
Our application of 4G-BA technology,
along with almost perfectly complete
twin contact, ensures minimal contact
bounce and high reliability.

4. Ability to provide wide-ranging control

Use of 4G-BA technology with gold-clad silver alloy contacts in a twin contact structure enables control across a broad range from microcurrents of 100  $\mu$ A 100 mV DC to 4 A 250 V AC.

5. Latching types available With 4G-BA technology, as well as single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types for circuit memory applications are also available.

6. Wide variety of contact formations available

The compact size of the 4G-BA mechanism enables the provision of many kinds of package, including 2a2b, 3a1b, and 4a. These meet your needs across a broad range of applications.

7. Low thermal electromotive force relay

High sensitivity (low power consumption) is realized by 4G-BA technology. Separation of the coil and spring sections has resulted in a relay with extremely low levels of thermal electromotive force (approx.  $0.3~\mu V$ ).

Deployed to fit a 2.54 mm .100 inch grid, the terminals are presented in DIL arrays which match the printed circuit board terminal patterns commonly in

 Relays that push the boundaries of relay efficiency
 High-density S relays take you close to the limits of relay efficiency.

10. Sockets are available.

8. DIL terminal array

international use.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Telecommunications equipment, data processing equipment, facsimiles, alarm equipment, measuring equipment.

#### **FEATURES**

1. Compact with high sensitivity
The high-efficiency polarized
electromagnetic circuits of the 4-gap
balanced armature and our exclusive
spring alignment method achieves,
with high-sensitivity in a small
package, a relay that can be directly
controlled by a driver chip.

#### 4-GAP BALANCED ARMATURE MECHANISM

### 1. Armature mechanism has excellent resistance to vibration and shock

The armature structure enables free rotation around the armature center of gravity. Because the mass is maintained in balance at the fulcrum of the axis of rotation, large rotational forces do not occur even if acceleration is applied along any vector. The mechanism has proven to have excellent resistance to vibration and shock. All our S relays are based on this balanced armature mechanism, which is able to further provide many other characteristics.

# 2. High sensitivity and reliability provided by 4-gap balanced armature mechanism

As a (polarized) balanced armature, the S relay armature itself has two permanent magnets. Presenting four interfaces, the armature has a 4-gap structure. As a result, the rotational axis at either end of the armature is symmetrical and, in an energized into a polarized state, the twin magnetic armature interfaces are subject to repulsion on one side and attraction on the other. This mechanism, exclusive to

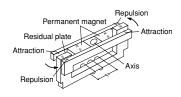
Panasoinc Electric Works, provides a highly efficient polarized magnetic circuit structure that is both highly sensitive and has a small form factor. Moreover, suitability for provision with many types of contact array and other advantages promise to make it possible to provide many of the various characteristics that are coming to be demanded of relays.

#### **HOW IT WORKS** (single side stable type)

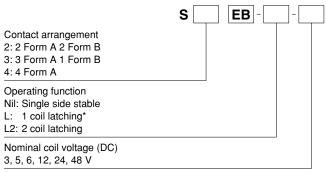
1) When current is passed through the coil, the yoke becomes magnetic and polarized.

2) At either pole of the armature, repulsion on one side and attraction on the other side is caused by the interaction of the poles and the permanent magnets of the armature.

3) At this time, opening and closing operates owing to the action of the simultaneously moulded balanced armature mechanism, so that when the force of the contact breaker spring closes the contact on one side, on the other side, the balanced armature opens the contact (2a2b).



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**



Notes: 1. \*1 coil latching type are manufactured by lot upon receipt of order. 2. Certified by UL and CSA

#### **TYPES**

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Single side stable	2 coil latching		
Contact arrangement	Nominal con voltage	Part No.	Part No.		
	3V DC	S2EB-3V	S2EB-L2-3V		
	5V DC	S2EB-5V	S2EB-L2-5V		
2 Form A 2 Form B	6V DC	S2EB-6V	S2EB-L2-6V		
2 F01111 A 2 F01111 B	12V DC	S2EB-12V	S2EB-L2-12V		
	24V DC	S2EB-24V	S2EB-L2-24V		
	48V DC	S2EB-48V	S2EB-L2-48V		
	3V DC	S3EB-3V	S3EB-L2-3V		
	5V DC	S3EB-5V	S3EB-L2-5V		
3 Form A 1 Form B	6V DC	S3EB-6V	S3EB-L2-6V		
3 FOIIII A 1 FOIIII B	12V DC	S3EB-12V	S3EB-L2-12V		
	24V DC	S3EB-24V	S3EB-L2-24V		
	48V DC	S3EB-48V	S3EB-L2-48V		
	3V DC	S4EB-3V	S4EB-L2-3V		
4 Form A	5V DC	S4EB-5V	S4EB-L2-5V		
	6V DC	S4EB-6V	S4EB-L2-6V		
	12V DC	S4EB-12V	S4EB-L2-12V		
	24V DC	S4EB-24V	S4EB-L2-24V		
	48V DC	S4EB-48V	S4EB-L2-48V		

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

#### **RATING**

#### 1. Coil data

1) Single side stable

, - 3 -								
Туре	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Coil inductance	Max. applied voltage (at 40°C 104°F)
	3V DC		of nominal voltage	66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	Approx. 23mH	5.5V DC
	5V DC	70% V or less of nominal voltage		38.5mA	130Ω	192mW	Approx. 65mH	9.0V DC
Standard	6V DC			33.3mA	180Ω	200mW	Approx. 93mH	11.0V DC
Stariuaru	12V DC			16.7mA	720Ω	200mW	Approx. 370mH	22.0V DC
	24V DC		(Initial)	8.4mA	2,850Ω	202mW	Approx. 1,427mH	44.0V DC
	48V DC			5.6mA	8,500Ω	271mW	Approx. 3,410mH	75.0V DC

<sup>\*</sup> For sockets, see page 59.

#### 2) 2 coil latching

Type Nominal coil voltage			Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil inductance		Max. applied voltage
	voltage			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	(at 40°C 104°F)
	3V DC			66.7mA	66.7mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 10mH	Approx. 10mH	5.5V DC
5V DC 6V DC	5V DC			38.5mA	38.5mA	130Ω	130Ω	192mW	192mW	Approx. 31mH	Approx. 31mH	9.0V DC
	70%V or less of nominal of nominal	33.7mA	33.7mA	180Ω	180Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 40mH	Approx. 40mH	11.0V DC		
Standard	12V DC voltage (Initial)		16.7mA	16.7mA	720Ω	720Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 170mH	Approx. 170mH	22.0V DC	
24V DC 48V DC	24V DC		8.4mA	8.4mA	2,850Ω	2,850Ω	202mW	202mW	Approx. 680mH	Approx. 680mH	44.0V DC	
			7.4mA	7.4mA	6,500Ω	6,500Ω	355mW	355mW	Approx. 1,250mH	Approx. 1,250mH	65.0V DC	

#### 2. Specifications

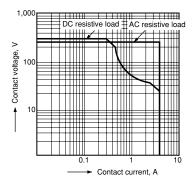
Characteristics		Item	Specifications				
	Arrangement		2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A				
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)				
	Electrostatic capacitance (initial)		Approx. 3pF				
Comaci	Contact material		Au clad Ag alloy (Cd free)				
	Thermal electromotiv (initial)	ve force (at nominal coil voltage)	Approx. 3μV				
	Nominal switching ca	apacity (resistive load)	4 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC				
	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	1,000 VA, 90 W				
	Max. switching voltage	ge	250 V AC, 48 V DC (30 to 48 V DC at less than 0.5 A)				
Rating	Max. switching curre	nt	4 A (AC), 3 A (DC)				
	Minimum operating p	oower	100 mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)				
	Nominal operating po	ower	200 mW (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)				
	Min. switching capac	ity (Reference value)*1	100μA 100 m V DC				
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 10,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.				
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
Electrical	(Illinai)	Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
characteristics	Temperature rise (coil) (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 35°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 4A.)				
	Operate time [Set tin	ne] (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms [15 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time				
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [15 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce tir (without diode)				
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)				
Mechanical	SHOCK resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)				
characteristics	Vibration resistance Functional		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)				
	Vibration resistance Destructive		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 4 mm				
Expected life	Mechanical		Min. 108 (at 50 cps)				
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 10 <sup>5</sup> (4 A 250 V AC), Min. 2×10 <sup>5</sup> (3 A 30 V DC) (at 20 times/min.)				
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*2		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +65°C -67°F to +149°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)				
	Max. operating speed		20 times/min. for maximum load, 50 cps for low-level load (1 mA 1 V DC)				
Unit weight			Approx. 8 g .28 oz				

Notes: \*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

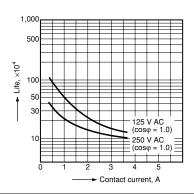
\*2. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

#### REFERENCE DATA

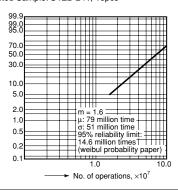
#### 1. Maximum switching power



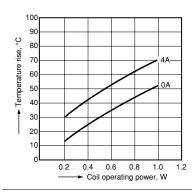
2. Life curve



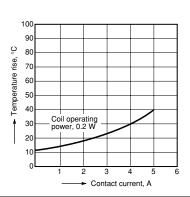
3. Contact reliability Condition: 1V DC, 1mA Detection level 10  $\Omega$  Tasted Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs



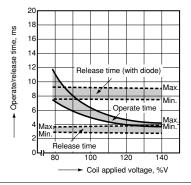
4.-(1) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 4 Form A



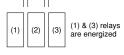
4.-(2) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 4 Form A



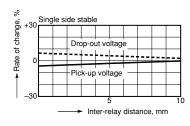
 Operate and release time (Single side stable type)
 Tested Sample: S4EB-24V, 10pcs

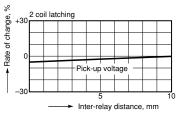


6. Influence of adjacent mounting

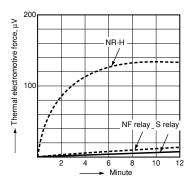


Note: When installing an S-relay near another, and there is no effect from an external magnetic field, be sure to leave at least 10 mm .394 inch between relays in order to achieve the performance listed in the catalog.

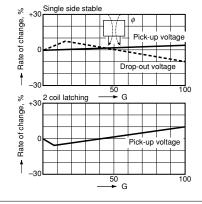


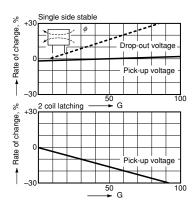


7. Thermal electromotive force



#### 8. Effect from an external magnetic field





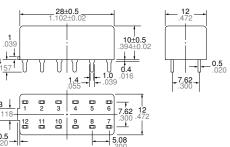
#### **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from: http://panasonic-electric-works.net/ac

#### CAD Data

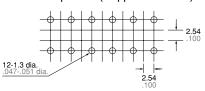
#### External dimensions





General tolerance:  $\pm 0.3 \pm .012$ 

#### PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

#### Schematic (Bottom view)

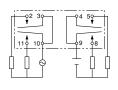
Schematic (Bottom view)					
	Single side stable (Deenergized position)	2 coil latching (Reset condition)			
2a2b	1 2 3 4 5 6 - +	1 2 3 4 5 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			
3a1b	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 4 5 6 1 1 1 10 9 8 7	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 4 5 6 1 1 10 9 8 7			
4a	1 2 3 4 5 6 - +	1 2 3 4 5 6 1 4 5 6 1 1 10 9 8 7			

#### **SAFETY STANDARDS**

	UL/C-UL (Recognized)	CSA (Certified)		
File No.	c. Contact rating		Contact rating	
E43028	4A 250V AC, 1/20HP 125V AC (FLA1.5A) 1/20HP 250V AC (FLA0.75A), 3A 30V DC		4A 250V AC, 1/20HP 125V AC, 1/20HP 250V AC 3A 30V DC	

#### **NOTES**

1. Based on regulations regarding insulation distance, there is a restriction on same-channel load connections between terminals No. 2, 3 and 4, 5, as well as between No. 8, 9 and 10, 11. See the figure below for an example.



- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5: different channels, therefore not possible
   Between 10, 11 and 8, 9: different channels, therefore not possible

No good

- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5;
- same channels, therefore possible Between 10, 11 and 8, 9: same channels, therefore possible
  - Good

2. Please note that when this relay (1 Form A 1 Form B types) operates and releases, contacts a and b may go ON at the same time.

#### For Cautions for Use.



# Panasonic ideas for life

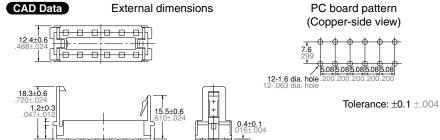
#### **ACCESSORIES**

### S RELAYS SOCKET



The CAD data of the products with a **CAD Data** mark can be downloaded from: http://panasonic-electric-works.net/ac





General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

Terminal width: 1.3 .051 Terminal thickness: 1.2 .047

#### **Compliance with RoHS Directive**

#### **TYPES**

Product name	Part No.
S Relays Socket	S-PS

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Maximum continuous current	4 A Note: Don't insert or remove relays while in the energized condition.		
Breakdown voltage	1,500 Vrms between terminals		
Insulation resistance	More than 100 M $\Omega$ between terminals at 500 V DC Mega		
Heat resistance	150 ±3°C (302 ±5.4°F) for 1 hour.		

#### **NOTES**

#### Inserting and removing method

Inserting method: Insert the relay as shown in Fig. 1 unit the rib of the relay snaps into the clip of the socket.

#### Removing method:

- (1) Remove the relay straight from the socket holding the shaded portion of the relay as shown in Fig. 2.
- (2) When sockets are mounted in close proximity, use a slotted screw driver as shown in Fig. 3.

