



High-Voltage Switchmode Controllers

FEATURES

- 10- to 120-V Input Range
- Current-Mode Control
- High-Speed, Source-Sink Output Drive
- High Efficiency Operation (> 80%)
- Internal Start-Up Circuit
- Internal Oscillator (1 MHz)
- $\overline{\text{SHUTDOWN}}$ and RESET
- Reference Selection
 - Si9110 – $\pm 1\%$
 - Si9111 – $\pm 10\%$

DESCRIPTION

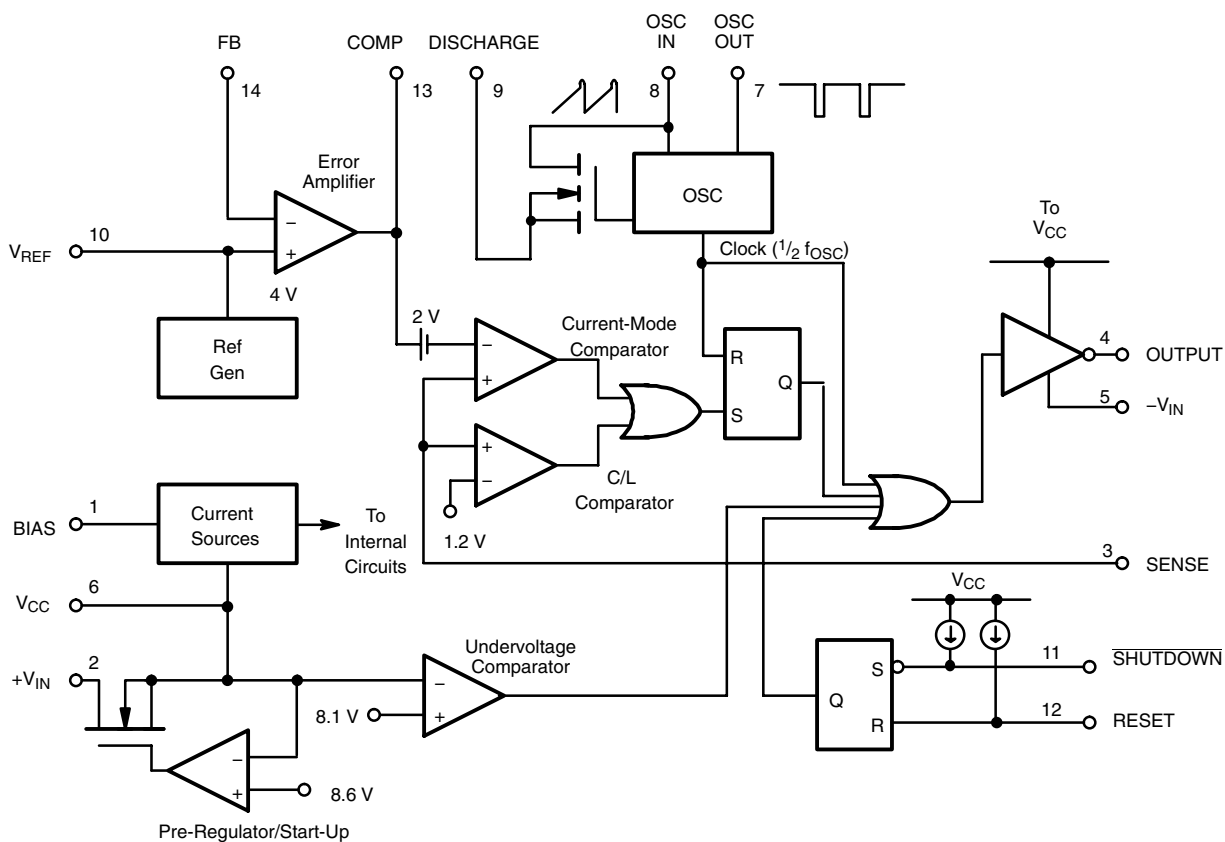
The Si9110/9111 are BiC/DMOS integrated circuits designed for use as high-performance switchmode controllers. A high-voltage DMOS input allows the controller to work over a wide range of input voltages (10- to 120-VDC). Current-mode PWM control circuitry is implemented in CMOS to reduce internal power consumption to less than 10 mW.

A push-pull output driver provides high-speed switching for MOSPOWER devices large enough to supply 50 W of output

power. When combined with an output MOSFET and transformer, the Si9110/9111 can be used to implement single-ended power converter topologies (i.e., flyback, forward, and cuk).

The Si9110/9111 are available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free 14-pin plastic DIP and SOIC packages which are specified to operate over the industrial temperature range of -40°C to 85°C .

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGSVoltages Referenced to $-V_{IN}$ (Note: $V_{CC} < +V_{IN} + 0.3\text{ V}$)

V_{CC}	15 V
$+V_{IN}$	120 V
Logic Inputs (RESET, SHUTDOWN, OSC IN, OSC OUT)	-0.3 V to $V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$
Linear Inputs (FEEDBACK, SENSE, BIAS, V_{REF})	-0.3 V to $V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$
HV Pre-Regulator Input Current (continuous)	5 mA
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150°C
Operating Temperature	-40 to 85°C

Junction Temperature (T_J)	150°C
Power Dissipation (Package)a	
14-Pin Plastic DIP (J Suffix)b	750 mW
14-Pin SOIC (Y Suffix)c	900 mW
Thermal Impedance (Θ_{JA})	
14-Pin Plastic DIP	167°C/W
14-Pin SOIC	140°C/W

Notes

- a. Device mounted with all leads soldered or welded to PC board.
b. Derate 6 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ above 25°C .
c. Derate 7.2 mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ above 25°C .

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGEVoltages Referenced to $-V_{IN}$

V_{CC}	9.5 V to 13.5 V
$+V_{IN}$	10 V to 120 V
f_{OSC}	40 kHz to 1 MHz

R_{OSC}	25 k Ω to 1 M Ω
Linear Inputs	0 to $V_{CC} - 3\text{ V}$
Digital Inputs	0 to V_{CC}

SPECIFICATIONS^a

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified DISCHARGE = -V _{IN} = 0 V V _{CC} = 10 V, +V _{IN} = 48 V R _{BIAS} = 390 kΩ, R _{OSC} = 330 kΩ	Temp ^b	D Suffix –40 to 85°C			Unit	
				Min ^d	Typ ^c	Max ^d		
Reference								
Output Voltage	V _R	OSC IN = – V _{IN} (OSC Disabled) R _L = 10 MΩ	Si9110	Room	3.92	4.0	4.08	V
			Si9111	Room	3.60	4.0	4.40	
			Si9110	Full	3.86		4.14	
			Si9111	Full	3.52		4.46	
Output Impedance ^e	Z _{OUT}		Room	15	30	45	kΩ	
Short Circuit Current	I _{SREF}	V _{REF} = –V _{IN}	Room	70	100	130	μA	
Temperature Stability ^e	T _{REF}		Full		0.50	1.0	mV/°C	
Oscillator								
Maximum Frequency ^e	f _{MAX}	R _{OSC} = 0	Room	1	3		MHz	
Initial Accuracy	f _{OSC}	R _{OSC} = 330 k, See Note f	Room	80	100	120	kHz	
		R _{OSC} = 150 k, See Note f	Room	160	200	240		
Voltage Stability	Δf/f	Δf/f=f(13.5 V) – f(9.5 V)/ f(9.5 V)	Room		10	15	%	
Temperature Coefficient ^e	T _{OSC}		Full		200	500	ppm/°C	
Error Amplifier								
Feedback Input Voltage	V _{FB}	FB Tied to COMP OSC IN = – V _{IN} (OSC Disabled)	Si9110	Room	3.96	4.00	4.04	V
			Si9111	Room	3.60	4.00	4.40	
Input BIAS Current	I _{FB}	OSC IN = – V _{IN} , V _{FB} = 4 V	Room		25	500	nA	
Input OFFSET Voltage	V _{OS}	OSC IN = – V _{IN} (OSC Disabled)	Room		± 15	± 40	mV	
Open Loop Voltage Gain ^e	A _{VOL}		Room	60	80		dB	
Unity Gain Bandwidth ^e	BW		Room	1	1.3		MHz	
Dynamic Output Impedance ^e	Z _{OUT}		Room		1000	2000	Ω	
Output Current	I _{OUT}	Source (V _{FB} = 3.4 V)	Room		–2.0	–1.4	mA	
		Sink (V _{FB} = 4.5 V)	Room	0.12	0.15			
Power Supply Rejection	PSRR	9.5 V ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 13.5 V	Room	50	70		dB	



SPECIFICATIONS ^a							
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Otherwise Specified DISCHARGE = −V _{IN} = 0 V V _{CC} = 10 V, +V _{IN} = 48 V R _{BIAS} = 390 kΩ, R _{OSC} = 330 kΩ	Temp ^b	D Suffix −40 to 85°C			Unit
				Min ^d	Typ ^c	Max ^d	
Current Limit							
Threshold Voltage	V _{SOURCE}	V _{FB} = 0 V	Room	1.0	1.2	1.4	V
Delay to Output ^e	t _d	V _{SENSE} = 1.5 V, See Figure 1	Room		100	150	ns
Pre-Regulator/Start-Up							
Input Voltage	+V _{IN}	I _{IN} = 10 μA	Room	120			V
Input Leakage Current	+I _{IN}	V _{CC} ≥ 9.4 V	Room			10	μA
Pre-Regulator Start-Up Current	I _{START}	Pulse Width ≤ 300 μs, V _{CC} = V _{ULVO}	Room	8	15		mA
V _{CC} Pre-Regulator Turn-Off Threshold Voltage	V _{REG}	I _{PRE-REGULATOR} = 10 μA	Room	7.8	8.6	9.4	V
Undervoltage Lockout	V _{UVLO}		Room	7.0	8.1	8.9	
V _{REG} −V _{UVLO}	V _{DELTA}		Room	0.3	0.6		
Supply							
Supply Current	I _{CC}	C _{LOAD} < 75 pF (Pin 4)	Room	0.45	0.6	1.0	mA
Bias Current	I _{BIAS}		Room	10	15	20	μA
Logic							
SHUTDOWN Delay ^e	t _{SD}	C _L = 500 pF, V _{SENSE} −V _{IN} , See Figure 2	Room		50	100	ns
SHUTDOWN Pulse Width ^e	t _{SW}	See Figure 3	Room	50			
RESET Pulse Width ^e	t _{RW}		Room	50			
Latching Pulse Width SHUTDOWN and RESET Low ^e	t _{LW}	See Figure 3	Room	25			
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		Room			2.0	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		Room	8			
Input Current Input Voltage High	I _{IH}	V _{IN} = 10 V	Room		1	5	μA
Input Current Input Voltage Low	I _{IL}	V _{IN} = 0 V	Room	−35	−25		
Output							
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OUT} = −10 mA	Room Full	9.7 9.5			V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OUT} = 10 mA	Room Full			0.30 0.50	
Output Resistance	R _{OUT}	I _{OUT} = 10 mA, Source or Sink	Room Full		20 25	30 50	Ω
Rise Time ^e	t _r	C _L = 500 pF	Room		40	75	ns
Fall Time ^e	t _f		Room		40	75	

Notes

- Refer to PROCESS OPTION FLOWCHART for additional information.
- Room = 25°C, Full = as determined by the operating temperature suffix.
- Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.
- The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum.
- Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.
- C_{STRAY} Pin 8 = $\leq 5\text{ pF}$.

TIMING WAVEFORMS

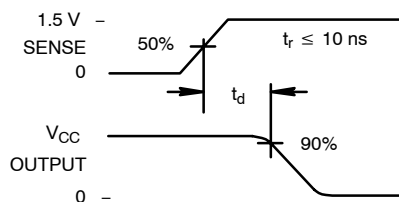


FIGURE 1.

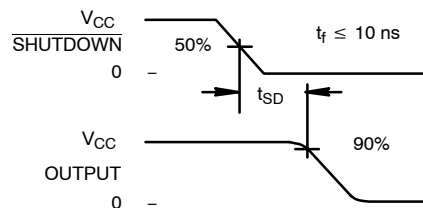


FIGURE 2.

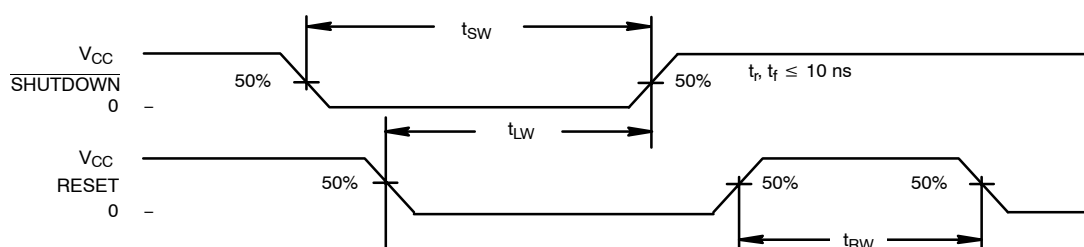


FIGURE 3.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

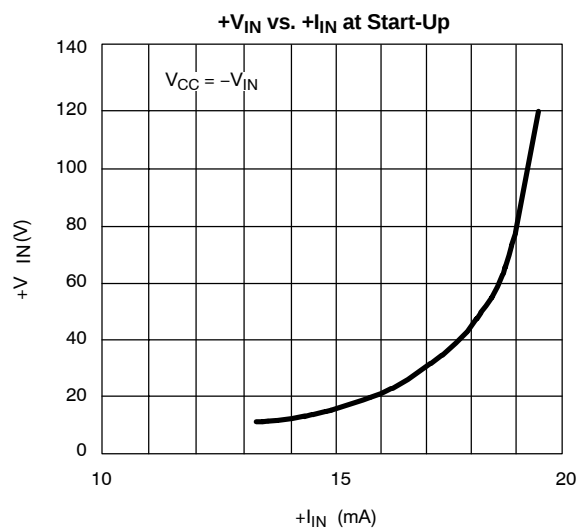


FIGURE 4.

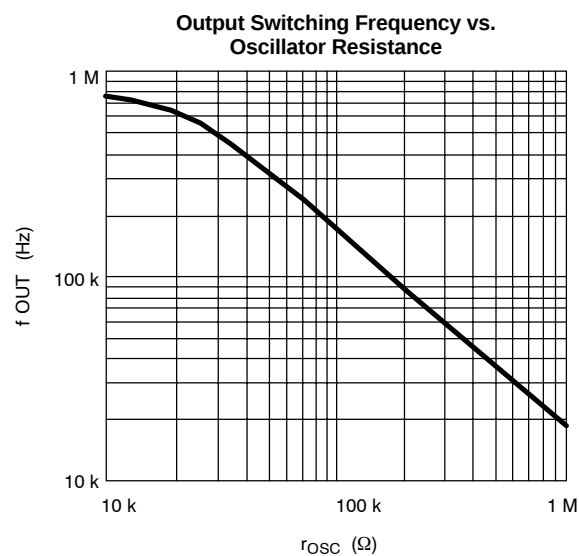
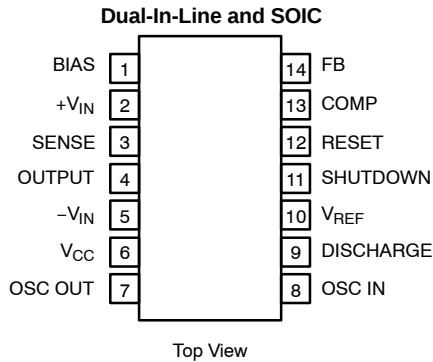


FIGURE 5.



PIN CONFIGURATIONS AND ORDERING INFORMATION



ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package
Si9110DY	-40 to 85°C	SOIC-14
Si9110DY-T1		
Si9110DY-T1—E3		
Si9111DY		
Si9111DY-T1		
Si9111DY-T1—E3		
Si9110DJ		PDIP-14
Si9110DJ—E3		
Si9111DJ		
Si9111DJ—E3		

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Pre-Regulator/Start-Up Section

Due to the low quiescent current requirement of the Si9110/9111 control circuitry, bias power can be supplied from the unregulated input power source, from an external regulated low-voltage supply, or from an auxiliary “bootstrap” winding on the output inductor or transformer.

When power is first applied during start-up, +VIN (pin 2) will draw a constant current. The magnitude of this current is determined by a high-voltage depletion MOSFET device which is connected between +VIN and VCC (pin 6). This start-up circuitry provides initial power to the IC by charging an external bypass capacitance connected to the VCC pin. The constant current is disabled when VCC exceeds 8.6 V. If VCC is not forced to exceed the 8.6-V threshold, then VCC will be regulated to a nominal value of 8.6 V by the pre-regulator circuit.

As the supply voltage rises toward the normal operating conditions, an internal undervoltage (UV) lockout circuit keeps the output driver disabled until VCC exceeds the undervoltage lockout threshold (typically 8.1 V). This guarantees that the control logic will be functioning properly and that sufficient gate drive voltage is available before the MOSFET turns on. The design of the IC is such that the undervoltage lockout threshold will be at least 300 mV less than the pre-regulator turn-off voltage. Power dissipation can be minimized by providing an external power source to VCC such that the constant current source is always disabled.

Note: During start-up or when VCC drops below 8.6 V the start-up circuit is capable of sourcing up to 20 mA. This may

lead to a high level of power dissipation in the IC (for a 48-V input, approximately 1 W). Excessive start-up time caused by external loading of the VCC supply can result in device damage. Figure 6 gives the typical pre-regulator current at BiC/DMOS as a function of input voltage.

BIAS

To properly set the bias for the Si9110/9111, a 390-kΩ resistor should be tied from BIAS (pin 1) to -VIN (pin 5). This determines the magnitude of bias current in all of the analog sections and the pull-up current for the SHUTDOWN and RESET pins. The current flowing in the bias resistor is nominally 15 μA.

Reference Section

The reference section of the Si9110 consists of a temperature compensated buried zener and trimmable divider network. The output of the reference section is connected internally to the non-inverting input of the error amplifier. Nominal reference output voltage is 4 V. The trimming procedure that is used on the Si9110 brings the output of the error amplifier (which is configured for unity gain during trimming) to within ±1% of 4 V. This compensates for input offset voltage in the error amplifier.

The output impedance of the reference section has been purposely made high so that a low impedance external voltage source can be used to override the internal voltage source, if desired, without otherwise altering the performance of the device.



DETAILED DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

Applications which use a separate external reference, such as non-isolated converter topologies and circuits employing optical coupling in the feedback loop, do not require a trimmed voltage reference with 1% accuracy. The Si9111 accommodates the requirements of these applications at a lower cost, by leaving the reference voltage untrimmed. The 10% accurate reference thus provided is sufficient to establish a dc bias point for the error amplifier.

Error Amplifier

Closed-loop regulation is provided by the error amplifier, which is intended for use with “around-the-amplifier” compensation. A MOS differential input stage provides for low input current. The noninverting input to the error amplifier (V_{REF}) is internally connected to the output of the reference supply and should be bypassed with a small capacitor to ground.

Oscillator Section

The oscillator consists of a ring of CMOS inverters, capacitors, and a capacitor discharge switch. Frequency is set by an external resistor between the OSC IN and OSC OUT pins. (See Figure 5 for details of resistor value vs. frequency.) The DISCHARGE pin should be tied to $-V_{IN}$ for normal internal oscillator operation. A frequency divider in the logic section limits switch duty cycle to $\leq 50\%$ by locking the switching frequency to one half of the oscillator frequency.

Remote synchronization is accomplished by capacitive coupling of a positive SYNC pulse into the OSC IN (pin 8) terminal. For a 5-V pulse amplitude and 0.5- μ s pulse width, typical values would be 100 pF in series with 3 k Ω to pin 8.

SHUTDOWN and RESET

SHUTDOWN (pin 11) and RESET (pin 12) are intended for overriding the output MOSFET switch via external control

logic. The two inputs are fed through a latch preceding the output switch. Depending on the logic state of RESET, SHUTDOWN can be either a latched or unlatched input. The output is off whenever SHUTDOWN is low. By simultaneously having SHUTDOWN and RESET low, the latch is set and SHUTDOWN has no effect until RESET goes high. The truth table for these inputs is given in Table 1.

Table 1: Truth Table for the SHUTDOWN and RESET Pins

SHUTDOWN	RESET	Output
H	H	Normal Operation
H		Normal Operation (No Change)
L	H	Off (Not Latched)
L	L	Off (Latched)
	L	Off (Latched, No Change)

Both pins have internal current source pull-ups and should be left disconnected when not in use. An added feature of the current sources is the ability to connect a capacitor and an open-collector driver to the SHUTDOWN or RESET pins to provide variable shutdown time.

Output Driver

The push-pull driver output has a typical on-resistance of 20 Ω . Maximum switching times are specified at 75 ns for a 500-pF load. This is sufficient to directly drive MOSFETs such as the 2N7004, 2N7005, IRFD120 and IRFD220. Larger devices can be driven, but switching times will be longer, resulting in higher switching losses. In order to drive large MOSPOWER devices, it is necessary to use an external driver IC, such as the Vishay Siliconix D469A. The D469A can switch very large devices such as the SMM20N50 (500 V, 0.3 Ω) in approximately 100 ns.

APPLICATIONS

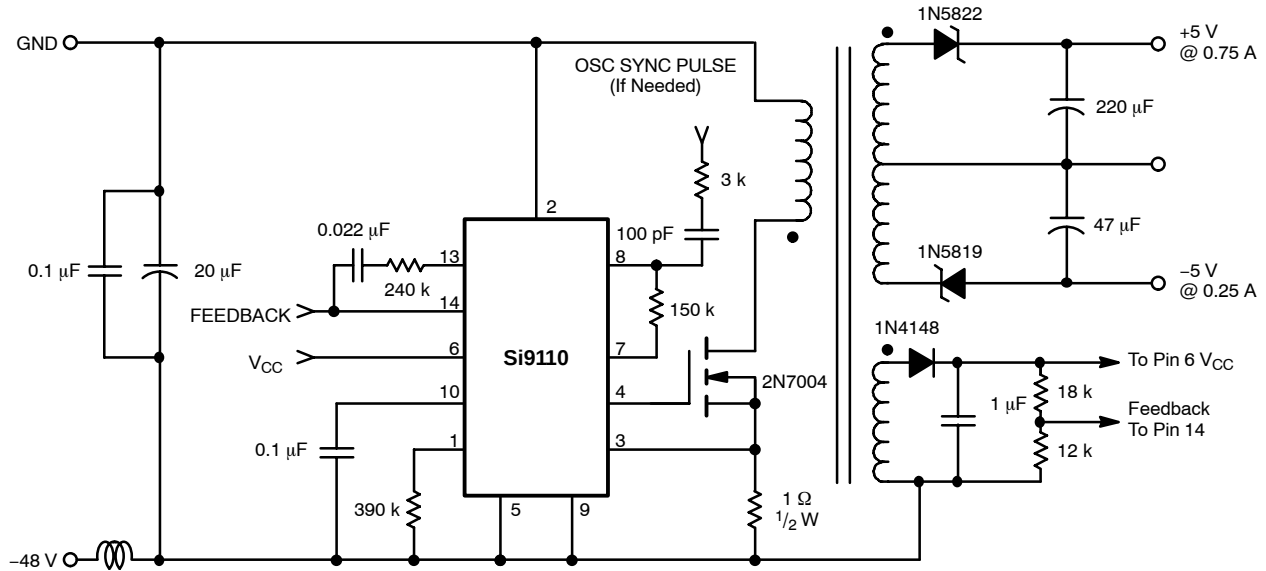
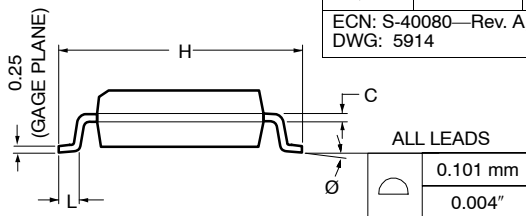
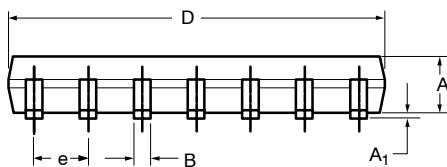
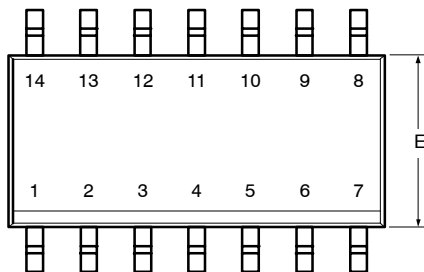


FIGURE 6. 5-Watt Power Supply for Telecom Applications

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <http://www.vishay.com/ppg?70004>.



SOIC (NARROW): 14-LEAD (POWER IC ONLY)

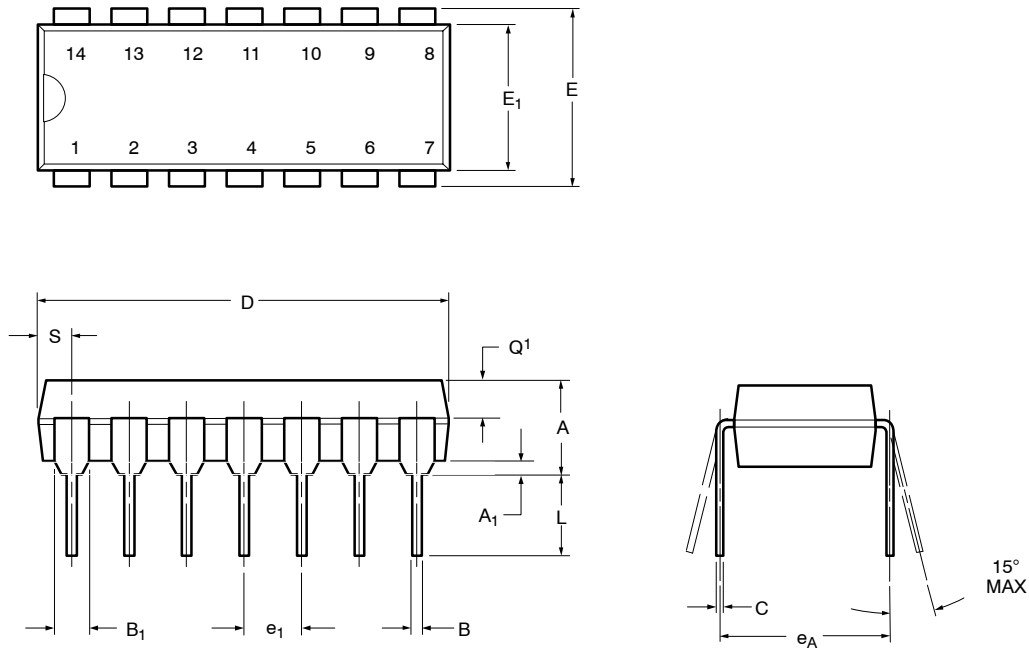


Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008
B	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
C	0.18	0.23	0.007	0.009
D	8.55	8.75	0.336	0.344
E	3.8	4.00	0.149	0.157
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°

ECN: S-40080—Rev. A, 02-Feb-04
DWG: 5914



PDIP: 14-LEAD (POWER IC ONLY)



Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200
A ₁	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
B	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
B ₁	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
C	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D	17.27	19.30	0.680	0.760
E	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
E ₁	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
e ₁	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e _A	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
Q ₁	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
S	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080

ECN: S-40081—Rev. A, 02-Feb-04
DWG: 5919



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