



Half-Bridge MOSFET Driver for Switching Power Supplies

FEATURES

- 4.5- to 5.5-V Operation
- Undervoltage Lockout
- 250-kHz to 1-MHz Switching Frequency
- Synchronous Switch Enable
- One Input PWM Signal Generates Both Drive
- Bootstrapped High-Side Drive
- Operates from 4.5- to 30-V Supply
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Input Levels
- 1-A Peak Drive Current
- Break-Before-Make Circuit

APPLICATIONS

- Multiphase Desktop CPU Supplies
- Single-Supply Synchronous Buck Converters
- Mobile Computing CPU Core Power Converters
- Standard-Synchronous Converters
- High Frequency Switching Converters

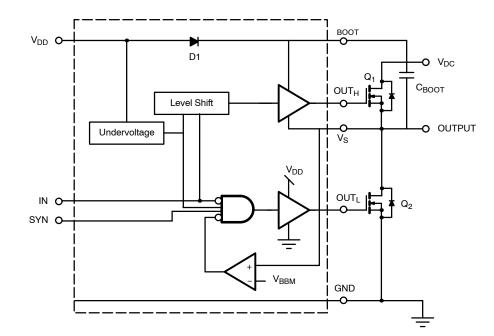
DESCRIPTION

The Si9913 is a dual MOSFET high-speed driver with break-before-make. It is designed to operate in high frequency dc-dc switchmode power supplies. The high-side driver is bootstrapped to handle the high voltage slew rate associated with "floating" high-side gate drivers. Each driver is capable of switching a 3000-pF load with 60-ns propogation delay and 25-ns transition time. The Si9913 comes with internal break-before-make feature to prevent shoot-through current in the external MOSFETs. A synschronous enable pin is used to

enable the low-side driver. When disabled, the \mbox{OUT}_{L} is logic low.

The Si9913 is available in both standard and lead (Pb)-free 8-pin SOIC packages for operation over the industrial operation range $(-40^{\circ}\text{C to }85^{\circ}\text{C})$.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM AND TRUTH TABLE



TRUTH TABLE					
٧s	SYN	IN	V _{OUTL}	V _{OUTH}	
L	L	L	L	L	
L	L	Н	L	Н	
L	Н	L	Н	L	
L	Н	Н	L	Н	
Н	L	L	L	L	
Н	L	Н	L	Н	
Н	Н	L	L	L	
Н	Н	Н	L	Н	



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _A = 25°C UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)					
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Low Side Driver Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	7.0			
Input Voltage on IN	V _{IN}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3			
Synchronous Pin Voltage	V _{SYN}	-0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V		
Bootstrap Voltage	V _{BOOT}	35.0	1		
High Side Driver (Bootstrap) Supply Voltage	V _{BOOT} - V _S	7.0			
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40 to 125	00		
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg} -40 to 150				
Power Dissipation (Note a and b)	P _D	830	mW		
Thermal Impedance	θJA	125	°C/W		
Lead Temperature (soldering 10 Sec)		300	°C		

- Notes
 a. Device mounted with all leads soldered to P.C. Board
 b. Derate 8.3 W/°C above 25°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS					
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Bootstrap Voltage (High-Side Drain Voltage)	V _{BOOT}	4.5 to 30			
Logic Supply	V_{DD}	4.5 to 5.5	V		
Bootstrap Capacitor	C _{BOOT}	100 n to 1 μ	F		
Ambient Temperature	T _A	-40 to 85	°C		

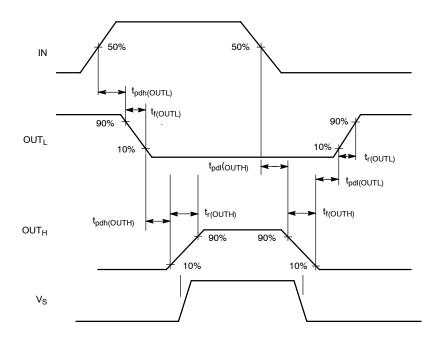
SPECIFICATIONS							
		Test Conditions Unless Specified	pecified Limits				
Parameter	Symbol	V_{BOOT} = 4.5 to 30 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V T_{A} = -40 to 85°C	Mina	Турь	Maxa	Unit	
Power Supplies							
V _{DD} Supply	V_{DD}		4.5		5.5		
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD1} (en)	$SYN = H$, $IN = H$, $V_S = 0 V$			1000		
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD2(en)}	SYN = H, IN = L, $V_S = 0 \text{ V}$			500	١.	
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD3(dis)}	SYN = L, IN = X, $V_S = V$			500	μΑ	
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD4(en)}	SYN = H, IN = X, V_S = 25 V, V_{BOOT} = 30 V			200		
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD5(dis)}	SYN = L, IN = X, $V_S = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{BOOT} = 30 \text{ V}$			200		
	I _{DD(en)}	F _{IN} = 300 kHz, SYN = High, Driving Si4412DY		9			
I _{DD} Supply	I _{DD(dis)}	F _{IN} = 300 kHz, SYN = Low, Driving Si4412DY		5		mA	
Boot Strap Current	I _{BOOT}	V _{BOOT} = 30 V, V _S = 25 V, V _{OUTH} = H	0.9		3		
Reference Voltage	<u> </u>				-		
Break-Before-Make Reference Voltage	V_{BBM}		1.1		3	V	
Logic Inputs (SYN, IN)							
Input High	V_{IH}		$0.7 \times V_{DD}$		V _{DD} + 0.3	V	
Input Low	V _{IL}		-0.3		0.3×V _{DD}		
Undervoltage Lockout			1		1		
V _{DD} Undervoltage	V _{UVL}	V _{DD} Rising	3.7		4.3	v	
V _{DD} Undervoltage Hysteresis	V _{HYST}			0.4			



SPECIFICATIONS							
	Symbol	Test Conditions Unless Specified	Limits				
Parameter		V_{BOOT} = 4.5 to 30 V, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V T_{A} = -40 to 85° C	Mina	Турь	Maxa	Unit	
Bootstrap Diode	<u> </u>						
Diode Forward Voltage	VF _{D1}	Forward Current = 100 mA		0.8	1	V	
Output Drive Current			•	•	•	•	
OUT _H Source Current	I _{OUT(H+)}	$V_{BOOT} - V_{S} = 3.7 \text{ V}, V_{OUTH} - V_{S} = 2 \text{ V}$			-0.4	$\overline{\Box}$	
OUT _H Sink Current	I _{OUT(H-)}	$V_{BOOT} - V_{S} = 3.7 \text{ V}, V_{OUTH} - V_{S} = 1 \text{ V}$	0.4				
OUT _L Source Current	I _{OUT (L+)}	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, V _{OUTL} = 2 V			-0.4	- A	
OUT _L Sink Current	I _{OUT(L-)}	V _{DD} = 4.5 V, V _{OUTL} = 1 V	0.6			=	
Timing (C _{LOAD} = 3 nF)							
OUT _L Off Propagation Delay	t _{pdl(OUTL)}	V 45V		30			
OUT _L On Propagation Delay	t _{pdh(OUTL)}	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		20		1	
OUT _H Off Propagation Delay	t _{pdl(OUTH)}	V 45V		30		1	
OUT _H On Propagation Delay	t _{pdh(OUTH)}	$V_{BOOT} - V_{S} = 4.5 V$		20		1	
OUT _L Turn On Time	t _{r(OUTL)}	UTL) OUT _L = 10 to 90%		25		ns	
OUT _L Turn Off Time	t _{f(OUTL)}	OUT _L = 90 to 10%		25			
OUT _H Turn On Time	t _{r(OUTH)}	$OUT_H - V_S = 10 \text{ to } 90\%$		30			
OUT _H Turn Off Time	t _{f(OUTH)}	$OUT_H - V_S = 90 \text{ to } 10\%$		30		1	

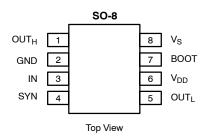
Notes
a. The algebraic convention whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
b. Typical values are for DESIGN AID ONLY, not guaranteed nor subject to production testing.

TIMING WAVEFORMS





PIN CONFIGURATION

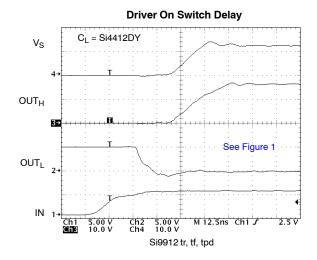


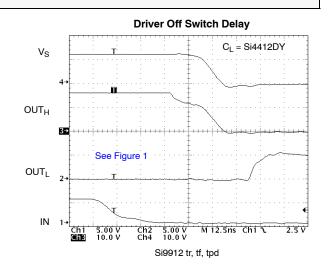
PIN DESCR	PIN DESCRIPTION					
Pin Number	Name	Function				
1	OUT _H	Output drive for upper MOSFET.				
2	GND	Ground supply				
3	IN	CMOS level input signal. Controls both output drives.				
4	SYN	Synchronous enable. When logic is high, the low-side driver is enabled.				
5	OUT _L	Output drive for lower MOSFET.				
6	V_{DD}	Input power supply				
7	BOOT	Floating bootstrap supply for the upper MOSFET				
8	Vs	Floating GND for the upper MOSFET. V _S is connected to the buck switching node and the source side of the upper MOSFET.				

ORDERING INFORMATION				
Part Number Temperature Range Package				
Si9913DY		Bulk		
Si9913DY-T1	−40 to 85°C	Tape and Reel		
Si9913DY-T1—E3		Lead (Pb)-Free Tape and Reel		

Eval Kit	Temperature Range	Board Type
Si9913DB	−40 to 85°C	Surface Mount

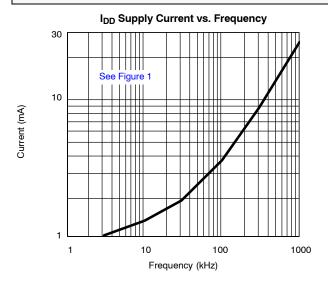
TYPICAL WAVEFORMS

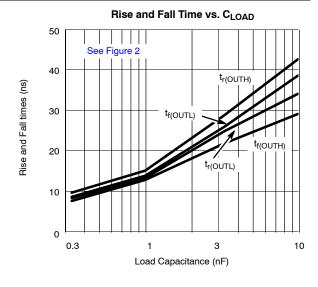


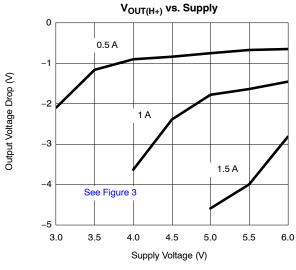


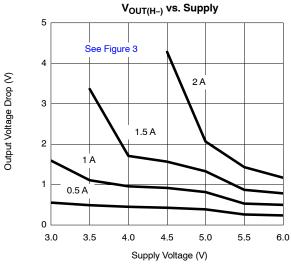


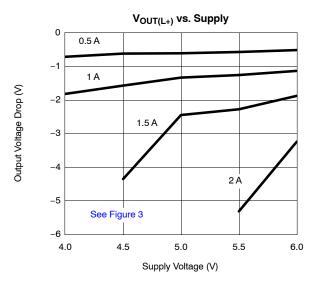
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C UNLESS NOTED)

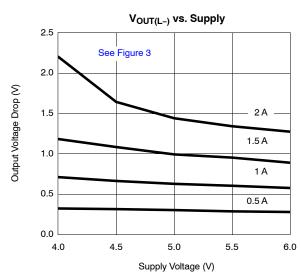






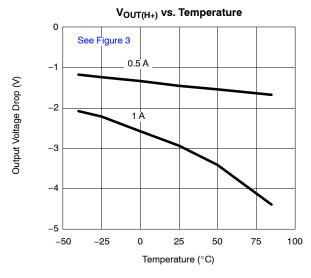


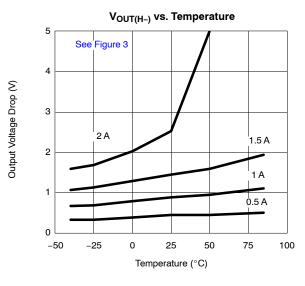


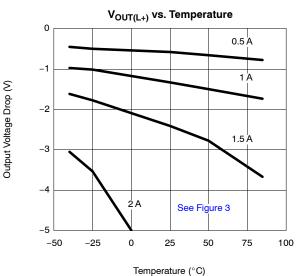


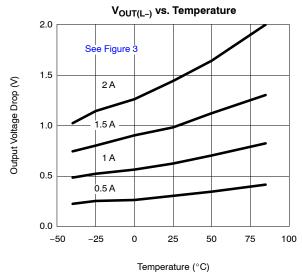


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25°C UNLESS NOTED)









THEORY OF OPERATION

Break-Before-Make Function

The Si9913 has an internal break-before-make function to ensure that both high-side and low-side MOSFETs are not turned on at the same time. The high-side drive (OUT_H) will not turn on until the low-side gate drive voltage (measured at the OUT_L pin) is less than V_{BBM}, thus ensuring that the low-side MOSFET is turned off. The low-side drive (OUT_L) will not turn on until the voltage at the MOSFET half-bridge output (measured at the V_S pin) is less than V_{BBM}, thus ensuring that the high-side MOSFET is turned off.

Under Voltage Lockout Function

The Si9913 has an internal under-voltage lockout feature to prevent driving the MOSFET gates when the supply voltage (at V_{DD}) is less than the under-voltage lockout specification (V_{UVL}). This prevents the output MOSFETs from being turned on without sufficient gate voltage to ensure they are fully on. There is hysteresis included in this feature to prevent lockout from cycling on and off.



Bootstrap Supply Operation (see Functional Block Diagram)

The power to drive the high-side MOSFET (Q2) gate comes from the bootstrap capacitor (C_{BOOT}). This capacitor charges through D1 during the time when the low-side MOSFET is on (V_S is at GND potential), and then provides the necessary charge to turn on the high-side MOSFET. C_{BOOT} should be sized to be greater than ten times the high-side MOSFET gate capacitance, and large enough to supply the bootstrap current (I_{BOOT}) during the high-side on time, without significant voltage droop.

Synchronous Enable

The synchronous enable pin serves to enable and disable the drive to the low-side MOSFET gate. With SYN high, the low-side MOSFET is driven on and off in antiphase with the high-side MOSFET to form a synchronous rectifier. This improves efficiency at high load currents because the flyback current is carried by the MOSFET, thus eliminating the diode

drop. With SYN low, the low-side MOSFET is held off all the time. This is particularly useful for discontinuous operation under light load or pulse skipping mode, where there is a long off time, because it prevents current flowing back from the output to ground during the off time.

Layout Considerations

There are a few critical layout considerations for these parts. Firstly, the IC must be decoupled as closely as possible to the power pins. Secondly the IC should be placed physically close to the high- and low-side MOSFETs it is driving. The major consideration is that the MOSFET gates must be charged or discharged in a few nanoseconds, and the peak current to do this is of the order of 1 A. This current must flow from the decoupling and bootstrap capacitors to the IC, and from the output driver pin to the MOSFET gate, returning from the MOSFET source to the IC. The aim of the layout is to reduce the parasitic inductance of these current paths as much as possible. This is accomplished by making these traces as short as possible, and also running trace and its current return path adjacent to each other.

APPLICATIONS

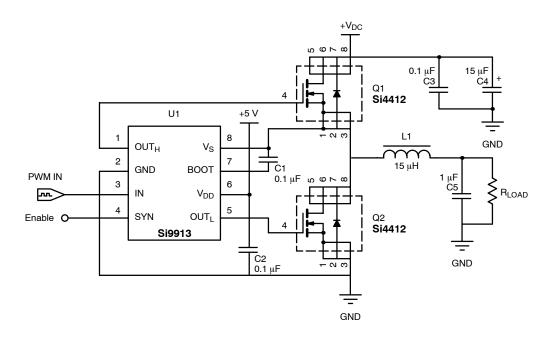
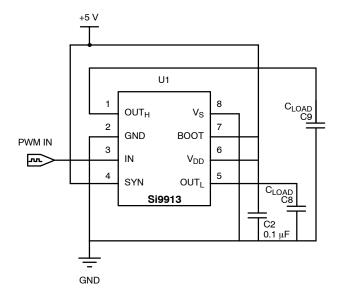


FIGURE 1. Typical Applications Schematic Circuit Used to Obtain Typical Rising and Falling Switching Waveforms





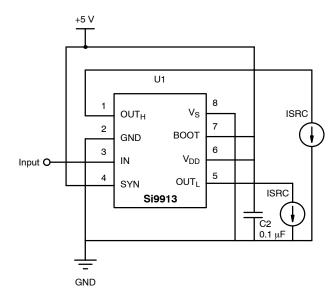


FIGURE 2. Capacitive Load Test Circuit Used to Measure Rise and Fall Times vs. Capacitance

FIGURE 3. Load Test Schematic Circuit Used to Measure Driver Output Impedance

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