

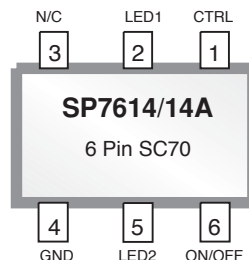
Low Dropout LED Driver for any Color LED

FEATURES

- LED Drivers for parallel connected LEDs
- Ultra Low Dropout Voltage of 150mV (SP7614/14A)
- No EMI, no switching noise
- Integrated current matching
- PWM and Analog brightness control
- Enable/Shutdown control
- Shutdown current $< 1\mu\text{A}$
- Small footprint SC-70 Package

P/N	Channels	Steady State Current Per LED
SP7611A	4	40mA
SP7612/12A	3	40mA
SP7614/14A	2	80mA

Now Available in Lead Free Packaging



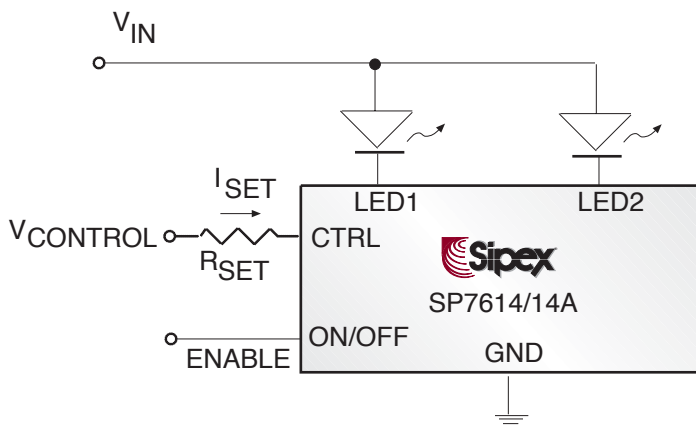
APPLICATIONS

- Next Generation Mobile Phones
- PDA, DSC, MP3 players
- Handheld Computers
- LCD Display Modules
- Keyboard Backlight
- LED Displays

DESCRIPTION

The SP761X driver family provides a simple solution for a matched current source for any color LED. The current in the LEDs can be programmed by an external resistor. The individual LED currents are $200 \times I_{SET}$, where I_{SET} is the current through the external resistor connected to the CTRL pin. The SP7611A is capable of driving four LEDs, while the SP7612/12A can drive three LEDs. The SP7614/14A is designated to drive two high current LEDs. LED1 should always be connected to an LED in order to have the other LEDs driven with a matched current to LED1. The SP7612/12A and SP7614/14A have Enable pins. When these devices are disabled, the supply current drops to $0.01\mu\text{A}$ typical. The SP761X driver family is available in a small footprint 6-pin SC-70 package.

TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

$V_{LED1}, V_{LED2}, V_{LED3}, V_{LED4}$ and EN Voltage to GND.....	-0.3V to 6V
CTRL Voltage to GND	0.5V
Output Current (I_{OUT}).....(SP7611A,7612, and 7612A).....	40mA
Output Current (I_{OUT}).....(SP7614, and 7614A).....	80mA
Power Dissipation per Package - 6-pin SC-70 at $T_A=85^{\circ}\text{C}$	190mW
Junction Temperature.....	+150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature.....	-55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
ESD Level.....	4kV HBM
ESD Level.....	1kV CDM

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Specifications are at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 3.3$ to 5.5, $\text{ENABLE} = V_{IN}$, ♦ denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	PART #	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	♦	CONDITIONS
LED Cathode Voltage	SP7611A SP7612/12A	0.3	0.5	1	V		
	SP7614/14A	0.15					
Ambient Temperature		-40	20	85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$		
Output Current Multiplication Ratio (Note 1)	SP7611A SP7612/12A	140	200	260			$I_{SET} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = 300\text{mV}$
	SP7614/14A						$I_{SET} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = 150\text{mV}$
LED Current I_{LED} (Per Diode)	SP7611A SP7612/12A		20		mA		$I_{SET} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = 300\text{mV}$
	SP7614/14A						$I_{SET} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = 150\text{mV}$
Output Current Multiplication Ratio in Saturation	SP7611A/12A	365	435	505			$I_{SET} = 25\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = .5\text{V}$
	SP7614A	730	870	1010			
LED to LED Current Matching		-3	0.8	3	%	♦	$I_{SET} = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{LED} = 300\text{mV}$
Peak Efficiency			90		%	♦	$V_{IN} = 3\text{V}$
Current in OFF Mode			0.01	1	μA	♦	$V_{EN} = 0.0\text{V}$
Min. ENABLE "ON Voltage" (Note 2)	SP7612/12A SP7614/14A	3			V	♦	$I_{SET} = 150\mu\text{A}$
Max. ENABLE "OFF Voltage" (Note 2)	SP7612/12A SP7614/14A			0.5	V	♦	

Note 1: Output current Multiplication Ratio (I_{LED}/I_{SET}) is not linear. For actual ratio and I_{LED} please refer to typical performance characteristics @ page 4 and page 5.

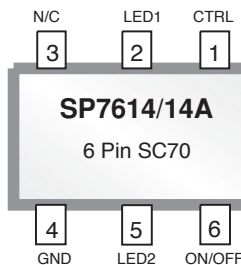
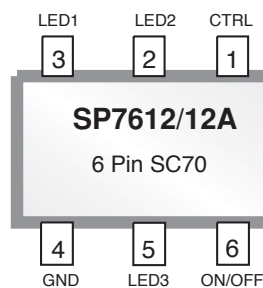
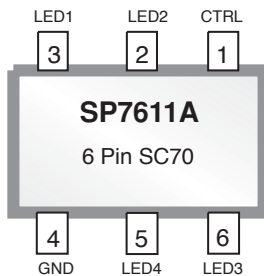
Note 2: ENABLE "ON" is $V_{ON/OFF}$ where $I_{LED1} > 20\text{mA}$ @ $V_{LED1} = 0.3\text{V}$.

ENABLE "OFF" is $V_{ON/OFF}$ where $I_{LED1} < 1\mu\text{A}$ @ $V_{LED1} > 0.3\text{V}$.

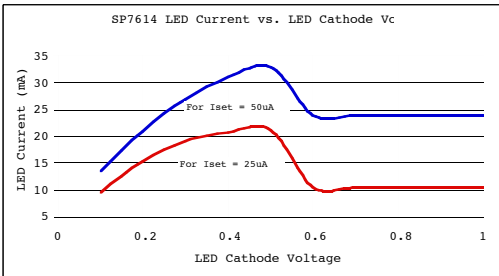
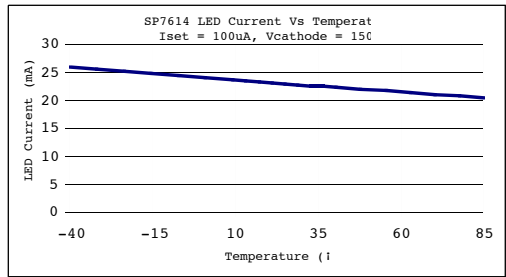
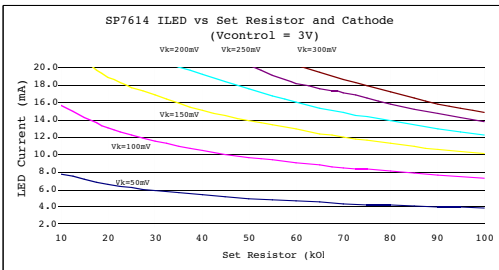
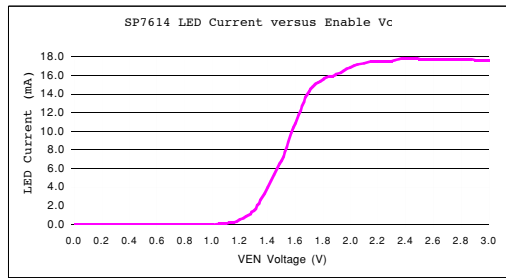
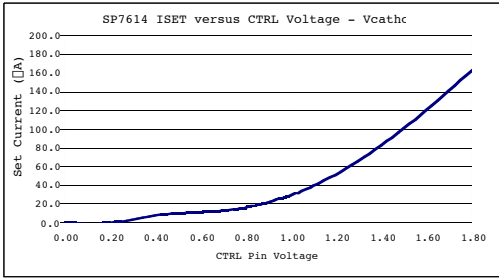
Pin No.	PIN NAME			DESCRIPTION
	SP7611A	SP7612/12A	SP7614/14A	
1	CTRL	CTRL	CTRL	Sets LED Current
2	LED2	LED2	LED1	Connect to Cathode of LED
3	LED1	LED1	NC	Connect to Cathode of LED
4	GND	GND	GND	Ground
5	LED4	LED3	LED2	Connect to Cathode of LED
6	LED3			Connect to Cathode of LED
		ON/OFF	ON/OFF	Chip ON/OFF/Disable

Device	Shutdown	LED Current
SP7612 / SP7614	Active SHDN	The LED current in Shutdown mode is controlled by the EN pin, or LED1 cathode voltage. LED current fall time is typically 0.5 μ s.
SP7612A / SP7614A	Passive SHDN	The LED current in Shutdown mode is only controlled by the EN pin, and is independent of LED1 cathode voltage. LED current fall time is typically 1.5 μ s.

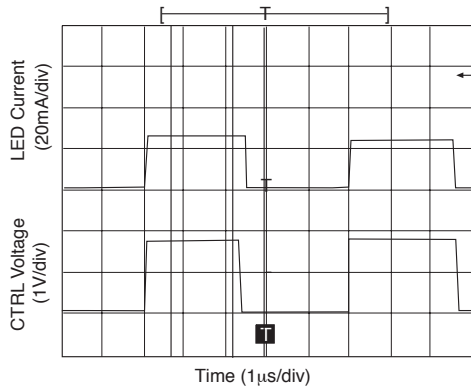
PINOUT



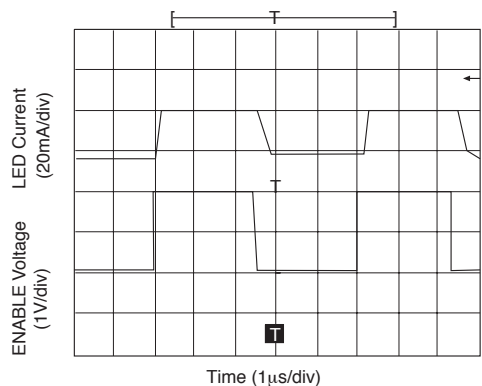
SP7614 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



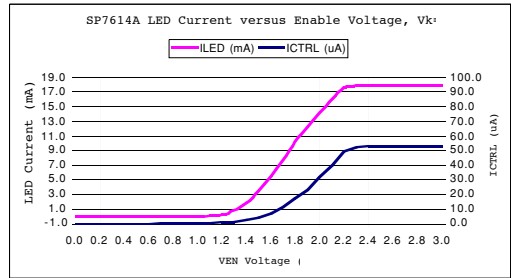
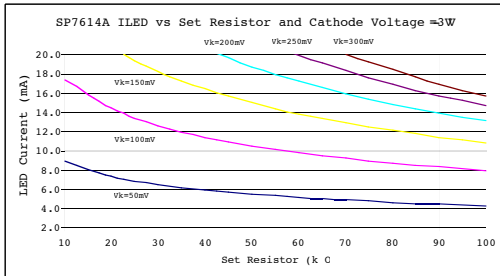
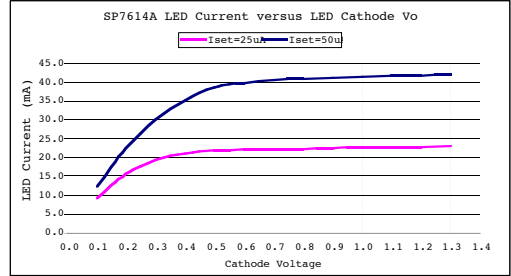
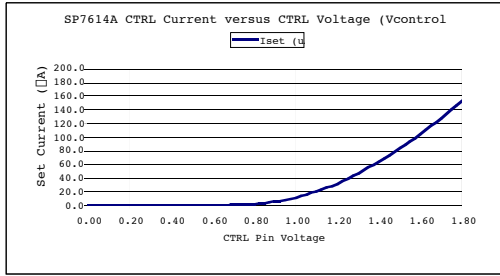
Control Voltage Transient Response



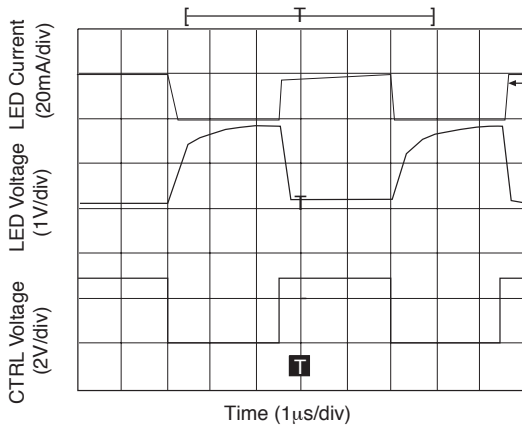
Enable Voltage Transient Response



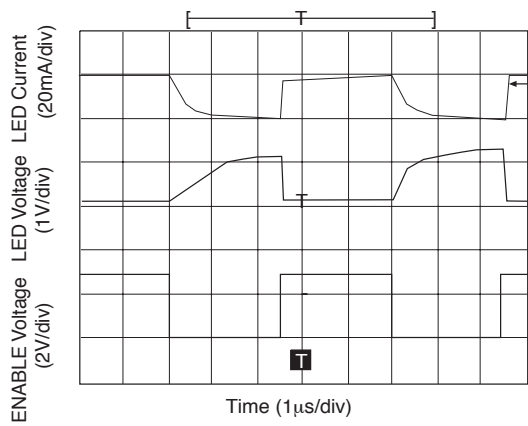
SP7614A TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



Control Voltage Transient Response



Enable Voltage Transient Response



SETTING THE LED CURRENT

The current flowing into LEDs is approximately 200 times greater than the current I_{SET} . The LED current is controlled by $I_{CONTROL}$ and R_{SET} according to the following formula:

$$I_{LED} = 200 \times (V_{CONTROL} - V_{CTRL}) / R_{SET}$$

For $V_{CONTROL} = 3V$ and a specified LED current, the R_{SET} value can be evaluated using the diagram shown in the Typical Performance Characteristics section. For any other option, use the " I_{SET} vs. V_{CTRL} " graph under the Typical Performance Characteristics section. The LED's brightness can also be adjusted by driving ENABLE or the CTRL pin with a PWM signal. The driving signal frequency should be greater than 100Hz to avoid flickering, increasing to more than 1MHz, if necessary.

LEDs are very sensitive to temperature. In most cases the maximum allowed junction temperature is 100°C. The over temperature due to power dissipation is described by the following:

$$T_j = T_A + \theta_{JA} \times I \times V_F$$

where

T_j is the LED junction temperature,

T_A is the ambient temperature,

θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance,

I is the LED current and

V_F is the LED forward voltage.

When the temperature rises and the cathode voltage increases, SP761X reduces the current through LEDs. Refer to "LED Current vs. LED Cathode Voltage" graph under the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

The SP761X driver's low dropout architecture can significantly improve the efficiency compared to using simple ballast resistors.

The system efficiency, defined as the ratio between the LED's power and the input supplied power can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Efficiency} = (V_{IN} - V_{CATHODE}) / V_{IN}$$

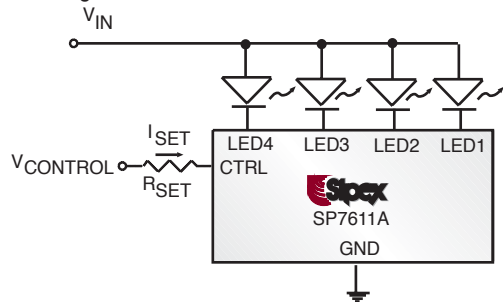
The lower the $V_{CATHODE}$, the higher the system efficiency. Efficiency can be further improved using a higher V_{IN} with more LEDs as shown in example 3.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The ultra-low voltage drop across the SP761X series of LED drivers allows the devices to drive white, blue, and other color LEDs in a wide range of input voltages. The driver can be used in many applications. Any of the SP761X series of LED drivers can be used in the applications presented in this document, due to their similar operation.

Example 1: Drive low V_F white or blue LEDs directly from single cell Li-ion

When using white or blue low V_F LEDs, and utilizing the driver's low voltage drop, only 3.4V in V_{IN} is needed for the full 20mA LED current. At 3.1V, there is still 5mA typical current available for the LEDs. The single cell Li-ion battery is utilized in many applications like cell phones or digital still cameras. In most cases, the Li-ion battery voltage level only goes down to 3.0V, and not down to the full discharge level (2.7V) before requesting the charger.



$$- V_{DROP} < 0.3V$$

$$- V_F \text{ (at 20mA)} < 3.1V \text{ (Low } V_F)$$

$$- V_{IN} \text{ (at 20mA)} < - V_{DROP} + V_F = 3.4V$$

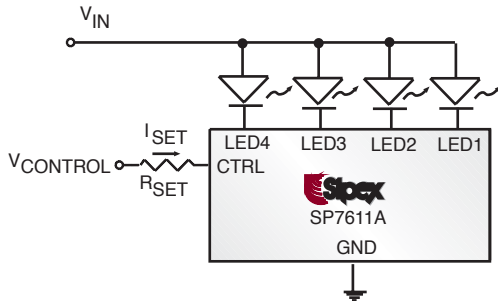
$$- V_{IN} \text{ (at 5mA typical)} \sim 3.1V$$

Key Advantages

- 1) No boost circuit needed for the LCD or keyboard backlight.
- 2) Drivers directly connected to a Li-Ion battery.
- 3) No EMI, no switching noise, no boost efficiency lost, no capacitor, and no inductor.

Example 2: Drive high V_F white or blue LEDs from existing bus ~ 4.0V to 5.5V

High V_F LEDs have a forward voltage drop in the range of 3.2V to 4.0V. In order to drive these LEDs with the maximum current of 20mA, enabling maximum brightness usually requires a boost circuit for a single cell Li-Ion power supply. The SP761X series is capable of driving high V_F white or blue LEDs with its ultra-low dropout feature. The V_{IN} needs to be only 300mV higher than the highest V_F in the circuit.



- $V_{DROP} < 0.3V$
- V_F (at 20mA) $< 3.3V$ to 4.0V (High V_F)
- V_{IN} (at 20mA) $= V_{DROP} + V_F = 3.6V$ to 4.3V
- V_{IN} (at 5mA typical) $\sim 3.3V$

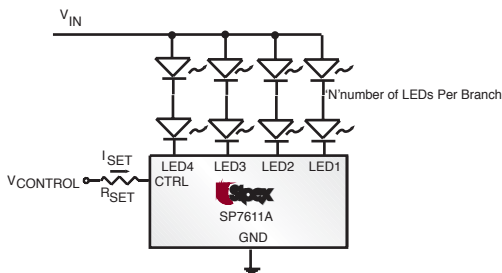
Where V_{IN} = Existing bus = 3.3V to 4.3V

Key Advantages

- 1) No boost circuit needed for the LCD or keyboard backlight.
- 2) Drivers utilize existing bus.
- 3) Ultra-low voltage drop provides the full 20mA LED current at the lowest possible voltage level.

Example 3: Drive white, blue, red, amber LED string

In a boost circuit, or existing voltage bus, the SP761X series of LED drivers can be used to drive a whole string of LEDs and flexible brightness control - whether using analog or PWM.



$$- V_{DROP} < 0.3V$$

$$- V_{IN_MIN} = N \times V_F + V_{DROP}$$

$$- V_{IN_MIN} = N \times V_F + 5.5V$$

Where V_{IN} = Existing bus, boost Voltage

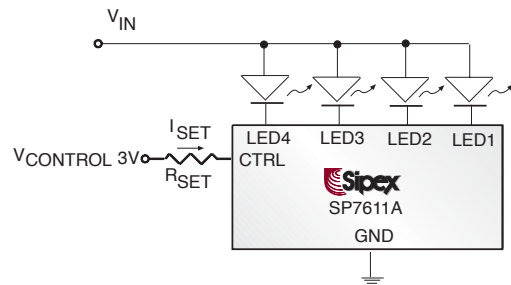
Key Advantages

- 1) No need for current matching resistors and discrete transistors for brightness control.

LED Brightness Control

The SP761X LED Drivers feature analog and PWM controls to give designers flexible brightness control. To determine the value of R_{SET} , use the " I_{SET} vs. V_{CTRL} " graph under the Typical Performance Characteristics.

1. SP7611A



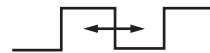
- Analog

Set $V_{CONTROL}$ and R_{SET} for LED current

$$I_{LED} = 200 \times (V_{CONTROL} - V_{CNTR}) / R_{SET}$$

- PWM

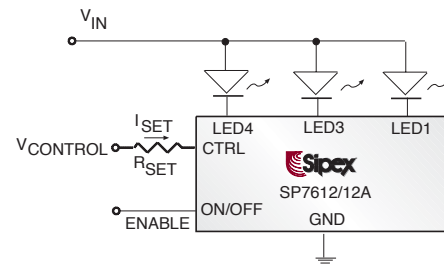
$V_{CONTROL} = PWM$



-Amplitude sets maximum LED current

-Pulse width controls between 0 and maximum

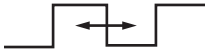
2. SP7612



- Analog

Set V_{CONTROL} and R_{SET} for LED current

- PWM -1



$$I_{\text{LED}} = 200 \times (V_{\text{CONTROL}} - V_{\text{CTRL}}) / R_{\text{SET}}$$

-Amplitude sets maximum LED current

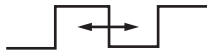
-Pulse width controls between 0 and maximum

- PWM -2

Set V_{CONTROL} and R_{SET} for LED current

$$I_{\text{LED}} \sim 200 \times I_{\text{SET}}$$

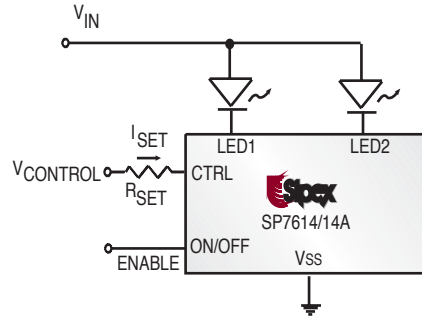
ON/OFF = PWM



-Amplitude has no effect on current

-Pulse width controls between 0 and maximum

3. SP7614

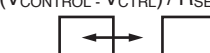


- Analog

Set V_{CONTROL} and R_{SET} for LED current

$$I_{\text{LED}} = 200 \times (V_{\text{CONTROL}} - V_{\text{CTRL}}) / R_{\text{SET}}$$

- PWM - 1



-Amplitude sets maximum LED current

-Pulse width controls between 0 and maximum

- PWM - 2

Set V_{CONTROL} and R_{SET} for LED current

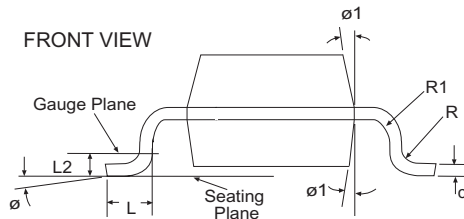
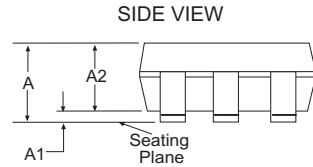
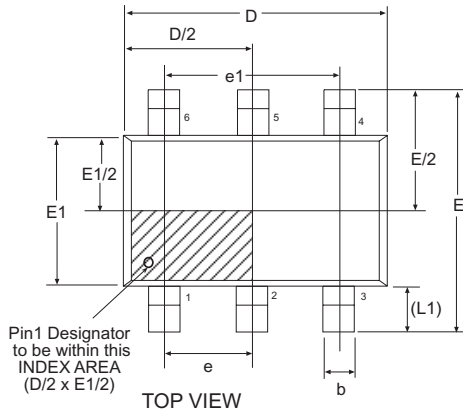
$$I_{\text{LED}} \sim 200 \times I_{\text{SET}}$$

ON/OFF = PWM



-Amplitude has no effect on current

-Pulse width controls between 0 and maximum



6 Pin SC-70				JEDEC MO-203		Variation AB	
SYMBOL	Dimensions in Millimeters: Controlling Dimension			Dimensions in Inches Conversion Factor: 1 Inch = 25.40 mm			
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	-	-	1.10	-	-	0.043	
A1	0.00	-	0.10	0.000	-	0.004	
A2	0.70	0.90	1.00	0.028	0.036	0.039	
c	0.08	-	0.22	0.004	-	0.009	
D	2.00 BSC			0.079 BSC			
E	2.10 BSC			0.083 BSC			
E1	1.25 BSC			0.049 BSC			
L	0.26	0.36	0.46	0.011	0.014	0.018	
L1	0.42 REF			0.017 REF			
L2	0.15 BSC			0.006 BSC			
R	0.10	-	-	0.004	-	-	
R1	0.10	-	0.25	0.004	-	0.010	
Ø	0°	4°	8°	0°	4°	8°	
Ø1	4°	-	12°	4°	-	12°	
b	0.15	-	0.30	0.006	-	0.012	
e	0.65 BSC			0.026 BSC			
e1	1.30 BSC			0.051 BSC			
SIPEX Pkg Signoff Date/Rev:				JL Oct31-05 / Rev A			

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package Type
SP7611AEC6	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7611AEC6/TR	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7612EC6	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7612EC6/TR	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7612AEC6	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7612AEC6/TR	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7614EC6	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7614EC6/TR	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7614AEC6	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70
SP7614AEC6/TR	-40°C to +85°C	6 Pin SC-70

Available in lead free packaging. To order add "-L" suffix to part number.

Example: SP7614AEC6/TR = standard; SP7614AEC6-L/TR = lead free

/TR = Tape and Reel

Pack quantity is 2500 for SC70.



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