Jameco Part Number 827542

- **Low r$_{DS(on)}$ . . . 1 Ω Typ**
- **Output Short-Circuit Protection**
- **Avalanche Energy . . . 75 mJ**
- **Eight 350-mA DMOS Outputs**
- **50-V Switching Capability**
- **Devices Are Cascadable**
- **Low Power Consumption**

NE PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

DRAIN2	1	20	DRAIN1
DRAIN3	2	19	DRAN0
$\overline{\text{SRCLR}}$	3	18	SER IN
$\overline{\text{G}}$	4	17	V$_{CC}$
PGND	5	16	PGND
PGND	6	15	PGND
RCK	7	14	LGND
SRCK	8	13	SER OUT
DRAIN4	9	12	DRAIN7
DRAIN5	10	11	DRAIN6

DW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

DRAIN2	1	24	DRAIN1
DRAIN3	2	23	DRAIN0
$\overline{\text{SRCLR}}$	3	22	SER IN
$\overline{\text{G}}$	4	21	V$_{CC}$
PGND	5	20	PGND
PGND	6	19	PGND
PGND	7	18	PGND
PGND	8	17	PGND
RCK	9	16	LGND
SRCK	10	15	SER OUT
DRAIN4	11	14	DRAIN7
DRAIN5	12	13	DRAIN6

description

The TPIC6A595 is a monolithic, high-voltage, high-current power logic 8-bit shift register designed for use in systems that require relatively high load power. The device contains a built-in voltage clamp on the outputs for inductive transient protection. Power driver applications include relays, solenoids, and other medium-current or high-voltage loads. Each open-drain DMOS transistor features an independent chopping current-limiting circuit to prevent damage in the case of a short circuit.
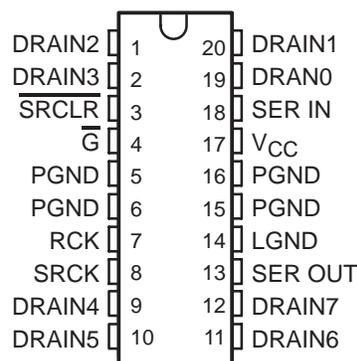
This device contains an 8-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register that feeds an 8-bit, D-type storage register. Data transfers through both the shift and storage registers on the rising edge of the shift-register clock (SRCK) and the register clock (RCK), respectively. The storage register transfers data to the output buffer when shift-register clear ($\overline{\text{SRCLR}}$) is high. When $\overline{\text{SRCLR}}$ is low, the input shift register is cleared. When output enable ($\overline{\text{G}}$) is held high, all data in the output buffers is held low and all drain outputs are off. When $\overline{\text{G}}$ is held low, data from the storage register is transparent to the output buffers. The serial output (SER OUT) allows for cascading of the data from the shift register to additional devices.

Outputs are low-side, open-drain DMOS transistors with output ratings of 50 V and a 350-mA continuous sink current capability. When data in the output buffers is low, the DMOS-transistor outputs are off. When data is high, the DMOS-transistor outputs have sink current capability.
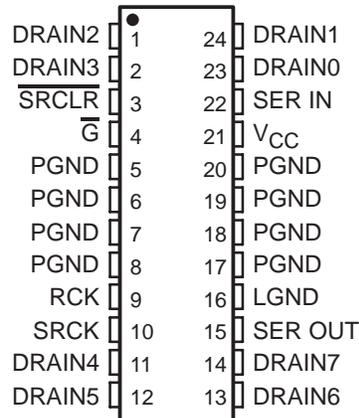
Separate power ground (PGND) and logic ground (LGND) terminals are provided to facilitate maximum system flexibility. All PGND terminals are internally connected, and each PGND terminal must be externally connected to the power system ground in order to minimize parasitic impedance. A single-point connection between LGND and PGND must be made externally in a manner that reduces crosstalk between the logic and load circuits.

The TPIC6A595 is offered in a thermally-enhanced dual-in-line (NE) package and a wide-body surface-mount (DW) package. The TPIC6A595 is characterized for operation over the operating case temperature range of −40°C to 125°C.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

logic symbol†

† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)

TPIC6A595
POWER LOGIC 8-BIT SHIFT REGISTER

SLIS005B – APRIL 1993 – REVISED MAY 2005

schematic of inputs and outputs

| TYPICAL OF SERIAL OUT | EQUIVALENT OF EACH INPUT | TYPICAL OF ALL DRAIN OUTPUTS |
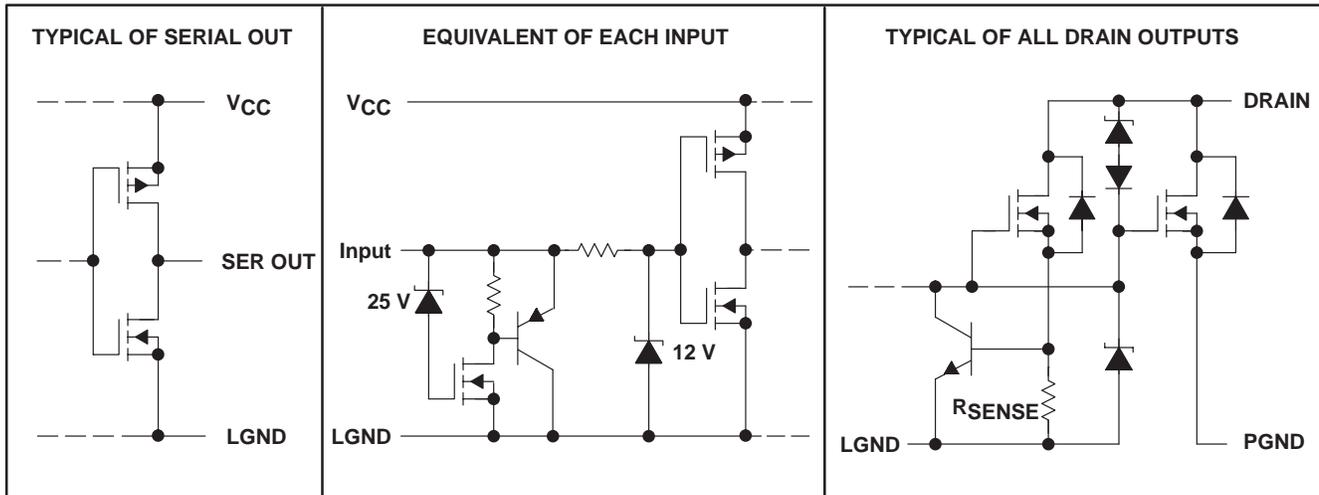
absolute maximum ratings over recommended operating case temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Logic supply voltage, V_{CC} (see Note 1) . . . . 7 V
Logic input voltage range, V_I . . . . −0.3 V to 7 V
Power DMOS drain-to-source voltage, V_{DS} (see Note 2) . . . . 50 V
Continuous source-drain diode anode current . . . . 1 A
Pulsed source-drain diode anode current (see Note 3) . . . . 2 A
Pulsed drain current, each output, all outputs on, I_{Dn}, $T_A = 25°C$ (see Note 3) . . . . 1.1 A
Continuous drain current, each output, all outputs on, I_{Dn}, $T_A = 25°C$ . . . . 350 mA
Peak drain current, single output, $T_A = 25°C$ (see Note 3) . . . . 1.1 A
Single-pulse avalanche energy, E_{AS} (see Figure 6) . . . . 75 mJ
Avalanche current, I_{AS} (see Note 4) . . . . 600 mA
Continuous total dissipation . . . . See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating case temperature range, T_C . . . . −40°C to 125°C
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T_J . . . . −40°C to 150°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg} . . . . −65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds . . . . 260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to LGND and PGND.
2. Each power DMOS source is internally connected to PGND.
3. Pulse duration ≤ 100 μs and duty cycle ≤ 2 %.
4. DRAIN supply voltage = 15 V, starting junction temperature (T_{JS}) = 25°C, L = 210 mH, I_{AS} = 600 mA (see Figure 6).

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_C ≤ 25°C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_C = 25°C$	$T_C = 125°C$ POWER RATING
DW	1750 mW	14 mW/°C	350 mW
NE	2500 mW	20 mW/°C	500 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Logic supply voltage, V_{CC}		4.5	5.5	V
High-level input voltage, V_{IH}		0.85 V_{CC}	V_{CC}	V
Low-level input voltage, V_{IL}		0	0.15 V_{CC}	V
Pulsed drain output current, T_C = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5 V (see Notes 3 and 5)		−1.8	0.6	A
Setup time, SER IN high before SRCK↑, t_{su} (see Figure 2)		10		ns
Hold time, SER IN high after SRCK↑, t_h (see Figure 2)		10		ns
Pulse duration, t_w (see Figure 2)		20		ns
Operating case temperature, T_C		−40	125	°C

electrical characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_C = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSX}$	Drain-to-source breakdown voltage	I_D = 1 mA		50			V
V_{SD}	Source-to-drain diode forward voltage	I_F = 350 mA, See Note 3			0.8	1.1	V
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage, SER OUT	I_{OH} = −20 μA		V_{CC}−0.1	V_{CC}		V
		I_{OH} = −4 mA		V_{CC}−0.5	V_{CC}−0.2		
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage, SER OUT	I_{OL} = 20 μA			0	0.1	V
		I_{OL} = 4 mA			0.2	0.5	
I_{IH}	High-level input current	V_I = V_{CC}				1	μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	V_I = 0				−1	μA
$I_{O(chop)}$	Output current at which chopping starts	T_C = 25°C, See Note 5 and Figures 3 and 4		0.6	0.8	1.1	A
I_{CC}	Logic supply current	I_O = 0, V_I = V_{CC} or 0			0.5	5	mA
$I_{CC(FRQ)}$	Logic supply current at frequency	f_{SRCK} = 5 MHz, I_O = 0, C_L = 30 pF, V_I = V_{CC} or 0, V_{CC} = 5 V, See Figure 7			1.3		mA
$I_{(nom)}$	Nominal current	$V_{DS(on)}$ = 0.5 V, $I_{(nom)}$ = I_D, T_C = 85°C, V_{CC} = 5 V, See Notes 5, 6, and 7			350		mA
I_D	Drain current, off-state	V_{DS} = 40 V, T_C = 25°C			0.1	1	μA
		V_{DS} = 40 V, T_C = 125°C			0.2	5	
$r_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-source on-state resistance	I_D = 350 mA, T_C = 25°C	See Notes 5 and 6 and Figures 10 and 11		1	1.5	Ω
		I_D = 350 mA, T_C = 125°C			1.7	2.5	
		I_D = 350 mA, T_C = 40°C					

NOTES: 3. Pulse duration ≤ 100 μs and duty cycle ≤ 2%.
5. Technique should limit T_J – T_C to 10°C maximum.
6. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.
7. Nominal current is defined for a consistent comparison between devices from different sources. It is the current that produces a voltage drop of 0.5 V at T_C = 85°C.

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_C = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output from $\overline{G}$	C_L = 30 pF, I_D = 350 mA, See Figures 1, 2, and 12		30		ns
t_{PLH}	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output from $\overline{G}$			125		ns
t_r	Rise time, drain output			60		ns
t_f	Fall time, drain output			30		ns
t_a	Reverse-recovery-current rise time	I_F = 350 mA, di/dt = 20 A/µs, See Notes 5 and 6 and Figure 5		100		ns
t_{rr}	Reverse-recovery time			300		ns

NOTES: 5. Technique should limit T_J – T_C to 10°C maximum.
6. These parameters are measured with voltage-sensing contacts separate from the current-carrying contacts.

thermal resistance

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal resistance, junction-to-case	DW	All eight outputs with equal power		10	°C/W
		NE			10	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient	DW	All eight outputs with equal power		50	°C/W
		NE			50	
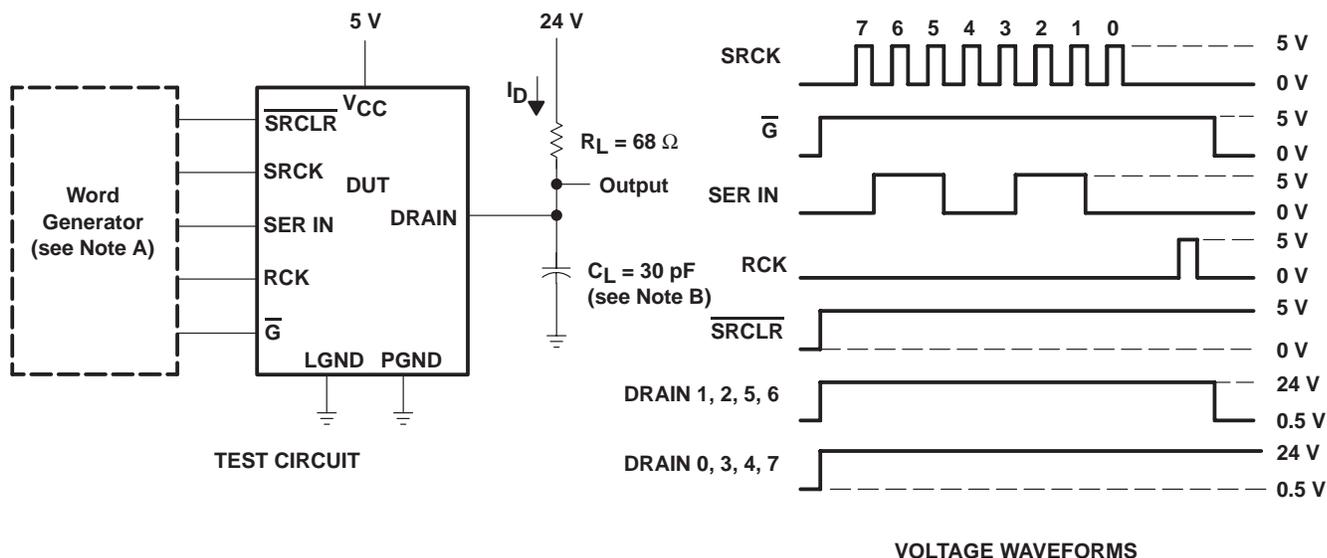
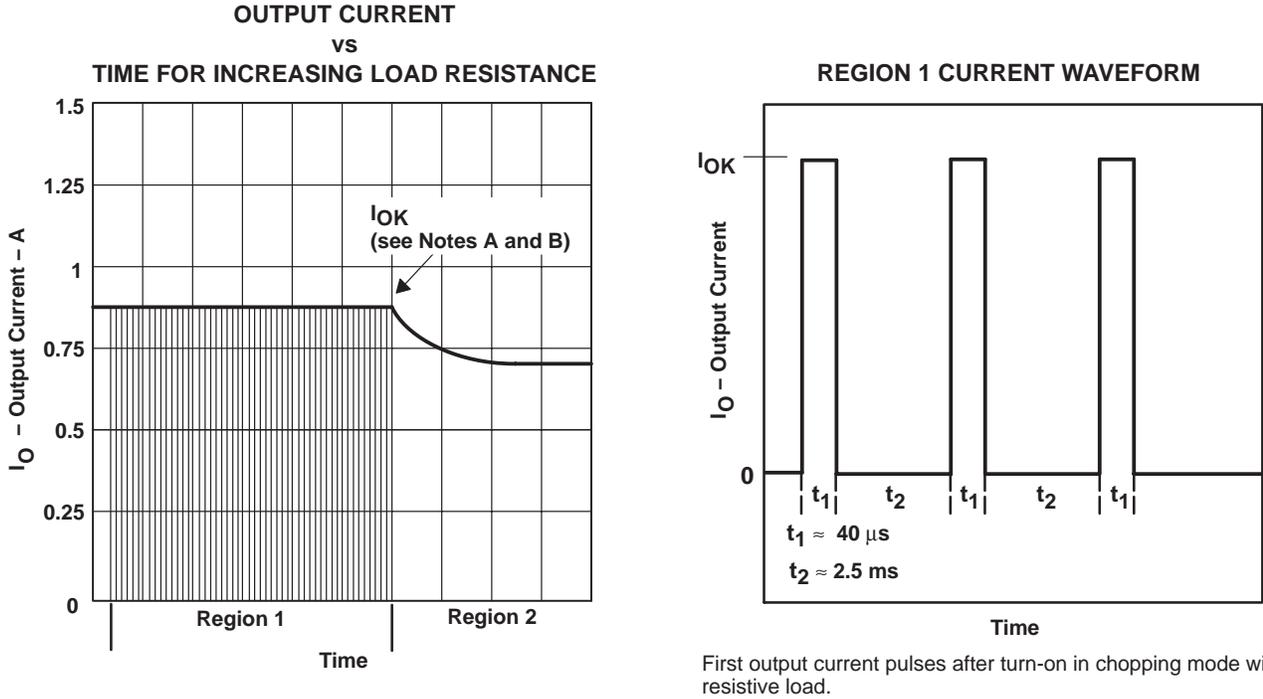![Texas Instruments logo]

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics: $t_r \le 10$ ns, $t_f \le 10$ ns, $t_W = 300$ ns, pulsed repetition rate (PRR) = 5 kHz, $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$.
 B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 1. Resistive Load Operation
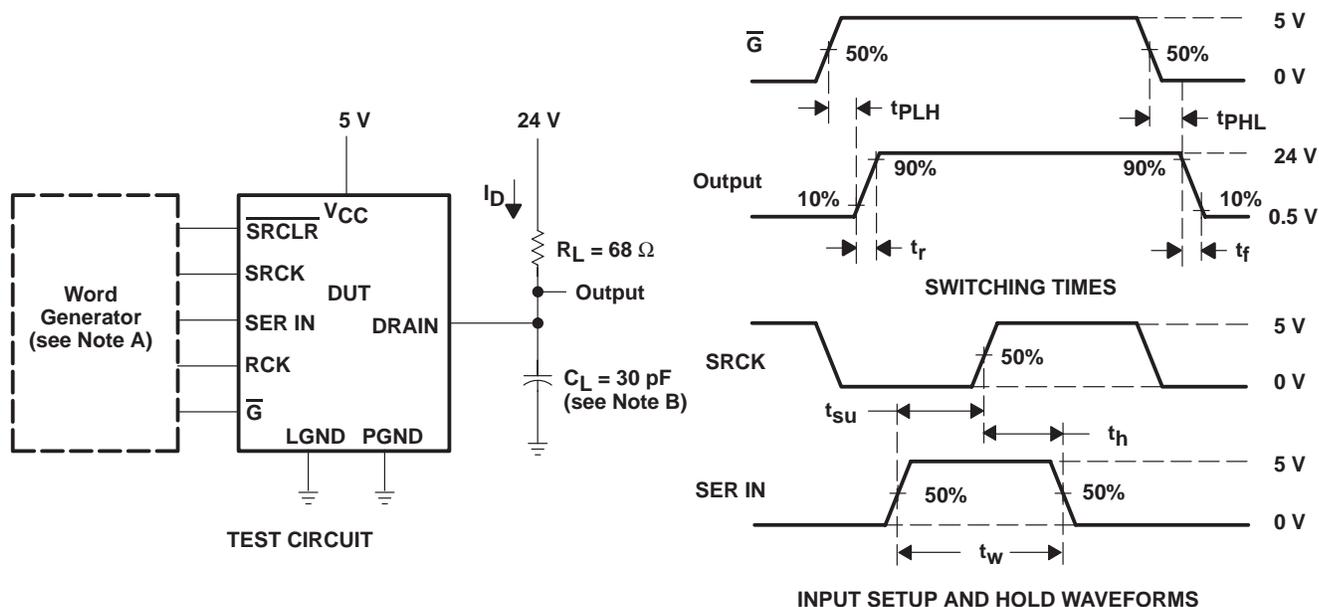
NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics: $t_r \le 10$ ns, $t_f \le 10$ ns, $t_W = 300$ ns, pulsed repetition rate (PRR) = 5 kHz, $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$.
 B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 2. Test Circuit, Switching Times, and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

OUTPUT CURRENT
vs
TIME FOR INCREASING LOAD RESISTANCE

REGION 1 CURRENT WAVEFORM

First output current pulses after turn-on in chopping mode with resistive load.

NOTES: A. Figure 3 illustrates the output current characteristics of the device energizing a load having initially low, increasing resistance, e.g., an incandescent lamp. In region 1, chopping occurs and the peak current is limited to I_{OK}. In region 2, output current is continuous. The same characteristics occur in reverse order when the device energizes a load having an initially high, decreasing resistance.

B. Region 1 duty cycle is approximately 2%.

Figure 3. Chopping-Mode Characteristics

**OUTPUT CURRENT LIMIT**
vs
CASE TEMPERATURE
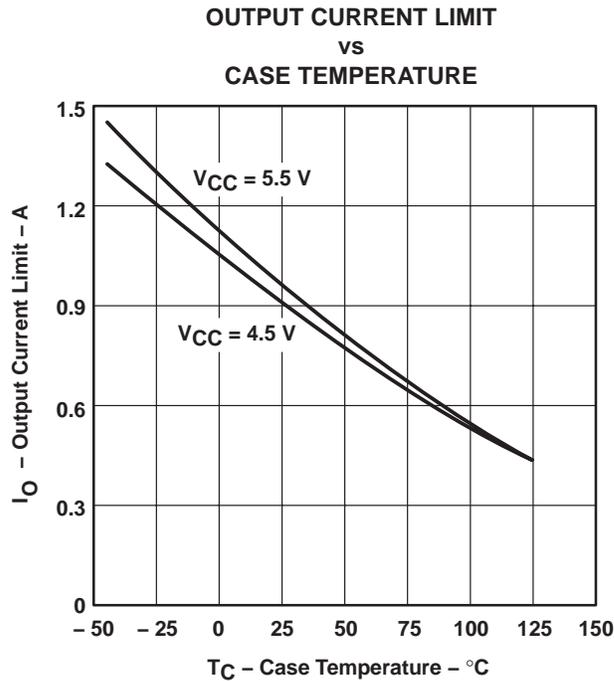
Figure 4

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION
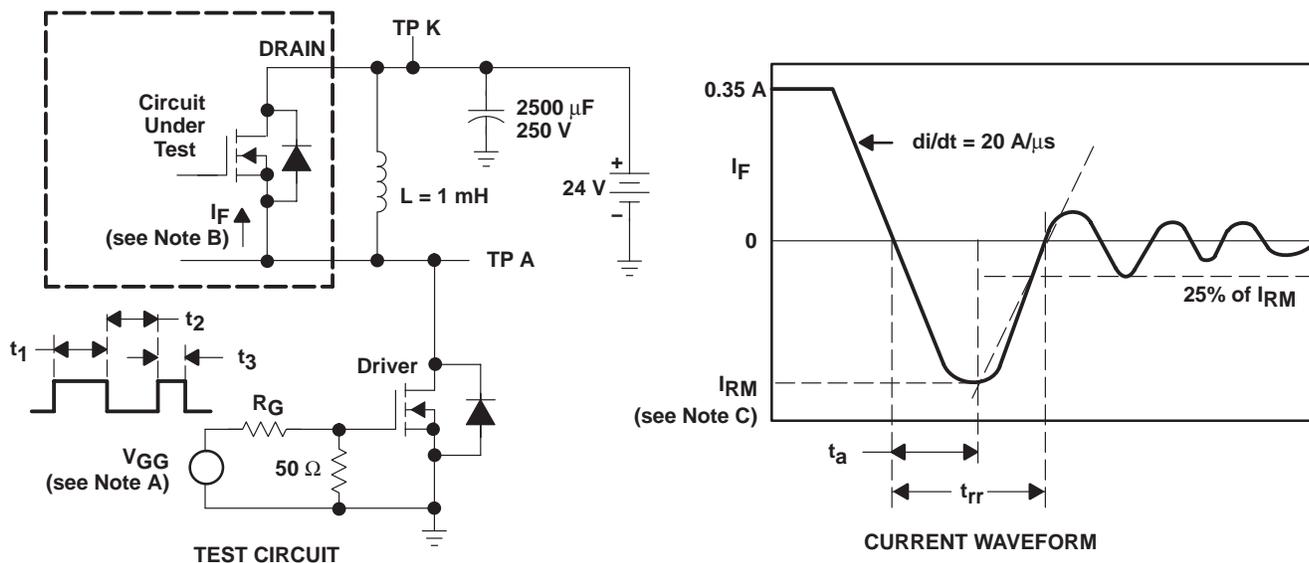
NOTES: A. The V_{GG} amplitude and R_G are adjusted for di/dt = 20 A/μs. A V_{GG} double-pulse train is used to set I_F = 0.35 A, where t_1 = 10 μs, t_2 = 7 μs, and t_3 = 3 μs.
B. The DRAIN terminal under test is connected to the TP K test point. All other terminals are connected together and connected to the TP A test point.
C. I_{RM} = maximum recovery current

Figure 5. Reverse-Recovery-Current Test Circuit and Waveforms of Source-Drain Diode
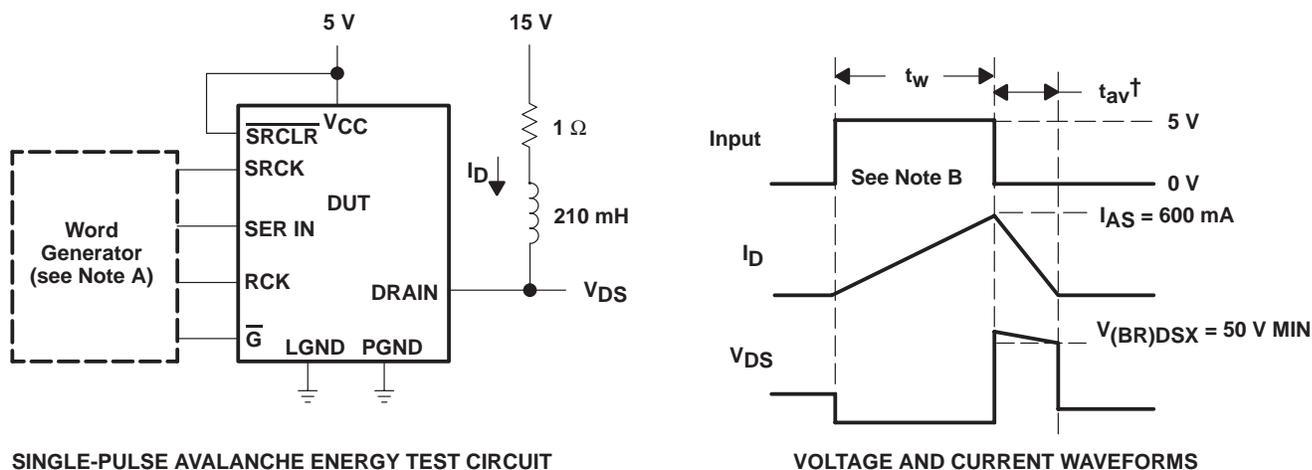
† Non JEDEC symbol for avalanche time.
NOTES: A. The word generator has the following characteristics: t_r ≤ 10 ns, t_f ≤ 10 ns, Z_O = 50 Ω.
B. Input pulse duration, t_w, is increased until peak current I_{AS} = 600 mA.
Energy test level is defined as E_{AS} = $(I_{AS} \times V_{(BR)DSX} \times t_{av})/2$ = 75 mJ.

Figure 6. Single-Pulse Avalanche Energy Test Circuit and Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SUPPLY CURRENT
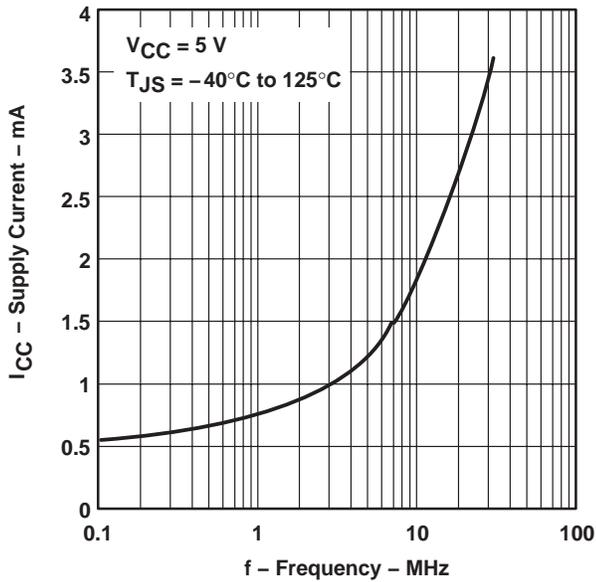**vs**
FREQUENCY

Figure 7

MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS
DRAIN CURRENT OF EACH OUTPUT
vs
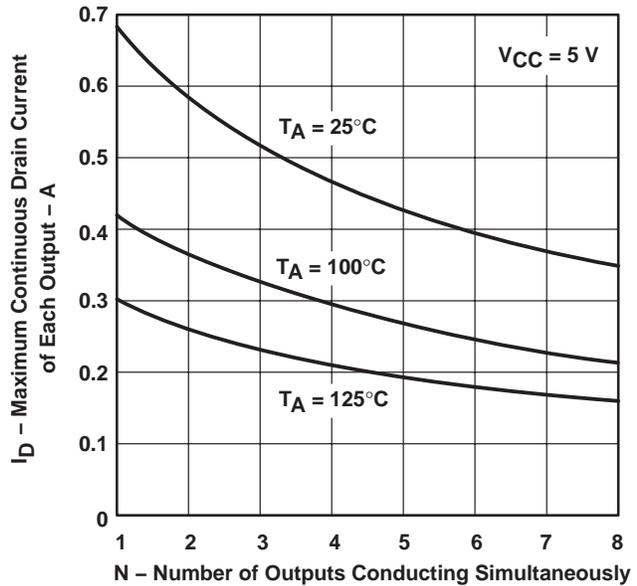**NUMBER OF OUTPUTS CONDUCTING**
SIMULTANEOUSLY

Figure 8

MAXIMUM PEAK DRAIN CURRENT
OF EACH OUTPUT
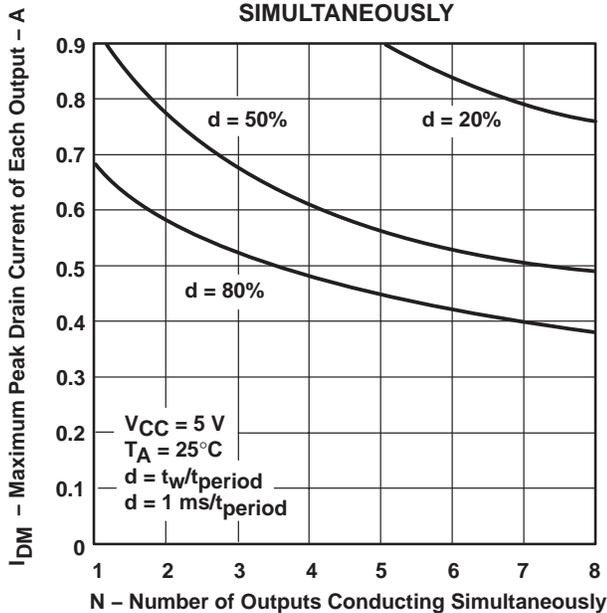**vs**
NUMBER OF OUTPUTS CONDUCTING
SIMULTANEOUSLY

Figure 9

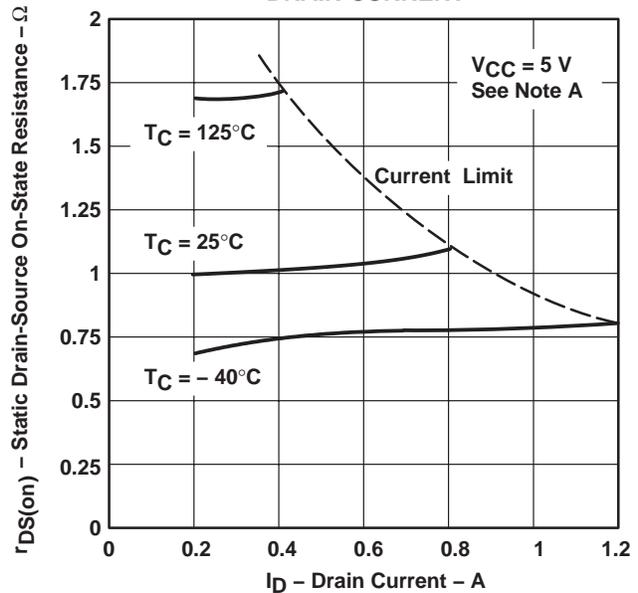**STATIC DRAIN-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE**
vs
DRAIN CURRENT

NOTE A: Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.

Figure 10

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**STATIC DRAIN-SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE
vs
LOGIC SUPPLY VOLTAGE**

Figure 11

**SWITCHING TIME
vs
CASE TEMPERATURE**
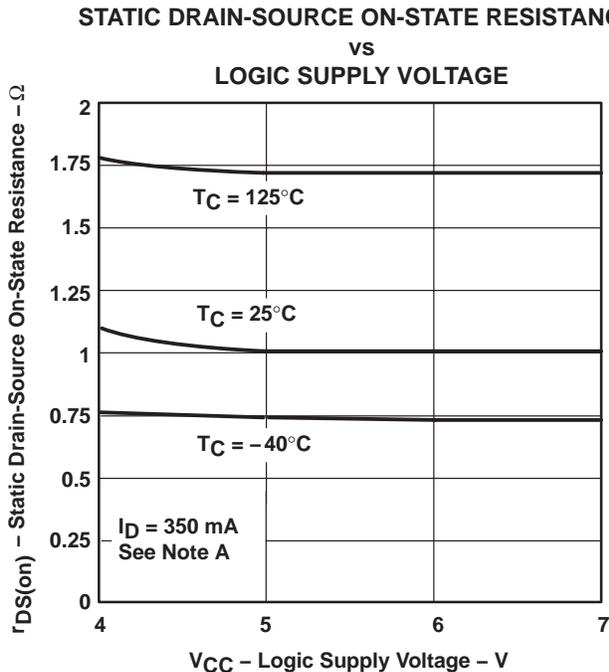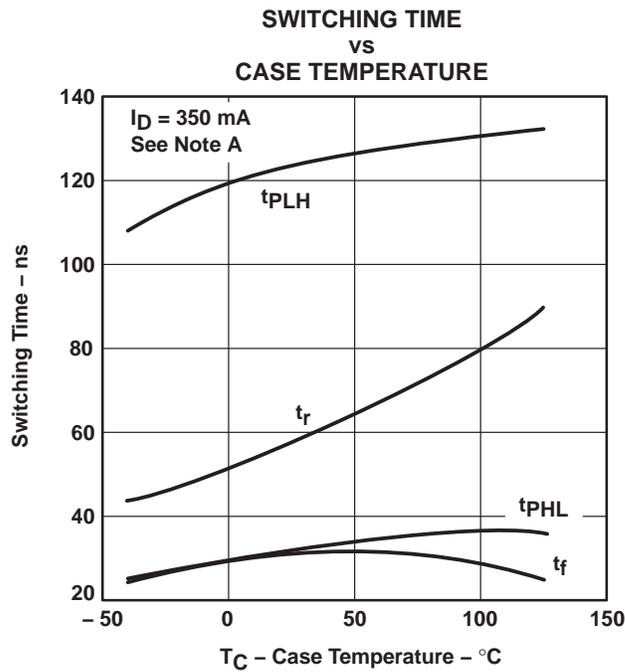
Figure 12

NOTE A: Technique should limit $T_J - T_C$ to 10°C maximum.

THERMAL INFORMATION

**NE PACKAGE
TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE
vs
ON TIME**

Figure 13
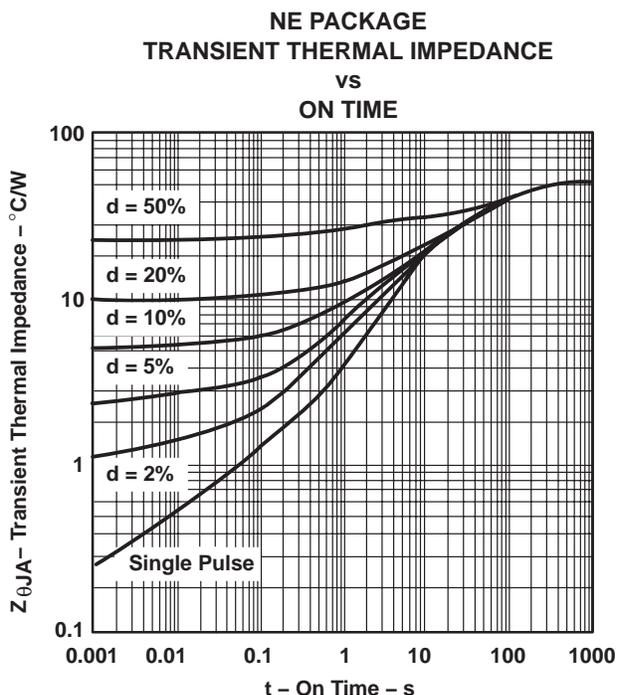
The single-pulse curve represents measured data. The curves for various pulse durations are based on the following equation:

$$Z_{\theta JA} = \left| \frac{t_w}{t_c} \right| R_{\theta JA} + \left| 1 - \frac{t_w}{t_c} \right| Z_\theta(t_w + t_c)$$

$$+ \ Z_\theta(t_w) - Z_\theta(t_c)$$

Where:

$Z_\theta(t_w)$ = the single-pulse thermal impedance for t = t_w seconds

$Z_\theta(t_c)$ = the single-pulse thermal impedance for t = t_c seconds

$Z_\theta(t_w + t_c)$ = the single-pulse thermal impedance for t = $t_w + t_c$ seconds

$d = t_w/t_c$
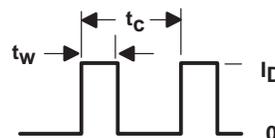
Revision History

DATE	REV	PAGE	SECTION	DESCRIPTION
5/18/05	B	7	Figure 1	Changed $\overline{\text{SRCLR}}$ timing diagram and changed title on Drain timing diagrams
1/1/95	A		—	—
4/1/93	*			Original reversion

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status [1]	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan [2]	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp [3]
TPIC6A595DW	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	24	25	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPIC6A595DWG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	24	25	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPIC6A595DWR	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	24	2000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPIC6A595DWRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	DW	24	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPIC6A595NE	ACTIVE	PDIP	NE	20	20	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type

[1] The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

[2] Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

[3] MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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DW (R−PDSO−G24) PLASTIC SMALL−OUTLINE PACKAGE

0.614 (15,60)
0.598 (15,20)

24   13

0.419 (10,63)
0.393 (9,97)

0.299 (7,60)
0.291 (7,40)

1   12

Pin 1
Index Area

0.050 (1,27)

0.020 (0,51)
0.012 (0,31)

⊕ 0.010 (0,25) Ⓜ

0.104 (2,65) Max

0.012 (0,30)
0.004 (0,10)

0.013 (0,33)
0.008 (0,20)

0.004 (0,10)

Gauge Plane

Seating Plane

0.010 (0,25)

0°−8°

0.050 (1,27)
0.016 (0,40)

4040000−5/F 06/2004

NOTES: A.   All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
         B.   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
         C.   Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
         D.   Falls within JEDEC MS−013 variation AD.

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