

UBA2035

HF full bridge control IC for HID lighting

Rev. 01 — 31 October 2008

Product data sheet

1. General description

The UBA2035 is a high voltage monolithic Integrated Circuit (IC) manufactured in a High Voltage Silicon On Insulator (HVSOI) process. This circuit is designed for driving MOSFETs in a full bridge configuration. In addition, it features a disable function, an internal adjustable oscillator and an external clock input function with a high-voltage level shifter for driving the bridge. To guarantee an accurate 50 % duty cycle, the oscillator signal can be passed through a divider before being fed to the output drivers.

The UBA2035 is especially suitable for High Intensity Discharge (HID) lamp drivers for projectors and general lighting applications for which a small non-overlap time is required.

2. Features

- Full bridge driver circuit
- Integrated bootstrap diodes
- 550 V series regulator input to make the internal supply
- 550 V maximum bridge voltage
- Accurate bridge disable function
- Input for start-up delay
- Adjustable oscillator frequency
- Selectable frequency divider
- Predefined bridge position during start-up
- A fixed non-overlap (< 200 ns)

3. Applications

- The UBA2035 can drive (via the power MOSFETs) any kind of load in a full bridge configuration
- The circuit is especially designed as a commutator controller for high intensity discharge lamps in projectors and general lighting applications

4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package		Version
	Name	Description	
UBA2035TS	SSOP28	plastic shrink small outline package; 28 leads; body width 5.3 mm	SOT341-1

5. Block diagram

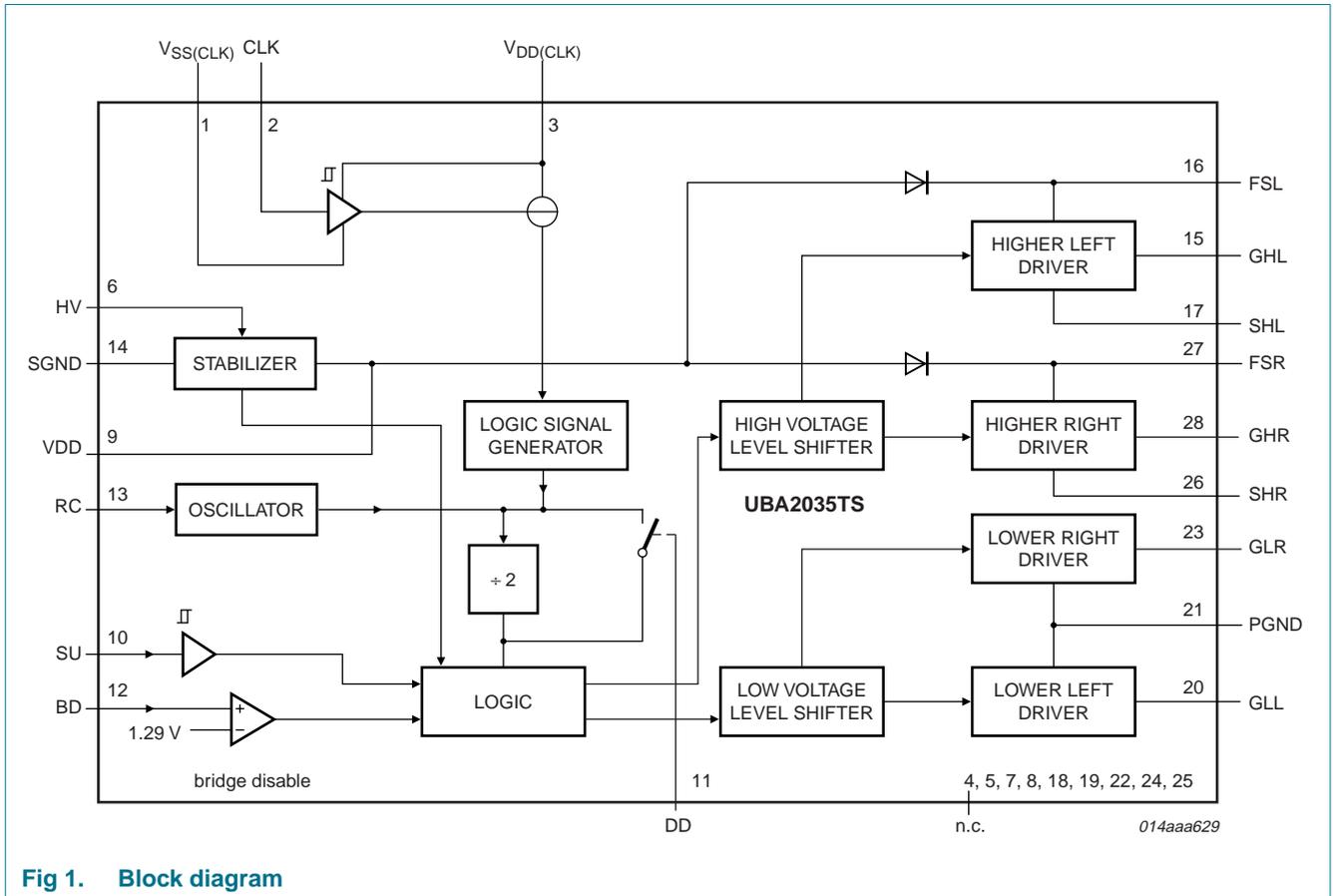
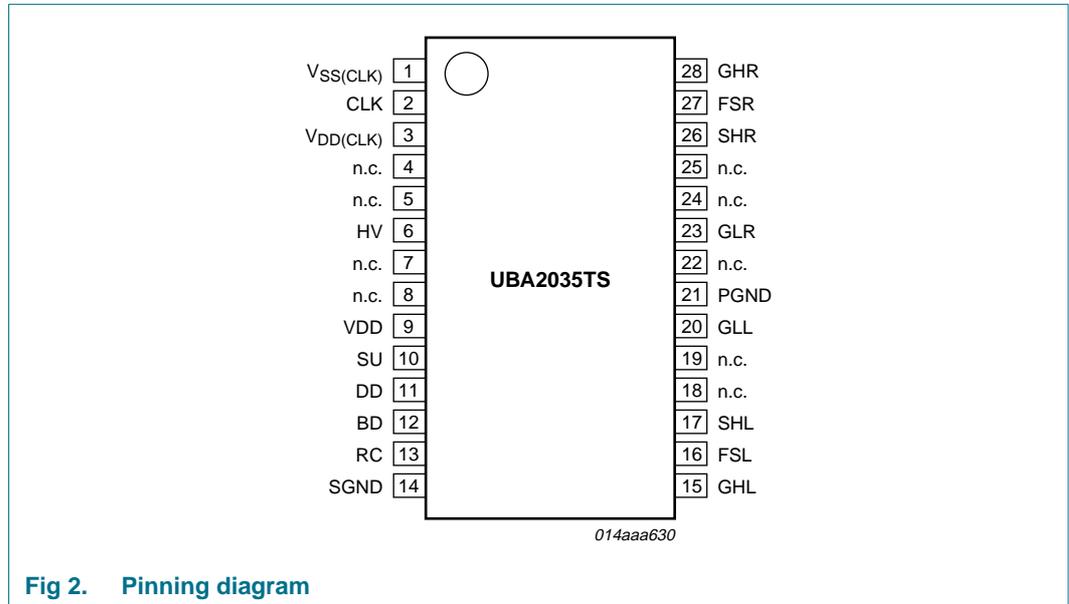


Fig 1. Block diagram

6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin UBA2035TS	Description
V _{SS} (CLK)	1	negative supply voltage for logic oscillator input
CLK	2	oscillator input
V _{DD} (CLK)	3	positive supply voltage for logic oscillator input
n.c.	4	not connected
n.c.	5	not connected
HV	6	high voltage supply input for internal series regulator
n.c.	7	not connected
n.c.	8	not connected
VDD	9	internal low voltage supply
SU	10	input for start-up delay
DD	11	input for divider disable
BD	12	input for bridge disable
RC	13	RC input for internal oscillator
SGND	14	signal ground
GHF	15	gate driver output for upper left MOSFET
FSL	16	floating supply left
SHL	17	source upper left MOSFET
n.c.	18	not connected

Table 2. Pin description ...continued

Symbol	Pin UBA2035TS	Description
n.c.	19	not connected
GLL	20	gate driver output for lower left MOSFET
PGND	21	power ground
n.c.	22	not connected
GLR	23	gate driver output for lower right MOSFET
n.c.	24	not connected
n.c.	25	not connected
SHR	26	source upper right MOSFET
FSR	27	floating supply right
GHR	28	gate driver upper right MOSFET

7. Functional description

7.1 Supply voltage

The UBA2035 is powered by a supply voltage applied to pin HV, e.g., the supply voltage of the full bridge. The IC generates its own low supply voltage for its internal circuitry. Therefore an additional low voltage supply is not required. A capacitor has to be connected to pin VDD to obtain a ripple-free internal supply voltage. The circuit can also be powered by a low voltage supply directly applied to pin VDD. In this case pin HV should be connected to pin VDD or pin SGND. The maximum current that the internal series regulator can deliver, is temperature dependent. See [Figure 3](#).

7.2 Start-up

With an increasing supply voltage the IC enters the start-up state i.e. the upper power transistors are set in off-state and the lower power transistors are switched on. During the start-up state the bootstrap capacitors are charged. The start-up state is defined until $V_{VDD} = V_{startup(VDD)}$ or $V_{HV} = V_{startup(HV)}$. The state of the outputs during the start-up phase is overruled by the bridge disable function.

7.3 Oscillation state

As soon as the supply voltage on pin VDD exceeds $V_{startup(VDD)}$ or the supply voltage on pin HV exceeds $V_{startup(HV)}$, the output voltage of the full bridge depends on the control signals on pins CLK, SU, DD and BD. This is listed in [Table 3](#).

As soon as the supply voltage on pin VDD becomes lower than $V_{UVLO(VDD)}$ or the supply voltage on pin HV becomes lower than $V_{UVLO(HV)}$, the IC enters the start-up state again.

Table 3. Driver

Gate driver output voltages as function of the logical levels at the pins BD, SU, DD and CLK.

Device state	BD	SU	DD	CLK	GHL	GHR	GLL	GLR
Start-up state	1	-	-	-	0 (= V _{SHL})	0 (= V _{SHR})	0 (= V _{PGND})	0 (= V _{PGND})
	0	-	-	-	0 (= V _{SHL})	0 (= V _{SHR})	1 (= V _{VDD})	1 (= V _{VDD})
Oscillation state	1	-	-	-	0 (= V _{SHL})	0 (= V _{SHR})	0 (= V _{PGND})	0 (= V _{PGND})
	0	0	-	-	0 (= V _{SHL})	0 (= V _{SHR})	1 (= V _{VDD})	1 (= V _{VDD})
	0	1	1	1	0 (= V _{SHL})	1 (= V _{FSR})	1 (= V _{VDD})	0 (= V _{PGND})
	0	1	1	0	1 (= V _{FSL})	0 (= V _{SHR})	0 (= V _{PGND})	1 (= V _{VDD})
	0	1	0 ^[1]	1 → 0 ^[2]	GHL	GHR	GLL	GLR

[1] If pin DD = 0 the bridge enters the state (oscillation state and pin BD = 0 and pin SU = 1) in the predefined position: V_{GHL} = V_{FSL}, V_{GLR} = V_{VDD}, V_{GLL} = V_{PGND} and V_{GHR} = V_{SHR}.

[2] Only if the level of pin CLK changes from logical 1 to 0, the level of outputs GHL, GHR, GLL and GLR changes.

If there is no external clock available, the internal oscillator can be used. The design equation for the bridge oscillator frequency is shown in [Equation 1](#).

$$f_{bridge} = \frac{1}{K_{osc} \times R_{osc} \times C_{osc}} \tag{1}$$

R_{osc} and C_{osc} are external components connected to the RC pin (R_{osc} connected to pin VDD and C_{osc} connected to pin SGND). In this situation the pins V_{DD(CLK)}, CLK, and V_{SS(CLK)} can be connected to SGND.

The clock signal, either coming from pin RC or pin CLK, can be divided by two in order to obtain a 50 % duty cycle gate drive signal. This can be achieved by applying a voltage to the DD input lower than V_{IL(DD)} (e.g. connect pin DD to pin SGND).

7.4 Non-overlap time

In the full bridge configuration the non-overlap time is defined as the time between turning off the two conducting MOSFETs and turning on the two other MOSFETs. The (very small) non-overlap time is internally fixed to t_{no}, which allows a HID system to operate with a very small phase angle between the load current and the full bridge voltage (pins SHL and SHR). This can be beneficial for HID systems in which the lamp is ignited via a resonance network.

7.5 Start-up delay

A simple resistor-capacitor (RC) filter (R between pin VDD and pin SU; C between pin SU and pin SGND) or a control signal from a processor can be used to create a start-up delay. This can be beneficial for those applications in which building up the high voltage takes more time. A start-up delay will ensure that the HID system will not start up before this high voltage has been reached.

7.6 Bridge disable

The bridge disable function can be used to switch off all MOSFETs as soon as the voltage on pin BD exceeds the bridge disable voltage V_{BD} . The bridge disable function overrules all the other states.

8. Limiting values

Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). All voltages are measured with respect to signal ground (pin 14); positive currents flow into the chip. The voltage ratings are valid provided other ratings are not violated.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
General					
T_{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
T_j	junction temperature		-40	+150	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
Voltages					
V_{VDD}	voltage on pin VDD		0	14	V
V_{HV}	voltage on pin HV		0	550	V
V_{SHL}	voltage on pin SHL	with respect to PGND and SGND	-3	+550	V
V_{SHR}	voltage on pin SHR	with respect to PGND and SGND	-3	+550	V
V_{FSL}	voltage on pin FSL	with respect SHL	0	14	V
V_{FSR}	voltage on pin FSR	with respect SHR	0	14	V
V_{GHL}	voltage on pin GHL		V_{SHL}	V_{FSL}	V
V_{GHR}	voltage on pin GHR		V_{SHR}	V_{FSR}	V
V_{GLL}	voltage on pin GLL		V_{PGND}	V_{VDD}	V
V_{GLR}	voltage on pin GLR		V_{PGND}	V_{VDD}	V
V_{PGND}	voltage on pin PGND		0	5	V
$V_{SS(CLK)}$	CLK ground supply voltage		-0.9	14	V
$V_{DD(CLK)}$	CLK supply voltage	with respect to $V_{SS(CLK)}$	0	14	V
V_i	input voltage	pin CLK; with respect to $V_{SS(CLK)}$	0	14	V
		pins RC, SU, BD, and DD	0	V_{VDD}	V
SR	slew rate	pins SHL and SHR	-	4	V/ns
Currents					
R_{osc}	oscillator resistance	connected between pins VDD and RC	100	-	kΩ
ESD					
V_{ESD}	electrostatic discharge voltage	human body model:			
		HV, $V_{SS(CLK)}$, $V_{DD(CLK)}$, CLK, FSL, FSR, GHL, GHR, SHL, SHR	-	900	V
		other pins	-	2	kV
		machine model; all pins	-	200	V
		charged device model; all pins	-	500	V

9. Thermal characteristics

Table 5. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Unit
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	100	K/W

10. Characteristics

Table 6. Characteristics

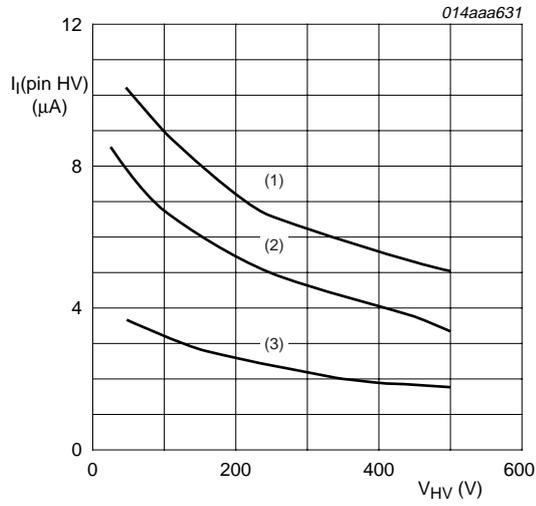
$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; all voltages are measured with respect to signal ground (pin 14); currents are positive when flowing into the IC, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
High voltage						
I_{leak}	leakage current	pin HV; $I_{HV} (V_{HV} = 565\text{ V}) - I_{HV} (V_{HV} = 500\text{ V})$	-	-	5	μA
		pin FSL; $V_{FSL} = V_{SHL} = V_{GHL} = 564\text{ V}$	-	-	5	μA
		pin FSR; $V_{FSR} = V_{SHR} = V_{GHR} = 564\text{ V}$	-	-	5	μA
Start-up via HV pin						
$I_{I(HV)}$	input current on pin HV	$V_{HV} = 80\text{ V}$	-	590	825	μA
$V_{startup(HV)}$	start-up voltage on pin HV		11.3	13.2	14.7	V
$V_{UVLO(HV)}$	undervoltage lockout voltage on pin HV		8.6	10.7	12.2	V
V_{hys}	hysteresis voltage		2	2.5	3	V
V_{VDD}	voltage on pin VDD	$V_{HV} = 20\text{ V}$	10.5	12	13.5	V
Start-up via VDD pin						
$I_{I(VDD)}$	input current on pin VDD	$V_{VDD} = 8.25\text{ V}$	-	500	800	μA
$V_{startup(VDD)}$	start-up voltage on pin VDD		8.25	9.0	9.75	V
$V_{UVLO(VDD)}$	undervoltage lockout voltage on pin VDD		5.75	6.5	7.25	V
V_{hys}	hysteresis voltage		2	2.5	3	V
gate drivers						
R_{on}	on-state resistance	GHR and GHL drivers; $V_{FSL} = V_{FSR} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{SHL} = V_{SHR} = 0\text{ V}$; $I_{GHL} = I_{GHR} = -50\text{ mA}$	-	20	42	Ω
		GLR and GLL drivers; $V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{PGND} = 0\text{ V}$; $I_{GLL} = I_{GLR} = -50\text{ mA}$	-	20	42	Ω
R_{off}	off-state resistance	GHR and GHL drivers; $V_{FSL} = V_{FSR} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{SHL} = V_{SHR} = 0\text{ V}$; $I_{GHL} = I_{GHR} = 50\text{ mA}$	-	12	26	Ω
		GLR and GLL drivers; $V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{PGND} = 0\text{ V}$; $I_{GLL} = I_{GLR} = 50\text{ mA}$	-	12	26	Ω

Table 6. Characteristics ...continued

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; all voltages are measured with respect to signal ground (pin 14); currents are positive when flowing into the IC, unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$I_{O(\text{source})}$	output source current	$V_{FSL} = V_{FSR} = V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{SHL} = V_{SHR} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{GHL} = V_{GHR} = V_{GLL} = V_{GLR} = 8\text{ V}$	-	200	-	mA
$I_{O(\text{sink})}$	output sink current	$V_{FSL} = V_{FSR} = V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{SHL} = V_{SHR} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{GHL} = V_{GHR} = V_{GLL} = V_{GLR} = 8\text{ V}$	-	200	-	mA
$V_{d(\text{bs})}$	bootstrap diode voltage	current on diode = 20 mA	-	2.3	-	V
t_{no}	non-overlap time		-	80	250	ns
V_{UVLO}	undervoltage lockout voltage	high side driver	-	4.0	5.5	V
I_{FS}	current on pin FS	$V_{FSL} = V_{FSR} = 12\text{ V}$; $V_{SHL} = V_{SHR} = 0\text{ V}$	2	4	6	μA
DD input						
$V_{IH(\text{DD})}$	HIGH-level input voltage on pin DD	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	6	4.5	-	V
$V_{IL(\text{DD})}$	LOW-level input voltage on pin DD	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	-	-	3	V
I_I	input current	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	-	0	1	μA
SU input						
V_{startup}	start-up voltage	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	1	1.3	1.5	V
V_{hys}	hysteresis voltage	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	-	100	-	mV
I_I	input current	$V_{VDD} = 12\text{ V}$	-	0	1	μA
CLK input						
$V_{IH(\text{CLK})}$	HIGH-level input voltage on pin CLK	$V_{SS(\text{CLK})} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{DD(\text{CLK})} = 12\text{ V}$	0.9	1.6	2.7	V
V_{hys}	hysteresis voltage	$V_{SS(\text{CLK})} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{DD(\text{CLK})} = 12\text{ V}$	-	100	-	mV
I_I	input current		-	0	1	μA
f_{bridge}	bridge frequency	$V_{RC} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	250	kHz
supply for CLK						
$I_{DD(\text{CLK})}$	CLK supply current	$V_{SS(\text{CLK})} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{DD(\text{CLK})} = 14\text{ V}$	-	420	625	μA
$V_{DD(\text{CLK})}$	CLK supply voltage	$V_{SS(\text{CLK})} = 0\text{ V}$	5.75	-	14	V
BD input						
V_{BD}	voltage on pin BD		1.23	1.29	1.35	V
I_I	input current		-	0	1	μA
Internal oscillator						
$f_{\text{osc}(\text{int})}$	internal oscillator frequency	$V_{\text{CLK}} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{SS(\text{CLK})} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	kHz
K_{osc}	oscillator constant	$f_{\text{bridge}} = 500\text{ Hz}$	0.89	0.97	1.05	



- (1) Temperature = -25 °C
- (2) Temperature = 25 °C
- (3) Temperature = 125 °C

Fig 3. Typical I_I (pin HV) when VDD connected to SGND, as function of V_{HV} and temperature

11. Package outline

SSOP28: plastic shrink small outline package; 28 leads; body width 5.3 mm

SOT341-1

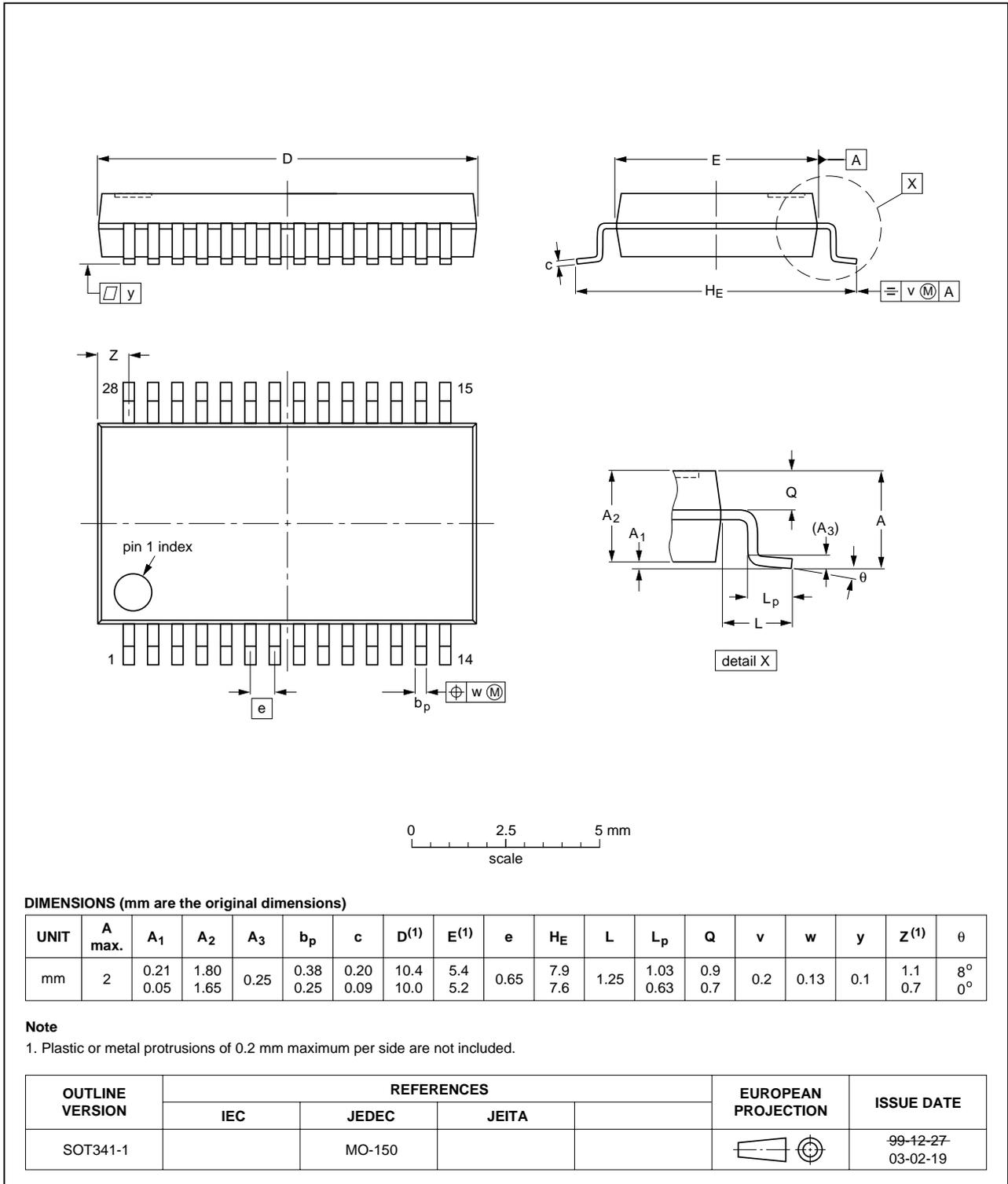


Fig 4. Package outline SSOP28 (SOT341-1)

12. Revision history

Table 7. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
UBA2035_1	20081031	Product data sheet	-	-

13. Legal information

13.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
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[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

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