**RoHS** 

COMPLIANT

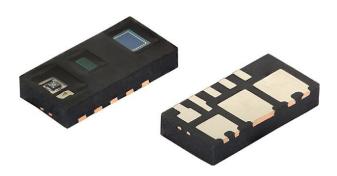
HALOGEN

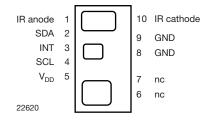
FREE GREEN



Vishay Semiconductors

# High Resolution Digital Biosensor for Wearable Applications with I<sup>2</sup>C Interface





#### **DESCRIPTION**

The VCNL4020C is a fully integrated biosensor and ambient light sensor. Fully integrated means that the infrared emitter is included in the package. It has 16 bit resolution. It includes a signal processing IC and features standard I<sup>2</sup>C communication interface. It features an interrupt function.

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Wearables
- Health monitoring
- Pulse oximetry

### **FEATURES**

- Package type: surface mount
- Package form: SMD
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 4.90 x 2.40 x 0.83
- Integrated modules: infrared emitter (IRED), ambient light sensor (ALS), photo diode (PD), and signal conditioning IC
- Interrupt function
- Supply voltage range V<sub>DD</sub>: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Supply voltage range IR anode: 2.5 V to 5 V
- Communication via I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- I2C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 5 V
- Floor life: 72 h, MSL 4, according to J-STD-020
- Low stand by current consumption: 1.5 μA
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see <a href="https://www.vishav.com/doc?99912">www.vishav.com/doc?99912</a>

#### **OPTICAL BIOSENSORS FUNCTION**

- Built-in infrared emitter and broader sensitivity photodiode allows to also work with green and red LEDs
- 16 bit effective resolution ensures excellent cross talk immunity
- Programmable LED drive current from 10 mA to 200 mA in 10 mA steps
- Excellent ambient light suppression through signal modulation

#### AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Built-in ambient light photo-pin-diode with close-to-human-eye sensitivity
- 16 bit dynamic range from 0.25 lx to 16 klx
- 100 Hz and 120 Hz flicker noise rejection

PRODUCT SUMMARY											
	PART NUMBER	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I <sup>2</sup> C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	LED PULSE CURRENT <sup>(1)</sup> (mA)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{SPECTRAL} \\ \text{BANDWIDTH} \\ \text{RANGE} \\ \lambda_{0.5} \text{ (nm)} \end{array}$	OUTPUT	ADC RESOLUTION BIOSENSOR / AMBIENT LIGHT SENSOR			
Ī	VCNL4020C	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 5	10 to 200	0.25 to 16 383	550 to 970	16 bit, I <sup>2</sup> C	16 bit / 16 bit			

#### Note

(1) Adjustable through I2C interface



ORDERING INFORMATION								
ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	VOLUME (1)	REMARKS					
VCNL4020C-GS08	Tape and reel	MOQ: 3300 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.83 mm					
VCNL4020C-GS18	таре апо геег	MOQ: 13 000 pcs	4.90 Hill X 2.40 Hill X 0.83 Hill					
SENSORSTARTERKIT (2)	-	MOQ: 1 pc	-					

#### Notes

Please visit <a href="https://www.vishay.com/moreinfo/vcnldemokit/">www.vishay.com/moreinfo/vcnldemokit/</a> for more information.

Contact any catalog distributor or a local Vishay sales representative to purchase the sensor starter kit and contact sensorstechsupport@vishay.com to receive an add-on sensor board.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM	<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)										
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT						
Supply voltage		V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	5.5	V						
Operation temperature range		T <sub>amb</sub>	-25	+85	°C						
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	-25	+85	°C						
Total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	P <sub>tot</sub>	-	50	mW						
Junction temperature		Tj	-	100	°C						

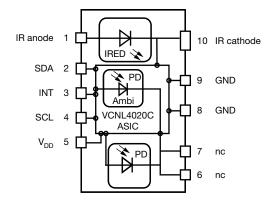
PARAMETER	FICS (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless o	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage V <sub>DD</sub>	1201 00112111011	01202	2.5	-	3.6	V
Supply voltage IR anode			2.5	_	5	V
I <sup>2</sup> C bus H-level range			1.7	-	5	V
INT H-level range			1.7	-	5	V
INT low voltage	3 mA sink current		-	-	0.4	V
Current consumption	Standby current, no LED-operation		-	1.5	2	μΑ
	2 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	5	-	μΑ
Current consumption	250 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	520	-	μΑ
pulse mode incl. LED (averaged)	2 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	35	-	μΑ
	250 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	4	-	mA
	2 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	2.5	-	μΑ
Current consumption ambient	8 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	10	-	μΑ
light mode	2 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	160	-	μΑ
	8 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	640	-	μΑ
Ambient light resolution	Digital resolution (LSB count )		-	0.25	-	lx
Ambient light output	E <sub>V</sub> = 100 lx averaging = 64		-	400	-	counts
I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate range		f <sub>SCL</sub>	-	-	3400	kHz

<sup>(1)</sup> MOQ: minimum order quantity

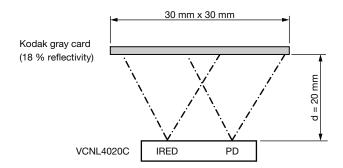
<sup>(2)</sup> A sensor starter kit is available, along with an add-on demo board for each of the sensors.



### **CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **TEST CIRCUIT**



#### Note

nc must not be electrically connected
 Pads 6 and 7 are only considered as solder pads

# **BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

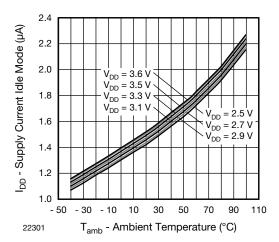


Fig. 1 - Idle Current vs. Ambient Temperature

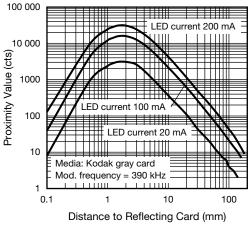


Fig. 3 - Proximity Value vs. Distance

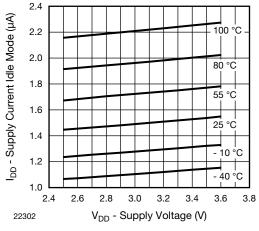


Fig. 2 - Idle Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub>

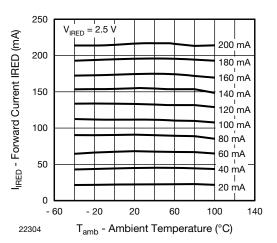


Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Temperature



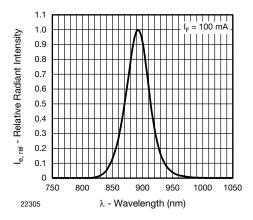


Fig. 5 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

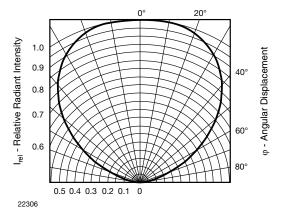


Fig. 6 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

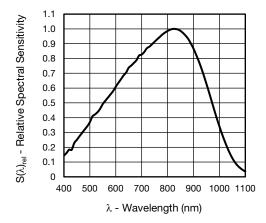


Fig. 7 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength (Biosensor)

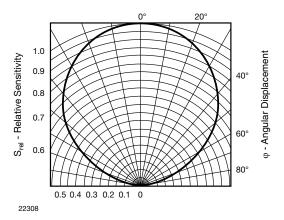


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Proximity Sensor)

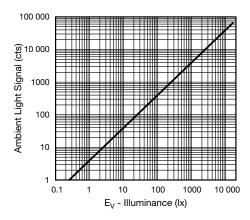


Fig. 9 - Ambient Light Value vs. Illuminance

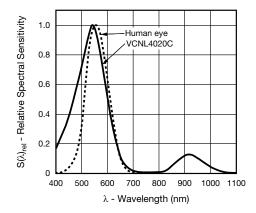


Fig. 10 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength (Ambient Light Sensor)





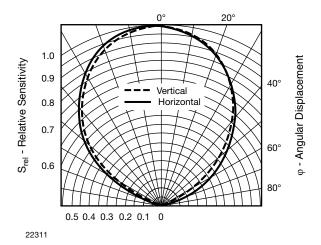


Fig. 11 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Ambient Light Sensor)

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

The digital biosensor VCNL4020C needs just one decoupling-C at V<sub>DD</sub> if connected to a regulated power supply.

IR cathode needs no external connection as the connection to the driver is done internally, but this allows also for adding external LEDs / IREDs to the driver.

### 1. Application Circuit

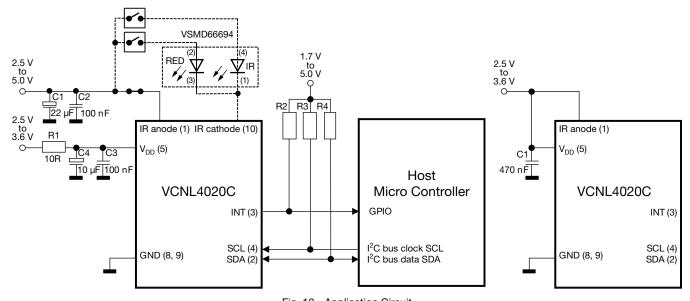


Fig. 12 - Application Circuit (x) = Pin Number

### Note

The interrupt pin is an open drain output. The needed pull-up resistor may be connected to the same supply voltage as the application controller and the pull-up resistors at SDA / SCL. Proposed value R2 should be >1 kΩ, e.g. 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ.
 Proposed value for R3 and R4, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ, depend also on the I²C bus speed.
 For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VCNL4020C into an Application".



### 2. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The VCNL4020C contains seventeen 8 bit registers for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C communication. Figure 13 shows the basic I<sup>2</sup>C communication with VCNL4020C.

The built in I<sup>2</sup>C interface is compatible with all I<sup>2</sup>C modes (standard, fast and high speed).

 $I^2C$  H-level range = 1.7 V to 5 V.

Please refer to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification from NXP for details.

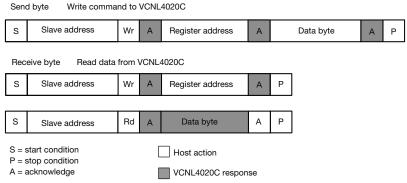


Fig. 13 - Send Byte/Receive Byte Protocol

#### **Device Address**

The VCNL4020C has a fix slave address for the host programming and accessing selection. The predefined 7 bit  $I^2C$  bus address is set to 0010 011 = 13h. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0010 011x = 26h for write, 27h for read.

#### **Register Addresses**

VCNL4020C has seventeen user accessible 8 bit registers. The register addresses are 80h (register #0) to 90h (register #16).

# **REGISTER FUNCTIONS**

### Register #0 Command Register

Register address = 80h

The register #0 is for starting ambient light or biosensor measurements. This register contains 2 flag bits for data ready indication.

TABLE 1 - COMMAND REGISTER #0											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
config_lock	als_data_rdy	bs_data_rdy	als_od	bs_od	als_en	bs_en	selftimed_en				
Description											
config_lock Read only bit. Value = 1											
als_da	ata_rdy	Read only bit. Value = 1 when ambient light measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #5, reg #6) is read.									
bs_da	ita_rdy	Read only bit. Value = 1 when biosensor measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #7, reg #8) is read.									
als	_od	R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for ambient light. If averaging is enabled, starts a sequence of readings and stores the averaged result. Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #5(HB) and #6(LB).									
bs_	_od	R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for biosensor.  Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #7(HB) and #8(LB).									
als	_en	R/W bit. Enables periodic als measurement									
bs	_en	R/W bit. Enables periodic biosensor measurement									
selftim	ned_en	R/W bit. Enables state machine and LP oscillator for self timed measurements; no measurement is performed until the corresponding bit is set									

#### Note

• With setting bit 3 and bit 4 at the same write command, a simultaneously measurement of ambient light and biosensor is done. Beside als\_en and / or bs\_en first selftimed\_en needs to be set. On-demand measurement modes are disabled if selftimed\_en bit is set. For the selftimed\_en mode changes in reading rates (reg #4 and reg #2) can be made only when b0 (selftimed\_en bit) = 0. For the als\_od mode changes to the reg #4 can be made only when b4 (als\_od bit) = 0; this is to avoid synchronization problems and undefined states between the clock domains. In effect this means that it is only reasonable to change rates while no selftimed conversion is ongoing.



# Register #1 Product ID Revision Register

Register address = 81h. This register contains information about product ID and product revision.

Register data value of current revision = 21h.

TABLE 2 -	TABLE 2 - PRODUCT ID REVISION REGISTER #1										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
	Produ	uct ID		Revision ID							
			Descr	ription							
Prod	uct ID	Read only bits.	Value = 2								
Revis	Revision ID Read only bits. Value = 1										

### Register #2 Rate of Biosensor Measurement

Register address = 82h.

ABLE 3 - BIOSENSOR RATE REGISTER #2										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
		n/a Rate of biosensor Measurement (no. of measurements per second)								
			Desci	ription						
Bioser	nsor rate	R/W bits. 000 - 1.95 mea 001 - 3.90625 condenses of the second 010 - 7.8125 mea 011 - 16.625 mea 100 - 31.25 mea 101 - 62.5 mea 110 - 125 mea 111 - 250 mea	AULT)							

#### Note

### Register #3 LED Current Setting for Biosensor Mode

Register address = 83h. This register is to set the LED current value for biosensor measurement.

The value is adjustable in steps of 10 mA from 0 mA to 200 mA.

This register also contains information about the used device fuse program ID.

TABLE 4 -	TABLE 4 - LED CURRENT REGISTER #3											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0					
Fuse prog ID LED current value												
	Description											
Fuse p	orog ID	Read only bits. Information about fuse program revision used for initial setup/calibration of the device.										
LED curr	ent value	R/W bits. LED current = Value (dec.) x 10 mA.  Valid Range = 0 to 20d. e.g. 0 = 0 mA, 1 = 10 mA,, 20 = 200 mA (2 = 20 mA = DEFAULT)  LED Current is limited to 200 mA for values higher as 20d.										

<sup>•</sup> If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.



# **Register #4 Ambient Light Parameter Register**

Register address = 84h.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Cont. conv. mode		als_rate		Auto offset compensation	Averaging function (number of measurements per run)					
			Des	cription	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Cont. conv	ersion mode	Enable = 1; Dis This function c used with ambi	R/W bit. Continuous conversion mode.  Enable = 1; Disable = 0 = DEFAULT  This function can be used for performing faster ambient light measurements. This mode should only be used with ambient light on-demand measurements. Do not use with self-timed mode. Please refer to the application information chapter 3.3 for details about this function.							
Ambient light m	easurement rate	000 - 1 sample	ss/s = DEFAULT ss/s ss/s ss/s ss/s ss/s	ement rate						
Auto offset compensation  Averaging function		R/W bit. Automatic offset compensation.  Enable = 1 = DEFAULT; Disable = 0 In order to compensate a technology, package or temperature related drift of the ambient light values there is a built in automatic offset compensation function.  With active auto offset compensation the offset value is measured before each ambient light measurement and subtracted automatically from actual reading.								
		R/W bits. Averaging function.  Bit values sets the number of single conversions done during one measurement cycle. Result is the average value of all conversions.  Number of conversions = 2 <sup>decimal_value</sup> e.g. 0 = 1 conv., 1 = 2 conv, 2 = 4 conv.,7 = 128 conv.  DEFAULT = 32 conv. (bit 2 to bit 0: 101)								

### Note

• If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

# Register #5 and #6 Ambient Light Result Register

Register address = 85h and 86h. These registers are the result registers for ambient light measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #5 and the low byte in register #6.

TABLE 6 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #5										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Description										
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of ambient light measurement result										

TABLE 7 -	TABLE 7 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #6										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
	Description										
	Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of ambient light measurement result										



# Register #7 and #8 Biosensor Measurement Result Register

Register address = 87h and 88h. These registers are the result registers for biosensor measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #7 and the low byte in register #8.

TABLE 8 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #7										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Description										
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of biosensor measurement result										

TABLE 9 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #8									
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
Description									
	Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of biosensor measurement result								

### **Register #9 Interrupt Control Register**

Register address = 89h.

ABLE 10	- INTERRUP	T CONTROL	REGISTER #	9				
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Int count exceed		n/a	INT_BS_ ready_EN	INT_ALS_ ready_EN	INT_THRES_EN	INT_THRES		
			Desci	ription				
R/W bits. These bits contain the threshold  000 - 1 count = DEFAULT  001 - 2 count  010 - 4 count  011 - 8 count  100 - 16 count  101 - 32 count  110 - 64 count  111 - 128 count				number of consec	utive measureme	nts needed above/	below the	
INT_BS_r	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion at biosensor	data ready			
INT_ALS_	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation at ambient data ready					
INT_THI	RES_EN	R/W bit. Enable	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation when high or low threshold is exceeded					
INT_THE	RES_SEL	R/W bit. If 0: thresholds are applied to biosensor measurements  If 1: thresholds are applied to als measurements						



# Register #10 and #11 Low Threshold

Register address = 8Ah and 8Bh. These registers contain the low threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #10 and the low byte in register #11.

TABLE 11 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #10									
Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0								
Description									
	R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of low threshold value								

TABLE 12 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #11									
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
Description									
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of low threshold value								

### Register #12 and #13 High Threshold

Register address = 8Ch and 8Dh. These registers contain the high threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #12 and the low byte in register #13.

TABLE 13 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #12									
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
Description									
	R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of high threshold value								

TABLE 14 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #13										
Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0										
Description										
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of high threshold value									

# Register #14 Interrupt Status Register

Register address = 8Eh. This register contains information about the interrupt status for either biosensor or ALS function and indicates if high or low going threshold exceeded.

TABLE 15 - INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER #14									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
	n/a int_bs_ready int_als_ready int_th_low int_th_hi								
Description									
int_bs	int_bs_ready R/W bit. Indicates a generated in				or				
int_als	int_als_ready R/W bit. Indicates a generated int								
int_th	int_th_low R/W bit. Indicates a low threshold exceed								
int_t	th_hi	R/W bit. Indicat	R/W bit. Indicates a high threshold exceed						

#### Note

 Once an interrupt is generated the corresponding status bit goes to 1 and stays there unless it is cleared by writing a 1 in the corresponding bit. The int pad will be pulled down while at least one of the status bit is 1.



### Register #15 Biosensor Modulator Timing Adjustment

Register address = 8Fh.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Modulation delay time		Biosensor	frequency	M	odulation dead tir	ne	
			Desci	ription			
		R/W bits. Settin	g a delay time be	tween LED signal	and detectors inpo	ut signal evaluatio	on.
Modulatio	on delay time		ent proximity sign		D and photo dioderect adjustment is		
R/W bits. Setting the biosensor test signal frequency The biosensor measurement is using a square signal as measurement signal. Four different val possible:  00 = 390.625 kHz (DEFAULT) 01 = 781.25 kHz 10 = 1.5625 MHz 11 = 3.125 MHz						erent values are	
Modulation dead time  R/W bits. Setting a dead time in evaluation of LED signal at the sl This function is for reducing of possible disturbance effects.  This function is reducing signal level and should be used carefully					e effects.	s of the signal. (D	EFAULT = 1)

#### Note

• The settings for best performance will be provided by Vishay. With first samples this is evaluated to: Delay time = 0; dead time = 1 and BS frequency = 00. With that register #15 should be programmed with 1 (= default value).

### Register #16 Ambient IR Light Level Register

Register address = 90h.

This register is not intended to be used by customer.

# 3. IMPORTANT APPLICATION HINTS AND EXAMPLES

#### 3.1 Receiver standby mode

In standby mode the receiver has the lowest current consumption of about 1.5  $\mu$ A. In this mode only the I<sup>2</sup>C interface is active. This is always valid, when there are no measurement demands executed. Also the current sink for the LED is inactive, so there is no need for changing register #3 (LED current).

# 3.2 Data Read

In order to get a certain register value, the register has to be addressed without data like shown in the following scheme. After this register addressing, the data from the addressed register is written after a subsequent read command.

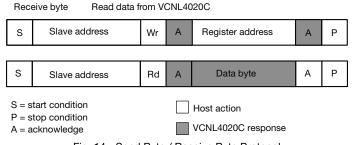


Fig. 14 - Send Byte / Receive Byte Protocol

The stop condition between these write and read sequences is not mandatory. It works also with a repeated start condition.

### Note

For reading out 2 (or more) subsequent registers like the result registers, it is not necessary to address each of the registers separately. After
one read command the internal register counter is increased automatically and any subsequent read command is accessing the next
register.



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Example: read register "Ambient Light Result Register" #5 and #6:

Addressing:command: 26h, 85h (VCNL4020C\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Write\_Adr., Ambient Light Result Register #5 [85])

Read register #5:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {High Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #5 [85])}

Read register #6:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {Low Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #6 [86])}

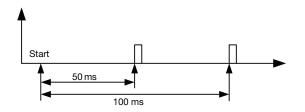
### 3.3 Continuous Conversion Mode in Ambient Light Measurement

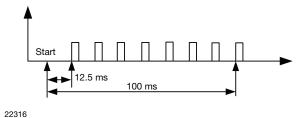
In the following is a detail description of the function "continuous conversion" (bit 7 of register #4)

### Standard mode (bit 7 of reg #4 = 0):

In standard mode the ambient light measurement is done during a fixed time frame of 100 ms. The single measurement itself takes actually only appr. 300 µs.

The following figures show examples of this measurement timing in standard mode using averaging function 2 and 8 as examples for illustration (possible values up to 128).





22315

Fig. 15 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 2 Measurements

Fig. 16 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 8 Measurements

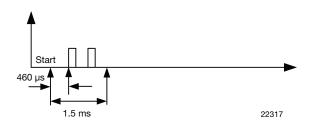
#### Note

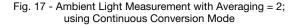
• ≥ Independent of setting of averaging the result is available only after 100 ms.

# Continuous conversion mode (bit 7 of register #4 = 1):

In continuous conversion mode the single measurements are done directly subsequent after each other.

See following examples in figure 17 and 18





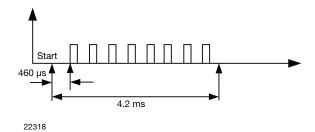
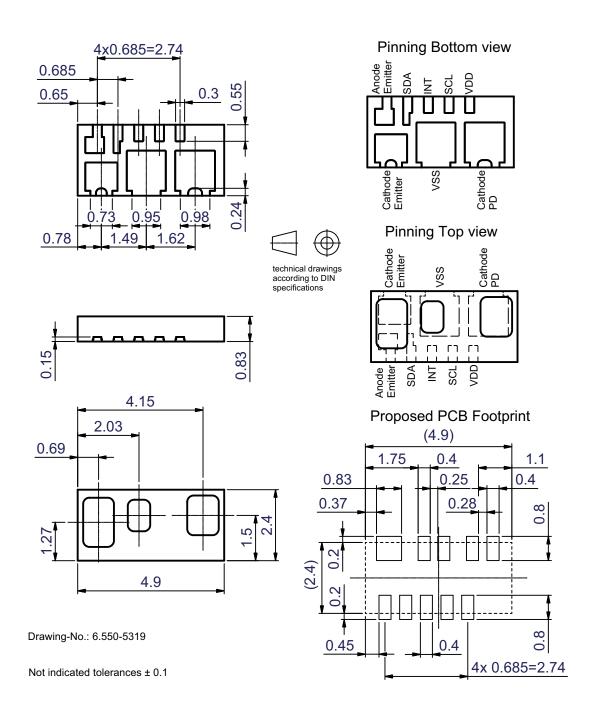


Fig. 18 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; using Continuous Conversion Mode

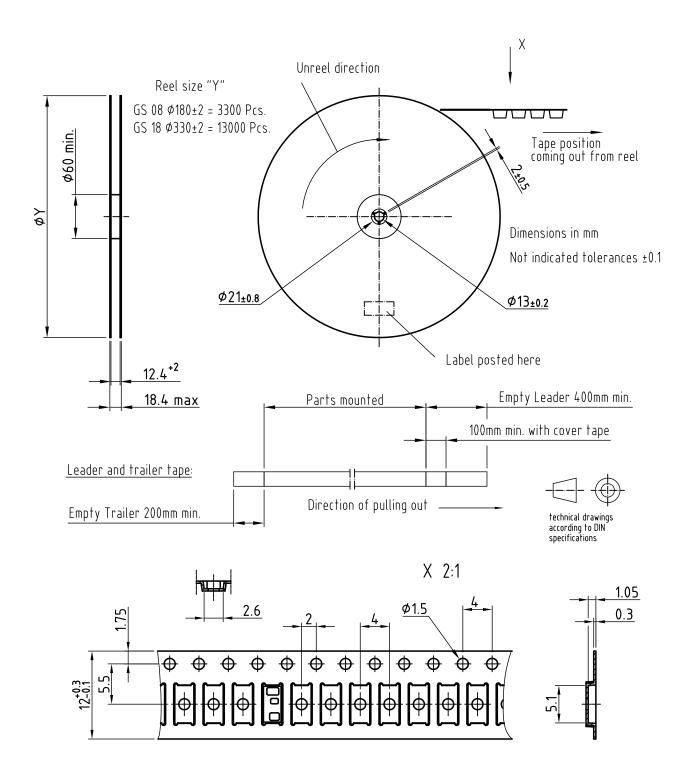




# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



# TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 9.700-5387.01-4



# **SOLDER PROFILE**

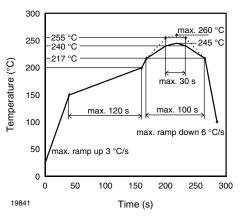


Fig. 19 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile acc. J-STD-020

# **DRYPACK**

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

### **FLOOR LIFE**

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 72 h

Conditions:  $T_{amb}$  < 30 °C, RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 4, acc. to J-STD-020.

#### **DRYING**

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40  $^{\circ}$ C (+ 5  $^{\circ}$ C), RH < 5  $^{\circ}$ K.



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