

Product Specification

PE43404

75 Ω RF Digital Attenuator 4-bit, 15 dB, DC - 2.0 GHz

Features

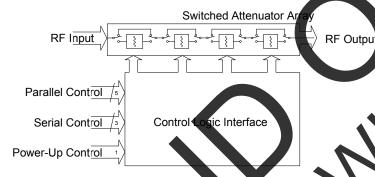
- Attenuation: 1.0 dB steps to 15 dB
- Flexible parallel and serial programming interfaces
 - Parallel latched or direct mode
- High attenuation accuracy and linearity over temperature and frequency
- Unique power up state selection
- Very low power consumption
- le-supply operation
- Positive CMOS control le
- 75 Ω impedance
- Packaged in a 20 Lead 4x4 mm QFN

Product Description

The PE43404 is a high linearity, 4-bit RF Digital Step Attenuator (DSA) covering a 15 dB attenuation range in 1.0 dB steps. This 75-ohm RF DSA provides both parallel (latched or direct mode) and serial CMOS control interface, operates on a single 3-volt supply and maintains high attenuation accuracy over frequency and temperature. It also has a unique control interface that allows the user to select an initial attenuation state at power-up. The PE43404 exhibits very low insertion loss and low power consumption. This functionality is delivered in a 4x4 mm QFN footprint.

The PE43404 is manufactured on Peregrine's UltraCMOS™ process, a patented variation of silicon-on-insulator (SOI) technology on a sapphire substrate, offering the performance of GaAs with the economy and integration of conventional CMOS.

Figure 1. Functional Schematic Diagram



ackage Type



Table 1. Electrical Specifications @ +25°C, V_{DD}

Parameter	Test Conditions	requency	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operation Frequency			DC		2000	MHz
Insertion Loss		DC ≤1.2 GHz	-	1.4	1.95	dB
Attenuation Accuracy	Any Bit or Bit Combination	DC ≤1.2 GHz	-	-	±(0.25+ 7% of atten setting)	dB
1 dB Compression ^{3,4}		1 MHz ≤1.2 GHz	30	34	-	dBm
Input IP3 ^{1,2,4}	Two-tone inputs up to +18 dBm	1 MHz ≤1.2 GHz	-	52	-	dBm
Return Loss	2 o = 75 ohms	DC ≤1.2 GHz	10	13	-	dB
Switching Speed	50% control		-	-	1	μS

Notes: 1. ill begin to degrade below 1MHz

- ut rating in Table 3 & Figures on Pages 4 to 6 for data across frequency.
- Absolute Maximum in Table 3.
- ⊾red in a 50 Ω system.

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Figure 15. Pin Configuration (Top View)

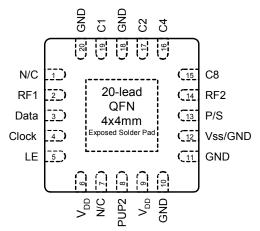


Table 2. Pin Descriptions

<u> </u>				
Pin No.	Pin Name	Description		
1	N/C	No connect		
2	RF1	RF port (Note 1).		
3	Data	Serial interface data input (Note 4).		
4	Clock	Serial interface clock input.		
5	LE	Latch Enable input (Note 2).		
6	V_{DD}	Power supply pin.		
7	N/C	No connect		
8	PUP2	Power-up selection bit.		
9	V_{DD}	Power supply pin.		
10	GND	Ground connection.		
11	GND	Ground connection.		
12	V _{ss} / GND	Negative supply voltage or GND connection (Note 3)		
13	P/S	Parallel/Serial mode select.		
14	RF2	RF port (Note 1).		
15	C8	Attenuation control bit, 8 dB.		
16	C4	Attenuation control bit, 4 dB.		
17	C2	Attenuation control bit, 2 dB.		
18	GND	Ground connection.		
19	C1	Attenuation control bit, 1 dB.		
20	GND	Ground for proper operation		
Paddle	GND	Ground for proper operation		

Notes: 1. Both RF ts mu e held at capacitor.

- 2. Latch Enable (LE) has an interna $0.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ resistor to V_{DD}
- 3. Connect pin 12 to GND to enable ternal negative $var{l}_{SS}$ (-VDD) to voltage generator. Con ect pin 1 bypass and disag tive voltage generator.
- h series, as close to pin as 4. Place a 10 kΩ 1 uency resonance. See "Resistor on possible to 3" paraqu

Exposed Solder Pad Connection

The exposed older pad on the bottom of the ast be grounded for proper device package n operation.

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Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter/Conditions	Min	Max	Units
V_{DD}	Power supply voltage	-0.3	4.0	٧
Vı	Voltage on any input	-0.3	V _{DD} + 0.3	٧
T _{ST}	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C
P _{IN}	Input power (50Ω)		+30	dBm
V _{ESD}	ESD voltage (Human Body Model)		500	٧

Exceeding absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Operation should be restricted to the limits in the Operating Ranges table. Operation between operating range maximum and absolute maximum for extended periods may reduce reliability.

Table 4. Operating Ranges

Parameter	Min	Ур	Max	Units
V _{DD} Power Supply Voltage	27	3.0	3.3	V
Power Supply Current			100	μΑ
Digital Input High	0.7xV _{DD}			V
Digital Input Low			0.3xV _{DD}	V
Digital Input Leakage			1	μΑ
Input Power			+24	dBm
Temperature range	-40		85	°C

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions

When handling this UltraCMOS™ device, observe the same precautions that you would use with other ESD-sensitive devices. Although this device contains circuitry to protect it from damage due to ESD, precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding the rate specified in Table 3.

Latch-Up Avoidance

Unlike conventional CMOS devices, UltraCMOS™ devices are immune to latch-up.

Switching Frequency

The PE43404 has a maximum 25 kHz switching rate.

Resistor on Pin 3

A 10 k Ω resistor on the input to Pin 3 (see Figure 5) will eliminate package resonance between the RF input pin and the digital input. Specified attenuation error versus frequency performance is dependent upon this condition.



Evaluation Kit

The Digital Attenuator Evaluation Kit was designed to ease customer evaluation of the PE43404 DSA.

J9 is used in conjunction with the supplied DC cable to supply V_{DD} , GND, and $-V_{DD}$. If use of the internal negative voltage generator is desired, then connect -V_{DD} (black banana plug) to ground. If an external –V_{DD} is desired, then apply -3V.

J1 should be connected to the LPT1 port of a PC with the supplied control cable. The evaluation software is written to operate the DSA in serial mode, so switch 7 (P/S) on the DIP switch SW1 should be ON with all other switches off. Using the software, enable or disable each attenuation setting to the desired combined attenuation. The software automatically programs the DSA each time an attenuation state is enabled or disabled.

Note: Jumper J6 supplies power to the evaluation board support circuits.

To evaluate the Power Up options, first disconnect the control cable from the evaluation board. The control cable must be removed to prevent the PC port from biasing the control pins.

During power up with P/S=1 high and LE=1, the default power-up signal attenuation is set to the value pre on the five control bits on the five parallel data input (C0.5 to C8). This allows any one of the 82 attenuation settings to be specified as the power-up stat

During power up with P/S=0 high and LE=0, the control bits are automatically set to one of two post ible value presented through the PUP interface values are selected by the power-up control bit, PUP as shown in Table 6.

Pins 1 and may be conn are open an bias.

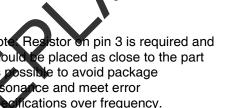
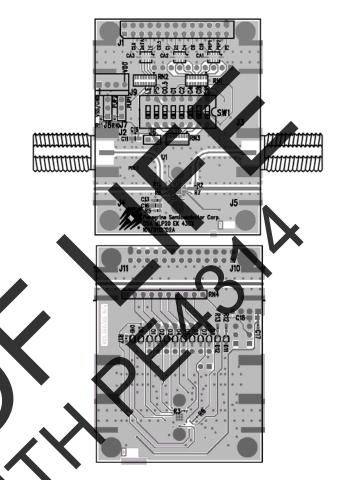


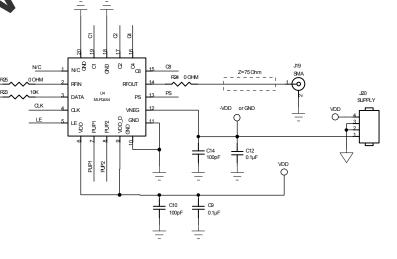
Figure 4. Evaluation Board Layout

Peregrine Specification 101-0112



ligure 5. Evaluation Board Schematic

Peregrine Specification 102-0142





Typical Performance Data @ 25°C, V_{DD} = 3.0 V

Figure 6. Insertion Loss (Zo=75 ohms)

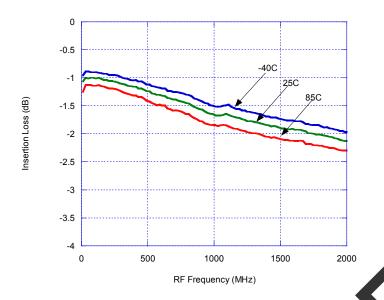


Figure 7. Attenuation at Major steps

Attenuation (dB)

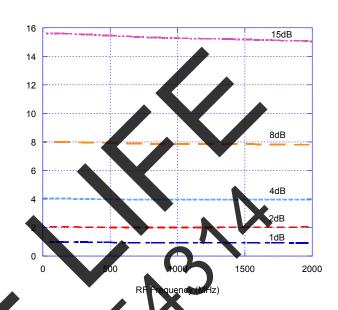


Figure 8. Input Return Loss at Major Attenuation Steps (Zo=75 ohms)

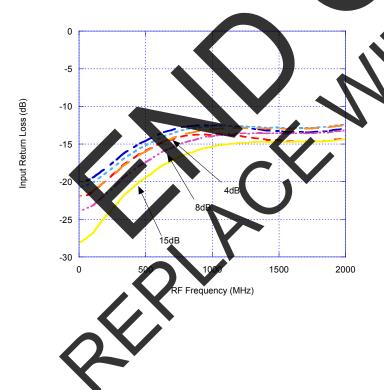
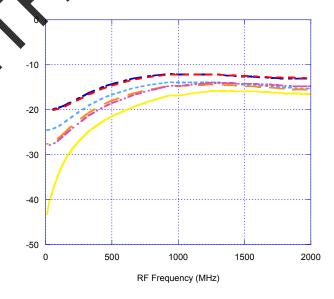


Figure 9. Output Return Loss at Major Attenuation Steps (Zo=75 ohms)



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UltraCMOS™ RFIC Solutions

Output Return loss (dB)



Typical Performance Data @ 25°C, V_{DD} = 3.0 V

Figure 10. Attenuation Error Vs. Frequency

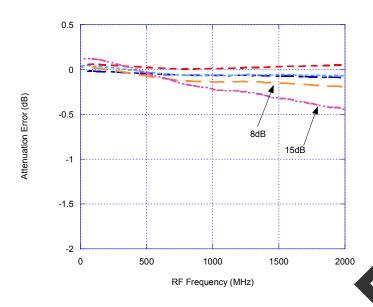


Figure 11. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting

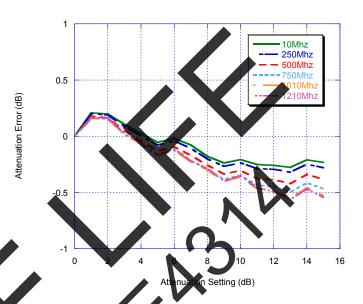


Figure 12. Input IP3 vs. Frequency (Zo=50 ohms)

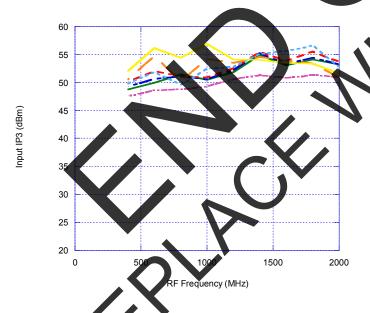
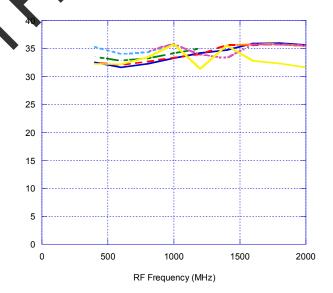


Figure 13. Input 1 dB Compression (Zo=50 ohms)



Note: Positive attenuation error indicates higher attenuation than target value

IdB Compression (dBm)



Typical Performance Data @ 25°C, V_{DD} = 3.0 V

Figure 14. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting

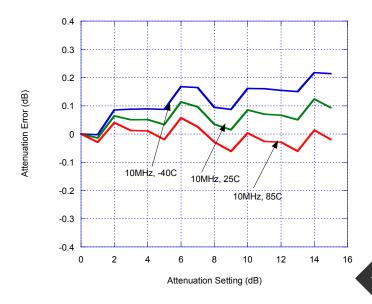


Figure 15. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting

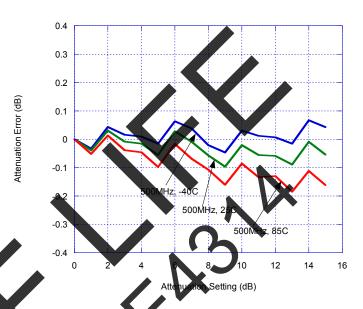


Figure 16. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting

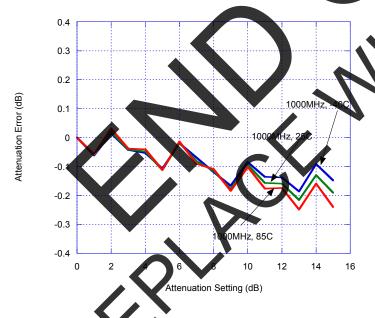
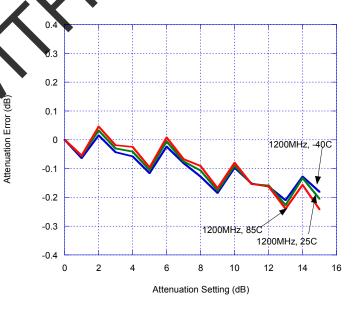


Figure 17. Attenuation Error Vs. Attenuation Setting



error indicates higher attenuation than target value Note: Posit



Programming Options

Parallel/Serial Selection

Either a parallel or serial interface can be used to control the PE43404. The P/S bit provides this selection, with P/S=LOW selecting the parallel interface and P/S=HIGH selecting the serial interface.

Parallel / Direct Mode Interface

The parallel interface consists of four CMOScompatible control lines that select the desired attenuation state, as shown in Table 5.

The parallel interface timing requirements are defined by Figure 19 (Parallel Interface Timing Diagram), Table 9 (Parallel Interface AC Characteristics), and switching speed (Table 1).

For *latched* parallel programming, the Latch Enable (LE) should be held LOW while changing attenuation state control values, then pulse LE HIGH to LOW (per Figure 19) to latch new attenuation state into device.

For direct parallel programming, the Latch Enable (LE) line should be pulled HIGH. Changing attenuation state control values will change dev state to new attenuation. Direct Mode is ideal manual control of the device (using hardwire, switches, or jumpers).

Table 5. Truth Table

P/S	C8	C4	C2	C1	Attenuation State
0	0	0	0	0	Reference Loss
0	0	0	0	7	1 dB
0	0	0	1	0	2 dB
0	0	1	0	0	4 dB
0	1	0	0	0	8 d
0	1	X	1		15 dB

Note: Not all 16 pos shown in table

Serial Interface

The PE43404's serial interface is a 6-bit serial-in, parallel-out shift register buffered by a transparent latch. The latch is controlled by three CMOScompatible signals: Data, Clock, and Latch Enable (LE). The Data and Clock inputs allow data to be

serially entered into the shift register, a process that is independent of the state of the LE input.

The LE input controls the latch. When LE is HIGH, the latch is transparent and the contents of the serial shift register control the attenuator. When LE is brought LOW, data in the shift redister is latched.

The shift register should be loaded while LE is held LOW to prevent the attenuator value from changing as data is entered. The LE input should then be toggled HIGH and brought LOW again, latching the new data. The start bit (B5) and stop bit (B0) of the data should always be low to prevent an unknown The timing for this operation is state in the device defined by Figure 18 (Serial Interface Timing Diagram) and Table 8 (Serial Interface) Characteristics).

Power-up Contro

The PE43404 always assumes a specifiable attenuation setting on power up. This feature exists or both the Serial and Parallel modes of operation, and allows a known attenuation state to be tablished before an initial serial or parallel control word is provided

When the attenuator powers up in Serial mode (P/ S=1), the four control bits are set to whatever data is resert on the four parallel data inputs (C1 to C8). his allows any one of the 16 attenuation settings to be specified as the power-up state.

When the attenuator powers up in Parallel mode (P/ S=0) with LE=0, the control bits are automatically set to one of two possible values. These two values are selected by the power-up control bit, PUP2, as shown in Table 6 (Power-Up Truth Table, Parallel

Table 6. Power-Up Truth Table, Parallel Interface Mode

P/S	LE	PUP2	Attenuation State
0	0	0	Reference Loss
0	0	1	8 dB
0	1	Х	Defined by C1-C8

Power up with LE=1 provides normal parallel operation Note: with C1-C8, and PUP2 is not active.



Figure 18. Serial Interface Timing Diagram

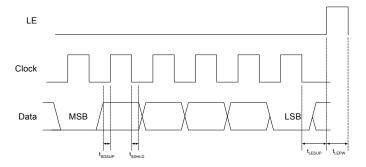


Table 7. 4-Bit Attenuator Serial Programming Register Map

	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	0	C8	C4	C2	C1	0
Ī	↑				_	\uparrow
ľ	MSB (first	in)			L	SB (last in

st always Note: The start bit (B5) and start bit (B0) prevent an unknown state

Figure 19. Parallel Interface Timing Diagram

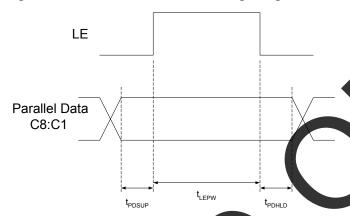


Table 8. Serial Interface AC Characteristics

 $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}, -40^{\circ} \text{ C} < T_A < 85^{\circ}$ unless

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
f_{Clk}	Serial data clock frequency (Note 1)		10	MHz
t _{ClkH}	Serial clock HIGH time	30		ns
t _{ClkL}	Serial clock LOW time	30		ns
t _{LESUP}	LE set up time after last clock falling edge	10		ns
t _{LEPW}	LE minimum pulse width	30		ns
t _{SDSUP}	Serial data set-uprtime before clock rising edge	10		ns
t _{SDHLD}	Serial data hold time after clock falling edge	10		ns

ring the functional pattern test. Serial Note: sections of the functional pattern are clocked fclk specification.

Table 9. Parallel Interface AC Characteristics

 $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, -40° C < T_A < 85° C, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{LEPW}	LE minimum pulse width	10		ns
t _{PDSUP}	Data set-up time before rising edge of LE	10		ns
t _{PDHLD}	Data hold time after falling edge of LE	10		ns



Figure 20. Package Drawing 20 Lead 4x4 mm QFN

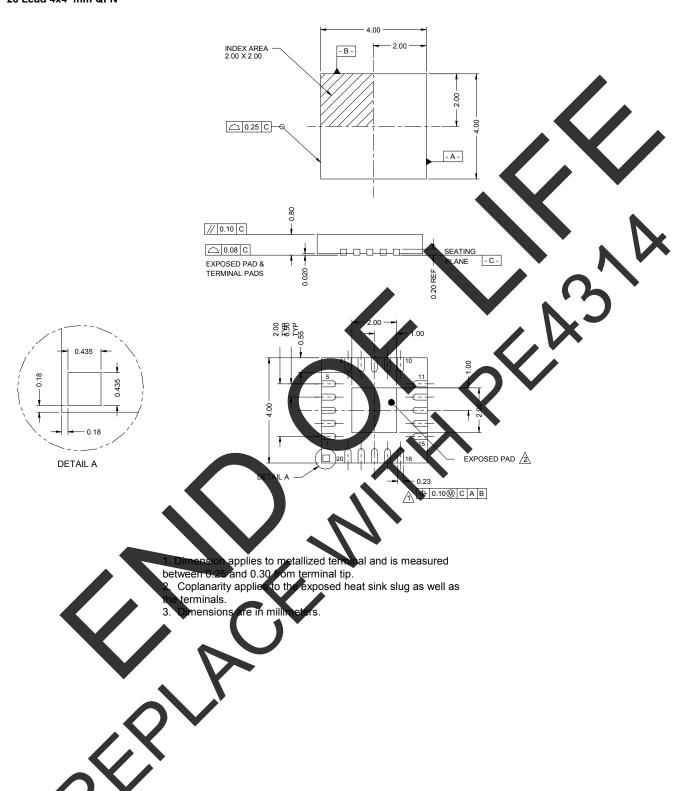




Figure 21. Marking Specifications

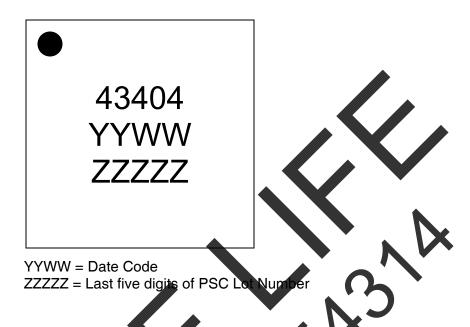


Figure 22. Tape and Reel Drawing

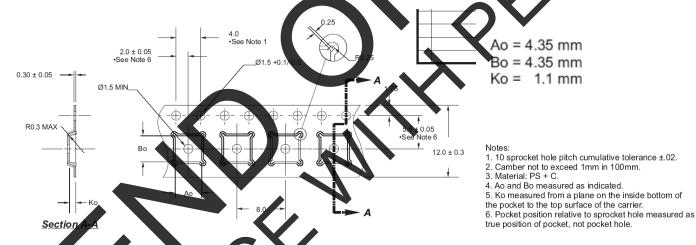


Table 10. Ordering

Order Code	Part Marking	Description	Package	Shipping Method
PE43404MLI	43404	PE43404G-20MLP 4x4mm-75A	Green 20-lead 4x4 mm QFN	Tape or loose
PE43404MLI-Z	43404	PE43404G-20MLP 4x4mm-3000C	Green 20-lead 4x4 mm QFN	3000 units / T&R
EK43404-01	PE43404- E K	PE43404-20MLP 4x4mm-EK	Evaluation Kit	1 / Box



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Data Sheet Identification

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Preliminary Sp ecification

The data sheet contains reliminary may be added at a r date. Peregi eserves the right ne to change specifications at any time with out notice in order to supply the best possible pro-

Product Specifical

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