



# LD6805 series

Low-dropout regulators, high PSRR, 150 mA

Rev. 4 — 7 June 2013

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

The LD6805 series is a small-size Low DropOut regulator (LDO) family with ultra high Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) of 75 dB. The voltage drop is 250 mV at 150 mA current rating. Operating voltages can range from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. Each device has a fixed output voltage  $V_{O(nom)}$  between 1.2 V and 3.6 V.

The LD6805K/xxH devices show a high-ohmic state (3-state) at the output pin when set to disabled mode. The LD6805K/xxP devices contain a pull-down switching transistor to provide a low-ohmic output state (auto discharge function) in disabled mode.

The LD6805 series devices are available in a DFN1010C-4 (SOT1194-1) plastic package with a size of  $1 \times 1 \times 0.55$  mm. The devices are ideal for use in portable applications requiring component miniaturization.

### 1.2 Features and benefits

- High PSRR
- Overcurrent protection
- Auto discharge or high-ohmic output state when disabled
- Low quiescent current (0.1  $\mu$ A) in shutdown mode
- High-level ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD) protection (6 kV Human Body Model (HBM))
- DFN1010C-4 (SOT1194-1) plastic package with a size of  $1 \times 1 \times 0.55$  mm
- Pb-free, Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) compliant, free of halogen and antimony (dark green compliant)

### 1.3 Applications

- Smartphones
- Mobile handsets
- Digital still cameras
- Tablet PCs
- Mobile internet devices
- Portable media players

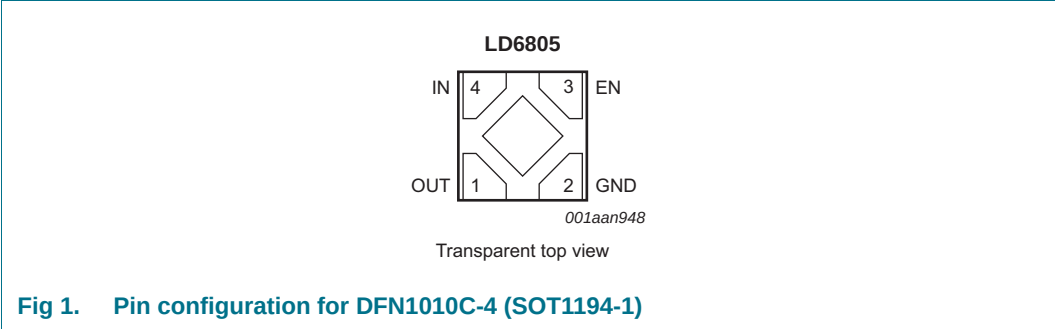
### 1.4 Quick reference data

- $I_O = 150$  mA
- PSRR = 75 dB at 1 kHz
- RMS noise  $V_{n(o)RMS} = 40$   $\mu$ V at 10 Hz to 100 kHz
- $t_{startup(reg)} = 150$   $\mu$ s
- $V_I = 2.3$  V to 5.5 V
- $V_O = 1.2$  V to 3.6 V
- Dropout voltage  $V_{do} = 250$  mV at  $I_O = 150$  mA
- Quiescent current  $I_q = 35$   $\mu$ A at 0 mA



## 2. Pinning information

### 2.1 Pinning



### 2.2 Pin description

Table 1. Pin description for DFN1010C-4 (SOT1194-1)

| Symbol | Pin | Description                       |
|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| OUT    | 1   | regulator output voltage          |
| GND    | 2   | supply ground                     |
| EN     | 3   | device enable input; active HIGH  |
| IN     | 4   | regulator input voltage           |
| i.c.   | TAB | internal connected <sup>[1]</sup> |

[1] The TAB is GND level (it is placed on the reverse side of the IC). It is recommended to connect the TAB to GND. Leaving it unconnected is also allowed but it may result in lower thermal performance.

## 3. Ordering information

Table 2. Ordering information

| Type number   | Package    |                                                                                                        |           |
|---------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
|               | Name       | Description                                                                                            | Version   |
| LD6805 series | DFN1010C-4 | plastic thermal enhanced ultra thin small outline package; no leads; 4 terminals; body 1 × 1 × 0.55 mm | SOT1194-1 |

Further ordering options see [Section 3.1 “Ordering options”](#).

### 3.1 Ordering options

Further information on output voltage is available on request; see [Section 20 “Contact information”](#). An explanation of high-ohmic and pull-down type is in [Section 4 “Block diagram”](#).

**Table 3. Type number extension of high-ohmic output**

| Type number  | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| LD6805K/12H  | 1.2 V                               | LD6805K/22H | 2.2 V                               |
| LD6805K/13H  | 1.3 V                               | LD6805K/23H | 2.3 V                               |
| LD6805K/14H  | 1.4 V                               | LD6805K/25H | 2.5 V                               |
| LD6805K/15H  | 1.5 V                               | LD6805K/28H | 2.8 V                               |
| LD6805K/16H  | 1.6 V                               | LD6805K/29H | 2.9 V                               |
| LD6805K/18H  | 1.8 V                               | LD6805K/30H | 3.0 V                               |
| LD6805K/185H | 1.85 V                              | LD6805K/31H | 3.1 V                               |
| LD6805K/20H  | 2.0 V                               | LD6805K/33H | 3.3 V                               |
| LD6805K/21H  | 2.1 V                               | LD6805K/36H | 3.6 V                               |

**Table 4. Type number extension of pull-down output**

| Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| LD6805K/12P | 1.2 V                               | LD6805K/23P | 2.3 V                               |
| LD6805K/13P | 1.3 V                               | LD6805K/25P | 2.5 V                               |
| LD6805K/14P | 1.4 V                               | LD6805K/26P | 2.6 V                               |
| LD6805K/15P | 1.5 V                               | LD6805K/28P | 2.8 V                               |
| LD6805K/16P | 1.6 V                               | LD6805K/29P | 2.9 V                               |
| LD6805K/18P | 1.8 V                               | LD6805K/30P | 3.0 V                               |
| LD6805K/20P | 2.0 V                               | LD6805K/31P | 3.1 V                               |
| LD6805K/21P | 2.1 V                               | LD6805K/33P | 3.3 V                               |
| LD6805K/22P | 2.2 V                               | LD6805K/36P | 3.6 V                               |

4. Block diagram

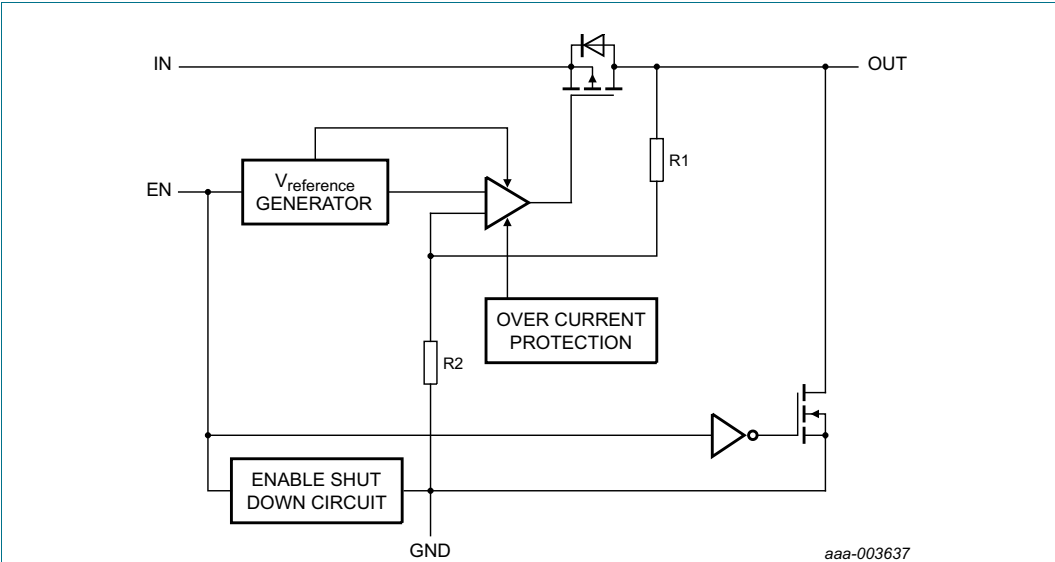


Fig 2. Block diagram of LD6805K/xxP (auto discharge function)

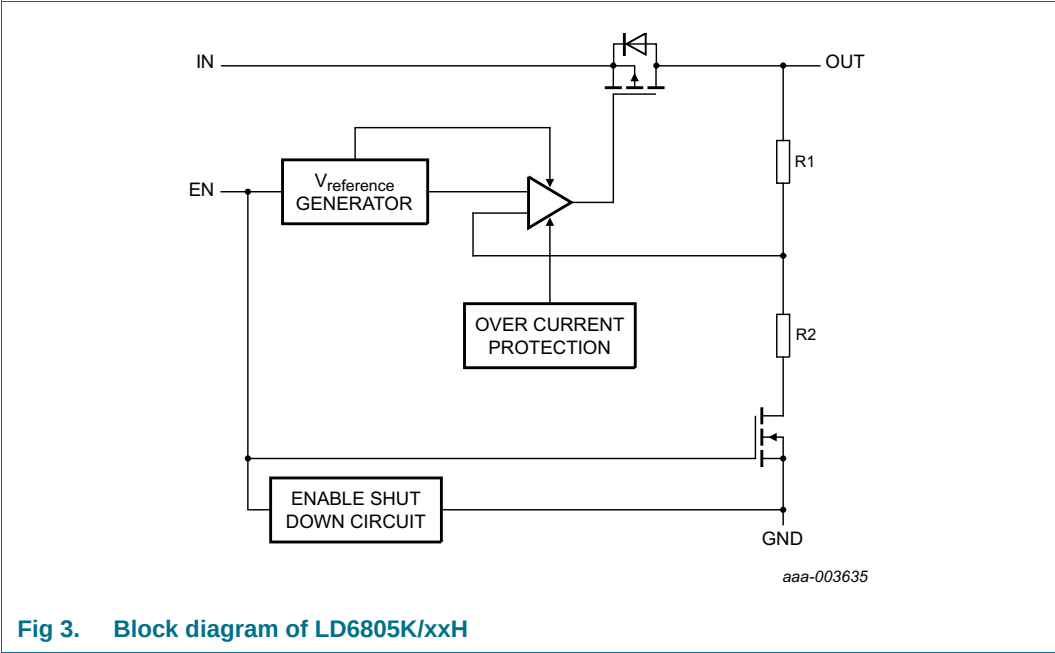


Fig 3. Block diagram of LD6805K/xxH

## 5. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol    | Parameter                       | Conditions               | Min   | Max  | Unit |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|------|------|
| $V_I$     | input voltage                   | 4 ms transient           | -0.5  | +6   | V    |
| $V_{EN}$  | voltage on pin EN               |                          | -0.5  | +6   | V    |
| $V_O$     | output voltage                  |                          | -0.5  | +6   | V    |
| $P_{tot}$ | total power dissipation         |                          | [1] - | 400  | mW   |
| $T_{stg}$ | storage temperature             |                          | -55   | +150 | °C   |
| $T_j$     | junction temperature            |                          | -40   | +125 | °C   |
| $T_{amb}$ | ambient temperature             |                          | -40   | +85  | °C   |
| $V_{ESD}$ | electrostatic discharge voltage | human body model level 6 | [2] - | ±6   | kV   |
|           |                                 | machine model class 3    | [3] - | ±400 | V    |

[1] The (absolute) maximum power dissipation depends on the junction temperature  $T_j$ . Higher power dissipation is allowed with lower ambient temperatures. The conditions to determine the specified values are  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$  and the use of a two-layer Printed-Circuit Board (PCB).

[2] According to IEC 61340-3-1.

[3] According to JESD22-A115C.

## 6. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6. Operating conditions**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol         | Parameter                 | Conditions | Min  | Typ | Max         | Unit |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------|------|-----|-------------|------|
| $T_{amb}$      | ambient temperature       |            | -40  | -   | +85         | °C   |
| $T_j$          | junction temperature      |            | -    | -   | +125        | °C   |
| <b>Pin IN</b>  |                           |            |      |     |             |      |
| $V_I$          | input voltage             |            | 2.3  | -   | 5.5         | V    |
| <b>Pin EN</b>  |                           |            |      |     |             |      |
| $V_{EN}$       | voltage on pin EN         |            | 0    | -   | $V_I$       | V    |
| <b>Pin OUT</b> |                           |            |      |     |             |      |
| $V_O$          | output voltage            |            | -0.5 | -   | $V_I + 0.3$ | V    |
| $C_{L(ext)}$   | external load capacitance | [1]        | 0.7  | 1.0 | -           | μF   |

[1] See [Section 10.1 "Capacitor values"](#).

## 7. Thermal characteristics

**Table 7. Thermal characteristics**

| Symbol        | Parameter                                   | Conditions | Typ        | Unit |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|------------|------|
| $R_{th(j-a)}$ | thermal resistance from junction to ambient |            | [1][2] 250 | K/W  |

- [1] The overall  $R_{th(j-a)}$  can vary depending on the board layout. To minimize the effective  $R_{th(j-a)}$ , all pins must have a solid connection to larger Cu layer areas for example to the power and ground layer. In multilayer PCB applications, the second layer is used to create a large heat spreader area directly below the LDO. If this layer is either ground or power, it is connected with several vias to the top layer connecting to the device ground or supply. Avoid the use of solder-stop varnish under the chip.
- [2] Use the measurement data given for a rough estimation of the  $R_{th(j-a)}$  in your application. The actual  $R_{th(j-a)}$  value can vary in applications using different layer stacks and layouts.

## 8. Characteristics

**Table 8. Electrical characteristics**

At recommended input voltages and  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol                                 | Parameter                                             | Conditions                                                                  | Min  | Typ       | Max  | Unit          |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------|------|---------------|
| <b>Output voltage</b>                  |                                                       |                                                                             |      |           |      |               |
| $V_{do}$                               | dropout voltage                                       | $I_O = 150\text{ mA}$ ; $V_I < V_{O(nom)}$                                  | -    | 250       | -    | mV            |
| $\Delta V_O$                           | output voltage variation                              | $V_O \geq 1.8\text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$                               |      |           |      |               |
|                                        |                                                       | $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$                                     | -2   | $\pm 0.5$ | +2   | %             |
|                                        |                                                       | $-30\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{amb} \leq +85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | -3   | -         | +3   | %             |
|                                        |                                                       | $V_O < 1.8\text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$                                  |      |           |      |               |
|                                        |                                                       | $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$                                     | -3   | $\pm 0.5$ | +3   | %             |
|                                        |                                                       | $-30\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_{amb} \leq +85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ | -4   | -         | +4   | %             |
| <b>Line regulation error</b>           |                                                       |                                                                             |      |           |      |               |
| $\Delta V_O / (V_O \times \Delta V_I)$ | relative output voltage variation with input voltage  | $V_I = (V_{O(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V})$ to $5.5\text{ V}$                       | -0.1 | -         | +0.1 | %/V           |
| <b>Load regulation error</b>           |                                                       |                                                                             |      |           |      |               |
| $\Delta V_O / (V_O \times \Delta I_O)$ | relative output voltage variation with output current | $1\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 150\text{ mA}$                                   | -    | 0.0025    | 0.01 | %/mA          |
| <b>Output current</b>                  |                                                       |                                                                             |      |           |      |               |
| $I_O$                                  | output current                                        |                                                                             | -    | -         | 150  | mA            |
| $I_{OM}$                               | peak output current                                   | $V_I = (V_{O(nom)} + 0.5\text{ V})$ to $5.5\text{ V}$                       |      |           |      |               |
|                                        |                                                       | $V_{O(nom)} > 1.8\text{ V}$ ; $V_O = 0.95 \times V_{O(nom)}$                | 200  | -         | -    | mA            |
|                                        |                                                       | $V_{O(nom)} < 1.8\text{ V}$ ; $V_O = 0.9 \times V_{O(nom)}$                 | 200  | -         | -    | mA            |
| $I_{sc}$                               | short-circuit current                                 | pin OUT                                                                     | -    | 300       | -    | mA            |
| <b>Regulator quiescent current</b>     |                                                       |                                                                             |      |           |      |               |
| $I_q$                                  | quiescent current                                     | $V_{EN} = 1.1\text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 0\text{ mA}$                               | -    | 35        | -    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                        |                                                       | $V_{EN} = 1.1\text{ V}$ ; $1\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 150\text{ mA}$         | -    | 150       | -    | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|                                        |                                                       | $V_{EN} \leq 0.4\text{ V}$                                                  | -    | 0.1       | 1    | $\mu\text{A}$ |

**Table 8. Electrical characteristics ...continued**

At recommended input voltages and  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); unless otherwise specified.

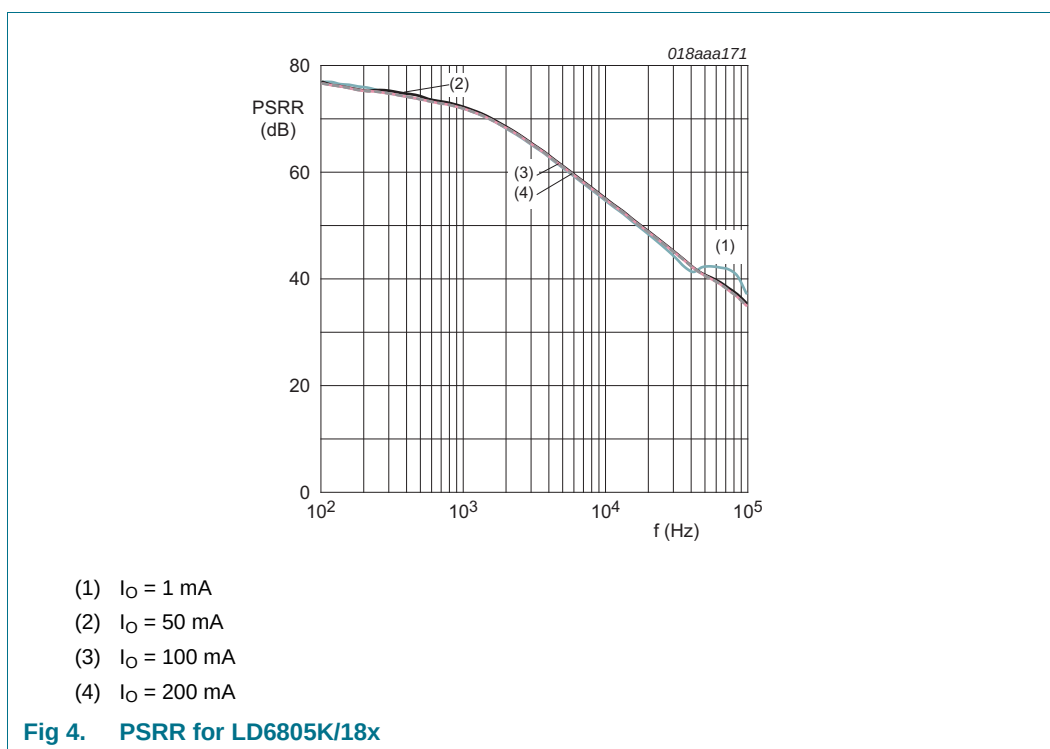
| Symbol                                      | Parameter                    | Conditions                                                                                                             | Min | Typ | Max | Unit          |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| <b>Ripple rejection and output noise</b>    |                              |                                                                                                                        |     |     |     |               |
| PSRR                                        | power supply rejection ratio | $V_I = V_{O(nom)} + 1.0\text{ V}$ ; $I_O = 50\text{ mA}$ ;<br>$f_{ripple} = 1\text{ kHz}$                              | -   | 75  | -   | dB            |
| $V_{n(o)(RMS)}$                             | RMS output noise voltage     | $f_{ripple} = 10\text{ Hz to }100\text{ kHz}$ ; $C_{L(ext)} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$                                    | -   | 40  | -   | $\mu\text{V}$ |
| <b>Enable input and timing</b>              |                              |                                                                                                                        |     |     |     |               |
| $V_{IL}$                                    | LOW-level input voltage      | pin EN                                                                                                                 | 0   | -   | 0.4 | V             |
| $V_{IH}$                                    | HIGH-level input voltage     | pin EN                                                                                                                 | 1.1 | -   | 5.5 | V             |
| $t_{startup(reg)}$                          | regulator start-up time      | $V_I = 5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_O = 0.95 \times V_{O(nom)}$ ;<br>$I_O = 150\text{ mA}$ ; $C_{L(ext)} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ | -   | 150 | -   | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| <b>LD6805K/xxP; auto discharge function</b> |                              |                                                                                                                        |     |     |     |               |
| $t_{sd(reg)}$                               | regulator shutdown time      | $V_I = 5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_O = 0.05 \times V_{O(nom)}$ ;<br>$C_{L(ext)} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$                         | -   | 300 | -   | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $R_{pd}$                                    | pull-down resistance         |                                                                                                                        | -   | 100 | -   | $\Omega$      |

## 9. Dynamic behavior

### 9.1 Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)

PSRR stands for the capability of the regulator to suppress unwanted signals on the input voltage like noise or ripples.

$$PSRR[dB] = (-20)\log \frac{V_{O(ripple)}}{V_{I(ripple)}} \quad \text{for all frequencies}$$

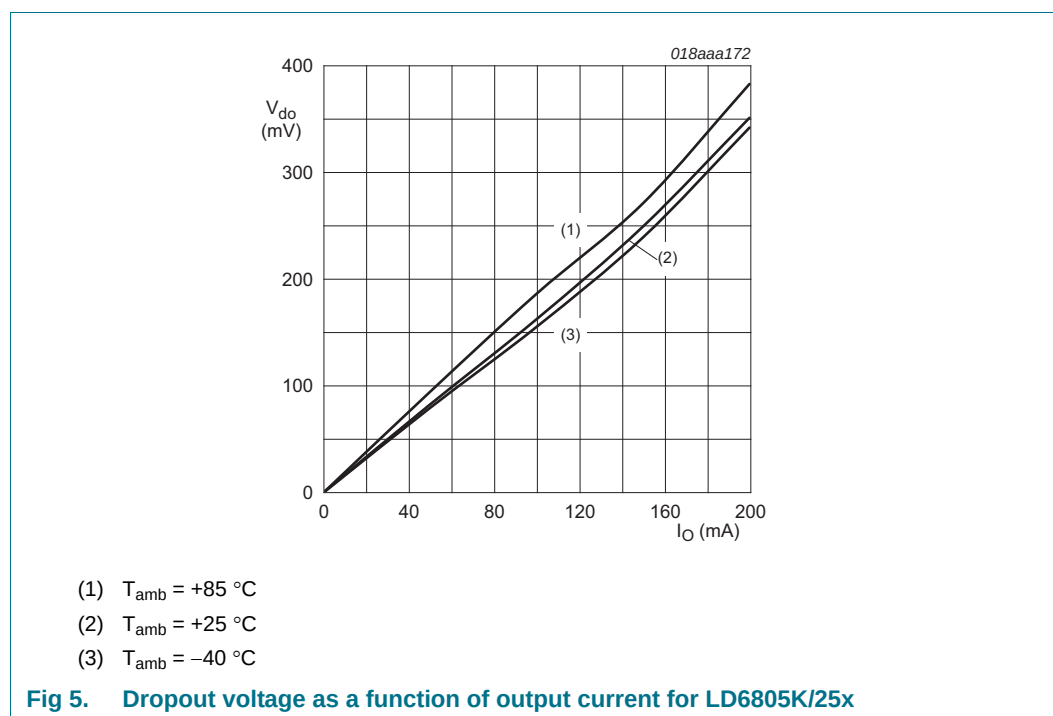




## 9.2 Dropout

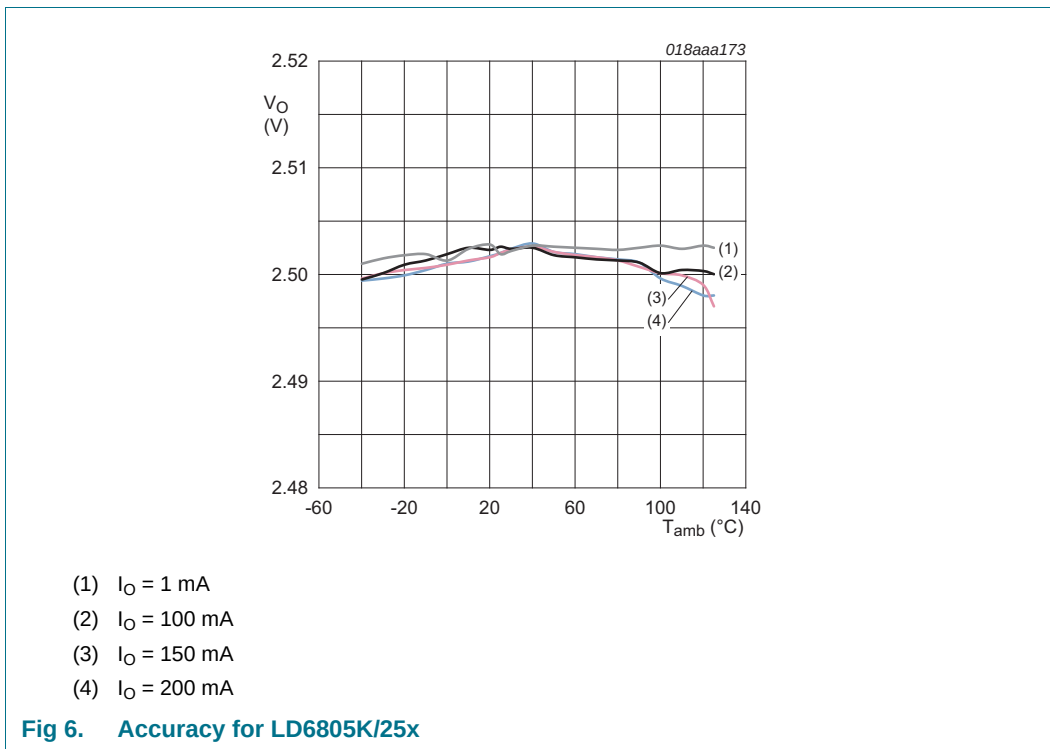
The dropout voltage is defined as the smallest input to output voltage difference at a specified load current when the regulator operates within its linear region. This means that the input voltage is below the nominal output voltage value and the pass transistor works as a plain resistor.

A small dropout voltage guarantees lower power consumption and efficiency maximization.



### 9.3 Accuracy

The LD6805 series guarantees high accuracy of the nominal output voltage.



## 10. Application information

### 10.1 Capacitor values

The LD6805 series requires external capacitors at the output to guarantee a stable regulator behavior. Do not under-run the specified minimum Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR). The absolute value of the total capacitance attached to the output pin OUT influences the shutdown time ( $t_{sd(reg)}$ ) of the LD6805 series. Also an input capacitor is recommended to keep the input voltage stable.

Table 9. External load capacitor

| Symbol        | Parameter                      | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit       |
|---------------|--------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| $C_{ext(IN)}$ | external capacitance on pin IN | [1]        | 0.7 | 1.0 |     | $\mu F$    |
| $C_{L(ext)}$  | external load capacitance      | [1]        | 0.7 | 1.0 | -   | $\mu F$    |
| ESR           | equivalent series resistance   |            | 5   | -   | 500 | m $\Omega$ |

[1] The minimum value of capacitance for stability and correct operation is 0.7  $\mu F$ . The specified capacitor tolerance is  $\pm 30\%$  or better over the temperature and operating conditions range. The recommended capacitor type is X7R to meet the full device temperature specification of  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}C$  to  $+125\text{ }^{\circ}C$ .

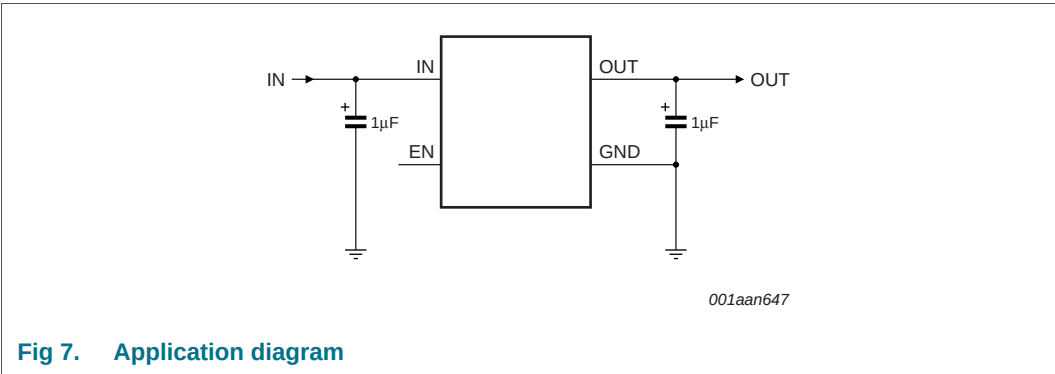


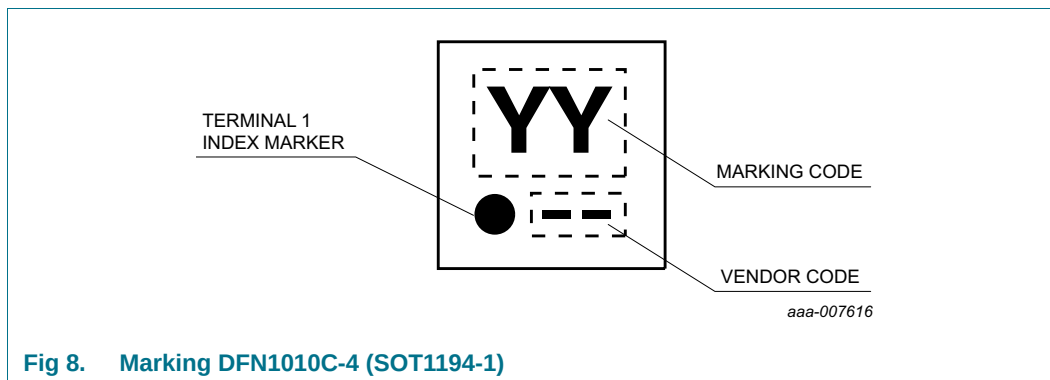
Fig 7. Application diagram

## 11. Test information

### 11.1 Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with *NX1-00023 NXP Semiconductors Quality and Reliability Specification* and is suitable for use in consumer applications.

## 12. Marking



**Table 10. Marking of high-ohmic output**

| Type number  | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Marking code | Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Marking code |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| LD6805K/12H  | 1.2 V                               | AH           | LD6805K/22H | 2.2 V                               | KH           |
| LD6805K/13H  | 1.3 V                               | BH           | LD6805K/23H | 2.3 V                               | LH           |
| LD6805K/14H  | 1.4 V                               | CH           | LD6805K/25H | 2.5 V                               | NH           |
| LD6805K/15H  | 1.5 V                               | DH           | LD6805K/28H | 2.8 V                               | QH           |
| LD6805K/16H  | 1.6 V                               | EH           | LD6805K/29H | 2.9 V                               | RH           |
| LD6805K/18H  | 1.8 V                               | GH           | LD6805K/30H | 3.0 V                               | SH           |
| LD6805K/185H | 1.85 V                              | 5H           | LD6805K/31H | 3.1 V                               | TH           |
| LD6805K/20H  | 2.0 V                               | IH           | LD6805K/33H | 3.3 V                               | VH           |
| LD6805K/21H  | 2.1 V                               | JH           | LD6805K/36H | 3.6 V                               | YH           |

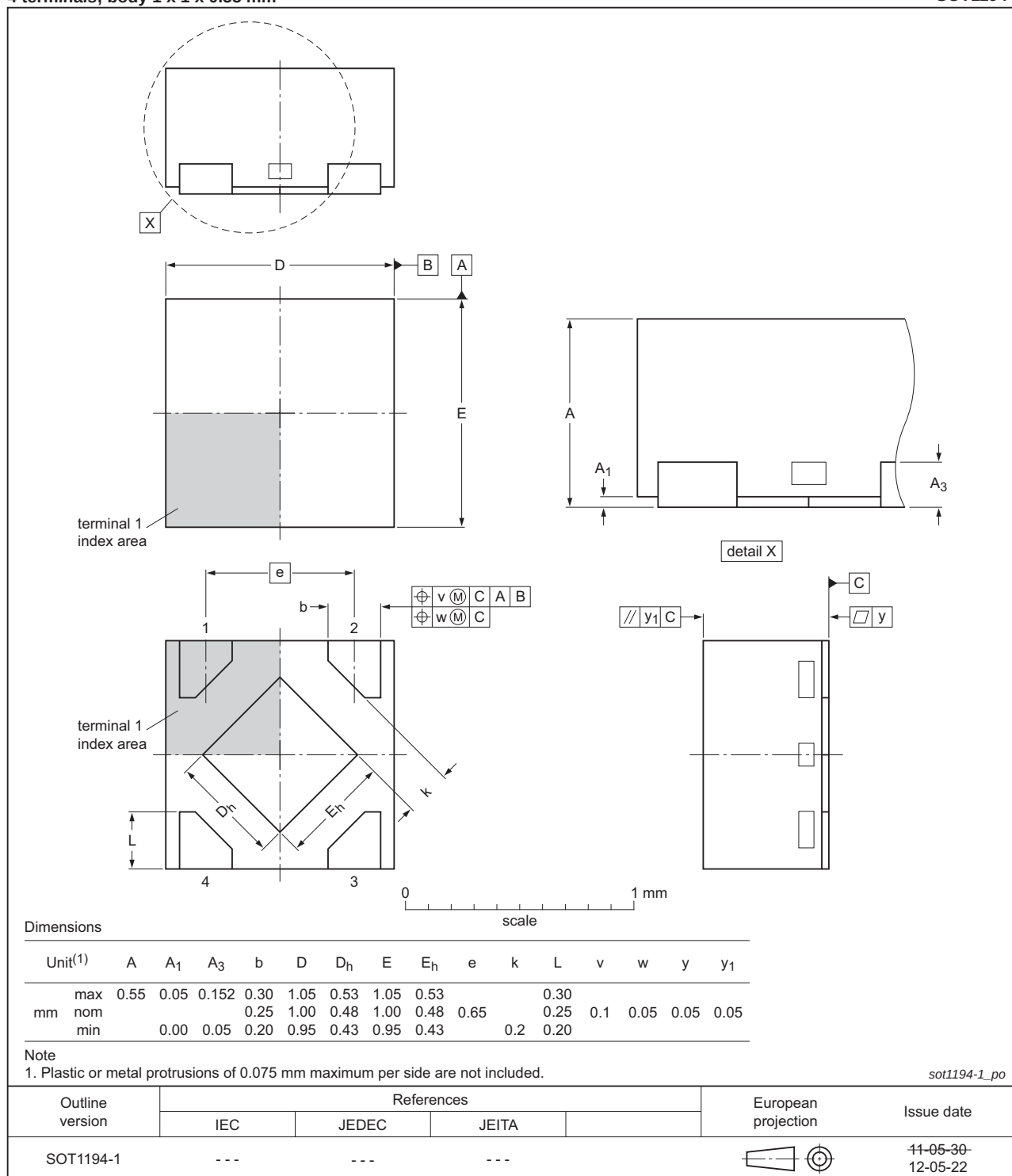
**Table 11. Marking of pull-down output**

| Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Marking code | Type number | Nominal output voltage $V_{O(nom)}$ | Marking code |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| LD6805K/12P | 1.2 V                               | AP           | LD6805K/23P | 2.3 V                               | LP           |
| LD6805K/13P | 1.3 V                               | BP           | LD6805K/25P | 2.5 V                               | NP           |
| LD6805K/14P | 1.4 V                               | CP           | LD6805K/25P | 2.5 V                               | NP           |
| LD6805K/15P | 1.5 V                               | DP           | LD6805K/26P | 2.6 V                               | OP           |
| LD6805K/16P | 1.6 V                               | EP           | LD6805K/29P | 2.9 V                               | RP           |
| LD6805K/18P | 1.8 V                               | GP           | LD6805K/30P | 3.0 V                               | SP           |
| LD6805K/20P | 2.0 V                               | IP           | LD6805K/31P | 3.1 V                               | TP           |
| LD6805K/21P | 2.1 V                               | JP           | LD6805K/33P | 3.3 V                               | VP           |
| LD6805K/22P | 2.2 V                               | KP           | LD6805K/36P | 3.6 V                               | YP           |

## 13. Package outline

Plastic thermal enhanced ultra thin small outline package; no leads;  
4 terminals; body 1 x 1 x 0.55 mm

**SOT1194-1**



**Fig 9. Package outline DFN1010C-4 (SOT1194-1)**

## 14. Packing information

### 14.1 Packing methods

Table 12. Packing methods

| Type number | Package                   | Description                       | Orientation <a href="#">[1]</a> | 12NC ending | Packing quantity |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| LD6805K     | DFN1010C-4<br>(SOT1194-1) | 2 mm pitch,<br>8 mm tape and reel | Q1                              | 115         | 10000            |

[1] For further information about orientation, see [Section 14.2](#).

### 14.2 Carrier tape information

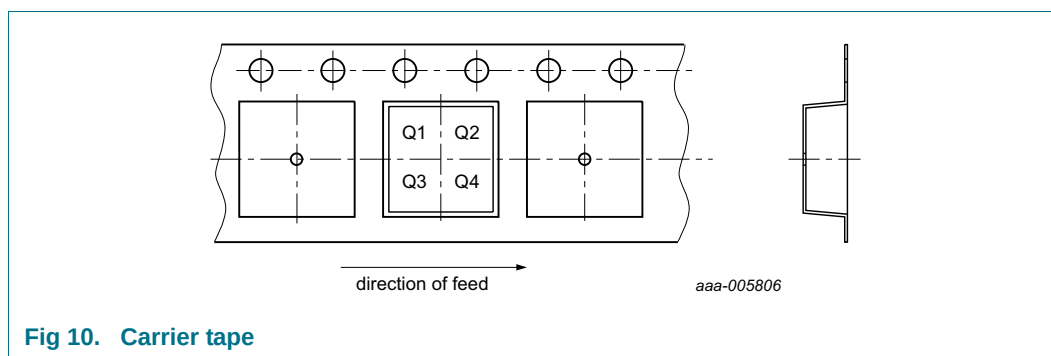


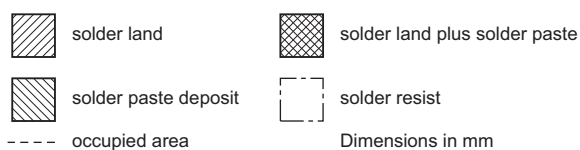
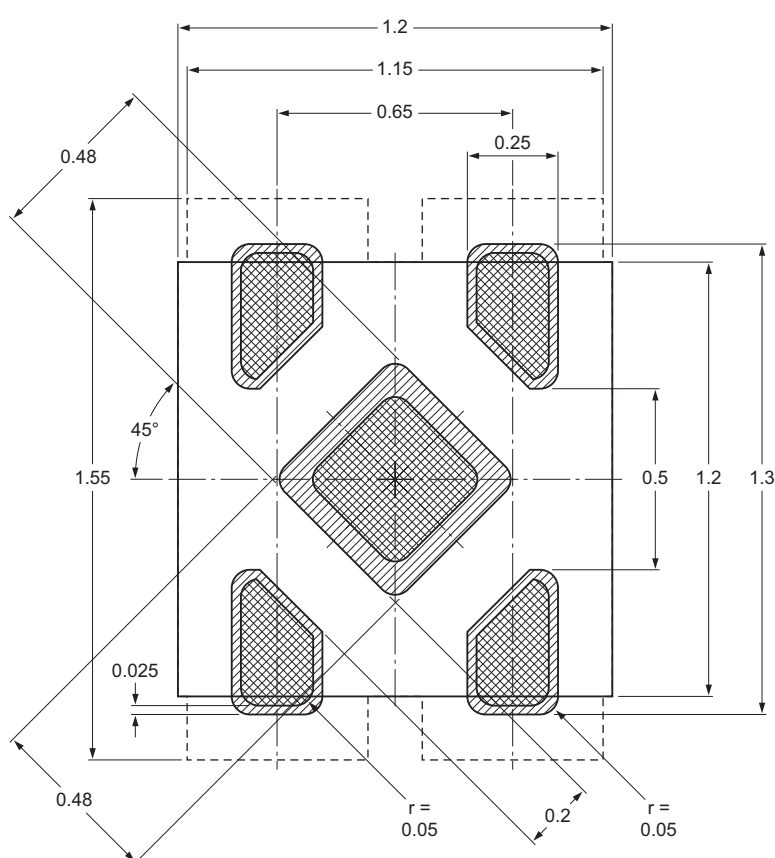
Table 13. Orientations

| Orientation | Meaning    | Pin 1 location |
|-------------|------------|----------------|
| Q1          | quadrant 1 | upper left     |
| Q2          | quadrant 2 | upper right    |
| Q3          | quadrant 3 | lower left     |
| Q4          | quadrant 4 | lower right    |

## 15. Soldering

### Footprint information for reflow soldering of HXSON4 package

**SOT1194-1**



Remark:  
Stencil of 75  $\mu\text{m}$  is recommended.

sot1194-1\_fr

**Fig 11. Soldering footprint DFN1010C-4 (SOT1194-1)**

## 16. Soldering of SMD packages

This text provides a very brief insight into a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in Application Note AN10365 “Surface mount reflow soldering description”.

### 16.1 Introduction to soldering

Soldering is one of the most common methods through which packages are attached to Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs), to form electrical circuits. The soldered joint provides both the mechanical and the electrical connection. There is no single soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and Surface Mount Devices (SMDs) are mixed on one printed wiring board; however, it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. Reflow soldering is ideal for the small pitches and high densities that come with increased miniaturization.

### 16.2 Wave and reflow soldering

Wave soldering is a joining technology in which the joints are made by solder coming from a standing wave of liquid solder. The wave soldering process is suitable for the following:

- Through-hole components
- Leadless or leadless SMDs, which are glued to the surface of the printed circuit board

Not all SMDs can be wave soldered. Packages with solder balls, and some leadless packages which have solder lands underneath the body, cannot be wave soldered. Also, leadless SMDs with leads having a pitch smaller than ~0.6 mm cannot be wave soldered, due to an increased probability of bridging.

The reflow soldering process involves applying solder paste to a board, followed by component placement and exposure to a temperature profile. Leadless packages, packages with solder balls, and leadless packages are all reflow solderable.

Key characteristics in both wave and reflow soldering are:

- Board specifications, including the board finish, solder masks and vias
- Package footprints, including solder thieves and orientation
- The moisture sensitivity level of the packages
- Package placement
- Inspection and repair
- Lead-free soldering versus SnPb soldering

### 16.3 Wave soldering

Key characteristics in wave soldering are:

- Process issues, such as application of adhesive and flux, clinching of leads, board transport, the solder wave parameters, and the time during which components are exposed to the wave
- Solder bath specifications, including temperature and impurities



## 16.4 Reflow soldering

Key characteristics in reflow soldering are:

- Lead-free versus SnPb soldering; note that a lead-free reflow process usually leads to higher minimum peak temperatures (see [Figure 12](#)) than a SnPb process, thus reducing the process window
- Solder paste printing issues including smearing, release, and adjusting the process window for a mix of large and small components on one board
- Reflow temperature profile; this profile includes preheat, reflow (in which the board is heated to the peak temperature) and cooling down. It is imperative that the peak temperature is high enough for the solder to make reliable solder joints (a solder paste characteristic). In addition, the peak temperature must be low enough that the packages and/or boards are not damaged. The peak temperature of the package depends on package thickness and volume and is classified in accordance with [Table 14](#) and [15](#)

**Table 14. SnPb eutectic process (from J-STD-020D)**

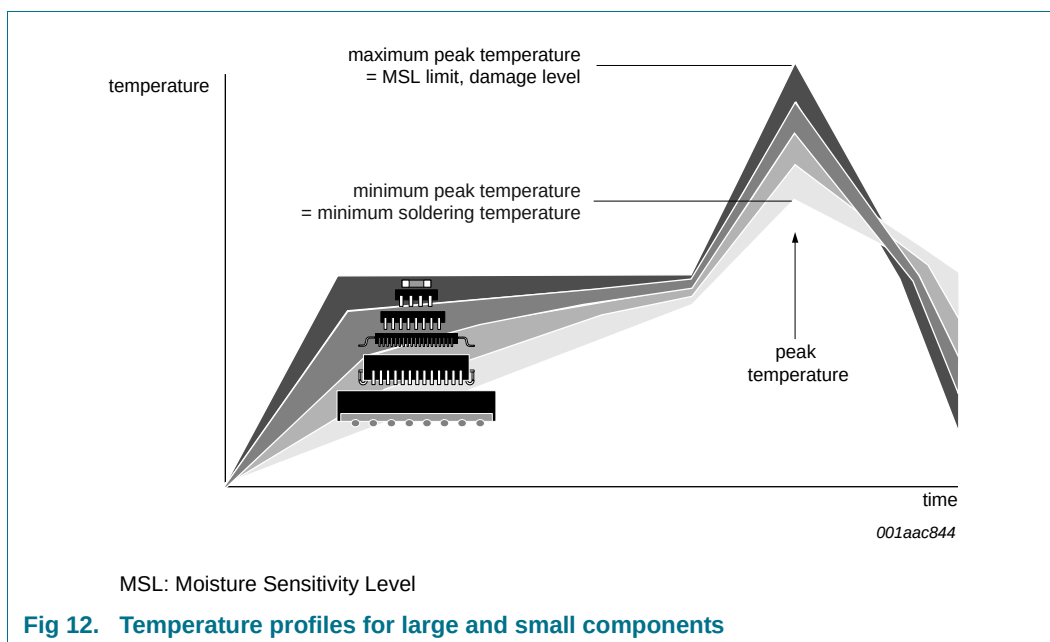
| Package thickness (mm) | Package reflow temperature (°C) |       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|
|                        | Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> )       |       |
|                        | < 350                           | ≥ 350 |
| < 2.5                  | 235                             | 220   |
| ≥ 2.5                  | 220                             | 220   |

**Table 15. Lead-free process (from J-STD-020D)**

| Package thickness (mm) | Package reflow temperature (°C) |             |        |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------|
|                        | Volume (mm <sup>3</sup> )       |             |        |
|                        | < 350                           | 350 to 2000 | > 2000 |
| < 1.6                  | 260                             | 260         | 260    |
| 1.6 to 2.5             | 260                             | 250         | 245    |
| > 2.5                  | 250                             | 245         | 245    |

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on the packing, must be respected at all times.

Studies have shown that small packages reach higher temperatures during reflow soldering, see [Figure 12](#).



For further information on temperature profiles, refer to Application Note AN10365 "Surface mount reflow soldering description".

## 17. References

- [1] **IEC 60134** — Rating systems for electronic tubes and valves and analogous semiconductor devices
- [2] **IEC 61340-3-1** — Methods for simulation of electrostatic effects - Human body model (HBM) electrostatic discharge test waveforms
- [3] **JESD22-A115C** — Electrostatic discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Machine Model (MM)
- [4] **NX2-00001** — NXP Semiconductors Quality and Reliability Specification
- [5] **AN10365** — Surface-mount reflow soldering description

## 18. Revision history

Table 16. Revision history

| Document ID    | Release date                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Data sheet status    | Change notice | Supersedes     |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| LD6805_SER v.4 | 20130607                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Product data sheet   | -             | LD6805_SER v.3 |
| Modifications: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Added type number LD6805K/26P</li><li><a href="#">Section 1.2 "Features and benefits"</a>: updated</li><li><a href="#">Section 9.1 "Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)"</a>: corrected equation</li></ul> |                      |               |                |
| LD6805_SER v.3 | 20130503                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Product data sheet   | -             | LD6805_SER v.2 |
| LD6805_SER v.2 | 20120625                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Product data sheet   | -             | LD6805_SER v.1 |
| LD6805_SER v.1 | 20110922                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Objective data sheet | -             | -              |

## 19. Legal information

### 19.1 Data sheet status

| Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup> | Product status <sup>[3]</sup> | Definition                                                                            |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Objective [short] data sheet      | Development                   | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet    | Qualification                 | This document contains data from the preliminary specification.                       |
| Product [short] data sheet        | Production                    | This document contains the product specification.                                     |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

### 19.2 Definitions

**Draft** — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

**Short data sheet** — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

**Product specification** — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between NXP Semiconductors and its customer, unless NXP Semiconductors and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the NXP Semiconductors product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

### 19.3 Disclaimers

**Limited warranty and liability** — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

**Right to make changes** — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

**Suitability for use** — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

**Applications** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

**Limiting values** — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

**Terms and conditions of commercial sale** — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

**No offer to sell or license** — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

**Export control** — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

**Quick reference data** — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

**Non-automotive qualified products** — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

## 19.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

## 20. Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: [salesaddresses@nxp.com](mailto:salesaddresses@nxp.com)

## 21. Contents

|           |                                                   |           |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1</b>  | <b>Product profile</b> . . . . .                  | <b>1</b>  |
| 1.1       | General description . . . . .                     | 1         |
| 1.2       | Features and benefits . . . . .                   | 1         |
| 1.3       | Applications . . . . .                            | 1         |
| 1.4       | Quick reference data . . . . .                    | 1         |
| <b>2</b>  | <b>Pinning information</b> . . . . .              | <b>2</b>  |
| 2.1       | Pinning . . . . .                                 | 2         |
| 2.2       | Pin description . . . . .                         | 2         |
| <b>3</b>  | <b>Ordering information</b> . . . . .             | <b>2</b>  |
| 3.1       | Ordering options . . . . .                        | 3         |
| <b>4</b>  | <b>Block diagram</b> . . . . .                    | <b>4</b>  |
| <b>5</b>  | <b>Limiting values</b> . . . . .                  | <b>5</b>  |
| <b>6</b>  | <b>Recommended operating conditions</b> . . . . . | <b>5</b>  |
| <b>7</b>  | <b>Thermal characteristics</b> . . . . .          | <b>6</b>  |
| <b>8</b>  | <b>Characteristics</b> . . . . .                  | <b>6</b>  |
| <b>9</b>  | <b>Dynamic behavior</b> . . . . .                 | <b>8</b>  |
| 9.1       | Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) . . . . .     | 8         |
| 9.2       | Dropout . . . . .                                 | 9         |
| 9.3       | Accuracy . . . . .                                | 10        |
| <b>10</b> | <b>Application information</b> . . . . .          | <b>11</b> |
| 10.1      | Capacitor values . . . . .                        | 11        |
| <b>11</b> | <b>Test information</b> . . . . .                 | <b>11</b> |
| 11.1      | Quality information . . . . .                     | 11        |
| <b>12</b> | <b>Marking</b> . . . . .                          | <b>12</b> |
| <b>13</b> | <b>Package outline</b> . . . . .                  | <b>13</b> |
| <b>14</b> | <b>Packing information</b> . . . . .              | <b>14</b> |
| 14.1      | Packing methods . . . . .                         | 14        |
| 14.2      | Carrier tape information . . . . .                | 14        |
| <b>15</b> | <b>Soldering</b> . . . . .                        | <b>15</b> |
| <b>16</b> | <b>Soldering of SMD packages</b> . . . . .        | <b>16</b> |
| 16.1      | Introduction to soldering . . . . .               | 16        |
| 16.2      | Wave and reflow soldering . . . . .               | 16        |
| 16.3      | Wave soldering . . . . .                          | 16        |
| 16.4      | Reflow soldering . . . . .                        | 17        |
| <b>17</b> | <b>References</b> . . . . .                       | <b>18</b> |
| <b>18</b> | <b>Revision history</b> . . . . .                 | <b>19</b> |
| <b>19</b> | <b>Legal information</b> . . . . .                | <b>20</b> |
| 19.1      | Data sheet status . . . . .                       | 20        |
| 19.2      | Definitions . . . . .                             | 20        |
| 19.3      | Disclaimers . . . . .                             | 20        |
| 19.4      | Trademarks . . . . .                              | 21        |
| <b>20</b> | <b>Contact information</b> . . . . .              | <b>21</b> |
| <b>21</b> | <b>Contents</b> . . . . .                         | <b>22</b> |

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.

© NXP B.V. 2013.

All rights reserved.

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: [salesaddresses@nxp.com](mailto:salesaddresses@nxp.com)

Date of release: 7 June 2013

Document identifier: LD6805\_SER

# Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[NXP:](#)

[LD6805K/12H,115](#) [LD6805K/13P,115](#) [LD6805K/14P,115](#) [LD6805K/16H,115](#) [LD6805K/16P,115](#) [LD6805K/18H,115](#)  
[LD6805K/18P,115](#) [LD6805K/20H,115](#) [LD6805K/20P,115](#) [LD6805K/21P,115](#) [LD6805K/22H,115](#) [LD6805K/22P,115](#)  
[LD6805K/28P,115](#) [LD6805K/29H,115](#) [LD6805K/29P,115](#) [LD6805K/30H,115](#) [LD6805K/30P,115](#) [LD6805K/33H,115](#)  
[LD6805K/36P,115](#) [LD6805K/14H,115](#) [LD6805K/25P,115](#) [LD6805K/36H,115](#) [LD6805K/33P,115](#) [LD6805K/23P,115](#)  
[LD6805K/25H,115](#) [LD6805K/28H,115](#) [LD6805K/13H,115](#) [LD6805K/15P,115](#) [LD6805K/12P,115](#) [LD6805K/23H,115](#)  
[LD6805K/21HX](#) [LD6805K/15HX](#) [LD6805K/185H,115](#) [LD6805K/31PX](#) [LD6805K/31H,115](#)