MP5421(quad) are high-speed, high-voltage

rail-to-rail input-output amplifiers for use as

voltage reference buffers in Thin Film Transistor

Liquid Crystal Displays (TFT-LCDs). The

MP5121 family provides excellent overall

performance and versatility. The 20MHz -3dB

bandwidth and 45V/µs slew rate make these

amplifier suitable for many portable applications.

The MP5121, MP5221, and MP5421 are

designed to operate at supply voltages as low

as 3.2V and up to 20V at 1.6mA of supply

current per amplifier. The MP5121 family has true single supply capability. The input can

swing 0.5V below the negative rail and 0.5V

above the positive rail. The output can swing

The MP5421 quad channel is available in the space-saving 14-pin TSSOP package. The

MP5221 Dual channel is available in the 8-pin

MSOP package and the MP5121 single

channel is available in 5-pin TSOT package. All

feature a standard operational amplifier pin out.

MP5221(dual),

and

DESCRIPTION

MP5121(single),

MP5121, MP5221, MP5421

High Speed, Rail-to-Rail Input-Output, and Single-Supply Op Amps

FEATURES

- 20MHz –3dB Bandwidth
- 45V/μs Slew Rate
- Single-Supply Operation: 3.2V to 20V
- Supply Current (per amplifier)1.6mA
- Unity-Gain Stable
- Output Swing within 100mV of Supply Rail
- Rail-to-Rail Input Capability
- High Output Drive Capability (50mA)
- MP5121 Available in TSOT-5
- MP5221 Available in MSOP-8
- MP5421 Available in TSSOP-14

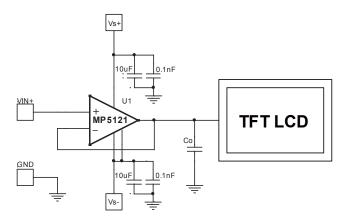
APPLICATIONS

- TFT-LCD Drive Circuits
- Electronic Notebooks
- Electronic Games
- Touch-Screen Displays
- Personal Communication Devices
- Personal Digital Assistants (PDA)
- Portable Instrumentation
- Sampling ADC Amplifiers
- Wireless LAN
- Office Automation
- Active Filters
- ADC/DAC Buffer

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

within 100mV of each rail.





ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Package | Top Marking | Free Air Temperature (T _A) |
|-------------|----------|-------------|--|
| MP5121DJ* | TSOT23-5 | 2R | |
| MP5221DK** | MOSP-8 | 5221D | –40°C to +85°C |
| MP5421DM*** | TSSOP-14 | M5421DM | |

* For Tape and Reel, add suffix -Z (eg. MP5121DJ-Z).

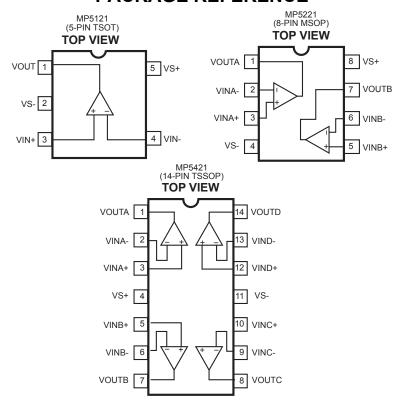
For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix-LF (eg. MP5121DJ-LF-Z).

** For Tape and Reel, add suffix -Z (eg. MP5221DK-Z).

For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix-LF (eg. MP5221DK-LF-Z).

*** For Tape and Reel, add suffix -Z (eg. MP5421DM-Z). For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix-LF (eg. MP5421DM-LF-Z).

PACKAGE REFERENCE





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1) $(T_A=25^{\circ}C)$

| Single Supply Voltage Vs | 0.3V to +23V |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Input Voltage | V_{S} 0.5V, V_{S} + +0.5V |
| Maximum Continuous Ou | itput Current |
| | 50mA |
| Maximum Die Temperatu | ire+125°C |
| Storage Temperature | 60°C to +150°C |
| Ambient Operating Temp | 40°C to +85°C |
| Power Dissipation | See Curves ⁽²⁾ |

Recommended Operating Conditions (3)

Single Power Supply Operation V_S3.2V to + 20V Operating Junct. Temp (T_J)..... -40°C to +125°C Thermal Resistance $^{(4)}$ θ_{JA} MSOP 65.. °C/W TSOT220 110.. °C/W TSSOP406... °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = $(T_J$ (MAX)-T_A)/θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_S = 10V$, $V_{CM} = 5V$, $V_{OUT} = 5V$, RL = $10k\Omega$ and $C_L = 10pF$, $T_A = T_J = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | V _{OS} | | | 2 | 20 | mV | |
| Average Offset Voltage Drift | TCV _{os} | | | 5 | | μ/°C | |
| Input Bias Current | I_{B} | | | 0.5 | 2 | μA | |
| Input Impedance | R_{IN} | | | 1 | | GΩ | |
| Input Capacitance | C_{IN} | | | 1.35 | | pF | |
| Common-Mode Input Range | CMIR | | -5.5 | | +5.5 | ٧ | |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | for V _{IN} from -5.5V to +5.5V | 60 | 85 | | dB | |
| Open Loop Gain | A _{VOL} | $-4.5V \le V_{OUT} \le +4.5V$ | 50 | 60 | | dB | |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERI | STICS | | | | | | |
| Output Swing Low | V_{OL} | $I_L = -5mA$ | | -4.95 | | V | |
| Output Swing High | V _{OH} | I _L = -5mA | | 4.82 | | V | |
| Short Circuit Current | I _{sc} | Sourcing | | 70 | | mA | |
| POWER SUPPLY PERF | ORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | V _S is moved from ±2.25V to ±7.75V | 70 | 95 | | dB | |
| Supply Current (Per Amplifier) | I _S | No load | | 1.6 | | mA | |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMAN | NCE | | | | | | |
| Slew Rate (Rise/Fall) | SR | $-4.0V \le V_{OUT} \le +4.0V, 20\%$ to 80% | | 45 | | V/µs | |
| Settling to +0.1% ($A_V = +1$) | ts | (AV = +1), V_O = 2V step | | 500 | | ns | |
| -3dB Bandwidth | BW | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 20 | | MHz | |
| Gain-Bandwidth Product | GBWP | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 14 | | MHz | |
| Phase Margin | PM | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 50 | | | |
| Channel Separation | CS | f = 5MHz (MP5221 & MP5421 only) | | 70 | | dB | |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

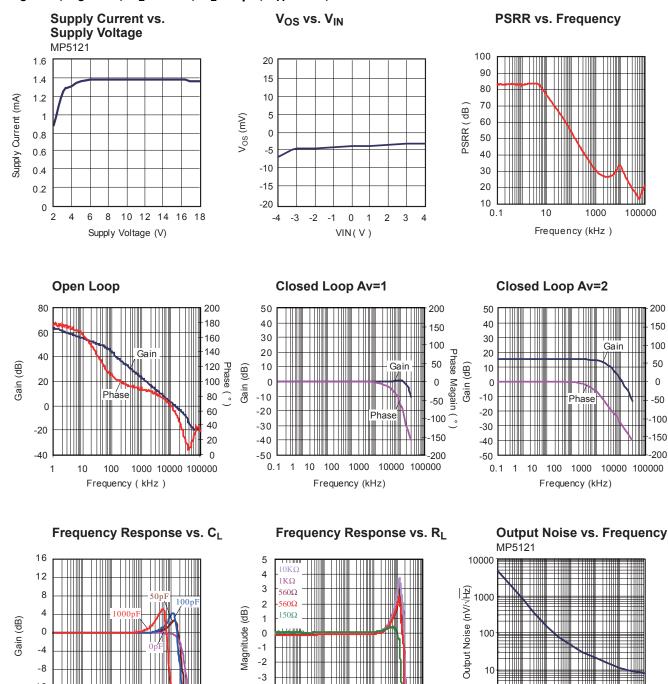
 V_S = 20V, V_{CM} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 10V, RL = 10k Ω and C_L = 10pF, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min | Тур | Max | Units | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|-----|-------|-----|-------|--|
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | V _{OS} | | | 2 | 20 | mV | |
| Average Offset Voltage Drift | TCV _{os} | | | 5 | | μ/°C | |
| Input Bias Current | I_{B} | | | 0.5 | 2 | μA | |
| Input Impedance | R _{IN} | | | 1 | | GΩ | |
| Input Capacitance | C_{IN} | | | 1.35 | | pF | |
| Common-Mode Input Range | CMIR | | | ±8 | | V | |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | for V _{IN} from -8V to +8V | 60 | 85 | | dB | |
| Open Loop Gain | A_{VOL} | -9V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ +9V | 50 | 60 | | dB | |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | |
| Output Swing Low | V_{OL} | $I_L = -5mA$ | | -4.95 | | V | |
| Output Swing High | V_{OH} | $I_L = -5mA$ | | 4.82 | | V | |
| Short Circuit Current | I _{SC} | Sourcing | | 70 | | mA | |
| POWER SUPPLY PERF | ORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | V _S is moved from ±2.25V to ±7.75V | 70 | 95 | | dB | |
| Supply Current (Per Amplifier) | I _S | No load | | 1.6 | | mA | |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMAN | ICE | | | | | | |
| Slew Rate | SR | -4.0V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ +4.0V, 20% to 80% | | 45 | | V/µs | |
| Settling to +0.1% ($A_V = +1$) | t _S | (AV = +1), V_O = 2V step | | 500 | | ns | |
| -3dB Bandwidth | BW | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 20 | | MHz | |
| Gain-Bandwidth Product | GBWP | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 14 | | MHz | |
| Phase Margin | PM | $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$ | | 50 | | | |
| Channel Separation | CS | f = 5MHz (MP5221 & MP5421 only) | | 70 | | dB | |



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{S+}=5V$, $V_{S-}=-5V$, $R_L=10K\Omega$, $C_L=12pF$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.



-3

-4

-5

0.1

10

Frequency (kHz)

1000

100000

0.1

1000

Frequency (Hz)

100000

Phase Magain

100

Frequency (kHz)

1000 10000 100000

-12

-16



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

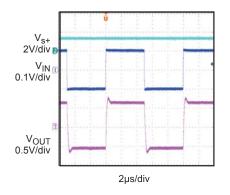
 $V_{S+}=5V$, $V_{S-}=-5V$, $R_L=10K\Omega$, $C_L=12pF$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

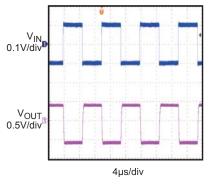
Small Signal Pulse Response

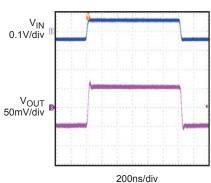
 $V_{s+}=+1.2V$, $V_{s-}=-1.2V$, $V_{IN}=\pm0.1V$, $A_{V}=6$

Small Signal Pulse Response V_{s+} =+1.2V, V_{s-} =-1.2V, V_{IN} =±0.1V, A_V =-5 **Small Signal Pulse Response**









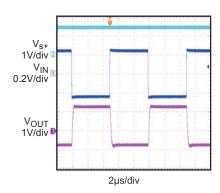
Rail to Rail Operation Response

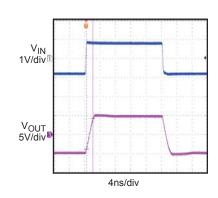
 V_{s+} =+1.2V, V_{s-} =-1.2V, V_{IN} =±0.24V, A_{V} =-5

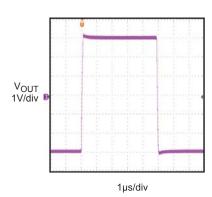
Small Signal Pulse Response $V_{IN} = \pm 0.8 V, A_{V} = +6$

Large Signal Pulse Response







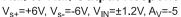


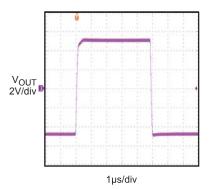
Rail to Rail Operation Response $V_{IN}=\pm5V$, $A_V=1$

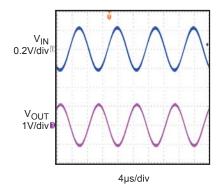
Rail to Rail Output Response

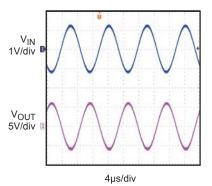
 V_{s+} =+1.2V, V_{s-} =-1.2V, V_{IN} =±0.22V, A_V =-5

Rail to Rail Output Response











OPERATION DESCRIPTION

The MP5121/MP5221/MP5421 are high-speed, high slew rate, rail-to-rail input-output operational amplifiers. These devices can operate up to 50mA output current and 20MHz bandwidth.

INPUT

The MP5X21 can operate with inputs from rail to rail. It does this through the use of two differential pairs. A traditional PNP differential pair is used from 0.5V below the negative rail to 1V below the positive rail. At that point the input is switched to a NPN differential pair to operate up to 0.5V above the positive rail. The transition from one input differential pair to the other can cause distortion. Inputs near the rails can also cause distortion and degradation of other specifications.

OUTPUT

Current Rating

The MP5X21 can sink or source 50mA. It can provide high values of peak current, and much reduced value of average current. When the output voltages are near the rails the ability to provide current will be reduced.

Output Power

Make sure that the rms power is such that the die junction temperature will remain below 125°C

Power Requirements

The MP5X21 operates from a voltage supply, of ±Vs and ground, or from a Vs split supply. Single-ended voltage range is +3.2V to +20V.

PSRR and Noise

A common figure of merit is the PSRR (Power Supply Rejection Ratio). The PSRR is a measure of how much noise gets from the supply rails into the output. Notice that the PSRR falls with increasing frequency. In order to have good PSRR the ripple voltages and frequencies of the systems switching power supplies should be measured. If the PSRR is not acceptable, inductors can be inserted in series with the power supply rails to provide improved PSRR. Also make sure there are no transients created on the power supply lines when the MP5X21 load current changes suddenly. This can damage the part.

Transients

In addition to the ripple and noise on the power supplies, there are also transient voltage changes. This can be caused by another device on the same power supply suddenly drawing current or suddenly stopping a current draw. The design engineer should insure that there are no damaging transients induced on the power supply lines when the op amp suddenly changes current delivery.

LAYOUT

Ground Plane

Connect the opamp to a ground plane rather than ground traces for very low impedance. If this is not possible then make the ground traces as fat and short as possible.

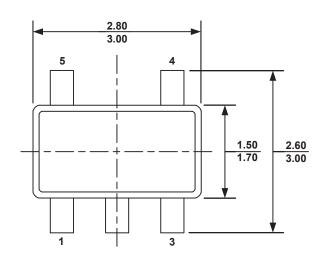
Decoupling

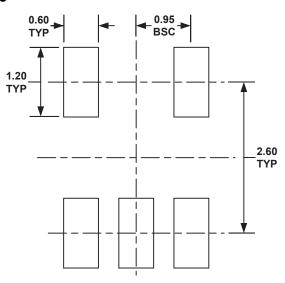
High performance devices such as the MP5X21, with high slew rates and high currents, need large decoupling capacitors. These should be placed as close to the supply pins as possible. Use ground and power planes to make these decoupling capacitors as effective as possible. If that is not realistic then make the ground and power traces as thick and short as possible.



PACKAGE INFORMATION

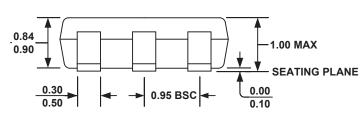
TSOT23-5



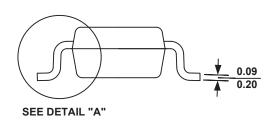


TOP VIEW

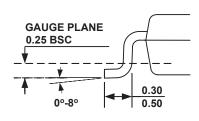
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



FRONT VIEW



SIDE VIEW



DETAIL A

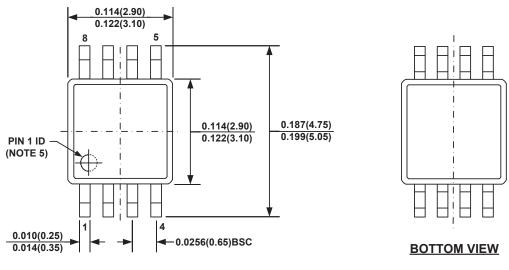
NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURR.
- 3) PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
- 4) LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETERS MAX.
- 5) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-193, VARIATION AA.
- 6) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

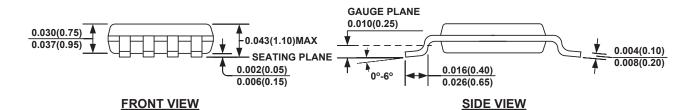
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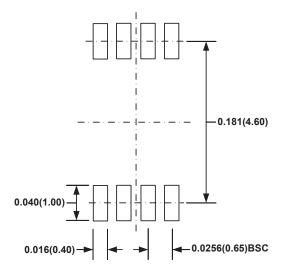
PACKAGE INFORMATION

MSOP8



TOP VIEW





NOTE:

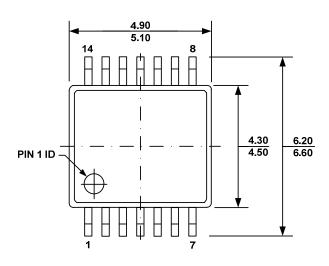
- 1) CONTROL DIMENSION IS IN INCHES. DIMENSION IN BRACKET IS IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURR.
- 3) PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
- 4) LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.004" INCHES MAX.
- 5) PIN 1 IDENTIFICATION HAS HALF OR FULL CIRCLE OPTION.
- 6) DRAWING MEETS JEDEC MO-187, VARIATION AA.
- 7) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

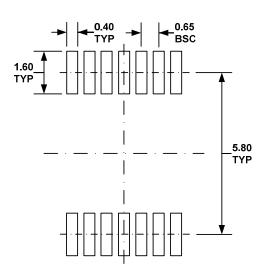
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PACKAGE INFORMATION

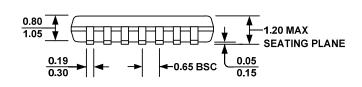
TSSOP14

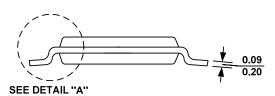




TOP VIEW

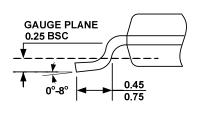
RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN





FRONT VIEW

SIDE VIEW



DETAIL "A"

NOTE:

- 1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2) PACKAGE LENGTH DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURR.
- 3) PACKAGE WIDTH DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
- 4) LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETERS MAX.
- 5) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-153, VARIATION AB-1.
- 6) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

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