# PSR-MC30

# Safety relay for emergency stop and safety door monitoring

PL EN ISO 13849 SILCL IEC 62061

Data sheet 106173\_en\_01

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#### 1 Description

#### **Intended Use**

The **PSR-MC30** safety relay can be used to monitor twochannel signal generators, e.g., emergency stop buttons and safety door locking mechanisms, as well as to control actuators.

The safety relay is equipped with two enabling current paths that drop out without delay corresponding to stop category 0 according to EN 60204-1.

The enabling current paths are controlled as an automatic or manual, monitored start once the sensor circuit has been closed.

With the manual, monitored reset device, a machine start may not be triggered in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1.

#### **Features**

- Safety relay for emergency stop and safety door monitoring
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 3 (EN 62061)
- Cross circuiting detection
- 1 two-channel sensor circuit
- 2 undelayed enabling current paths
- 1 digital signal output
- Option of screw or spring-cage terminal blocks for plugin
- 12.5 mm housing width



#### WARNING: Risk of electric shock

Observe the safety instructions in the corresponding section!



Make sure you always use the latest documentation.

It can be downloaded from the product at phoenixcontact.net/products.



This data sheet meets the same requirements as the original operating instructions in terms of contents and is valid for all products listed on the following pages.



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# 3 Ordering data

Description	Туре	Order No.	Pcs. / Pkt.
Safety relay for emergency stop and safety doors up to SIL 3, SILCL 3, Cat. 4, PL e, 2-channel operation, automatic or manual, monitored start, cross-circuit detection, 2 enabling current paths, $U_S = 24 \text{ V DC}$ , plug-in screw terminal block	PSR-MC30-2NO-1DO-24DC-SC	2700498	1
Safety relay for emergency stop and safety doors up to SIL 3, SILCL 3, Cat. 4, PL e, 2-channel operation, automatic or manual, monitored start, cross-circuit detection, 2 enabling current paths, $U_S$ = 24 V DC, plug-in spring-cage terminal block	PSR-MC30-2NO-1DO-24DC-SP	2700499	1

# 4 Technical data

Hardware/firmware version	
HW/FW	$\geq$ 00/ (The technical data and safety characteristics are valid as of the specified HW/FW version.)
Input data	
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>S</sub>	24 V DC -15 % / +10 %
Rated control supply current I <sub>S</sub>	typ. 65 mA
Typical inrush current	4 A ( $\Delta t = 200 \mu s$ at $U_s$ ) < 20 mA (with $U_s/I_x$ to S12) < 200 mA (with $U_s/I_x$ to S34) < 5 mA (with $U_s/I_x$ to S22) > -15 mA (with $U_s/I_x$ to S22/S21)
Current consumption	< 5 mA (with $U_8/I_x$ to S12) < 5 mA (with $U_8/I_x$ to S22) > -5 mA (with $U_8/I_x$ to S34) > -5 mA (with $U_8/I_x$ to S22/S21) < 10 mA (with $U_8/I_x$ to S34)
Power consumption at U <sub>S</sub>	typ. 1.56 W
Voltage at input/start and feedback circuit	24 V DC -15 % / +10 %
Filter time	1 ms (at A1 in the event of voltage dips at $U_s$ ) max. 1.5 ms (at S12, S22; test pulse width) min. 7.5 ms (at S12, S22; test pulse rate) Test pulse rate = 5 x Test pulse width
Max. permissible overall conductor resistance (Input and reset circuit at $U_S$ )	150 Ω
Typical response time at U <sub>s</sub>	< 175 ms (automatic start) < 175 ms (manual, monitored start)
Typical starting time with U <sub>s</sub>	< 250 ms (when controlled via A1)
Typical release time with U <sub>s</sub>	< 20 ms (when controlled via A1 or S12 and S22.)
Recovery time	< 500 ms
Maximum switching frequency	0.5 Hz
Operating voltage display	1 x green LED
Status display	3 x green LED
Protective circuit	Surge protection Suppressor diode Reverse polarity protection for rated control supply voltage
Output data	
Contact type	2 enabling current paths
Contact material	AgSnO <sub>2</sub>
Minimum switching voltage	20 V AC/DC
Maximum switching voltage	250 V AC/DC
Limiting continuous current	6 A (N/O contact)

Output data		
Maximum inrush current	6 A	
Inrush current, minimum	3 mA	
Sq. Total current	72 A <sup>2</sup> (see to derating)	
Switching capacity min.	60 mW	
Mechanical service life	10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> cycles	
Output fuse	6 A gL/gG (N/O contact) 4 A gL/gG (for low-demand appli	cations)
Alarm outputs		
Number of outputs	1 (digital, PNP)	
Voltage	22 V DC (U <sub>s</sub> - 2 V)	
Current	max. 100 mA	
Maximum inrush current	500 mA ( $\Delta t = 1$ ms at $U_s$ )	
Short-circuit protection	no	
General data	_	
Relay type	Electromechanically forcibly guid	led, dust-proof relay.
Nominal operating mode	100% operating factor	
Degree of protection	IP20	
Min. degree of protection of inst. location	IP54	
Mounting type	DIN rail mounting	
Mounting position	vertical or horizontal	
Assembly instructions	See derating curve	
Type of housing	PBT yellow	
Clearances and creepage distances between the power circuits	DIN EN 50178	
Rated insulation voltage	250 V AC	
Rated surge voltage/insulation	Safe isolation, reinforced insulation 6 kV between input circuit and enabling cur- rent path (13/14) and enabling current path (23/24) Basic insulation 4 kV between all current paths and housing	
Pollution degree	2	
Surge voltage category	- III	
Dimensions	Screw connection	Spring-cage connection
W x H x D	12.5 x 112.2 x 114.5 mm	12.5 x 116.6 x 114.5 mm
Connection data	Screw connection	Spring-cage connection
Conductor cross section, solid	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section, stranded	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Conductor cross section AWG/kcmil	24 12	24 16
Stripping length	7 mm	8 mm
Screw thread	M3	
Ambient conditions	40 °C FE °C (observe dereting	w)
Ambient temperature (operation)	-40 °C 55 °C (observe derating)	
Ambient temperature (storage/transport)	-40 °C 85 °C	
Max. permissible relative humidity (operation)	75 % (on average, 85% infrequently, non-condensing)	
Max. permissible humidity (storage/transport)	75 % (on average, 85% infrequently, non-condensing)	
Maximum altitude	max. 2000 m (Above sea level)	
Shock	15g	

# Conformance / approvals Conformance Approvals CE-compliant CE-mpliant Safety data

Stop category according to IEC 60204

Safety parameters for IEC 61508 - High demand		
SIL	3	
$PFH_d$	1.5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup> (4 A DC13; 5 A AC15; 8760 switching cycles/year)	
Demand rate	< 12 Months	
Proof test interval	240 Months	
Duration of use	240 Months	

0

Safety parameters for IEC 61508 - Low demand		
SIL	3	
PFD <sub>avg</sub>	1.47 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
Proof test interval	60 Months	
Duration of use	240 Months	

Safety parameters for EN 62061	
SILCL	3

Safety characteristic data according to EN ISO 13849		
Category	4	
Performance level	e (4 A DC13; 5 A AC15; 8760 switching cycles/year)	
Duration of use	240 Months	
For applications in PL e, the required demand rate for the safety function is once per month		

# 5 Safety notes



#### **WARNING: Risk of electric shock**

During operation, parts of electrical switching devices carry hazardous voltages.

Before working on the switching device, disconnect the power.

Please observe the safety regulations of electrical engineering and industrial safety and liability associations!

Disregarding these safety regulations may result in death, serious personal injury or damage to equipment.

Startup, mounting, modifications, and upgrades should only be carried out by a skilled electrical engineer!



# WARNING: Risk of automatic machine restart!

For emergency stop applications, the machine must be prevented from restarting automatically by a higher-level control system.

Protective covers must not be removed when operating electrical switching devices.



#### WARNING: Danger due to faulty devices!

The devices may be damaged following an error and correct operation can no longer be ensured.

In the event of an error, replace the device immediately.

Repairs to the device, especially if the housing must be opened, may only be carried out by the manufacturer or authorized persons. Otherwise the warranty is invalidated.



# WARNING: Risk of automatic machine restart!

When using the manual reset function with monitored start, the "cross-circuit between S21/S22/A2 (0 V) and the cable from the reset button to S34" error must be prevented by means of design-based measures, especially for safety functions with increased risk potential (see EN ISO 13849-2).



# WARNING: Risk due to incorrect installation

For reliable operation, the safety relay must be installed in housing protected from dust and humidity (IP54).

Carry out wiring according to the application. Refer to the "Application examples" section for this.



# WARNING: Risk due to welded relay contacts

A suitable and effective protective circuit is to be provided for inductive loads. This is to be implemented parallel to the load and not parallel to the switch contact.



# WARNING: danger due to magnetic interference!

Do not use the device in the vicinity of strong magnetic fields (e.g., caused by transformers or magnetic iron). The magnetic field strength of the environment must not exceed 30 A/m.



# NOTE: Risk of damage to equipment due to noise emissions

When operating relay modules the operator must meet the requirements for noise emission for electrical and electronic equipment (EN 61000-6-4) on the contact side and, if required, take appropriate measures.



# NOTE: Risk of damage to equipment due to noise emissions

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment it may cause radion inteference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.



Only use power supply units with safe isolation and SELV / PELV in accordance with EN 50178/VDE 0160 (SELV / PELV).

# 6 Basic circuit diagram

# A1 S11 S12 S22 S21 S34 13 23 PSR-MC30 IN 1/2 K1 PWR PSR-MC30 IN 1/2 K1 A2 M1 14 24

Figure 1 Block diagram

# Key:

Designation	Explanation	
A1	+24 V power supply	
A2	0 V power supply	
M1	Signal output (PNP)	
S11	Output 24 V	
S12	Input sensor circuit (channel 1)	
S21	Output 0 V	
S22	Input sensor circuit (channel 2)	
S34	Start circuit	
13/14	Lindala vad analdina avumant natio	
23/24	Undelayed enabling current paths	

# 7 Derating

# 7.1 Vertical or horizontal mounting position

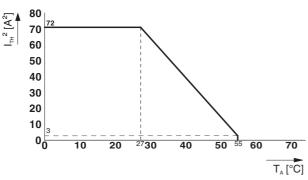


Figure 2 Derating curve - vertical or horizontal mounting position with connected modules

# 8 Load curve

# 8.1 Ohmic load

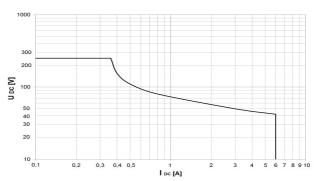


Figure 3 Relay load curve - ohmic load

# 9 Function/time diagrams

# Key:

Designation	Explanation
A1/A2	Power supply
S34	Start circuit
S12	Input sensor circuit (channel 1)
S22	Input sensor circuit (channel 2)
13/14, 23/24	Undelayed enabling current paths
M1	Signal output (PNP)

# 9.1 Time diagram for automatic start

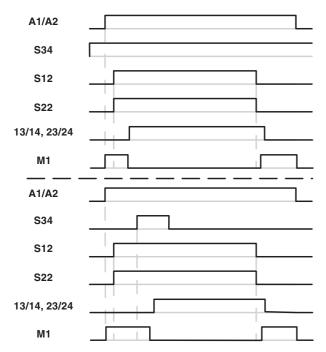


Figure 4 Time diagram for automatic start

# 9.2 Time diagram for manual, monitored start

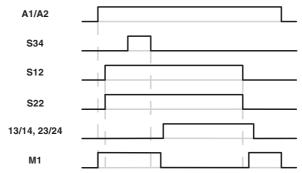


Figure 5 Time diagram for manual, monitored start

# 10 Operating and indication elements

# 10.1 Connection versions

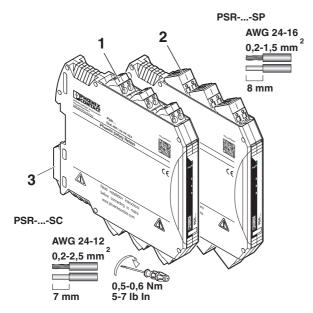


Figure 6 Connection versions

- 1 COMBICON plug-in screw terminal block
- 2 COMBICON plug-in spring-cage terminal block
- 3 Metal lock for fixing to DIN rail



The year the device was constructed can be found underneath the CE designation on the housing.

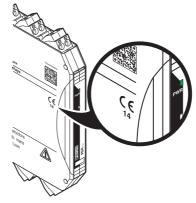


Figure 7 Year of manufacture of the device

# 10.2 Connection assignment

Figure	Designation	Explanation
A1 A2 M1 S34 S12 S11 PWR IN 1/2 K1	A1 A2 M1 S34 S11 S12 PWR IN1/2 K1	+24 V power supply 0 V power supply Signal output (PNP) Start circuit Output 24 V Input sensor circuit (channel 1) Power LED (green) Status indicator sensor circuit; LED (green) Status indicator safety circuit; LED (green) Status indicator safety circuit; LED (green)
S22 S21 13 14 23 24	S21 S22 13/14 23/24	Output 0 V Input sensor circuit (channel 2) Undelayed enabling current paths

# 11 Mounting and connection

Mount the module on a 35 mm DIN rail according to EN 60715.

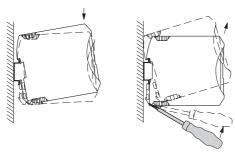


Figure 8 Mounting and removing

Connect the cables to the connection terminal blocks using a screwdriver.

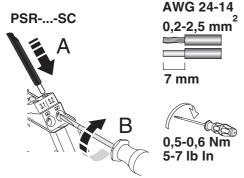


Figure 9 Connecting the cables for PSR-...-SC (screw terminal block)

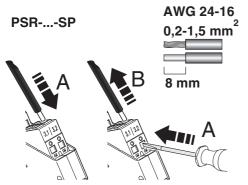


Figure 10 Connecting the cables for PSR-...-SC (spring-cage terminal block)



For compliance with UL approval, use copper wire that is approved up to 60°C/75°C.

# 12 Startup

Apply the rated control supply voltage (24 V DC) at terminal blocks A1/A2. The PWR LED lights up.

Close sensor circuit S11/S12 and S21/S22. The IN1/2 LED lights up.

#### Automatic or manual, monitored start:

Close contacts S11/S34 as follows.

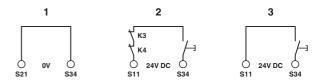


Figure 11 Connection of automatic or manual, monitored start

- 1 Automatic start
- 2 Manual, monitored start with monitored contact extension
- 3 Manual, monitored start

When automatic start is selected, the enabling current paths close.

For manual, monitored start, first press the reset button. The release of the button causes the enabling current paths to close.

The K1 and K2 LEDs light up.

If the supply voltage drops or the sensor circuit (S11/S12 or S21/S22) is opened, the enabling current paths of the output circuits (13/14, 23/24) open and the contacts enter the safe state.

# 13 Calculating the power dissipation



The total power dissipation of the safety relay is based on the input power dissipation and the contact power dissipation for the same and for different load currents.

# Input power dissipation

$$P_{Input} = U_B^2 / (U_S/I_S)$$

#### **Contact power dissipation**

With the same load currents:

$$P_{Contact} = n \cdot I_L^2 \cdot 50 \text{ m}\Omega$$

With different load currents:

# **Total power dissipation**

therefore

$$P_{Total} = U_B^2 / (U_S/I_S) + n \bullet I_L^2 \bullet 50 \text{ m}\Omega$$

or

$$P_{Total} = U_B^2 / (U_S/I_S) + (I_{L1}^2 + I_{L2}^2 + ... + I_{Ln}^2) \bullet 50 \text{ m}\Omega$$

#### Key:

Designation	Explanation
Р	Power dissipation in mW
U <sub>B</sub>	Applied operating voltage
U <sub>S</sub>	Rated control supply voltage
I <sub>S</sub>	Rated control supply current
n	Number of enabling current paths used
IL	Contact load current

# 14 Diagnostics

The following section describes the LED indicators for general states and error messages as well as possible causes and remedies.

# Function test/proof test



Use the function test to check the safety function. To do this, request the safety function once by pressing the emergency stop button, for example. Check whether the safety function is running correctly by switching the device on again via the sensor circuits.

#### 14.1 General states

PWR LED	IN1/2 LED	K1 LED	K2 LED	State	Notes
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	All relays are not activated. The sensor circuit is off.	Possible error see error messages
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	The sensor circuit is active. Relays K1 and K2 are ready to start and await reset/start command (S34).	-
ON	ON	ON	ON	The sensor circuit is active. All relays are picked up.	-

# 14.2 Error Messages

PWR LED	IN1/2 LED	K1 LED	K2 LED	State	Possible cause	Remedy
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	The sensor circuit is actively controlled, but no input LEDs are lit up.	Internal cross-circuit detection is active: potential cross-circuit in the sensor circuit.	Switch off the operating voltage and rectify the cross-circuit. Then perform a function test.
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	The sensor circuit is active. The reset/start circuit (S34) is/was activated. The safety circuit (K1 and K2) is not picking up.	External error: the read- back contact (external ac- tuator) is open in the reset circuit. Internal error: 1. The diagnostic contact is not working correctly. 2. An N/O contact is welded.	External error: check the actuator. Internal error: perform a power down reset with subsequent function test. If the error occurs again after the function test, replace the device.
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	The sensor circuit is active. The reset/start circuit (S34) is/was activated. The safety circuit (K1 and K2) is not picking up.	Error during manual reset S34 (stuck-at at the input).	Remove the error in the reset/start circuit. Then perform a function test.

PWR LED	IN1/2 LED	K1 LED	K2 LED	State	Possible cause	Remedy
ON	ON	OFF	ON	The sensor circuit is active. The reset/start circuit (S34) is/was activated. The safety circuit (K1) is not picking up.	External error: sensor circuit channel 1 was opened and reactivated. Internal error: diagnostics active.	External error: check the sensor circuit. Internal error: perform a power down reset with subsequent function test. If the error occurs again after the function test, replace the device.
ON	ON	ON	OFF	The sensor circuit is active. The reset/start circuit (S34) is/was activated. The safety circuit (K2) is not picking up.	External error: sensor circuit channel 2 was opened and reactivated. Internal error: diagnostics active.	External error: check the sensor circuit. Internal error: perform a power down reset with subsequent function test. If the error occurs again after the function test, replace the device.
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	The sensor circuit is active.	No supply voltage at A1/A     Over- or undervoltage at A1	Check the supply voltage.

# 15 Application examples

#### Key:

S1 = Emergency stop button S2 = Manual reset device S3 = Solenoid switch

B1/B2 = Mechanical safety door switches

K1/K2 = Contactors



Cross-circuits in the cable installation can be excluded if the safety relay and external contactors K1 and K2 are located in the same electrical installation space.

#### **Applications with the PSR-MC30**

#### 15.1 Emergency stop monitoring/automatic start

- Two-channel emergency stop monitoring
- Automatic start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

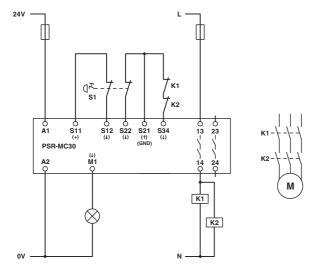


Figure 12 Emergency stop monitoring/automatic start

# 15.2 Emergency stop monitoring/manual, monitored start

- Two-channel emergency stop monitoring
- Manual, monitored start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

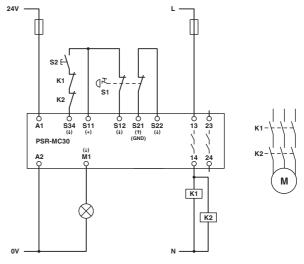


Figure 13 Emergency stop monitoring/manual, monitored start

#### 15.3 Safety door monitoring/automatic start

- Two-channel safety door monitoring
- Automatic start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

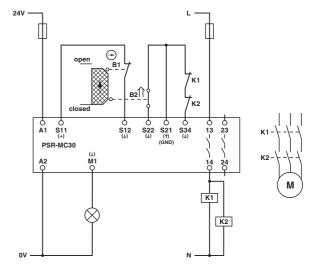


Figure 14 Safety door monitoring/automatic start

# 15.4 Safety door monitoring/automatic start/without cross-circuit detection

- Two-channel safety door monitoring
- Automatic start
- No cross-circuit detection in the sensor circuit
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator and the sensor circuit can be ruled out

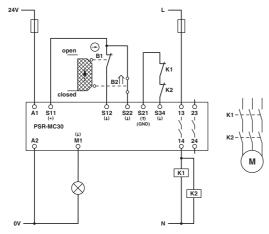


Figure 15 Safety door monitoring/automatic start/without cross-circuit detection

# 15.5 Single-channel safety door monitoring/ automatic start

- Single-channel safety door monitoring
- Automatic start
- No cross-circuit detection in the sensor circuit
- Suitable up to category 1, PL c (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 1 (EN 62061)

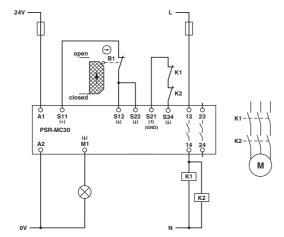


Figure 16 Single-channel safety door monitoring/automatic start

# 15.6 Safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start

- Two-channel safety door monitoring
- Manual, monitored start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

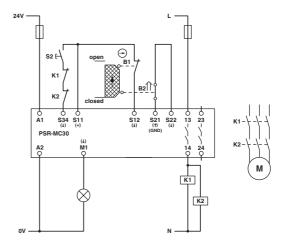


Figure 17 Safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start

# 15.7 Safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start/without cross-circuit detection

- Two-channel safety door monitoring
- Manual, monitored start
- No cross-circuit detection in the sensor circuit
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator and the sensor circuit can be ruled out

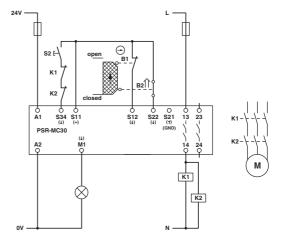


Figure 18 Safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start/without cross-circuit detection

# 15.8 Single-channel safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start

- Single-channel safety door monitoring
- Manual, monitored start
- No cross-circuit detection in the sensor circuit
- Suitable up to category 1, PL c (EN ISO 13849-1), SILCL 1 (EN 62061)

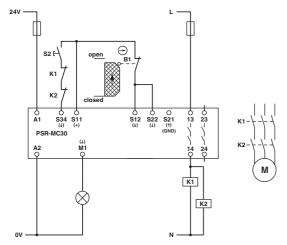


Figure 19 Single-channel safety door monitoring/manual, monitored start

#### 15.9 Magnetic switch monitoring/automatic start

- Two-channel magnetic switch monitoring
- Automatic start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

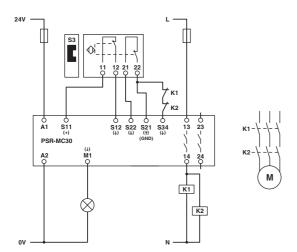


Figure 20 Magnetic switch monitoring/automatic start

# 15.10 Magnetic switch monitoring/manual, monitored start

- Two-channel magnetic switch monitoring
- Manual, monitored start
- Suitable up to category 4, PL e (EN ISO 13849-1),
   SILCL 3 (EN 62061), if cross-circuits in the control to the actuator can be ruled out

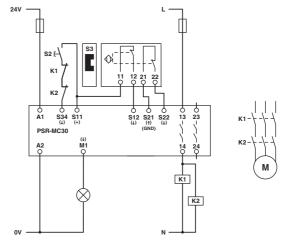


Figure 21 Magnetic switch monitoring/manual, monitored start

# 16 Revision history

Version	Date	Contents
00	2014-12-03	First publication
01	2015-03-05	Reverse polarity protection extended; relay type extended; dimensions updated; load curve extended
01_c00	2015-05-19	Caption of figure 3 corrected (translation error)