

Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

General Description

The MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L microprocessor (μP) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor power-supply and battery functions in μP systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L provide four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6 seconds.
- A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, lowbattery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than +5V.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

The MAX707/MAX708 are the same as the MAX705/MAX706, except an active-high reset is substituted for the watchdog timer. The MAX813L is the same as the MAX705, except RESET is provided instead of RESET.

Two supply-voltage monitor levels are available: The MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L generate a reset pulse when the supply voltage drops below 4.65V, while the MAX706/ MAX708 generate a reset pulse below 4.40V. All four parts are available in 8-pin DIP, SO, and μ MAX® packages.

Applications

- Computers
- Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical µP Power Monitoring

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

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Benefits and Features

- Supervisory-Function Integration Significantly Improves System Reliability While Reducing Board Space
 - µMAX Package
 - Guaranteed RESET Valid at V_{CC} = 1V
 - 200ms Reset Pulse Width
 - Debounced TTL/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input
 - Active-High Reset Output (MAX707/MAX708/ MAX813L)
 - · Precision-Supply Voltage Monitor
 - 4.65V (MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L)
 - 4.40V (MAX706/MAX708)
 - Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX705CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX705C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*

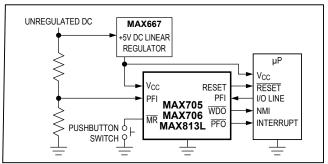
^{*}Dice are specified at T_A = +25°C.

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883. Devices in PDIP, SO, and µMAX packages are available in both leaded and lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant packaging. Specify lead-free by adding the + symbol at the endof the part number when ordering.

Lead-free packaging is not available for CERDIP packages.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuit







MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L Low-Cost, μP Supervisory Circuits

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)
V _{CC} 0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs (Note 1)0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
Input Current
V _{CC} 20mA
GND20mA
Output Current (all outputs)20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)
Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727mW
SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C)471mW
μMAX (derate 4.10mW/°C above +70°C)330mW

CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +	70°C)640mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX70_C, MAX813LC	0°C to +70°C
MAX70_E, MAX813LE	40°C to +85°C
MAX70_MJA	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	
Lead(Pb)-free	+260°C
Containing Lead(Pb)	+240°C

Note 1: The input-voltage limits on PFI and MR can be exceeded if the input current is less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX706/MAX708, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		MAX70_C		1.0		5.5	
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC}	MAX813LC		1.1		5.5	V
		MAX70_E/M, MAX8	13LE/M	1.2		5.5	
		MAX705C, MAX706	6C, MAX813LC		150	350	
Complex Company		MAX705E/M, MAX7	06E/M, MAX813LE/M		150	500] .
Supply Current	ISUPPLY	MAX707C, MAX708	BC .		50	350	μA
		MAX707E/M, MAX7	708E/M		50	500	
Popot Throshold (Note 2)	W	MAX705, MAX707,	MAX813L	4.50	4.65	4.75	V
Reset Threshold (Note 2)	V _{RT}	MAX706, MAX708		4.25	4.40	4.50]
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (Note 2)					40		mV
Reset Pulse Width (Note 2)	t _{RS}			140	200	280	ms
		I _{SOURCE} = 800μA		V _{CC} - 1.	5		
DECET Output Voltage		I _{SINK} = 3.2mA				0.4	V
RESET Output Voltage		MAX70_C, V _{CC} = 1	V, I _{SINK} = 50μA			0.3]
		MAX70_E/M, V _{CC} =	= 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 100μA			0.3	
		MAX707, MAX708,	I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.	5		
		MAX707, MAX708,	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.4	
DESET Output Valtage		MAX813LC, I _{SOURO}	_{CE} = 4µA, V _{CC} = 1.1V	0.8			V
RESET Output Voltage		MAX813LE/M, I _{SOU}	IRCE = 4μA, V _{CC} = 1.2V	0.9]
		MAX813L	V _{CC} - 1.	5			
		IVIAAOTAL	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	



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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX705/MAX707/MAX813L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX706/MAX708, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted.)

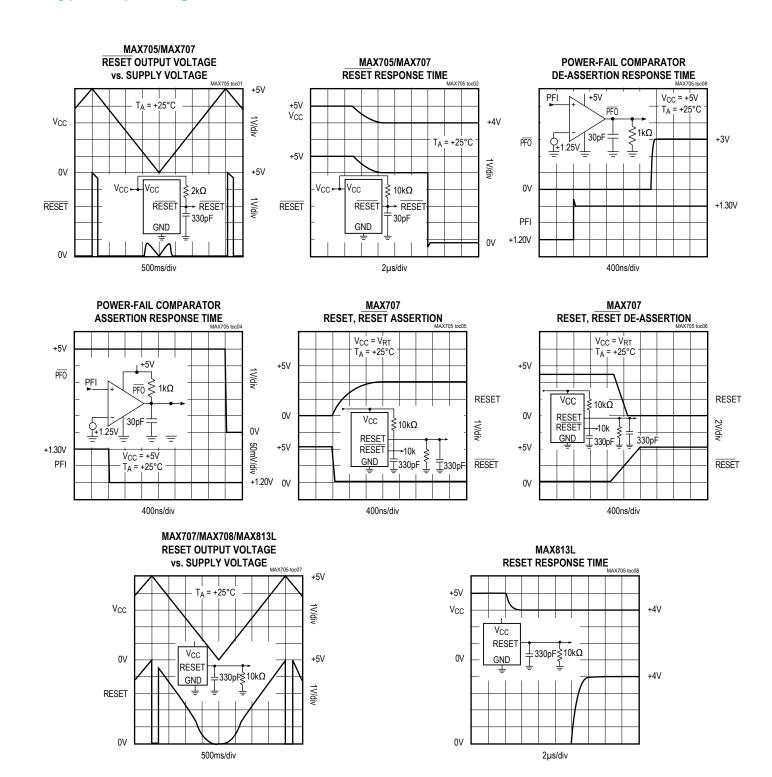
PARAMET	ER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Watchdog Timeout Per	iod	t _{WD}	MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L	1.00	1.60	2.25	s
WDI Pulse Width		t _{WP}	V _{IL} = 0.4V, V _{IH} = (V _{CC}) (0.8)	50			ns
WDI Input Threshold	Low		MAY705 MAY706 MAY9121 \/ - 5\/			0.8	V
WDI Input Threshold	High		MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, V _{CC} = 5V	3.5			V
WDI Innut Current			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, V _{CC} = 5V		50	150	
WDI Input Current			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, WDI = 0V	-150	-50		μA
WDO Output Voltage			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5	5		V
WDO Output Voltage			MAX705, MAX706, MAX813L, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.4	V
MR Pull-Up Current			MR = 0V	100	250	600	μA
MR Pulse Width		t _{MR}		150			ns
MD Input Throphold	Low					0.8	V
MR Input Threshold	High			2.0			V
MR to Reset Out Delay	(Note 2)	t _{MD}				250	ns
PFI Input Threshold			V _{CC} = 5V	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
PFI Input Current				-25.00	+0.01	+25.00	nA
DEO Output Voltage			I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5	5		V
PFO Output Voltage			I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	V

Note 2: Applies to both RESET in the MAX705-MAX708 and RESET in the MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L.



MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

Typical Operating Characteristics





$MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L\\ Low-Cost, \ \mu P \ Supervisory \ Circuits$

Pin Description

		P	IN				
MAX705	/MAX706	MAX707	/MAX708	MAX	813L	NAME	FUNCTION
DIP/SO	μМΑХ	DIP/SO	μМΑХ	DIP/SO	μMAX		
1	3	1	3	1	3	MR	Manual-Reset Input triggers a reset pulse when pulled below 0.8V. This active-low input has an internal 250µA pullup current. It can be driven from a TTL or CMOS logic line, as well as shorted to ground with a switch.
2	4	2	4	2	4	V _{CC}	+5V Supply Input
3	5	3	5	3	5	GND	0V Ground Reference for all signals
4	6	4	6	4	6	PFI	Power-Fail Voltage-Monitor Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low. Connect PFI to GND or V _{CC} when not used.
5	7	5	7	5	7	PFO	Power-Fail Output goes low and sinks current when PFI is less than 1.25V; otherwise PFO stays high.
6	8	_	_	6	8	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for 1.6sec, the internal watchdog timer runs out and WDO goes low (Figure 1). Floating WDI or connecting WDI to a high-impedance three-state buffer disables the watchdog feature. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, WDI is three stated, or WDI sees a rising or falling edge.
	_	6	_	_	_	N.C.	No Connect
7	1	7	1	_	_	RESET	Active-Low Reset Output pulses low for 200ms when triggered, and stays low whenever V_{CC} is below the reset threshold (4.65V in the MAX705 and 4.40V in the MAX706). It remains low for 200ms after V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold or MR goes from low to high (Figure 3). A watchdog timeout will not trigger RESET unless \overline{WDO} is connected to MR.
8	2	_	_	8	2	WDO	Watchdog Output pulls low when the internal watchdog timer finishes its 1.6sec count and does not go high again until the watchdog is cleared. WDO also goes low during low-line conditions. Whenever V _{CC} is below the reset threshold, WDO stays low; however, unlike RESET, WDO does not have a minimum pulse width. As soon as V _{CC} rises above the reset threshold, WDO goes high with no delay.
_	_	8	2	7	1	RESET	Active-High RESET Output is the inverse of RESET. Whenever RESET is high, RESET is low, and vice versa (Figure 2). The MAX813L has a RESET output only.



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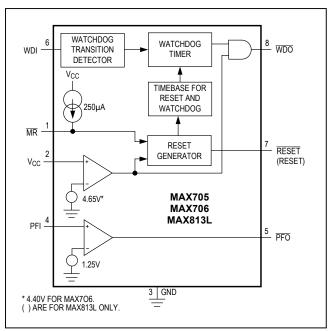


Figure 1. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Block Diagram

Detailed Description

Reset Output

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts the μ P in a known state. Whenever the μ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L assert reset during power-up and prevent code execution errors during power-down or brownout conditions.

On power-up, once V_{CC} reaches 1V, \overline{RESET} is a guaranteed logic low of 0.4V or less. As V_{CC} rises, \overline{RESET} stays low. When V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold, an internal timer releases \overline{RESET} after about 200ms. \overline{RESET} pulses low whenever V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold, i.e. brownout condition. If brownout occurs in the middle of a previously initiated reset pulse, the pulse continues for at least another 140ms. On power-down, once V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, RESET stays low and is guaranteed to be 0.4V or less until V_{CC} drops below 1V.

The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L active-high RESET output is simply the complement of the RESET output, and is guaranteed to be valid with V_{CC} down to 1.1V. Some μPs , such as Intel's 80C51, require an active-high reset pulse.

Watchdog Timer

The MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L watchdog circuit monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within 1.6sec and WDI is not three

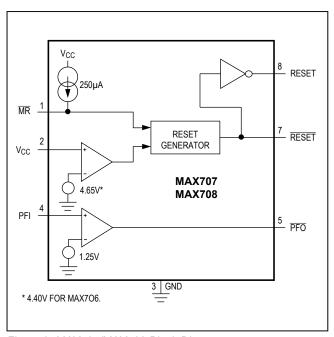


Figure 2. MAX707/MAX708 Block Diagram

stated, WDO goes low. As long as RESET is asserted or the WDI input is three stated, the watchdog timer stays cleared and will not count. As soon as reset is released and WDI is driven high or low, the timer starts counting. Pulses as short as 50ns can be detected.

Typically, \overline{WDO} is not connected to the nonmaskable interrupt input (NMI) of a μP . When V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold, \overline{WDO} goes low whether or not the watchdog timer has timed out $\underline{\text{yet. Normally this}}$ would trigger an NMI interrupt, but $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ goes low simultaneously, and thus overrides the NMI interrupt.

If WDI is left unconnected, \overline{WDO} can be used as a low-line output. Since floating WDI disables the internal timer, \overline{WDO} goes low only when V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold, thus functioning as a low-line output.

The MAX705/MAX706 have a watchdog timer and a RESET output. The MAX707/MAX708 have both active-high and active-low reset outputs. The MAX813L has both an active-high reset output and a watchdog timer.

Manual Reset

The manual-reset input (\overline{MR}) allows reset to be triggered by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. \overline{MR} is TTL/CMOS-logic compatible, so it can be driven by an external logic line. \overline{MR} can be used to force a watchdog timeout to generate a reset pulse in the MAX705/ MAX706/ MAX813L. Simply connect \overline{WDO} to \overline{MR} .



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Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator can be used for various purposes because its output and noninverting input are not internally connected. The inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference.

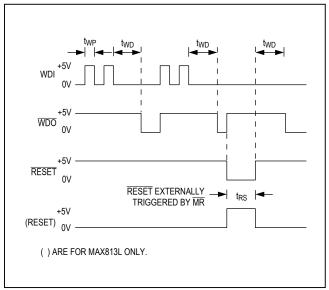


Figure 3. MAX705/MAX706/MAX813L Watchdog Timing

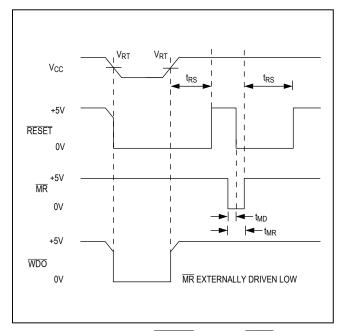


Figure 4. MAX705/MAX706 RESET, MR, and WDO Timing with WDI Three Stated. The MAX707/MAX708/MAX813L RESET output is the inverse of RESET shown.

To build an early-warning circuit for power failure, connect the PFI pin to a voltage divider (see *Typical Operating Circuit*). Choose the voltage divider ratio so that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the +5V regulator drops out. Use $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to interrupt the μP so it can prepare for an orderly power-down.

Applications Information

Ensuring a Valid RESET Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the MAX705–MAX708 \overline{RESET} output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left undriven. If a pulldown resistor is added to the \overline{RESET} pin, as shown in Figure 5, any stray charge or leakage currents will be drained to ground, holding \overline{RESET} low. Resistor value (R1) is not critical. It should be about $100k\Omega$, large enough not to load \overline{RESET} and small enough to pull RESET to ground.

Monitoring Voltages Other Than the Unregulated DC Input

Monitor voltages other than the unregulated DC by connecting a voltage-divider to PFI and adjusting the ratio appropriately. If required, add hysteresis by connecting a resistor (with a value approximately 10 times the sum of the two resistors in the potential divider network) between PFI and $\overline{\text{PFO}}$. A capacitor between PFI and GND reduces the power-fail circuit's sensitivity to high-frequency noise on the line being monitored. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ can be asserted on other voltages in addition to the +5V V $_{\text{CC}}$ line. Connect $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to initiate a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pulse when PFI drops below 1.25V. Figure 6 shows the MAX705–MAX708 configured to assert $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ when the +5V supply falls below the reset threshold, or when the +12V supply falls below approximately 11V.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can also monitor a negative supply rail (Figure 7). When the negative rail is good (a negative voltage of large magnitude), \overline{PFO} is low, and when the negative rail is degraded (a negative voltage of lesser magnitude), \overline{PFO} is high. By adding the resistors and transistor as shown, a high \overline{PFO} triggers a reset. As long as \overline{PFO} remains high, the MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L keep reset asserted (\overline{RESET} = low, \overline{RESET} = high). Note that this circuit's accuracy depends on the PFI threshold tolerance, the V_{CC} line, and the resistors.



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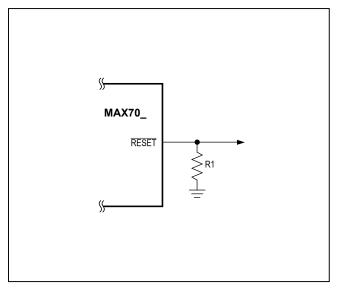


Figure 5. RESET Valid to Ground Circuit

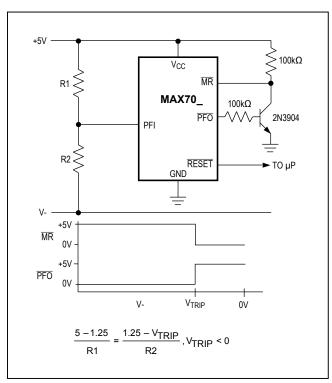


Figure 7. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

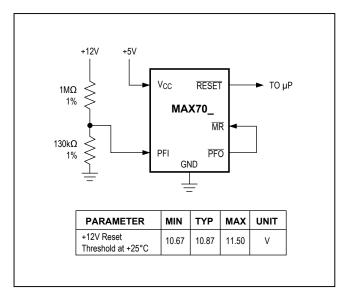


Figure 6. Monitoring Both +5V and +12V

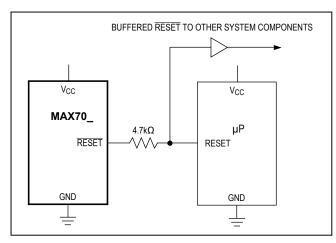


Figure 6. Monitoring Both +5V and +12V

Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

μPs with bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11 series, can contend with the MAX705–MAX708 $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output. If, for example, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is driven high and the μP wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct this, connect a 4.7kΩ resistor between the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output and the μP reset I/O, as in Figure 8. Buffer the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output to other system components.



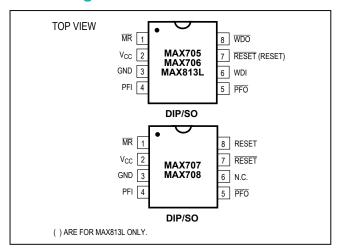
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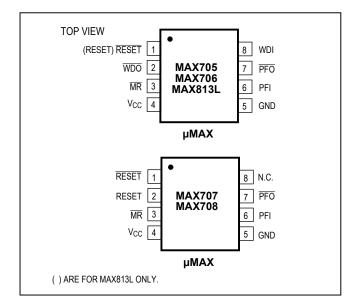
Ordering Information (continued)

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PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX705EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX705ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX705EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX705MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX706CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX706EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μMAX
MAX706MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX707CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX707CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX707C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX707EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX707ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX707EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX707MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX708CPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708CSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX708CUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μMAX
MAX708C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX708EPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX708ESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX708EUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX708MJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX813LCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX813LCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX813LC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX813LEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX813LESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX813LEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX813LMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
		-

^{*}Dice are specified at T_A = +25°C.

Pin Configurations





^{**}Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883. Devices in PDIP, SO and µMAX packages are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead free by adding the + symbol at the end of the part number when ordering. Lead-free not available for CERDIP package.



MAX705-MAX708/MAX813L Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

Price† 1000-up (\$)	1.71	3.26	3.23	3.61	±	3.55	3.58	2.17	1.38*	2.93	1.02*	1.71	1.71	0.88*	1.63	3.90	3.42	±	±	#	3.88	=	3.59	3.66	3.26	3.90	±	±	=	=	1.02*	#	=	±	3.82	2.44
aniq	80	80	8	16	16	16	16	8	®	80	80	®	&	80	ω	91	16	16	80	16	80	8	∞	8		∞	8	16	က	က	80	8	8	®	16	80
I _{SUPPLY} Backup Mode µA max (typ)		5(0.05)	1(0.4)	5(0.04)					5(0.05)	1(0.4)						5(0.04)		TBD	TBD	TBD	5(0.04)	TBD	5(0.05)	1(0.4)	5(0.05)	1(0.4)	TBD	TBD				TBD	TBD	TBD		0.1(0.002)
Am əboM gnifsrəqO _{YJqqUS} I (qvf) xsm	0.2(0.05)	0.35(0.2)	0.5(0.4)	0.1(0.035)				0.2(0.1)	0.35(0.2)	0.5(0.4)	0.35(0.2)	0.35(0.2)	0.35(0.2)	0.35(0.2)	0.35(0.2)	0.15(0.06)	0.15(0.07)	ТВО	TBD	TBD	0.1(0.035)	TBD	0.35(0.2)	0.5(0.4)	0.35(0.2)	0.5(0.4)	ТВО	CBT	0.06 (0.024)	0.06 (0.024)	0.35(0.2)	ТВО	TBD	TBD	0.15 (0.07)	0.5 (0.23)
Battery-On Output				>		`										>					>						~									
Low-Line Output																>											~	^				~			>	
Manual-Reset Input	>							^	>	`	>	>	>	>	>	>										>	^				>	^	1	^	>	
Power-Fail Comparator		>	>	>		>	^		>	`>	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	^	>		√/±2%		√/±2%	√/±2%	>	√/±2%	^				√/±2%	√/±2%	√/±2%	√/±2%	√/±2%	
CE Write Protect				√ /10ns			^									√ /10ns	√ /10ns	~	>	^	√ /10ns						~	^							√/10ns	>
On The Forth On Resistance Max (Ω)		400	400	52					400	400						52		TBD	TBD	твр	22	TBD	400	400	400	400	TBD	TBD								299
OnO Tool On Resistance Max (Ω)		9	9	1.2					9	9						1.2		\vdash	TBD	TBD	\dashv	TBD	10	9	10	9	TBD	TBD								2.5
Backup-Battery Switch		>	>	>		>			>	>						>		^	>	^	>	>	>	^	>	>	^	^								>
Separate Watchdog Output				>		>	^			>	>	>				>	>	^	>		>						^				>		^		>	
Nominal Watchdog Timeout Period (sec), if Available	0.15/0.6/1.2	1.6	1.6	1.6/adj.		1.6/adj.	1.6/adj.			1.6	1.6	1.6				-	-	1.6	1.6		1.6/adj.	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6		1.6				1.6		1.6		1	
RESET Valid to V _{CC} = 1V	>	>	>	>	ium battery				>	`	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	^	>		>	`	>	^	>	>	^		>	>	>	^	^	>	>	
Active-High feseЯ	>			>	125mAh lith	`	^	^				`		>	>	>	>	~	`		>			^	>	>	√/±1.5%			>		√/±1%		>	`	
wo-LovitoA teseЯ	>	>	>	>	AX691A and a 125mAh lithium battery	>	^	^	>	>	>		>	>	>	>	>	^	>	^	>	√/±1.5%	>			>	√/±1.5%	√/±1.5%	>			√/±1%	√/ ≠1%	>	>	
Minimum Reset Pulse Width (ms)	250	140	140	140/adj.	e with the M.	35/adj.	35/adj.	200	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	140	
Mominal Reset Threshold (V)	4.37/4.62	4.65/4.40	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65/4.40	The MAX1691 is a module with the MA	Adj.	Adj.	4.65/adj.	4.65/4.40	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65/4.40	2.63	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65/4.40	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65	4.60/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	Adj.	2.63/2.93/3.07/3.08	4.60/4.40	4.68/4.58/4.43	4.60/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	2.63/2.93/3.08	4.68/4.58/4.43	4.68/4.58/4.43	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	4.65	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	4.80/4.70/4.55/3.03	Adj./±1%	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	4.37/4.62
Part Number	MAX1232	MAX690A/692A	MAX690R/S/T	MAX691A/693A	MAX1691	MAX696	MAX697		MAX703/704	MAX704R/S/T	MAX705/706		MAX706R/S/T		MAX708R/S/T	MAX791	MAX802L/M/R/S/T	MAX793R/S/U/T	MAX794	MAX795R/S/U/T	MAX800L/M	MAX801L/N/M	MAX802L/M/R/S/T	MAX804R/S/T	MAX805L/WR/S/T	MAX806R/S/T	MAX807L/N/M	M/N/T808XYM	MAX809L/M/R/S/T	MAX810L/W/R/S/T	MAX813L	MAX814K/L/N/T	MAX815K/L/N/T	MAX816	MAX820L/M/R/S/T	MXD1210

Ordering Information



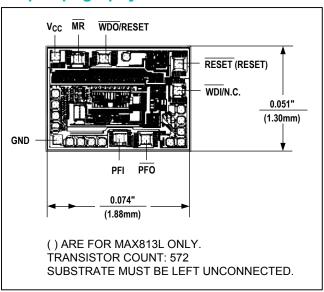
MAX705–MAX708/MAX813L Low-Cost, μP Supervisory Circuits

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.
8 μMAX	U8+1	<u>21-0036</u>
8 Plastic DIP	P8+1	<u>21-0043</u>
8 SO	S8+2	<u>21-0041</u>

Chip Topography





Low-Cost, µP Supervisory Circuits

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	2/92	Initial release	_
8	3/10	Updated the Features, Absolute Maximum Ratings, Typical Operating Characteristics, Figures 3, 7, 8, and the Package Information sections	1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 10
9	1/13	Updated package code for 8 SO package	11
10	4/15	Deleted "Automotive Systems" from <i>Applications</i> and updated <i>Benefits and Features</i> sections	1

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