

Microprocessor Reset Circuit

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TS3809/3810 series are used for microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits to monitor the power supplies in μ P and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with +5V, +3.3V, +3.0V, +2.5V powered circuits.

These circuits perform a single function: they assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 200ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available. TS3809/3810 series have push pull outputs. TS3809 series has an active low RESET output, while the TS3810 has an active high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on V_{CC} , and the outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for V_{CC} down to 1.0V. Low supply current makes TS3809/3810 series ideal for use in portable equipment.

FEATURES

- High Accurate $\pm 2\%$
- Precision monitoring of +3V, +3.3V, and +5V Power supply voltage
- Fully specified over temperature
- Available in three output configurations
- Push-Pull RESET low output (TS3809)
- Push-Pull (RESET) high output (TS3810)
- 200ms typ. Power-on reset pulse width
- 25 μ s supply current
- Guaranteed reset valid to $V_{CC}=+1V$
- Power supply transient immunity

APPLICATION

- Battery-operated systems and controllers
- Intelligent instruments
- Critical μ P and μ C power monitoring
- Portable / Battery powered equipment
- Automotive



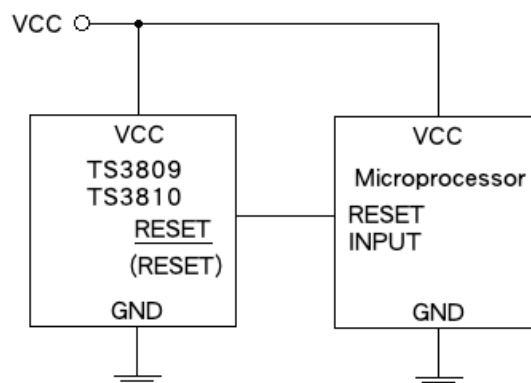
SOT-23



Pin Definition

TS3809	TS3810
1. GND	1. GND
2. <u>RESET</u>	2. (RESET)
3. VCC	3. VCC

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT
Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	V_{CC}	GND - 0.3 to GND +6.5	V
<u>RESET</u> & (RESET) push-pull	V_{RESET}	GND - 0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Input Current, V_{CC}	I_{CC}	20	mA
Output Current, <u>RESET</u> , (RESET)	I_O	5	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	$(T_J - T_A)/R_{\theta JA}$	mW
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_{J,OPR}$	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{STG}	-65 ~ +150	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (260°C)	T_{LEAD}	10	s

THERMAL PERFORMANCE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM	UNIT
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	110	°C/W
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient ^(Note 1)	$R_{\theta JA}$	250	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Supply Voltage	$T_A = -40^\circ C \sim +85^\circ C$	V_{CC}	1.0	--	6	V
Supply Current	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} + 1V$	I_{CC}	--	25	35	μA
Reset Threshold	TS3809/3810CXA	V_{TH}	4.54	4.63	4.71	V
	TS3809/3810CXB		4.29	4.38	4.46	
	TS3809/3810CXC		3.92	4.00	4.08	
	TS3809/3810CXD		3.02	3.08	3.15	
	TS3809/3810CXE		2.87	2.93	3.00	
	TS3809/3810CXF		2.57	2.63	2.69	
	TS3809/3810CXG		2.20	2.25	2.30	
Reset Threshold Temperature Coefficient	$T_A = 0 \sim +85^\circ C$	V_{THT}	--	50	--	ppm/°C
Set-up Time	$V_{CC} = 0 \sim (V_{TH} - 100mV)$	T_{SET}	1	--	--	μs
V_{CC} to Reset Delay	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} \sim (V_{TH} - 100mV)$	T_{RD}	--	20	--	μs
Reset Active Timeout Period	$T_A = 0 \sim +85^\circ C$	T_{DELAY}	140	200	260	ms
<u>RESET</u> Output (TS3809) Voltage Low	$1.8V < V_{CC} < V_{TH(MAX)}$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$	V_{OL}	--	--	0.3	V
	$1.2V < V_{CC} < 1.8V$, $I_{SINK} = 50\mu A$					
<u>RESET</u> Output (TS3809) Voltage High	$V_{CC} > V_{TH(MAX)}$, $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$	V_{OH}	$0.8 V_{CC}$	--	--	V
(RESET) Output (TS3810) Voltage Low	$V_{CC} > V_{TH(MAX)}$, $I_{SINK} = 1.2mA$	V_{OL}	--	--	0.3	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
(RESET) Output (TS3810) Voltage High	$1.8V < V_{CC} < V_{TH(MAX)}$, $I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu A$	V_{OH}	$0.8 V_{CC}$	--	--	V
	$1.2V < V_{CC} < 1.8V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 150\mu A$					
Hysteresis at V_{CC}	Input Voltage	V_{HVS}	--	40	--	mV

Note :

- $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured the PCB copper area of approximately $1in^2$ (Multi-layer). Needs to connect to V_{SS} pin.

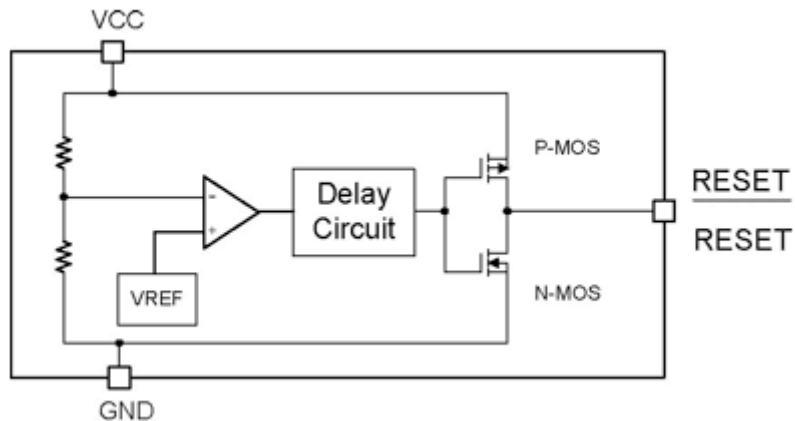
ORDERING INFORMATION

RESET VOLTAGE	PART NO.	PACKAGE	PACKING
4.63V	TS3809CXA RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
4.38V	TS3809CXB RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
4.00V	TS3809CXC RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
3.08V	TS3809CXD RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.93V	TS3809CXE RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.63V	TS3809CXF RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.25V	TS3809CXG RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
4.63V	TS3810CXA RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
4.38V	TS3810CXB RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
4.00V	TS3810CXC RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
3.08V	TS3810CXD RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.93V	TS3810CXE RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.63V	TS3810CXF RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel
2.25V	TS3810CXG RFG	SOT-23	3,000pcs / 7" Reel

Note:

1. Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC.
2. Halogen-free according to IEC 61249-2-21 definition.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

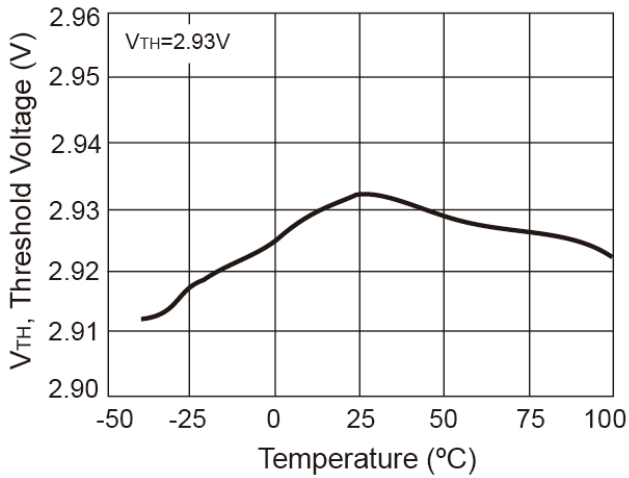


Figure 1. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

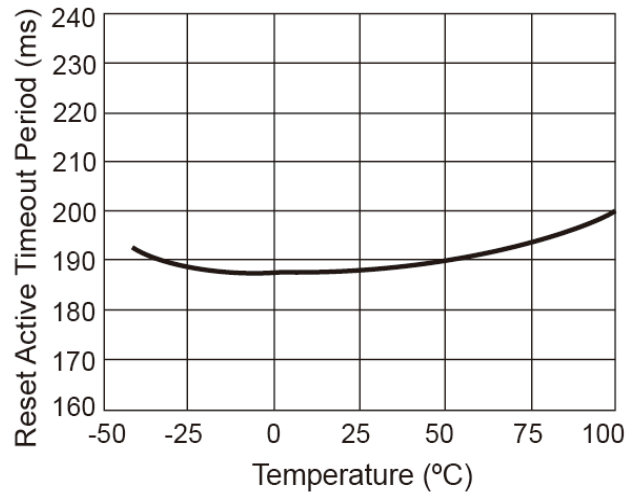


Figure 2. T_{DELAY} vs. Temperature

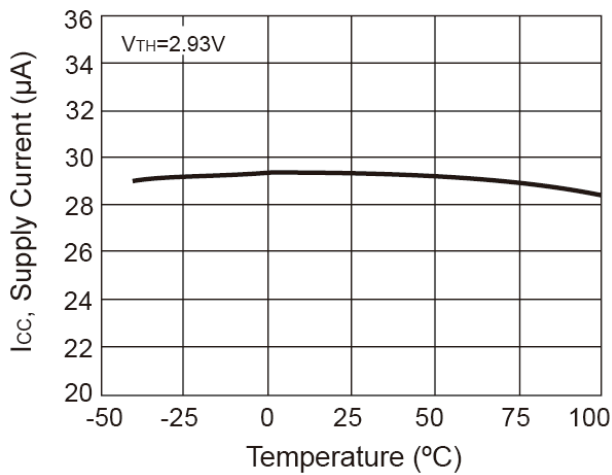


Figure 3. Supply Current vs. Temperature

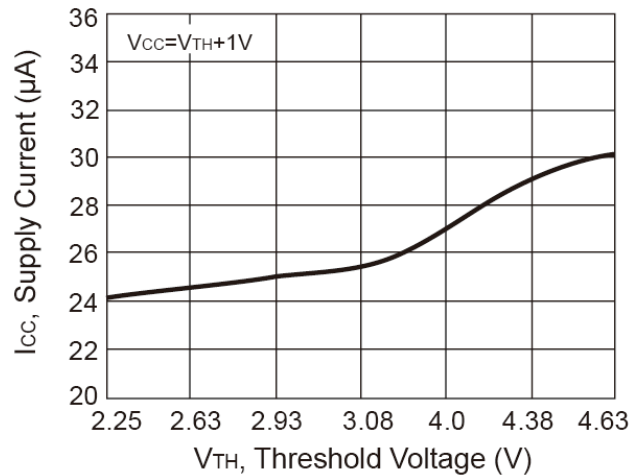


Figure 4. Supply Current vs. Threshold Voltage

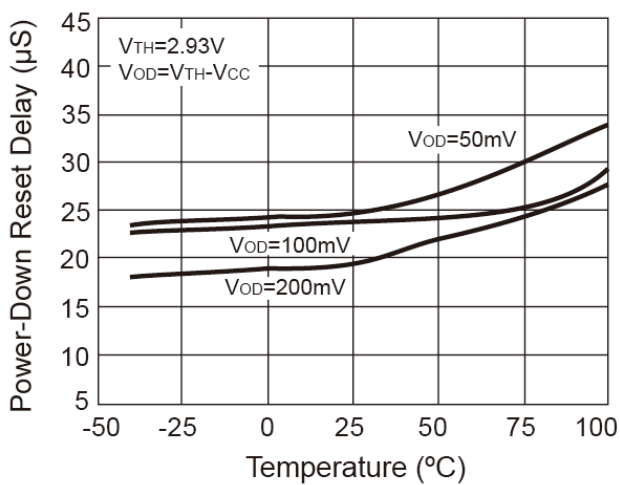


Figure 5. Power-Down T_{DELAY} vs. Temperature

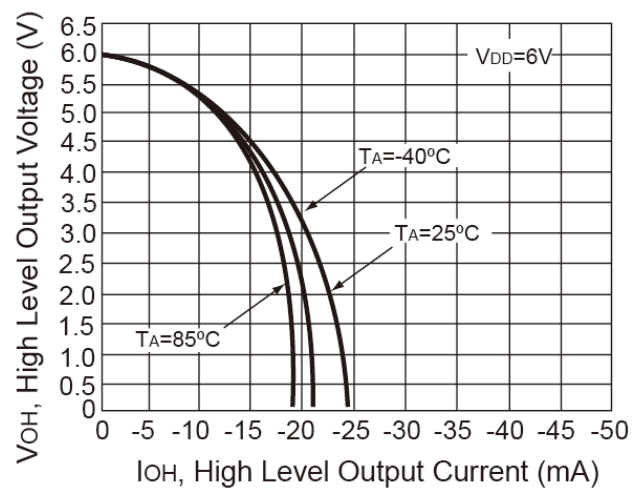


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Output Current

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Negative-Going V_{CC} transients in addition to issuing a reset to the μP during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the TS3809/3810 are relatively immune to short-duration negative-going V_{CC} transients (glitches).

The TS3809/3810 does not generate a reset pulse. The graph was generated using a negative going pulse applied to V_{CC} , starting 0.5V above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the maximum pulse width a negative going V_{CC} transient can have without causing a reset pulse. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, a V_{CC} transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 20 μ S or less will not cause a reset pulse. A 0.1 μ F bypass capacitor mounted as close as possible to the V_{CC} pin provides additional transient immunity.

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

A microprocessor's reset input starts the μP in a known state. The TS3809/3810 assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They assert a reset signal whenever the V_{CC} supply voltage declines below a preset threshold, keeping it asserted for at least 140ms after V_{CC} has risen above the reset threshold. The TS3809/3810 have a push-pull output stage.

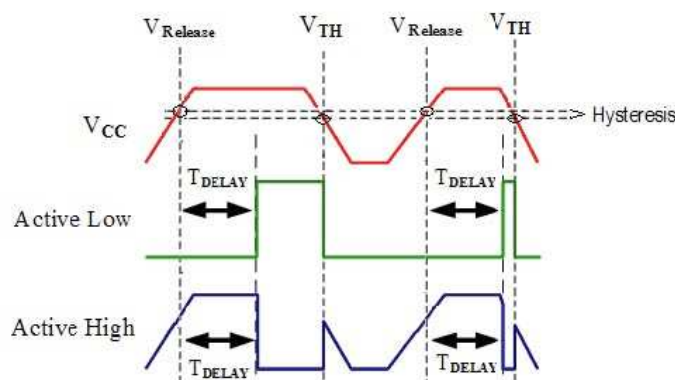
ENSURING A VALID RESET OUTPUT DOWN TO $V_{CC}=0$

RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low for $V_{CC} > 1.0V$. Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps RESET low for the reset timeout period; after this interval, RESET goes high. If a brownout condition occurs (V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold), RESET goes low. Any time V_{CC} goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and RESET goes low. The internal timer starts after V_{CC} returns above the reset threshold, and RESET remains low for the reset timeout period. When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the TS3809/3810 reset output no longer sinks current - it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high impedance CMOS logic input connected to reset can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications since most μP and other circuitry is inoperative with V_{CC} below 1V. However, in applications where reset must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull down resistor to reset causes stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding reset low (Figure 2.) R1's value is not critical; 100K is large enough not to load reset and small enough to pull RESET to ground. For the TS3809/3810 if reset is required to remain valid for $V_{CC} < 1V$.

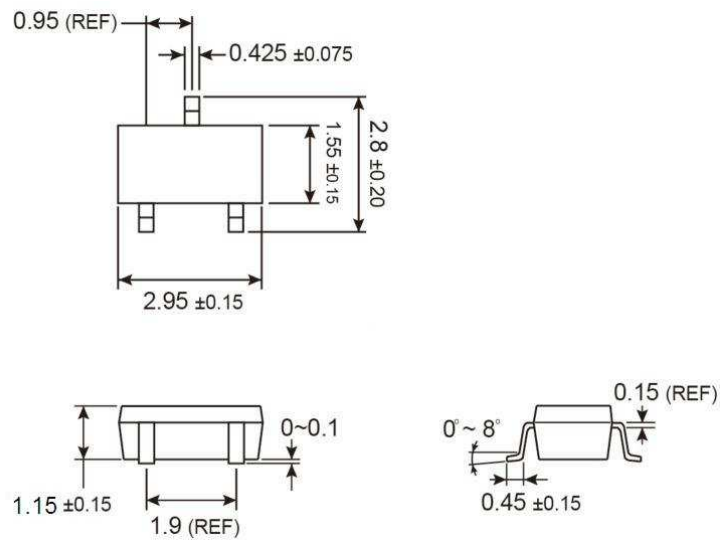
BENEFITS OF HIGHLY ACCURATE RESET THRESHOLD

Most μP supervisor ICs have reset threshold voltages between 5% and 10% below the value of nominal supply voltages. This ensures a reset will not occur within 5% of the nominal supply, but will occur when the supply is 10% below nominal. When using ICs rated at only the nominal supply $\pm 5\%$, this leaves a zone of uncertainty where the supply is between 5% and 10% low, and where the reset may or may not be asserted.

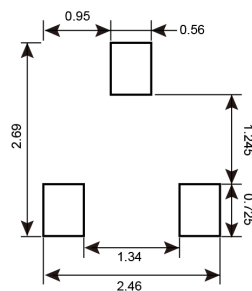
TIMING DIAGRAM



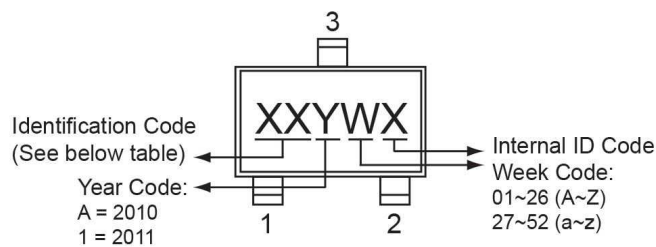
PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS (Unit: Millimeters)
SOT-23



SUGGESTED PAD LAYOUT (Unit: Millimeters)



MARKING DIAGRAM



PART NO.	IDENTIFICATION CODE	PART NO.	IDENTIFICATION CODE
TS3809CXA	CA	TS3810CXA	CH
TS3809CXB	CB	TS3810CXB	CI
TS3809CXC	CC	TS3810CXC	CJ
TS3809CXD	CD	TS3810CXD	CK
TS3809CXE	CE	TS3810CXE	CL
TS3809CXF	CF	TS3810CXF	CM
TS3809CXG	CG	TS3810CXG	CN

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