

LM5020

100V Current Mode PWM Controller

General Description

The LM5020 high voltage pulse-width-modulation (PWM) controller contains all of the features needed to implement single ended primary power converter topologies. Output voltage regulation is based on current-mode control, which eases the design of loop compensation while providing inherent line feed-forward. The LM5020 includes a high-voltage start-up regulator that operates over a wide input range up to 100V. The PWM controller is designed for high speed capability including an oscillator frequency range to 1MHz and total propagation delays less than 100ns. Additional features include an error amplifier, precision reference, line under-voltage lockout, cycle-by-cycle current limit, slope compensation, softstart, oscillator synchronization capability and thermal shutdown. The controller is available in both MSOP-10 and LLP-10 packages.

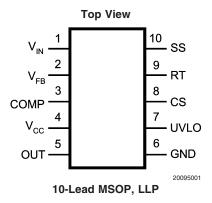
Features

- Internal Start-up Bias Regulator
- Error Amplifier
- Precision Voltage Reference
- Programmable Softstart
- 1A Peak Gate Driver
- Maximum Duty Cycle Limiting (80% for LM5020-1 or 50% for LM5020-2)
- Programmable Line Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) with Adjustable Hysteresis
- Cycle-by-Cycle Over-Current Protection
- Slope Compensation (LM5020-1)
- Programmable Oscillator Frequency with Synchronization Capability
- Current Sense Leading Edge Blanking
- Thermal Shutdown Protection

Packages

- MSOP-10
- LLP-10 (4 mm x 4 mm)

Connection Diagram



Ordering Information

Order Number	Order Number Description		Supplied As	
LM5020MM-1	MSOP, 80% Duty Cycle Limit	MUB-10A	1000 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020MMX-1	MSOP, 80% Duty Cycle Limit	MUB-10A	3500 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020SD-1	LLP, 80% Duty Cycle Limit	SDC-10A	1000 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020SDX-1	LLP, 80% Duty Cycle Limit	SDC-10A	4500 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020MM-2	MSOP, 50% Duty Cycle Limit	MUB-10A	1000 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020MMX-2	MSOP, 50% Duty Cycle Limit	MUB-10A	3500 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020SD-2	LLP, 50% Duty Cycle Limit	SDC-10A	1000 Units on Tape and Reel	
LM5020SDX-2	LLP, 50% Duty Cycle Limit	SDC-10A	4500 Units on Tape and Reel	

Block Diagram

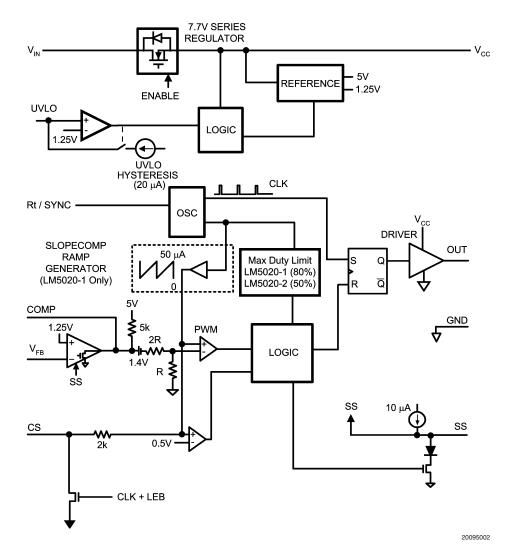


FIGURE 1.

Pin Description

PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION	APPLICATION INFORMATION
1	Vin	Source Input Voltage	Input to start-up regulator. Input range 13V to 100V.
2	FB	Feedback Signal	Inverting input of the internal error amplifier. The non-inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference.
3	СОМР	The output of the error amplifier and input to the Pulse Width Modulator	COMP pull-up is provided by an internal 5K resistor which may be used to bias an opto-coupler transistor.
4	V _{CC}	Output of the internal high voltage series pass regulator. Regulated output voltage 7.7V	If an auxiliary winding raises the voltage on this pin above the regulation set point, the internal series pass regulator will shutdown, reducing the controller power dissipation.
5	OUT	Output of the PWM controller	Gate driver output with a 1A peak current capability
6	GND	Ground return	
7	UVLO	Line Under-Voltage Shutdown	An external resistor divider from the power converter source sets the shutdown levels. The threshold of operation equals 1.25V. Hysteresis is set by a switched internal 20µA current source.
8	CS	Current Sense input	Current sense input for current mode control and over-current protection. Current limiting is accomplished using a dedicated current sense comparator. If the CS comparator input exceeds 0.5V the OUT pin switches low for cycle-by-cycle current limiting. CS is held low for 50ns after OUT switches high to blank leading edge current spikes.
9	RT / SYNC	Oscillator timing resistor pin and synchronization input	An external resistor connected from RT to GND sets the oscillator frequency. This pin will also accept synchronization pulses from an external clock.
10	SS	Softstart Input	An external capacitor and an internal 10μA current source set the soft-start ramp rate.

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

 $\begin{array}{ccc} V_{\text{IN}} \text{ to GND} & -0.3 \text{V to } 100 \text{V} \\ V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to GND} & -0.3 \text{V to } 16 \text{V} \\ \text{RT to GND} & -0.3 \text{V to } 5.5 \text{V} \\ \text{All other pins to GND} & -0.3 \text{V to } 7 \text{V} \end{array}$

Power Dissipation ESD Rating (Note 2)

Human Body Model

Storage Temperature -55°C to +150°C Junction Temperature 150°C

Operating Ratings

 V_{IN} Voltage 13V to 90V External Voltage applied to V_{CC} 8V to 15V Operating Junction Temperature -40°C to +125°C

Electrical Characteristics

Specifications in standard type face are for T_{J} = +25°C and those in **boldface type** apply over the full operating junction temperature range. Unless otherwise specified: V_{IN} = 48V, V_{CC} = 10V, and RT = 31.6K Ω

2kV

Internally Limited

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Startup Reg	ulator					
V _{CC} Reg	V _{CC} Regulation	Open ckt	7.4	7.7	8.0	V
	V _{CC} Current Limit	(Note 4)	15	22		mA
I-V _{IN}	Startup Regulator Leakage	V _{IN} = 100V		150	500	μΑ
I _{IN}	Shutdown Current	V _{UVLO} = 0V, V _{CC} = open		250	350	μΑ
V _{CC} Supply						
	V _{CC} UVLO (Rising)		VccReg	VccReg -		V
			- 300mV	100mV		
	V _{CC} UVLO (Falling)		5.3	6.0	6.7	V
I _{cc}	Supply Current	Cload = 0		2	3	mA
Error Ampli	fier					
GBW	Gain Bandwidth			4		MHz
	DC Gain			75		dB
	Input Voltage	V _{FB} = COMP	1.225	1.25	1.275	V
	COMP Sink Capability	V _{FB} = 1.5V COMP= 1V	5	17		mA
Line UVLO	Shutdown	-				
	Shutdown Threshold		1.225	1.25	1.275	V
	Undervoltage Shutdown		16	20	24	μA
	Hysteresis Current Source					
Current Lim	it					
	ILIM Delay to Output	CS step from 0 to 0.6V		30		ns
		Time to onset of OUT				
		Transition (90%)				
CS	Cycle by Cycle CS Threshold		0.45	0.5	0.55	V
	Voltage					
	Leading Edge Blanking Time			50		ns
	CS Sink Impedance (clocked)			35	55	Ω
Soft Start	_				,	
	Softstart Current Source		7	10	13	μΑ
	Softstart to COMP Offset		0.35	0.55	0.75	V

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Specifications in standard type face are for T_{J} = +25°C and those in **boldface type** apply over the full operating junction temperature range. Unless otherwise specified: V_{IN} = 48V, V_{CC} = 10V, and RT = 31.6K Ω

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Oscillator					•	
	Frequency1 (RT = 31.6k)	(Note 5)	175	200	225	kHz
	Frequency2 (RT = 9.76k)	(Note 5)	560	630	700	kHz
	Sync threshold		2.4	3.2	3.8	V
PWM Comp	parator		'			
	Delay to Output	COMP set to 2V CS		25		ns
		stepped 0 to 0.4V, Time				
		to onset of OUT transition				
		low				
	Min Duty Cycle	COMP=0V			0	%
	Max Duty Cycle (-1 Device)		75	80	85	%
	Max Duty Cycle (-2 Device)			50		%
	COMP to PWM Comparator			0.33		
	Gain					
	COMP Open Circuit Voltage		4.3	5.2	6.1	V
	COMP Short Circuit Current	COMP=0V	0.6	1.1	1.5	mA
Slope Com	pensation		•			
	Slope Comp Amplitude	Delta increase at PWM	80	105	130	mV
	(LM5020-1 Device Only)	Comparator to CS				
Output Sec	tion					
	Output High Saturation	lout = 50mA, V _{CC} - V _{OUT}		0.25	0.75	V
	Output Low Saturation	I _{OUT} = 100mA, V _{OUT}		0.25	0.75	V
	Rise Time	Cload = 1nF		18		ns
	Fall Time	Cload = 1nF		15		ns
Thermal Sh	utdown				•	
Tsd	Thermal Shutdown Temp.			165		°C
	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			25		°C

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings are conditions under which operation of the device is intended to be functional. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

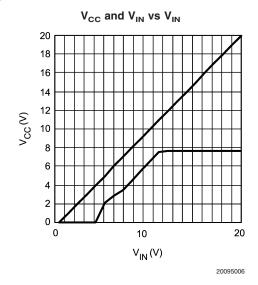
Note 2: The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5k Ω resistor.

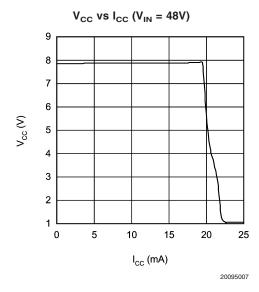
Note 3: Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality Control (SQC) methods. The limits are used to calculate National's Average Outgoing Quality Level (AOQL).

Note 4: Device thermal limitations may limit usable range.

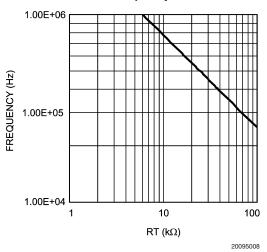
Note 5: Specification applies to the oscillator frequency. The operational frequency of the LM5020-2 devices is divided by two.

Typical Performance Characteristics Unless otherwise specified: T_J = 25°C.

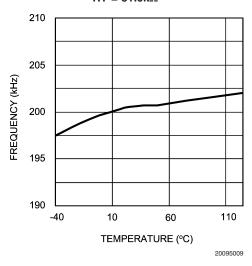




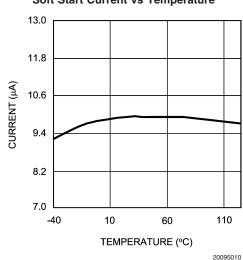
Oscillator Frequency vs RT



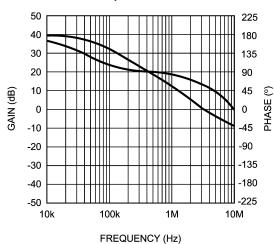
Oscillator Frequency vs Temperature $\mathbf{RT} = \mathbf{31.6k}\Omega$



Soft Start Current vs Temperature







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Detailed Operating Description

The LM5020 High Voltage PWM controller contains all of the features needed to implement single ended primary power converter topologies. The LM5020 includes a high-voltage startup regulator that operates over a wide input range to 100V. The PWM controller is designed for high speed capability including an oscillator frequency range to 1MHz and total propagation delays less than 100ns. Additional features include an error amplifier, precision reference, line undervoltage lockout, cycle-by-cycle current limit, slope compensation, softstart, oscillator sync capability and thermal shutdown. The functional block diagram of the LM5020 is shown in Figure 1. The LM5020 is designed for current-mode control power converters, which require a single drive output, such as Flyback and Forward topologies. The LM5020 provides all of the advantages of current-mode control including line feed-forward, cycle-by-cycle current limiting and simplified loop compensation.

High Voltage Start-Up Regulator

The LM5020 contains an internal high voltage startup regulator, that allows the input pin (Vin) to be connected directly to line voltages as high as 100V. The regulator output is internally current limited to 15mA. When power is applied, the regulator is enabled and sources current into an external capacitor connected to the $V_{\rm CC}$ pin. The recommended capacitance range for the Vcc regulator is $0.1\mu F$ to $100\mu F$. When the voltage on the $V_{\rm CC}$ pin reaches the regulation level of 7.7V, the controller output is enabled. The controller will remain enabled until $V_{\rm CC}$ falls below 6V.

In typical applications, a transformer auxiliary winding is connected through a diode to the $V_{\rm CC}$ pin. This winding should raise the $V_{\rm CC}$ voltage above 8V to shut off the internal startup regulator. Powering $V_{\rm CC}$ from an auxiliary winding improves conversion efficiency while reducing the power dissipated in the controller. The external $V_{\rm CC}$ capacitor must be selected such that the capacitor maintains the Vcc voltage greater than the $V_{\rm CC}$ UVLO falling threshold (6V) during the initial start-up. During a fault condition when the converter auxiliary winding is inactive, external current draw on the $V_{\rm CC}$ line should be limited such that the power dissipated in the start-up regulator does not exceed the maximum power dissipation capability of the controller.

An external start-up or other bias rail can be used instead of the internal start-up regulator by connecting the $V_{\rm CC}$ and the Vin pins together and feeding the external bias voltage (8-15V) to the two pins.

Line Under Voltage Detector

The LM5020 contains a line Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO) circuit. An external set-point voltage divider from Vin to GND sets the operational range of the converter. The resistor divider must be designed such that the voltage at the UVLO pin is greater than 1.25V when Vin is in the desired operating range. If the under voltage threshold is not met, all functions of the controller are disabled and the controller remains in a low power standby state.

UVLO hysteresis is accomplished with an internal $20\mu A$ current source that is switched on or off into the impedance of the set-point divider. When the UVLO threshold is exceeded, the current source is activated to instantly raise the voltage at the UVLO pin. When the UVLO pin voltage falls below the 1.25V threshold the current source is turned off, causing the voltage at the UVLO pin to fall. The UVLO pin can also be used to implement a remote enable / disable function. If an external transistor pulls the UVLO pin below the 1.25V threshold, the converter will be disabled.

Error Amplifier

An internal high gain error amplifier is provided within the LM5020. The amplifier's non-inverting input is internally set to a fixed reference voltage of 1.25V. The inverting input is connected to the FB pin. In non-isolated applications, the power converter output is connected to the FB pin via voltage scaling resistors. Loop compensation components are connected between the COMP and FB pins. For most isolated applications the error amplifier function is implemented on the secondary side of the converter and the internal error amplifier is not used. The internal error amplifier is configured as an open drain output and can be disabled by connecting the FB pin to ground. An internal 5K pull-up resistor between a 5V reference and COMP can be used as the pull-up for an optocoupler in isolated applications.

Current Limit/Current Sense

The LM5020 provides a cycle-by-cycle over current protection function. Current limit is accomplished by an internal current sense comparator. If the voltage at current sense comparator input exceeds 0.5V, the output will be immediately terminated. A small RC filter, located near the controller, is recommended to filter noise from the current sense signal. The CS input has an internal MOSFET which discharges the CS pin capacitance at the conclusion of every cycle. The discharge device remains on an additional 50ns after the beginning of the new cycle to attenuate the leading edge spike on the current sense signal.

The LM5020 current sense and PWM comparators are very fast, and may respond to short duration noise pulses. Layout considerations are critical for the current sense filter and sense resistor. The capacitor associated with the CS filter must be located very close to the device and connected directly to the pins of the controller (CS and GND). If a current sense transformer is used, both leads of the transformer secondary should be routed to the sense resistor and the current sense filter network. A sense resistor located in the source of the primary power MOSFET may be used for current sensing, but a low inductance resistor is required. When designing with a current sense resistor all of the noise sensitive low power ground connections should be connected together local to the controller and a single connection should be made to the high current power ground (sense resistor ground point).

Oscillator and Sync Capability

A single external resistor connected between the RT and GND pins sets the LM5020 oscillator frequency. Internal to the LM5020–2 device (50% duty cycle limited option) is an oscillator divide by two circuit. This divide by two circuit creates an exact 50% duty cycle pulse which is used internally to create a precise 50% duty cycle limit function. Because of this, the internal oscillator actually operates at twice the frequency of the output (OUT). For the LM5020–1 device the oscillator frequency and the operational output frequency are the same. To set a desired output operational frequency (F), the RT resistor can be calculated from:

LM5020-1:

$$RT = \frac{1}{F \times 158 \times 10^{-12}}$$

LM5020-2:

RT =
$$\frac{1}{\text{F x 316 x 10}^{-12}}$$

The LM5020 can also be synchronized to an external clock. The external clock must have a higher frequency than the free running oscillator frequency set by the RT resistor. The clock signal should be capacitively coupled into the RT pin with a 100pF capacitor. A peak voltage level greater than 3.7 Volts at the RT pin is required for detection of the sync pulse. The sync pulse width should be set between 15 to 150ns by the external components. The RT resistor is always required, whether the oscillator is free running or externally synchronized. The voltage at the RT pin is internally regulated to a 2 Volts. The RT resistor should be located very close to the device and connected directly to the pins of the controller (RT and GND).

PWM Comparator / Slope Compensation

The PWM comparator compares the current ramp signal with the loop error voltage derived from the error amplifier output. The error amplifier output voltage at the COMP pin is offset by 1.4V and then further attenuated by a 3:1 resistor divider. The PWM comparator polarity is such that 0 Volts on the COMP pin will result in a zero duty cycle at the controller output. For duty cycles greater than 50 percent, current mode control circuits are subject to sub-harmonic oscillation. By adding an additional fixed slope voltage ramp signal

(slope compensation) to the current sense signal, this oscillation can be avoided. The LM5020-1 integrates this slope compensation by summing a current ramp generated by the oscillator with the current sense signal. Additional slope compensation may be added by increasing the source impedance of the current sense signal. Since the LM5020-2 is not capable of duty cycles greater than 50%, there is no slope compensation feature in this device.

Soft Start

The softstart feature allows the power converter to gradually reach the initial steady state operating point, thereby reducing start-up stresses and current surges. At power on, after the $V_{\rm CC}$ and the line undervoltage lockout thresholds are satisfied, an internal $10\mu A$ current source charges an external capacitor connected to the SS pin. The capacitor voltage will ramp up slowly and will limit the COMP pin voltage and the duty cycle of the output pulses.

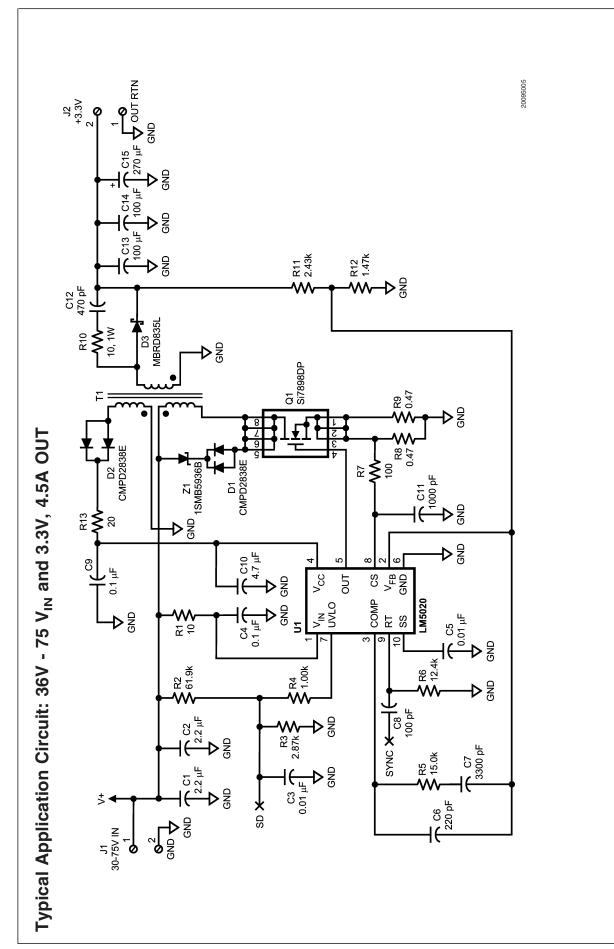
Gate Driver and Maximum Duty Cycle Limit

The LM5020 provides an internal gate driver (OUT), which can source and sink a peak current of 1 Amp. The LM5020 is available in two duty cycle limit options. The maximum output duty cycle is typically 80% for the LM5020-1 option and precisely equal to 50% for the LM5020-2 option. The maximum duty cycle function for the LM5020-2 is accomplished with an internal toggle flip-flop which ensures an accurate duty cycle limit. The internal oscillator frequency of the LM5020-2 is therefore twice the operating frequency of the PWM controller (OUT pin).

The 80% maximum duty cycle limit of the LM5020-1 is determined by the internal oscillator and varies more than the 50% limit of the LM5020-2. For the LM5020-1 the internal oscillator frequency and the operational frequency of the PWM controller are equal.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. This feature prevents catastrophic failures from accidental device overheating. When activated, typically at 165 degrees Celsius, the controller is forced into a low power standby state, disabling the output driver and the bias regulator. After the temperature is reduced (typical hysteresis = $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$) the V_{CC} regulator will be enabled and a softstart sequence initiated.



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Bill Of Materials

100V 100V F, 50V 100V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V 50V
100V F, 50V 100V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V 50V
F, 50V 100V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V
100V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V 50V
F, 50V F, 50V F, 50V 5, 50V 50V
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Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted .118±.004 [3±0.1] Ç .193±.006 [4.9±0.15] .118±.004 PIN 1 ID-NOTE 2 LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION .0197 [0.5] R.005 TYP [0.13] R.005 TYP [0.13] △ .004 [0.1] A .009+:004 [0.23+0:10 [0.23+0:15] .007±.002 TYP [0.18±0.05] .021 ± .005 [0.53 ± 0.12] -SEATING PLANE ⊕ .002 [0.051M BS CS CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS INCH VALUES IN [] ARE MILLIMETERS DIMENSIONS IN () FOR REFERENCE ONLY MUB10A (Rev B) 10 Lead MSOP Package **NS Package Number MUB10A** (10X 0.6) (10X 0.3) -> - (8X 0.8) **C** RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN PIN 1 INDEX AREA-(45° X 0 . 15) 4 ± 0 . 1 2.6±0.1 4 ± 0 . 1 10X 0.3±0.05 + 0.1 0 C A B DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS SDC10A (Rev A) 10 Lead MSOP, LLP Package **NS Package Number SDC10A**

Notes

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