

Automotive Dual P-Channel 60 V (D-S) 175 °C MOSFET

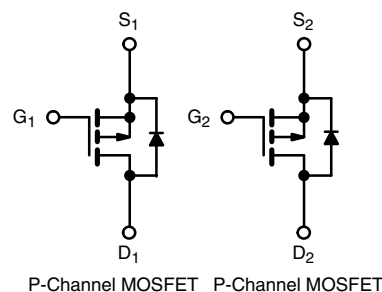
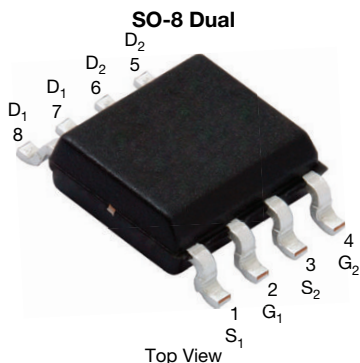
PRODUCT SUMMARY

V_{DS} (V)	-60
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) at $V_{GS} = -10$ V	0.0480
$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω) at $V_{GS} = -4.5$ V	0.0612
I_D (A) per leg	-8
Configuration	Dual

FEATURES

- TrenchFET® power MOSFET
- AEC-Q101 qualified ^c
- 100 % R_g and UIS tested
- Material categorization:
For definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

AUTOMOTIVE
GRADE

RoHS
COMPLIANT
HALOGEN
FREE


P-Channel MOSFET P-Channel MOSFET

ORDERING INFORMATION

Package	SO-8
Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free	SQ4917EY-T1-GE3

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_C = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	$T_C = 25$ °C	-8
		$T_C = 125$ °C	-4.75
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction)	I_S	-4.5	A
Pulsed Drain Current ^a	I_{DM}	-32	
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	I_{AS}	-22.4	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	E_{AS}	25	mJ
Maximum Power Dissipation ^a	P_D	$T_C = 25$ °C	5
		$T_C = 125$ °C	1.67
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +175	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT
Junction-to-Ambient	R_{thJA}	110	°C/W
Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	R_{thJF}	30	

Notes

- Pulse test; pulse width ≤ 300 μ s, duty cycle ≤ 2 %.
- When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 material).
- Parametric verification ongoing.

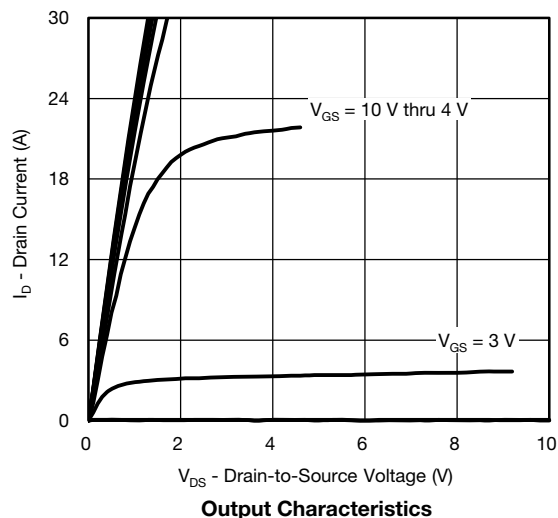
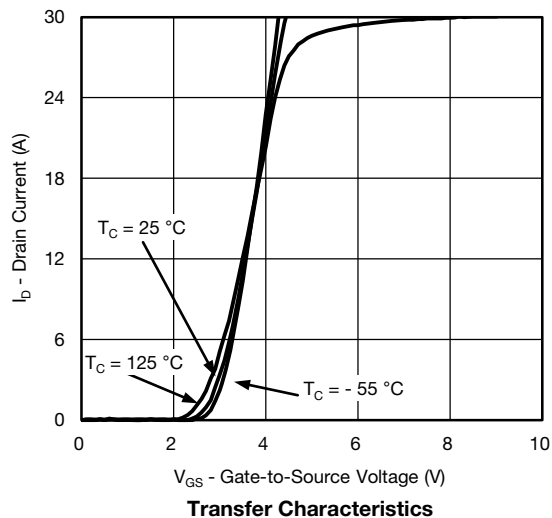
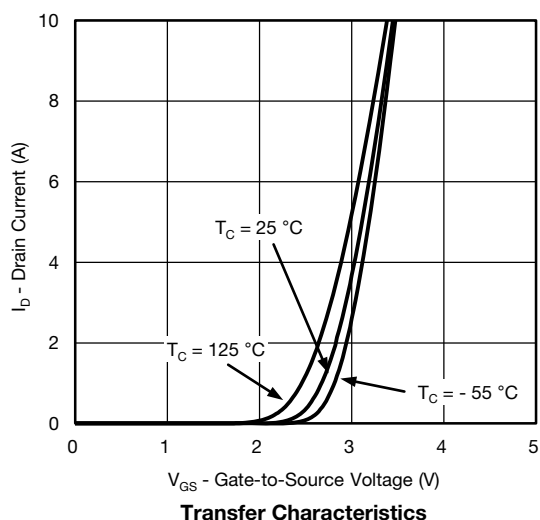
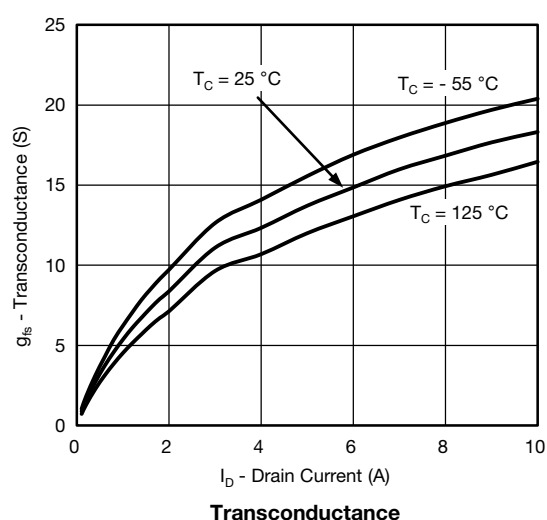
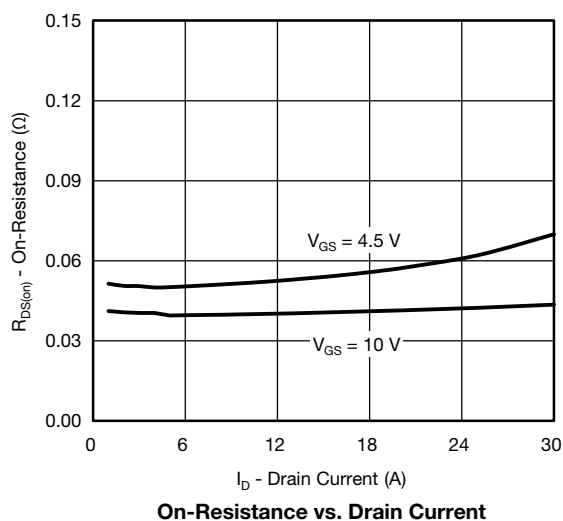
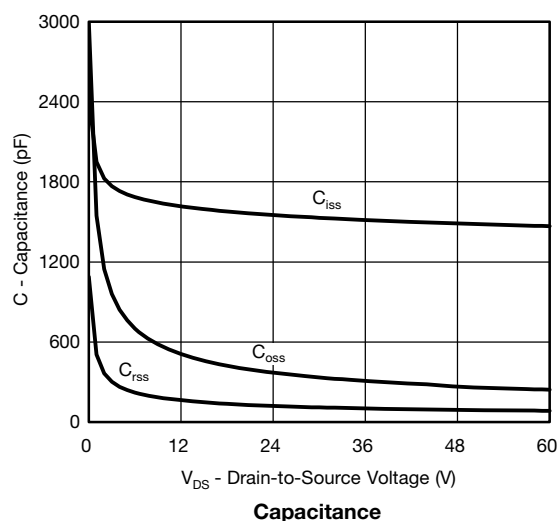


SPECIFICATIONS (T _C = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V _{DS}	V _{GS} = 0 V, I _D = -250 μA		-60	-	-	V
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	V _{DS} = V _{GS} , I _D = -250 μA		-1.5	-2.0	-2.5	
Gate-Source Leakage	I _{GSS}	V _{DS} = 0 V, V _{GS} = ± 20 V		-	-	± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I _{DSS}	V _{GS} = 0 V	V _{DS} = -60 V	-	-	-1	μA
		V _{GS} = 0 V	V _{DS} = -60 V, T _J = 125 °C	-	-	-50	
		V _{GS} = 0 V	V _{DS} = -60 V, T _J = 175 °C	-	-	-150	
On-State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	V _{GS} = -10 V	V _{DS} ≤ -5 V	-30	-	-	A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} = -10 V	I _D = -4.3 A	-	0.0400	0.0480	Ω
		V _{GS} = -10 V	I _D = -4.3 A, T _J = 125 °C	-	-	0.0780	
		V _{GS} = -10 V	I _D = -4.3 A, T _J = 175 °C	-	-	0.0960	
		V _{GS} = -4.5 V	I _D = -3.8 A	-	0.0510	0.0612	
Forward Transconductance ^b	g _{fs}	V _{DS} = -15 V, I _D = -4.3 A		-	13	-	S
Dynamic ^b							
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}	V _{GS} = 0 V	V _{DS} = -30 V, f = 1 MHz	-	1530	1910	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}			-	334	417	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}			-	114	142	
Total Gate Charge ^c	Q _g	V _{GS} = -10 V	V _{DS} = -30 V, I _D = -5 A	-	43.4	65	nC
Gate-Source Charge ^c	Q _{gs}			-	4.7	-	
Gate-Drain Charge ^c	Q _{gd}			-	9	-	
Gate Resistance	R _g	f = 1 MHz		1.3	2.5	4	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time ^c	t _{d(on)}	V _{DD} = -30 V, R _L = 8.8 Ω I _D ≅ -5 A, V _{GEN} = -10 V, R _g = 1 Ω		-	11	17	ns
Rise Time ^c	t _r			-	11	17	
Turn-Off Delay Time ^c	t _{d(off)}			-	35	52	
Fall Time ^c	t _f			-	6	9	
Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics ^b							
Pulsed Current ^a	I _{SM}			-	-	-32	A
Forward Voltage	V _{SD}	I _F = -2.8 A, V _{GS} = 0 V		-	-0.8	-1.2	V

Notes

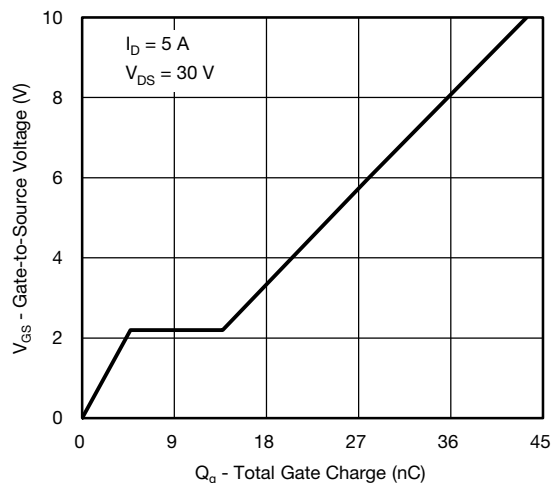
- a. Pulse test; pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.
c. Independent of operating temperature.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

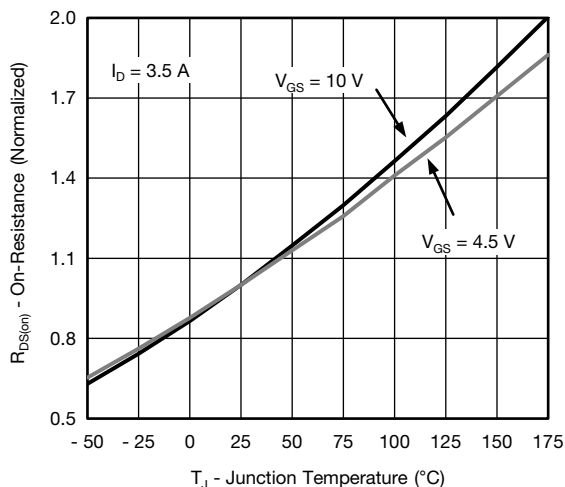
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)

Output Characteristics

Transfer Characteristics

Transfer Characteristics

Transconductance

On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

Capacitance



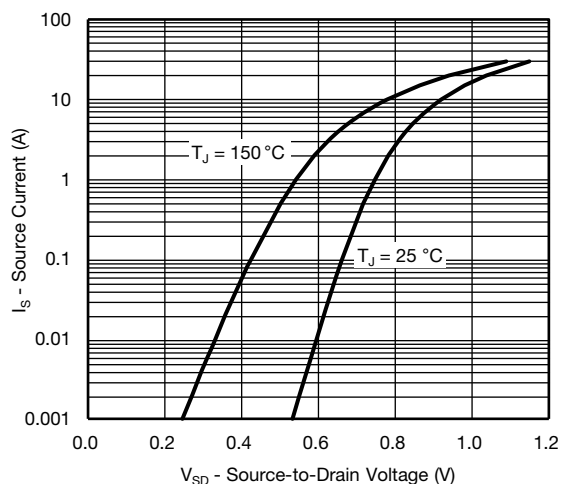
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)



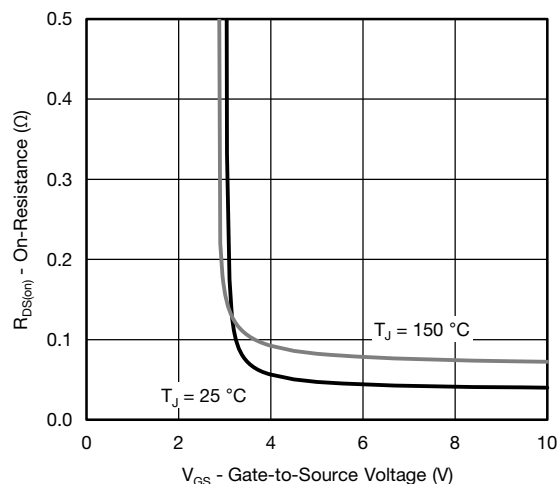
Gate Charge



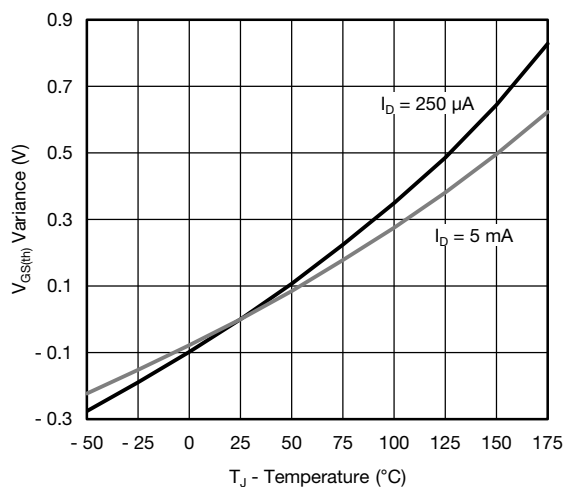
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



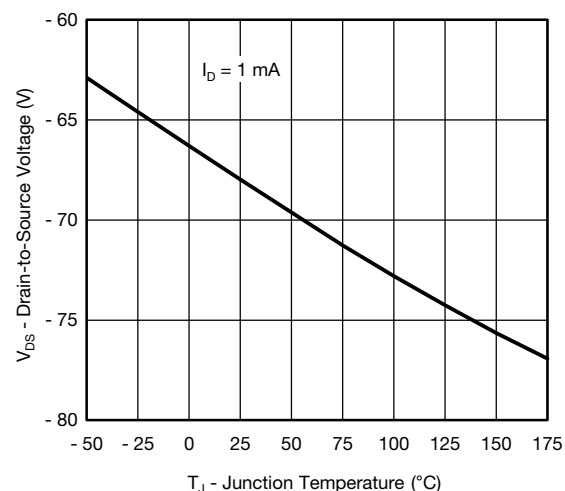
Source Drain Diode Forward Voltage



On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



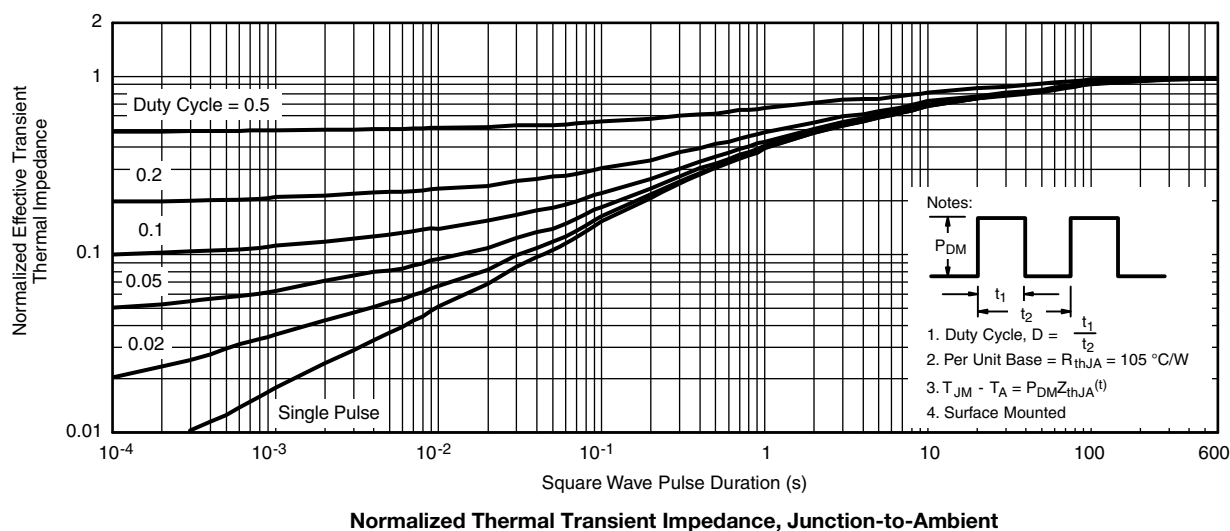
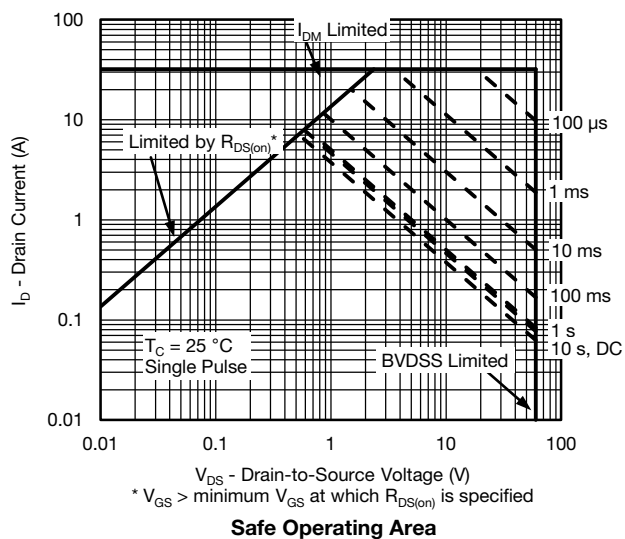
Threshold Voltage



Drain Source Breakdown vs. Junction Temperature

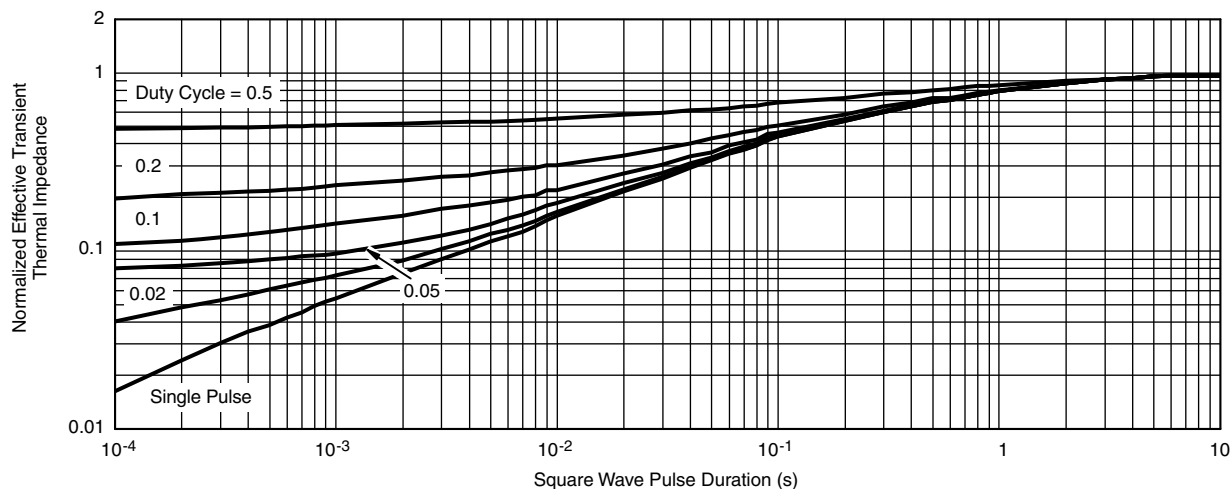


THERMAL RATINGS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)





THERMAL RATINGS ($T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Note

- The characteristics shown in the two graphs
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Ambient ($25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)
 - Normalized Transient Thermal Impedance Junction-to-Foot ($25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)are given for general guidelines only to enable the user to get a “ball park” indication of part capabilities. The data are extracted from single pulse transient thermal impedance characteristics which are developed from empirical measurements. The latter is valid for the part mounted on printed circuit board - FR4, size 1" x 1" x 0.062", double sided with 2 oz. copper, 100 % on both sides. The part capabilities can widely vary depending on actual application parameters and operating conditions.

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see www.vishay.com/ppg?62785.



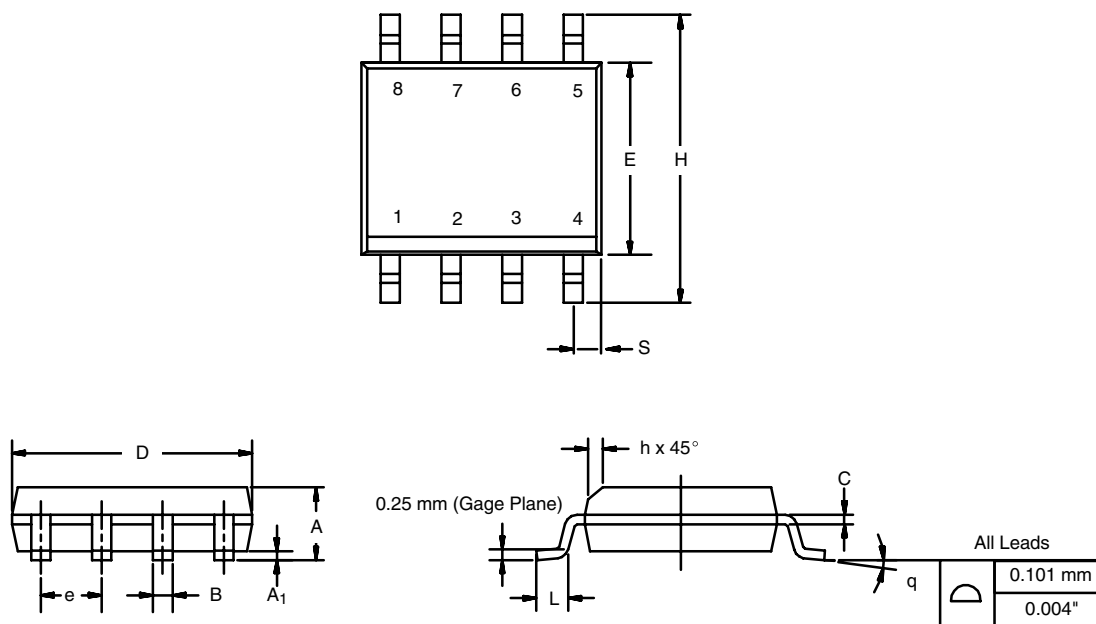
REVISION HISTORY ^a		
REVISION	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
B	04-Apr-14	Corrected on-resistance vs. junction temperature graph, normalized at 1 = 25 °C instead of 75 °C

Note

a. As of April 2014

SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD

JEDEC Part Number: MS-012



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008
B	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020
C	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037
q	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026
ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06				
DWG: 5498				



Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (<http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286>), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

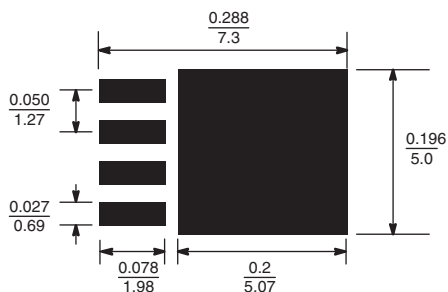


Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

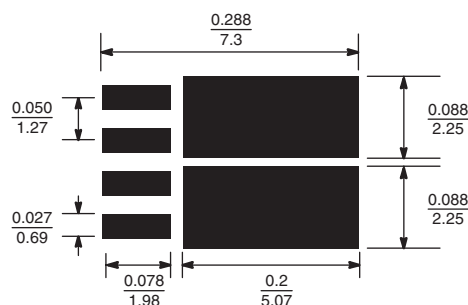


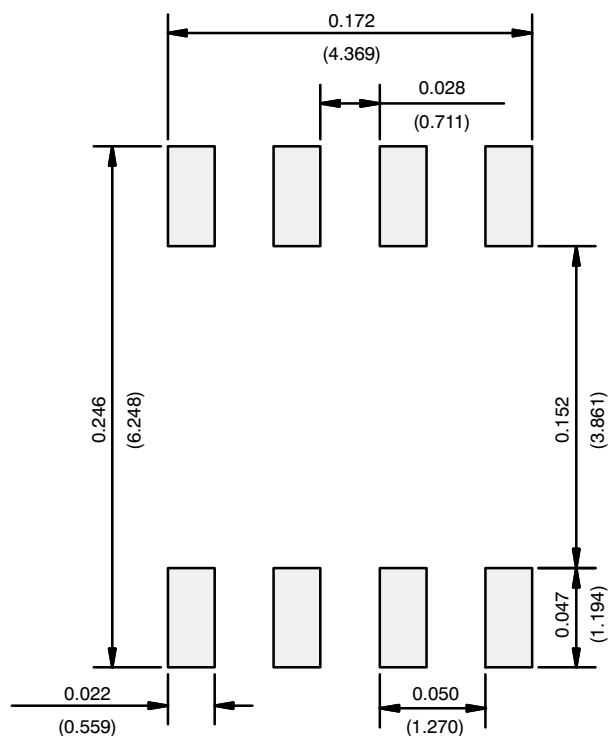
Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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