

# Low Voltage Supervisory Circuit with Watchdog and Manual Reset in 5-Lead SOT-23

Data Sheet ADM6823

#### **FEATURES**

Precision low voltage monitoring 9 reset threshold options: 1.58 V to 4.63 V 140 ms (minimum) reset timeout Watchdog timer with 1.6 sec timeout Manual reset input Reset output stage Push-pull active-low Low power consumption: 7  $\mu$ A Guaranteed reset output valid to  $V_{CC} = 1 \text{ V}$  Power supply glitch immunity Specified from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$  5-lead SOT-23 package

### **APPLICATIONS**

Microprocessor systems
Computers
Controllers
Intelligent instruments
Portable equipment

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The ADM6823 is supervisory circuit that monitors power supply voltage levels and code execution integrity in microprocessor-based systems. As well as providing power-on reset signals, an on-chip watchdog timer can reset the microprocessor if it fails to strobe within a preset timeout period. A reset signal can also be asserted by means of an external push-button through a manual reset input.

#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

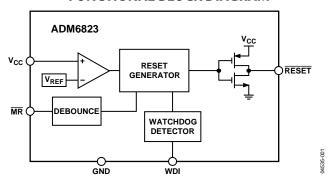


Figure 1.

The part is available in nine reset threshold options, ranging from 1.58 V to 4.63 V. The reset and watchdog timeout periods are fixed at 140 ms (minimum) and 1.6 sec (typical), respectively.

The ADM6823 is available in a 5-lead SOT-23 package and typically consumes only 7  $\mu$ A, making it suitable for use in low power, portable applications.

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6/05—Revision 0: Initial Version

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| 7/15—Rev. C to Rev. D   |
| Change to Figure 12 8   |
| <b>2/15—Rev. B to Rev. C</b> Deleted ADM6824/ADM6825 (Throughout) |
| Deleted Table 1; Renumbered Sequentially 1                        |
| Deleted Figure 3 and Figure 4; Renumbered Sequentially 6          |
| Changes to Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 7, and Figure 8             |
| Changes to Ordering Guide   |
| 2/13—Rev. A to Rev. B   |
| Updated Outline Dimensions11                                      |
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### **SPECIFICATIONS**

 $V_{\text{CC}} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V for ADM6823L/ADM6823M; } V_{\text{CC}} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V for ADM6823T/ADM6823S/ADM6823R; } V_{\text{CC}} = 2.1 \text{ V to } 2.75 \text{ V for ADM6823Y/ADM6823Y; } V_{\text{CC}} = 1.53 \text{ V to } 2.0 \text{ V for ADM6823W/ADM6823V; } T_{\text{A}} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +125^{\circ}\text{C, unless otherwise noted.}$ 

Table 1.

| Parameter                               | Min                 | Тур               | Max                 | Unit   | Test Conditions/Comments                                      |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------|---|
| SUPPLY                                  |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Voltage Range | 1                   |                   | 5.5                 | V      |   |
| Supply Current                          |                     | 10                | 20                  | μΑ     | WDI and $\overline{MR}$ unconnected, $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ |
|   |                     | 7                 | 16                  | μΑ     | WDI and $\overline{MR}$ unconnected, $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$ |
| RESET THRESHOLD VOLTAGE                 |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| ADM6823L                                | 4.50                | 4.63              | 4.75                | V      |   |
| ADM6823M                                | 4.25                | 4.38              | 4.50                | V      |   |
| ADM6823T                                | 3.00                | 3.08              | 3.15                | V      |   |
| ADM6823S                                | 2.85                | 2.93              | 3.00                | V      |   |
| ADM6823R                                | 2.55                | 2.63              | 2.70                | V      |   |
| ADM6823Z                                | 2.25                | 2.32              | 2.38                | V      |   |
| ADM6823Y                                | 2.12                | 2.19              | 2.25                | V      |   |
| ADM6823W                                | 1.62                | 1.67              | 1.71                | V      |   |
| ADM6823V                                | 1.52                | 1.58              | 1.62                | V      |   |
| RESET THRESHOLD TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT |                     | 60                |                     | ppm/°C |   |
| RESET THRESHOLD HYSTERESIS              |                     | $2 \times V_{TH}$ |                     | mV     |   |
| V <sub>CC</sub> TO RESET DELAY          |                     | 20                |                     | μs     | $V_{TH} - V_{CC} = 100 \text{ mV}$                            |
| RESET TIMEOUT PERIOD                    | 140                 | 200               | 280                 | ms     |   |
| RESET OUTPUT VOLTAGE                    |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| V <sub>OL</sub> (Push-Pull)             |                     |                   | 0.3                 | V      | $V_{CC} \ge 1 \text{ V, } I_{SINK} = 50  \mu\text{A}$         |
|   |                     |                   | 0.3                 | ٧      | $V_{CC} \ge 1.2 \text{ V, } I_{SINK} = 100  \mu\text{A}$      |
|   |                     |                   | 0.3                 | ٧      | $V_{CC} \ge 2.55 \text{ V}, I_{SINK} = 1.2 \text{ mA}$        |
|   |                     |                   | 0.4                 | V      | $V_{CC} \ge 4.25 \text{ V, } I_{SINK} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$       |
| V <sub>OH</sub> (Push-Pull Only)        | $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ |                   |                     | V      | $V_{CC} \ge 1.8 \text{ V}, I_{SOURCE} = 200 \mu\text{A}$      |
| ·                                       | $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ |                   |                     | V      | $V_{CC} \ge 3.15 \text{ V, I}_{SOURCE} = 500 \mu\text{A}$     |
|   | $0.8 \times V_{CC}$ |                   |                     | ٧      | $V_{CC} \ge 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $I_{SOURCE} = 800 \mu\text{A}$  |
| MANUAL RESET INPUT                      |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| MR Input Threshold                      |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| $V_{IL}$                                |                     |                   | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$ | V      |   |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                         | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ |                   |                     | V      |   |
| MR Input Pulse Width                    | 1                   |                   |                     | μs     |   |
| MR Glitch Rejection                     |                     | 100               |                     | ns     |   |
| MR to Reset Delay                       |                     | 200               |                     | ns     |   |
| MR Pull-Up Resistance                   | 25                  | 50                | 75                  | kΩ     |   |
| WATCHDOG INPUT                          |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| Watchdog Timeout Period                 | 1.12                | 1.6               | 2.40                | sec    |   |
| WDI Pulse Width                         | 50                  |                   |                     | ns     |   |
| WDI Input Threshold                     |                     |                   |                     |        |   |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                         |                     |                   | $0.3 \times V_{CC}$ | ٧      |   |
| VIH                                     | $0.7 \times V_{CC}$ |                   |                     | ٧      |   |
| WDI Input Current                       |                     | 120               | 160                 | μΑ     | $V_{WDI} = V_{CC}$  |
| ·                                       | -20                 | -15               |                     | μA     | $V_{WDI} = 0$   |

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

 $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.

#### Table 2.

| Parameter                       | Rating          |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Vcc                             | -0.3 V to +6 V  |
| Output Current (RESET)          | 20 mA           |
| Operating Temperature Range     | -40°C to +125°C |
| Storage Temperature Range       | −65°C to +150°C |
| $\theta_{JA}$ Thermal Impedance | 170°C/W         |
| Soldering Temperature           |                 |
| Sn/Pb                           | 240°C, 30 sec   |
| RoHS Compliant                  | 260°C, 40 sec   |

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

### **ESD CAUTION**



**ESD** (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

### PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

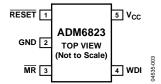


Figure 2. ADM6823 Pin Configuration

### **Table 3. Pin Function Descriptions**

| Pin No. | Mnemonic        | Description   |
|---------|-----------------|---|
| 1       | RESET           | Active-Low Reset Push-Pull Output Stage. Asserted whenever $V_{CC}$ is below the reset threshold, $V_{TH}$ .  |
| 2       | GND             | Ground.   |
| 3       | MR              | Manual Reset Input. This is an active-low input, which, when forced low for at least 1 $\mu$ s, generates a reset. It features a 50 $k\Omega$ internal pull-up.   |
| 4       | WDI             | Watchdog Input. Generates a reset if the voltage on the pin remains low or high for the duration of the watchdog timeout. The timer is cleared if a logic transition occurs on this pin or if a reset is generated. |
| 5       | V <sub>CC</sub> | Power Supply Voltage Being Monitored.   |

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

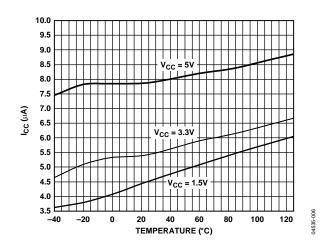


Figure 3. Supply Current vs. Temperature

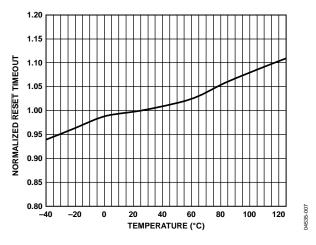


Figure 4. Normalized RESET Timeout Period vs. Temperature

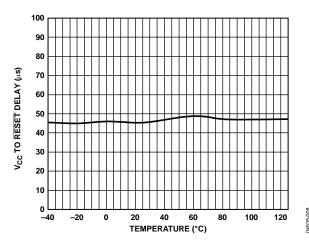


Figure 5.  $V_{CC}$  to RESET Output Delay vs. Temperature

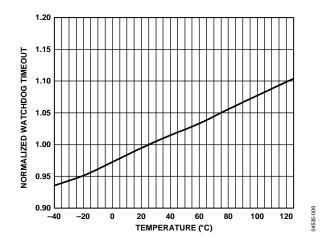


Figure 6. Normalized Watchdog Timeout Period vs. Temperature

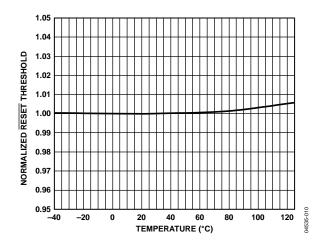


Figure 7. Normalized RESET Threshold vs. Temperature

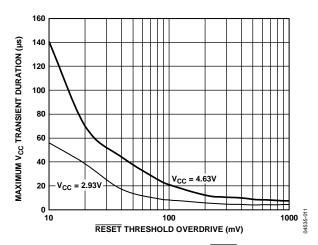


Figure 8. Maximum V<sub>CC</sub> Transient Duration vs. RESET Threshold Overdrive

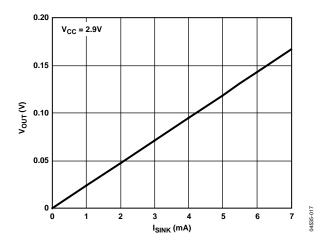


Figure 9. Voltage Output Low vs. Isink

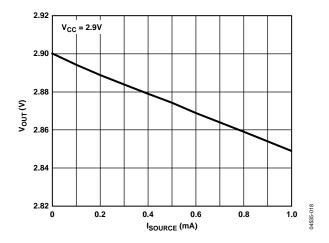


Figure 10. Voltage Output High vs. Isource

### THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADM6823 provides microprocessor supply voltage supervision by controlling the microprocessor's reset input. Code execution errors are avoided during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions by asserting a reset signal when the supply voltage is below a preset threshold. In addition, the ADM6823 allows supply voltage stabilization with a fixed timeout before the reset deasserts after the supply voltage rises above the threshold.

Problems with microprocessor code execution can be monitored and corrected with a watchdog timer. When watchdog strobe instructions are included in microprocessor code, a watchdog timer detects if the microprocessor code breaks down or becomes stuck in an infinite loop. If this happens, the watchdog timer asserts a reset pulse, which restarts the microprocessor in a known state.

If the user detects a problem with the system's operation, a manual reset input is available to reset the microprocessor by means of an external push-button.

### **RESET OUTPUT**

The ADM6823 features an active-low push-pull output. For active-low output, the reset signal is guaranteed to be logic low for  $V_{CC}$  down to 1 V.

The reset output is asserted when  $V_{CC}$  is below the reset threshold ( $V_{TH}$ ), when  $\overline{MR}$  is driven low, or when WDI is not serviced within the watchdog timeout period ( $t_{WD}$ ). Reset remains asserted for the duration of the reset active timeout period ( $t_{RP}$ ) after  $V_{CC}$  rises above the reset threshold, after  $\overline{MR}$  transitions from low to high, or after the watchdog timer times out. Figure 11 shows the reset outputs.

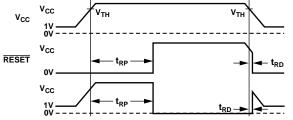


Figure 11. Reset Timing Diagram

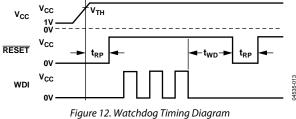
#### **MANUAL RESET INPUT**

The ADM6823 features a manual reset input (MR), which, when driven low, asserts the reset output. When  $\overline{MR}$  transitions from low to high, reset remains asserted for the duration of the reset active timeout period before deasserting. The  $\overline{MR}$  input has a 50 k $\Omega$  internal pull-up so that the input is always high when unconnected. An external push-button switch can be connected between  $\overline{MR}$  and ground so that the user can generate a reset. Debounce circuitry is integrated on-chip for this purpose. Noise immunity is provided on the  $\overline{MR}$  input, and fast, negative-going transients of  $\overline{up}$  to 100 ns (typical) are ignored. A 0.1  $\mu$ F capacitor between  $\overline{MR}$  and ground provides additional noise immunity.

#### WATCHDOG INPUT

The ADM6823 features a watchdog timer, which monitors microprocessor activity. A timer circuit is cleared with every low-to-high or high-to-low logic transition on the watchdog input pin (WDI), which detects pulses as short as 50 ns. If the timer counts through the preset watchdog timeout period ( $t_{WD}$ ), reset is asserted. The microprocessor is required to toggle the WDI pin to avoid being reset. Failure of the microprocessor to toggle WDI within the timeout period therefore indicates a code execution error, and the reset pulse generated restarts the microprocessor in a known state.

In addition to logic transitions on WDI, the watchdog timer is also cleared by a reset assertion due to an undervoltage condition on  $V_{\rm CC}$  or  $\overline{MR}$  being pulled low. When reset is asserted, the watchdog timer is cleared and does not begin counting again until reset deassserts. The watchdog timer can be disabled by leaving WDI floating or by three-stating the WDI driver.



rigure 12. Watchaog rinning Diagram

## APPLICATION INFORMATION WATCHDOG INPUT CURRENT

To minimize watchdog input current (and minimize overall power consumption), leave WDI low for the majority of the watchdog timeout period. When driven high, WDI can draw as much as 160  $\mu A$ . Pulsing WDI low-high-low at a low duty cycle reduces the effect of the large input current. When WDI is unconnected, a window comparator disconnects the watchdog timer from the reset output circuitry so that reset is not asserted when the watchdog timer times out.

### **NEGATIVE-GOING Vcc TRANSIENTS**

To avoid unnecessary resets caused by fast power supply transients, the ADM6823 is equipped with glitch rejection circuitry. The typical performance characteristic in Figure 8 plots  $V_{\rm CC}$  transient duration vs. the transient magnitude. The curves show combinations of transient magnitude and duration for which a reset is not generated for the 4.63 V and 2.93 V reset threshold parts. For example, with the 2.93 V threshold, a transient that goes 100 mV below the threshold and lasts 8  $\mu s$  typically does not cause a reset, but if the transient is any bigger in magnitude or duration, a reset is generated. An optional 0.1  $\mu F$  bypass capacitor mounted close to  $V_{\rm CC}$  provides additional glitch rejection.

### ENSURING RESET VALID TO $V_{cc} = 0 V$

The active-low reset output is guaranteed to be valid for  $V_{\text{CC}}$  as low as 1 V. However, by using an external resistor with pushpull configured reset outputs, valid outputs for  $V_{\text{CC}}$  as low as 0 V are possible. For an active-low reset output, a resistor connected between  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  and ground pulls the output low when it is unable to sink current. A large resistance such as  $100~\text{k}\Omega$  should be used so that it does not overload the reset output when  $V_{\text{CC}}$  is above 1 V.

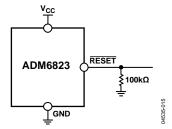


Figure 13. Ensuring Reset Valid to  $V_{CC} = 0 V$ 

#### WATCHDOG SOFTWARE CONSIDERATIONS

In implementing the microprocessor's watchdog strobe code, quickly switching WDI low-high and then high-low (minimizing WDI high time) is desirable for current consumption reasons. However, a more effective way of using the watchdog function can be considered.

A low-high-low WDI pulse within a given subroutine prevents the watchdog from timing out. However, if the subroutine becomes stuck in an infinite loop, the watchdog could not detect this because the subroutine continues to toggle WDI. A more effective coding scheme for detecting this error involves using a slightly longer watchdog timeout. In the program that calls the subroutine, WDI is set high. The subroutine sets WDI low when it is called. If the program executes without error, WDI is toggled high and low with every loop of the program. If the subroutine enters an infinite loop, WDI is kept low, the watchdog times out, and the microprocessor is reset.

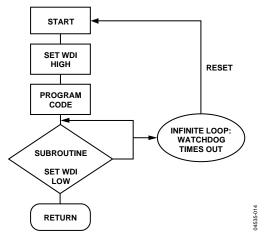


Figure 14. Watchdog Flow Diagram

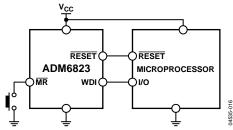


Figure 15. Typical Application Circuit

### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

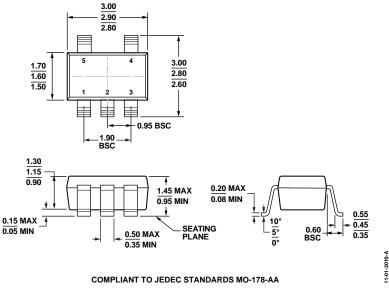


Figure 16. 5-Lead Small Outline Transistor Package [SOT-23] (RJ-5) Dimensions shown in millimeters

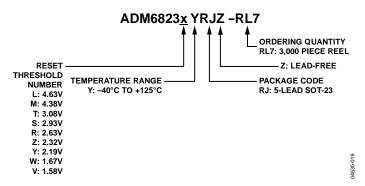


Figure 17. Ordering Code Structure

#### **ORDERING GUIDE**

| Model <sup>1, 2</sup> | Reset<br>Threshold (V) | Reset<br>Timeout (ms) | Temperature<br>Range | Quantity | Package<br>Description | Package<br>Option | Branding |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| ADM6823RYRJZ-RL7      | 2.63                   | 140                   | -40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |
| ADM6823SYRJZ-RL7      | 2.93                   | 140                   | -40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |
| ADM6823TYRJZ-RL7      | 3.08                   | 140                   | -40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |
| ADM6823VYRJZ-RL7      | 1.58                   | 140                   | -40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |
| ADM6823WYRJZ-RL7      | 1.67                   | 140                   | −40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |
| ADM6823ZYRJZ-RL7      | 2.32                   | 140                   | −40°C to +125°C      | 3000     | 5-Lead SOT-23          | RJ-5              | N0Q      |

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If ordering nonstandard models, complete the ordering code shown in Figure 17 by inserting the reset threshold suffixes. Contact Sales for availability of nonstandard models.

### **Mouser Electronics**

**Authorized Distributor** 

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

**Analog Devices Inc.:** 

ADM6823WYRJZ-RL7 ADM6823ZYRJZ-RL7 ADM6823TYRJZ-RL7 ADM6823SYRJZ-RL7