OP290 Series



Features:

- Choice of narrow or wide irradiance pattern
- Choice of power ranges
- Choice of T-1¾, TO-18 or T-46 package
- Higher power output than GaAs at equivalent LEDs



Description:

Each device in this series, is a gallium aluminum arsenide infrared Light Emitting Diode (LED) that is molded in an IR-transmissive package with a wavelength centered at 890 nm, which closely matches the spectral response of silicon phototransistors, except for OP298 (AA, AB, AC, AD), which has either an 850 nm or 875 nm center wavelength. For identification purposes, each LED anode lead is longer than the cathode lead. <u>Package T-1½</u> devices include: OP290, OP291, OP292, OP294, OP295, OP296, OP297, OP299 (A, B, C) and OP297FAB, <u>Plastic Package TO-18</u> or <u>TO-46</u> devices include: OP293 and OP298 (A, B, C, AA, AB, AC, AD).

Each **OP290**, **OP291** and **OP292** series come in three electrical parameters options A, B and C. The **OP290** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1.5 amps, the **OP291** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 100 milliamps and the **OP292** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1 amp. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. The silver-copper lead frame offers excellent thermal characteristics.

Each OP293 and **OP298** series come in three electrical parameter options A, B and C. The **OP293** series has an included emission angle of 60° while the **OP298** series has an included emission angle of 25°. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. These devices, which come in a variety of power ranges offering a low cost replacement for TO-18 or TO-46 hermetic packages.

Each OP298 series come with a high irradiance output versions with four electrical parameter options AA, AB, AC and AD. These power options are in the range of **5X** greater than the A, B or C options. The **OP298** series has an included emission angle of 25°. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. These devices, which come in a variety of power ranges offering a low cost replacement for TO-18 or TO-46 hermetic packages.

OP294 and **OP299** are designed for low-current or power-limited applications, such as battery supplies. They are similar to the **OP290** and **OP295**, but use a smaller chip that increases output efficiency at low current levels by increasing current density. Light output can be maximized with continuous (D.C.) forward current up to 100 mA or with pulsed forward current up to 750 mA. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead.

Each **OP295**, **OP296** and **OP297** series come in three electrical parameters options A, B and C. The **OP295** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 5 amps, the **OP296** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 2 amps and the **OP297** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1 amp. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. The **OP297FAB** has a reversed polarity from the **OP297A**, **B** or **C**. The silver-copper lead frame offers excellent thermal characteristics.

All of these devices are spectrally and mechanically matched to the OP593 and OP598 series phototransistors.

Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

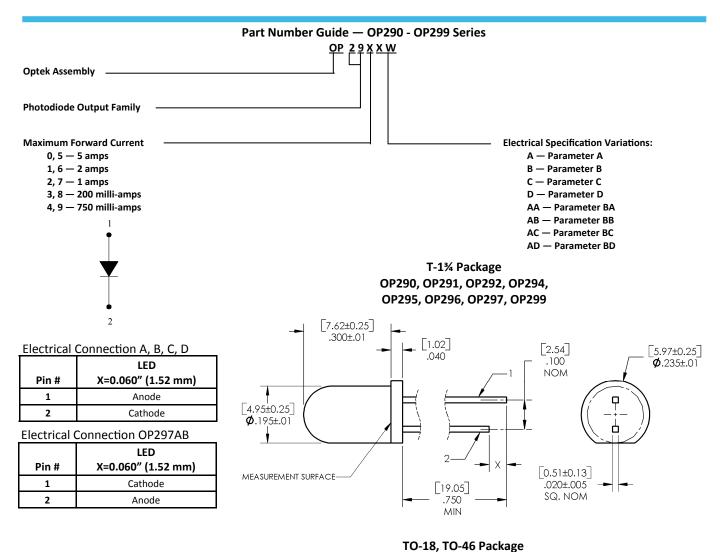
Applications:

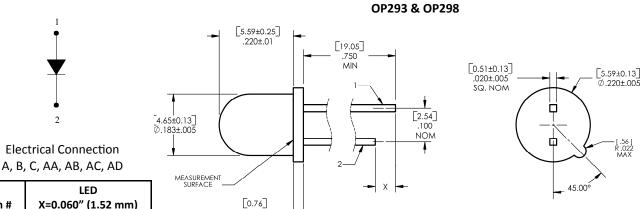


- Non-contact reflective object sensor
- Assembly line automation
- Machine automation
- Machine safety
- End of travel sensor
- Door sensor
- Battery-operated applications

OP290 Series







0.30 NOM DIMENSIONS ARE IN: [MILLIMETERS]

Pin #	LED X=0.060" (1.52 mm)
1	Anode
2	Cathode

TT Electronics reserves the right to make changes in product specification without notice or liability. All information is subject to TT Electronics' own data and is considered accurate at time of going to print.

OP290 Series



Electrical Specifications

Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100°
Reverse Voltage	
OP290, OP292, OP294, OP295, OP297, OP299	5.0
OP291, OP293, OP296, OP298	2.0
Continuous Forward Current	
OP290, OP291, OP292	150 mA
OP294, OP295, OP299	100 mA
OP295, OP296, OP297	150 mA
Continuous Forward Current, OP293, OP298	
Free Air	100 n
Board Mounted	133 n
Full Heat Sink	200 n
Peak Forward Current	
OP290, OP295 (25 μs pulse width)	5.0
OP291, OP296 (100 μs pulse width)	2.0
OP292, OP297 (100 μs pulse width)	1.00
OP293, OP298 (25 μs pulse width)	2.0
OP294, OP299	750 r

Notes:

^{1.} For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, derate linearly 1.67 mA/° C above 25° C (free-air). When used with heat sink (see note 5), derate linearly 2.07 mA/° C above 65° C (normal use). For OP293 and OP298, when measured in free-air, derate power dissipation linearly 1.43 mW/° C above 25° C. For OP294 and OP299, derate linearly 1.80 mW/° C above 25° C.

OP290 Series



Electrical Specifications

Maximum Duty Cycle OP290 (25 µs pulse width @ 5 A)	1.25%
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron]	260° (
Power Dissipation, Free Air	
OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296, OP297	333 mV
OP293, OP298	142 mV
Power Dissipation, Board Mounted	
OP290, OP291, OP292, op295, OP296, OP297	533 mV
OP293, OP298	200 mV
Power Dissipation, Full Heat Sink	4.44.11
OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296, OP297	1.11 V 400 mV
OP293, OP298	400 mv
Power Dissipation	
OP294, OP299	180 n

Notes

- 1. For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, refer to graph of Maximum Peak Pulse Current vs Pulse Width.
- 2. For all OPs in this series, RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 second maximum when soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to the leads when flow soldering.
- 3. For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, measured in free-air. Derate linearly 3.33 mW/° C above 25° C.
- 4. For OP290, OP291and OP292, mounted on 1/16" (1.6 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate linearly 5.33 mW/°C above 62.5°. For OP293 and OP298, mounted on 1/16" (1.60 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate power dissipation linearly 2.00 mW/°C above 25° C (normal use). For OP295, OP296 and OP297, mounted on 1/16" (1.6 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate linearly 5.33 mW/°C above 25° C.
- 5. Immersed in silicone fluid to simulate infinite heat sink. For OP290, OP291 and OP292, derate linearly 11.1 mW/°C above 95°C. For OP293 and OP298, derate power dissipation linearly 2.50 mW/° C above 25° C. For OP295, OP296 and OP297, derate linearly 11.1 mW/° C above 25° C.

OP290 Series



Electrical Specifications

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Input Diod	e	<u>'</u>		·		
	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP290A OP290B OP290C	210 180 150	- - -	300		$I_F = 1.50 \ A^{(1)(2)}$ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP291A OP291B OP291C	16 13 10	- - -	- 26 -		I_F = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP292A OP292B OP292C	2.7 2.2 1.7	- 3.6 -	- 4.4 -		I_F = 20 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP293A OP293B OP293C	16 13 10	- 22 -	- 26 -		$I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP294	0.50	-	1.50		I_F = 5 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.200" (5.08mm) from the tip of the lens.
E _{E (APT)} ⁽²⁾	OP295A OP295B OP295C	44 33 22	- - -	- 77 -	mW/cm²	I_F = 1.50 A ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP296A OP296B OP296C	3.6 2.6 1.6	- - -	- 6.6 -		I _F = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP297FAB OP297A OP297B OP297C	2.4 0.7 0.5 0.3	- - 1.0	- - 1.3		I_F = 20 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP298A OP298B OP298C	3.0 2.4 1.8	- - -	- 4.8 -		I _F = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP298AA OP298AB OP298AC OP298AD	3.5 3.5 6.5 8.5	- - -	- 8.5 11.5		$I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP299	0.15	-	0.45		I _F = 100 mA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.

Notes:

- 1. Measurement is taken at the end of a single 100 µs pulse. Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading.
- 2. Measurement of the average apertured radiant energy incident upon a sensing area 0.250" (6.35 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered on the mechanical axis of the lens and the specified distance from the end of the device. On all models in this series, E_{E(APT)} is not necessarily uniform within the measured area.
- 3. Measurement is taken at the end of a single 10 ms pulse. Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading.

Issue D 07/2016 Page 5

OP290 Series



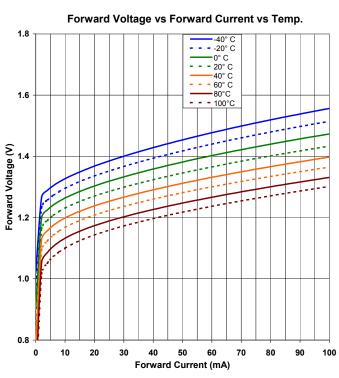
Electrical Specifications

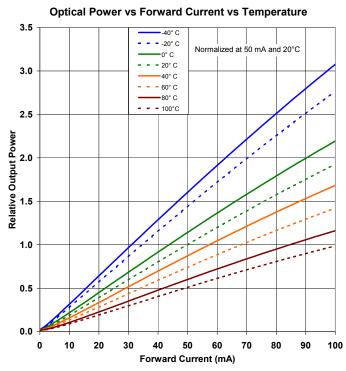
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
nput Diod	e					
V_{F}	Forward Voltage ⁽³⁾					
	OP290, OP295	_	_	4.00		I _F = 1.50 A
	OP291, OP296	_	-	2.00		I _F = 100 mA
	OP292, OP297, OP297FAB	-	-	1.75	V	I _F = 20 mA
•	OP293, OP298 (A, B, C)	_	-	2.00		I _F = 1.50 A
	OP298 (AA, AB, AC, AD)	-	-	2.00		I _F = 100 mA
	OP294, OP299	-	-	1.50		I _F = 5 mA
	Reverse Current ⁽³⁾					
I _R	OP290, OP292	_	_	10		V _R = 5 V
	OP291, OP293, OP298 (A, B, C), OP296	_	_	100		V _R = 2 V
	OP298 (AA, AB, AC, AD)	_	-	100	μΑ	V _R = 2 V
	OP294, OP299	_	_	10	'	V _R = 2 V
	OP295, OP297	_	-	10		V _R = 5 V
	OP297FAB	-	-	15		V _R = 5 V
$\lambda_{ extsf{P}}$	Wavelength at Peak Emission OP290, OP291, OP292, OP293, OP294, OP295, OP296, OP297, OP298 (A, B, C), OP299	-	890	-	nm	I _F = 10 mA
	OP297FAB, OP298 (AA, AB, AC, AD)	-	875	-		
В	Spectral Bandwidth between Half Power Points	-	80	-	nm	I _F = 10 mA
$\Delta\lambda_P/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature	-	+0.18	-	nm/°C	I _F = Constant
θ_{HP}	Emission Angle at Half Power Points OP290, OP291, OP292, OP294 OP293	- -	50 60		Degree	I _F = 20 mA
	OP295, OP296, OP297, OP299 OP298	-	20 25	-		
t _r	Output Rise Time	-	500	-	ns	I _{F(PK)} =100 mA, PW=10 μs, and D.C.=10.0%
t _f	Output Fall Time	_	250	_	ns	

OP290 Series

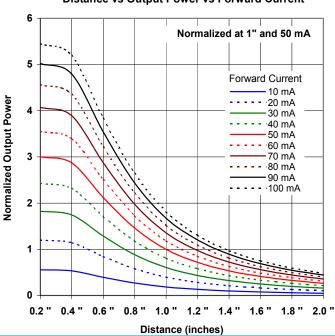


Performance OP290, OP291, OP292, OP293, OP294, (A, C)

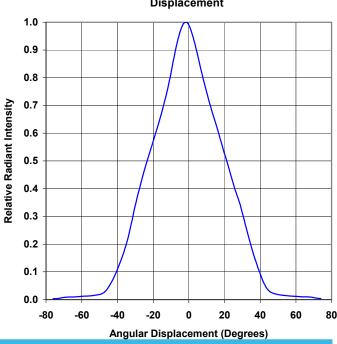




Distance vs Output Power vs Forward Current



Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

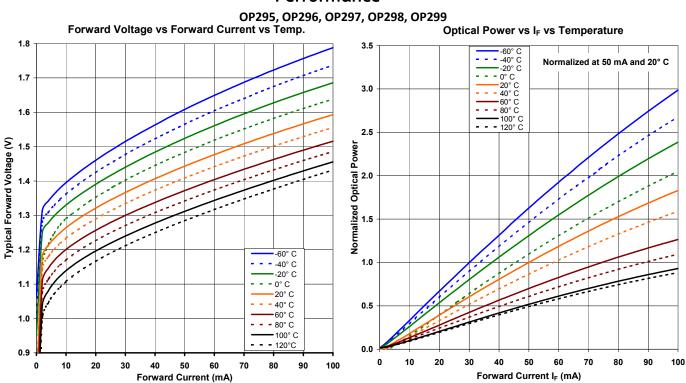


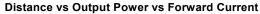
General Note TT Electronics reserves the right to make changes in product specification without notice or liability. All information is subject to TT Electronics' own data and is considered accurate at time of going to print.

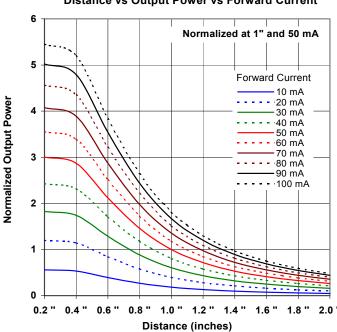
OP290 Series



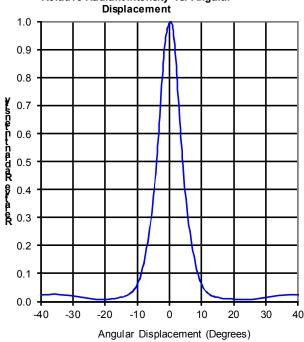
Performance







Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular



TT Electronics reserves the right to make changes in product specification without notice or liability. All information is subject to TT Electronics' own data and is considered accurate at time of going to print.

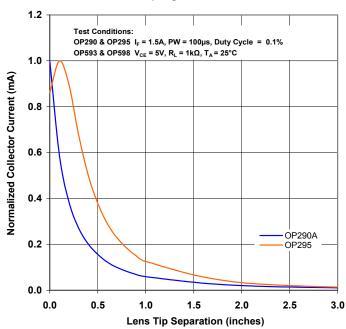
OP290 Series



Performance

OP290A/OP593 and OP295/OP598 - Coupling Characteristics

Coupling Characteristics



Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Optek:

OP290B OP290C

TT Electronics:

OP290A