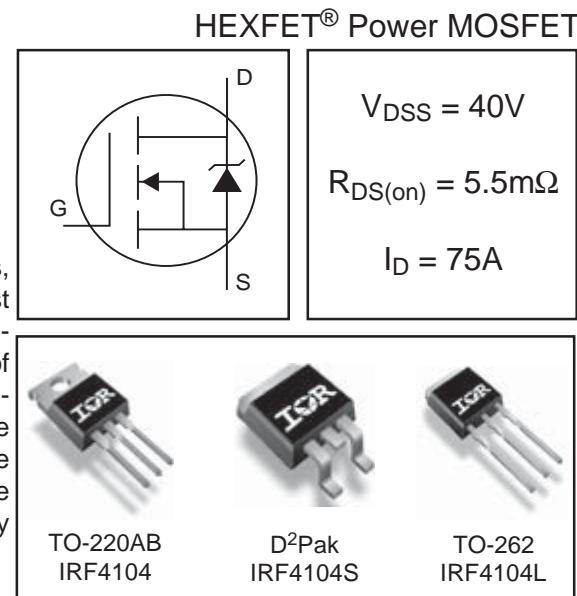


### Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to  $T_{jmax}$

### Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Silicon Limited)	120	A
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	84	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V (Package limited)	75	
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ①	470	
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.95	W/°C
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E <sub>AS</sub> (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	120	mJ
E <sub>AS</sub> (Tested )	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ③	220	
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ④	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
T <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw ⑥	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

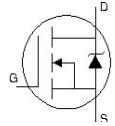
### Thermal Resistance

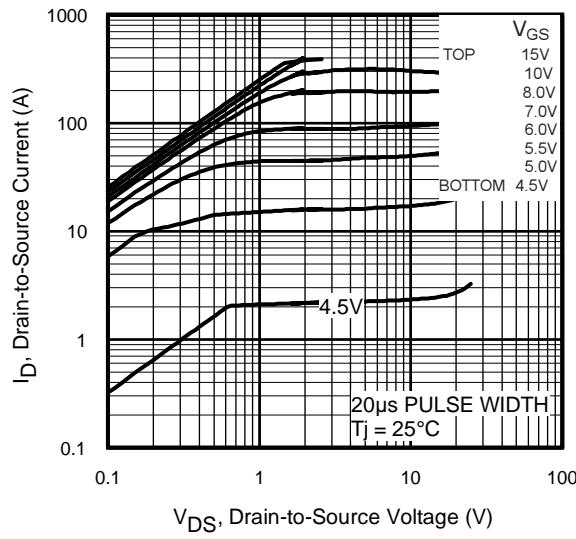
	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case	—	1.05	°C/W
R <sub>θCS</sub>	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface ⑦	0.50	—	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient ⑦	—	62	
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount) ⑧	—	40	

**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)**

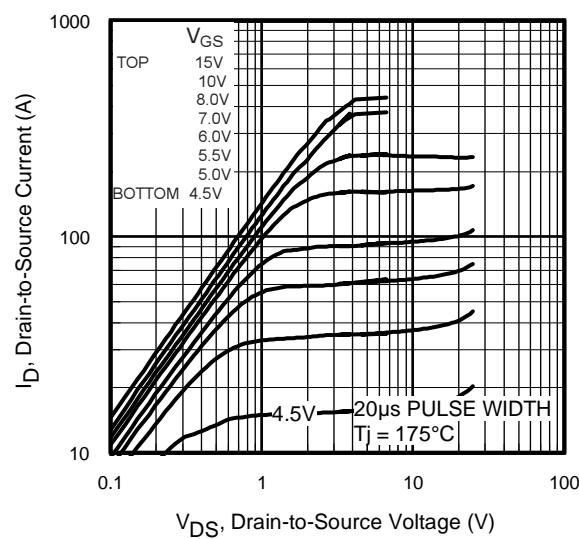
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.032	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	4.3	5.5	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 75\text{A}$ ③
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{fs}$	Forward Transconductance	63	—	—	V	$V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 75\text{A}$
$I_{DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = 40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	68	100	nC	$I_D = 75\text{A}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	21	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 32V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	27	—	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	16	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 20V$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	130	—		$I_D = 75\text{A}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	38	—		$R_G = 6.8 \Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	77	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	—	3000	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	660	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	380	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	2160	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	—	560	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 32V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	850	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 32V$ ④

**Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics**

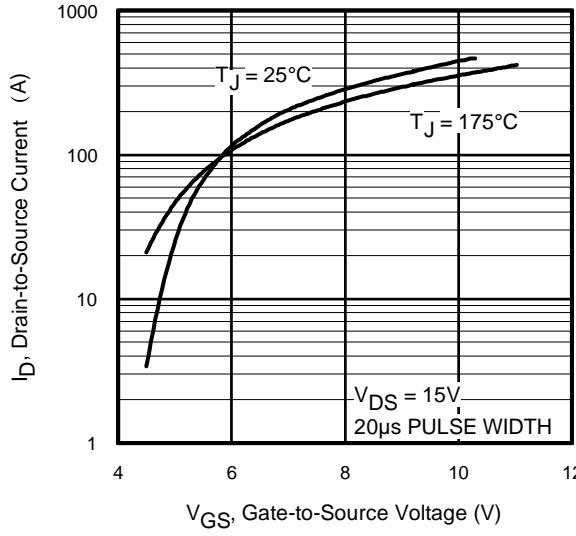
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	75	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	470		
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 75\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	—	23	35	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 75\text{A}, V_{DD} = 20V$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	6.8	10	nC	$dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ③
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $LS+LD$ )				



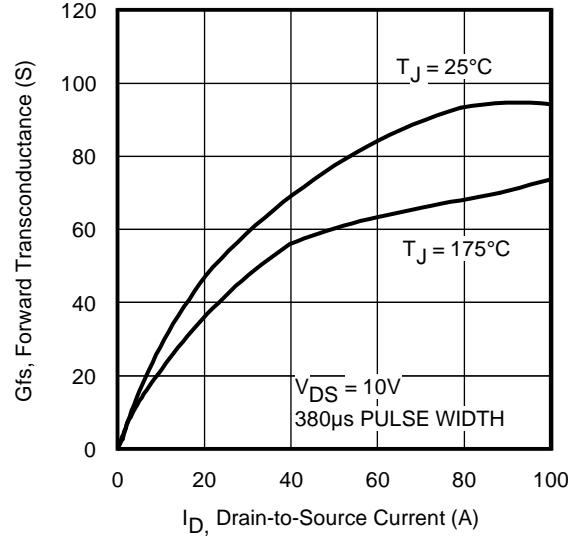
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



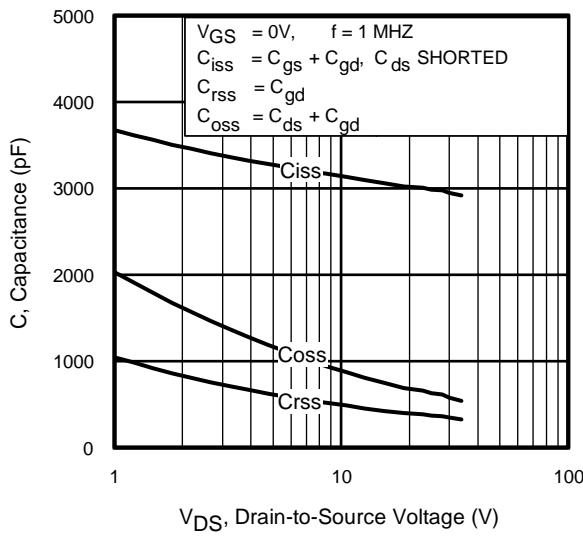
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



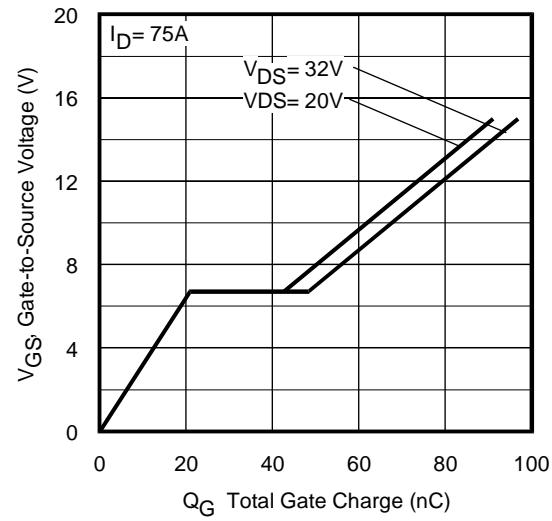
**Fig 4.** Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

# IRF4104S/L

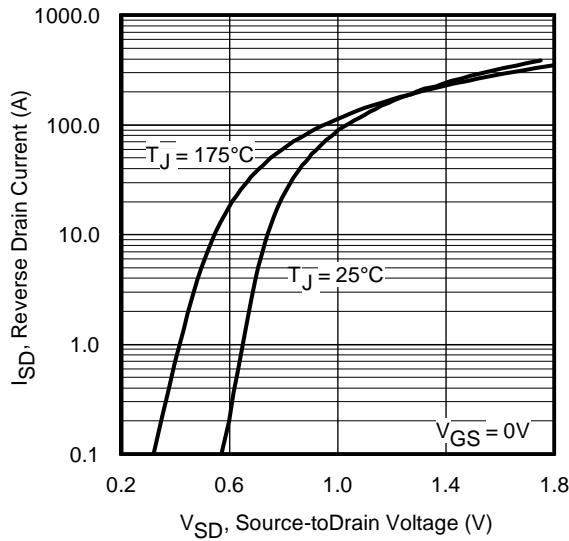
International  
**IR** Rectifier



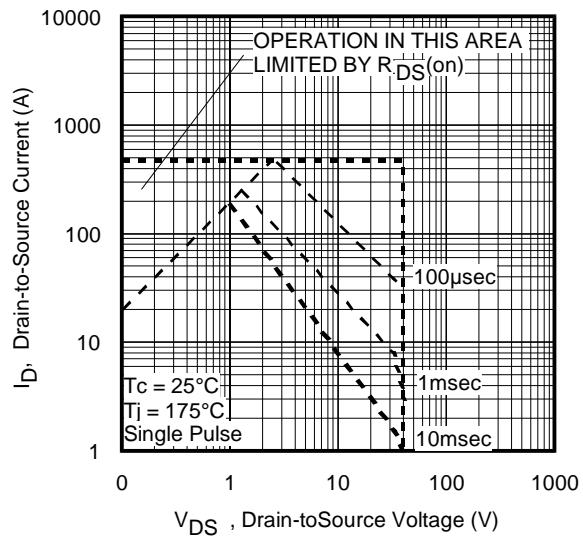
**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance Vs.  
Drain-to-Source Voltage



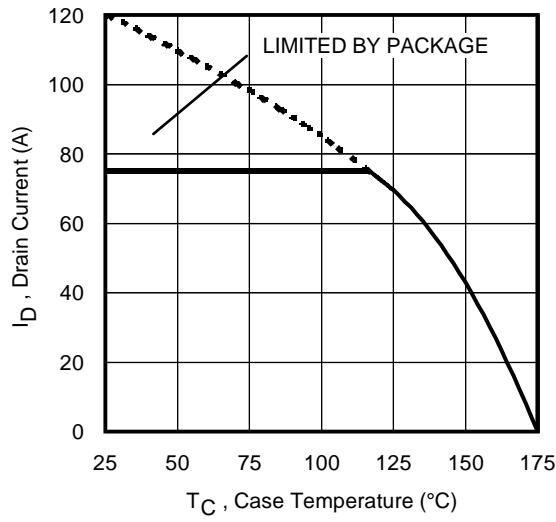
**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge Vs.  
Gate-to-Source Voltage



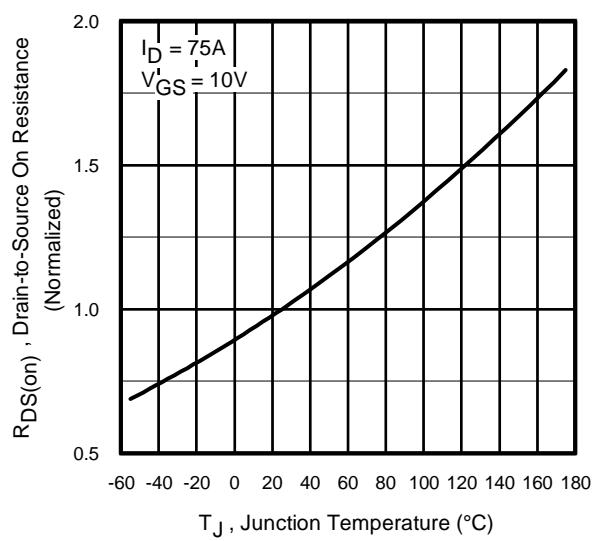
**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode  
Forward Voltage



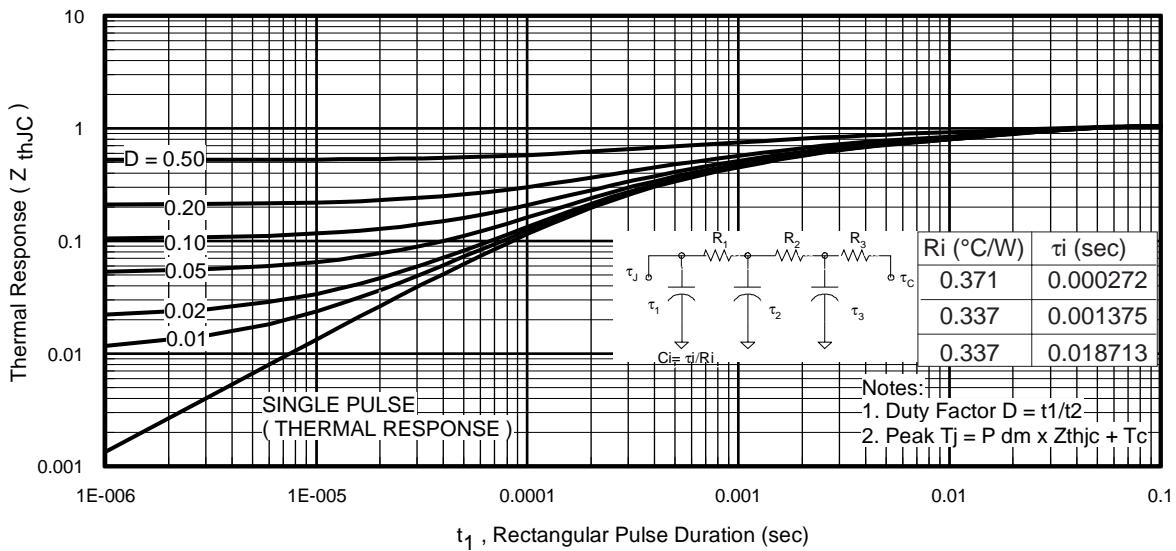
**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current Vs.  
Case Temperature



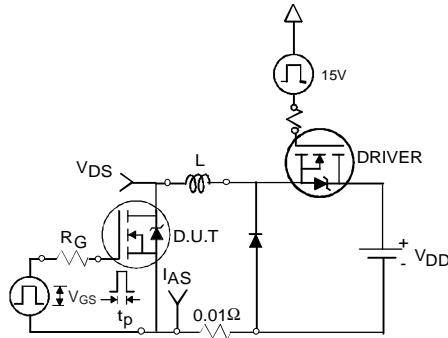
**Fig 10.** Normalized On-Resistance  
Vs. Temperature



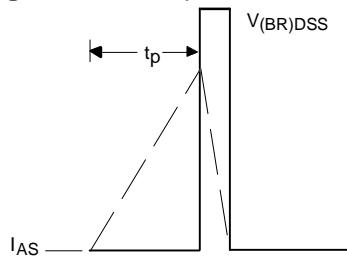
**Fig 11.** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

# IRF4104S/L

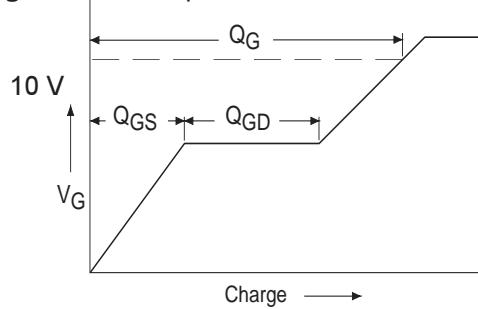
International  
Rectifier



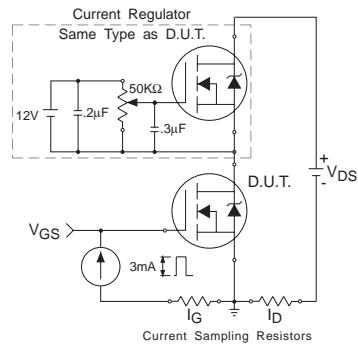
**Fig 12a.** Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



**Fig 12b.** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

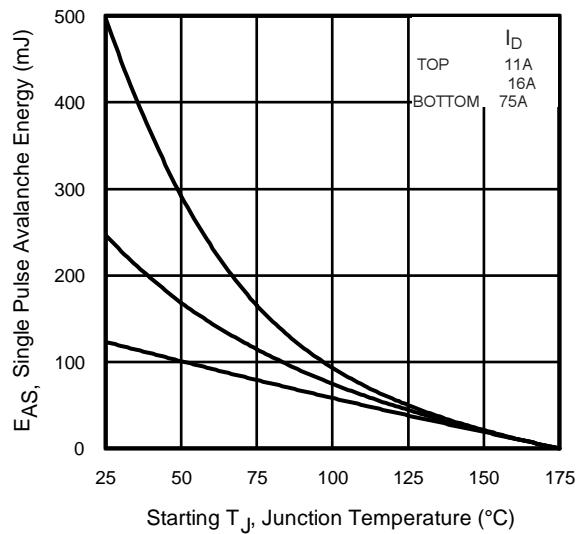


**Fig 13a.** Basic Gate Charge Waveform

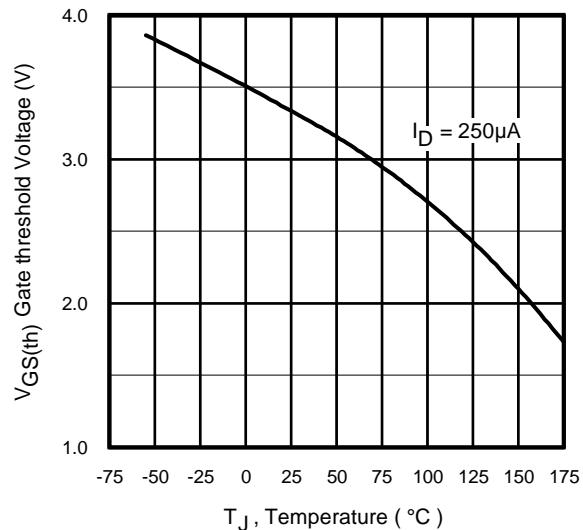


**Fig 13b.** Gate Charge Test Circuit

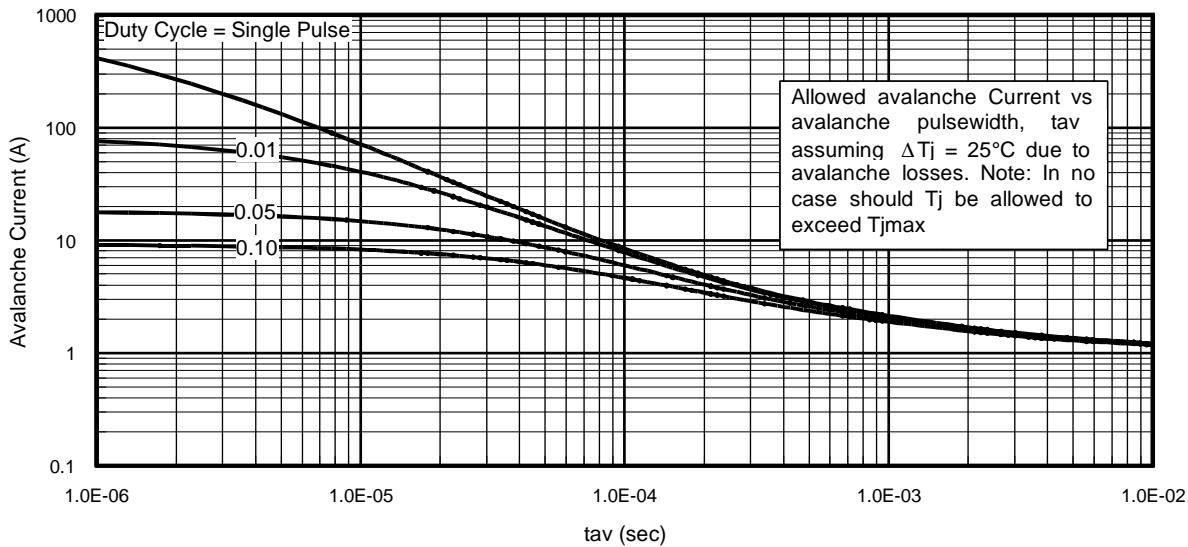
6



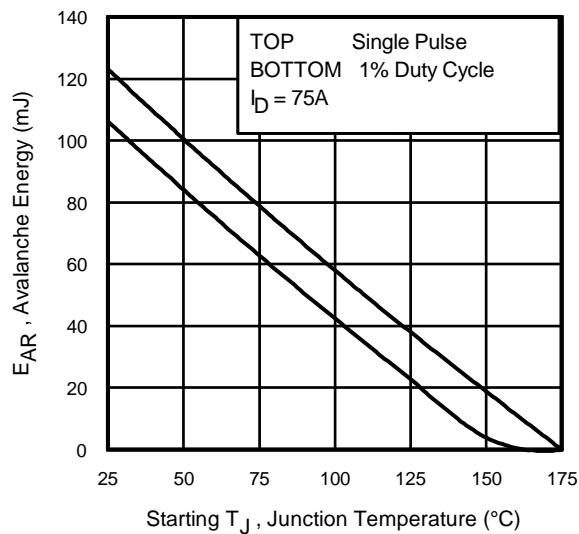
**Fig 12c.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



**Fig 14.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature  
[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)



**Fig 15.** Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth



**Fig 16.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)

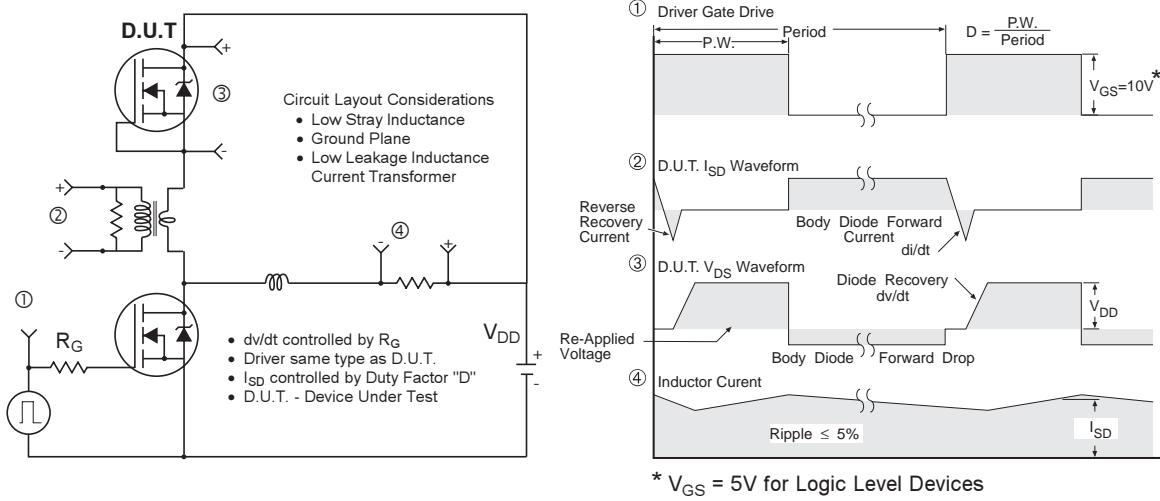
**Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:  
 (For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))**

1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
 Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
  2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
  3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
  4.  $P_{D(ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
  5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
  6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
  7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as  $25^\circ\text{C}$  in Figure 15, 16).
- $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

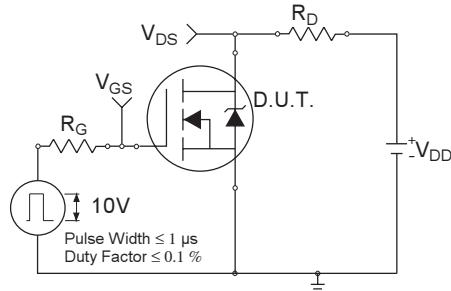
$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

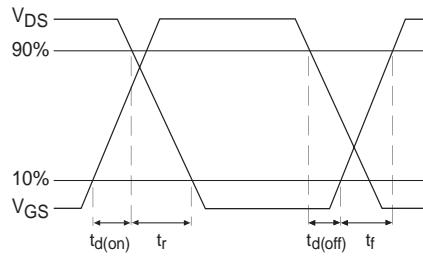
$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$



**Fig 17.** Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs



**Fig 18a.** Switching Time Test Circuit



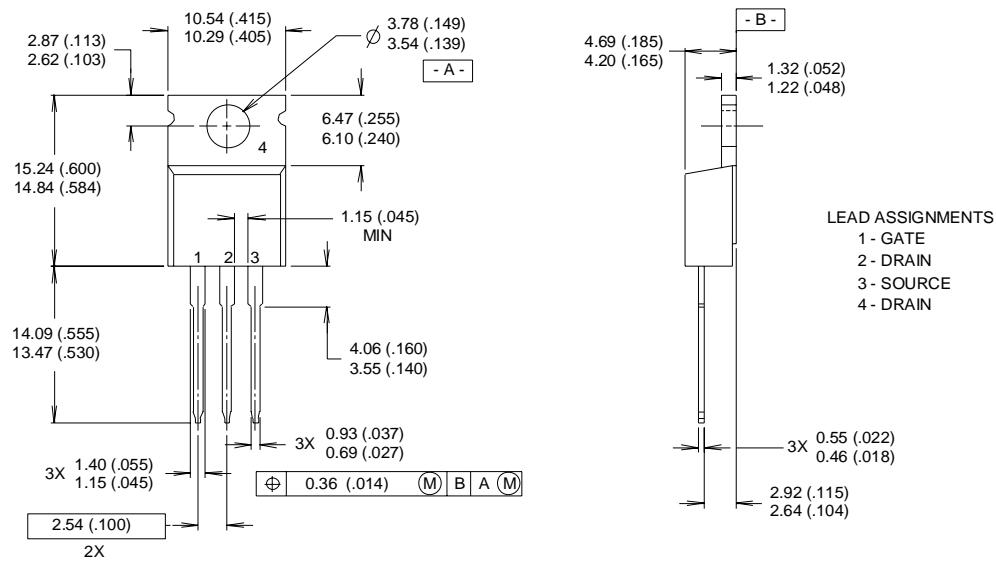
**Fig 18b.** Switching Time Waveforms

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**IR** Rectifier

**IRF4104S/L**

## TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

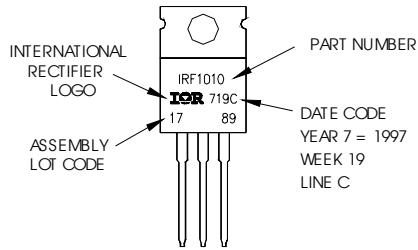
2 CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCH

3 OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-220AB.

4 HEATSINK & LEAD MEASUREMENTS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS.

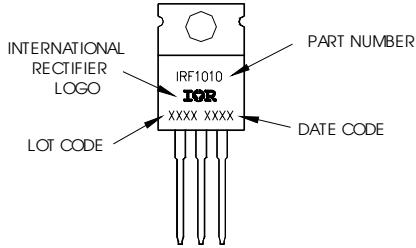
## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010  
LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE 'C'



### For GB Production

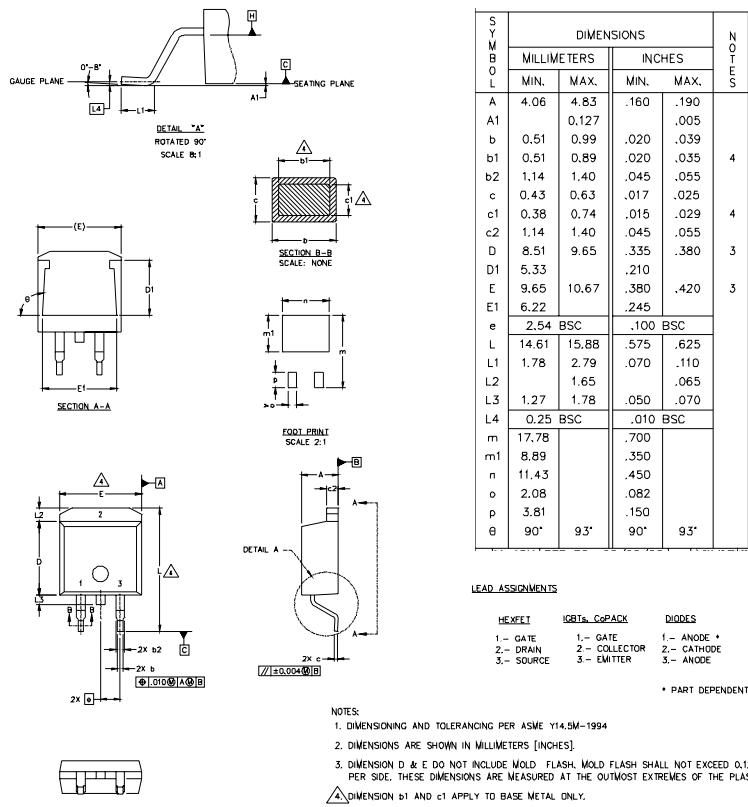
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010  
LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE 'C'



# IRF4104S/L

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

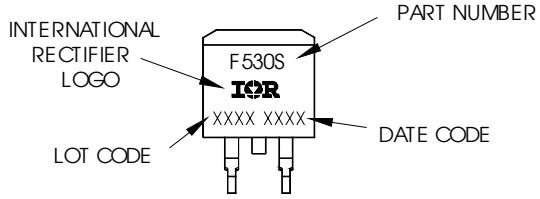
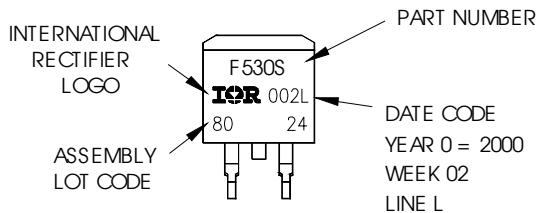


## D<sup>2</sup>Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH  
LOT CODE 8024  
ASSEMBLED ON VW 02, 2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

For GB Production

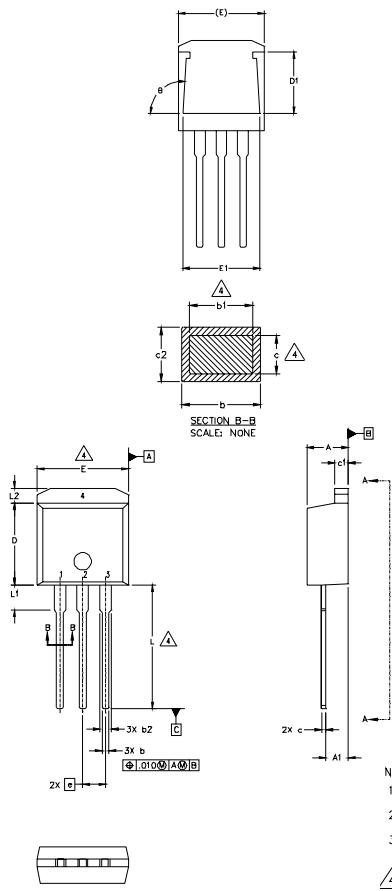
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH  
LOT CODE 8024  
ASSEMBLED ON VW 02, 2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"



International  
**IR** Rectifier

## TO-262 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES	
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190		
A1	2.03	2.92	.080	.115		
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039		
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	4	
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055		
c	0.38	0.63	.015	.025	4	
c1	1.14	1.40	.045	.055		
c2	0.43	.063	.017	.029		
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3	
D1	5.33		.210			
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3	
E1	6.22		.245			
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC		
L	13.46	14.09	.530	.555		
L1	3.56	3.71	.140	.146		
L2		1.65		.065		

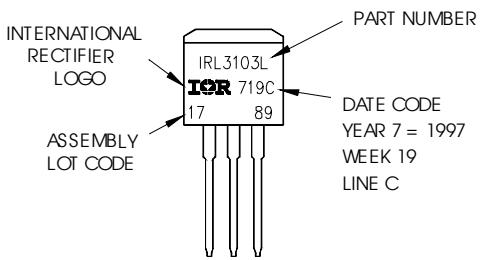
### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET	IGBT
1.- GATE	1- GATE
2.- DRAIN	2- COLLECTOR
3.- SOURCE	4.- DRAIN
4.- DRAIN	

- NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
  2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]
  3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
  4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
  5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

## TO-262 Part Marking Information

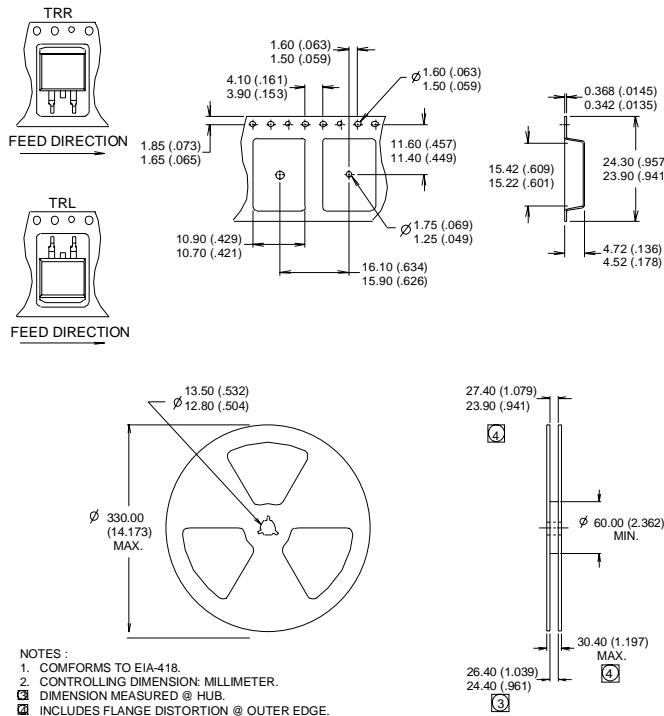
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRL3103L  
LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"



# IRF4104S/L

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak Tape & Reel Information

International  
**IR** Rectifier



### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.04\text{mH}$   $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 75\text{A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 1.0\text{ms}$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ④  $C_{oss}$  eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑤ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ This is only applied to TO-220AB package.
- ⑧ This is applied to D<sup>2</sup>Pak, when mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

**TO-220AB package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.**

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

**IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS:** 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105  
TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903  
Visit us at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com) for sales contact information. 08/03

[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:  
<http://www.irf.com/package/>