

## Standard Metal Film Resistors



A homogeneous film of metal alloy is deposited on a high grade ceramic body. After a helical groove has been cut in the resistive layer, tinned connecting leads of electrolytic copper are welded to the end-caps.

The resistors are coated with a colored lacquer (light-blue for type SFR16S; light-green for type SFR25 and red-brown for type SFR25H) which provides electrical, mechanical and climatic protection. The encapsulation is resistant to all cleaning solvents, in accordance with "MIL-STD-202E, method 215", and "IEC 60068-2045".

### FEATURES

- Low cost
- Low noise (max 1.5  $\mu\text{V/V}$  for  $R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ )
- Small size (SFR16S-0204, SFR25/25H-0207)
- Lead (Pb)-free solder contacts
- Pure tin plating provides compatibility with lead (Pb)-free and lead containing soldering processes
- Compatible with "Restriction of the use of Hazardous Substances" (RoHS) directive 2002/95/EC (issue 2004)



### APPLICATIONS

- General purpose resistors

| TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS  |  |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
| DESCRIPTION   | VALUE  |   |  |
|   | SFR16S   | SFR25   | SFR25H                                 |
| Resistance range  | $\pm 5 \%$ ; 1 $\Omega$ to 3 $\text{M}\Omega$        | $\pm 5 \%$ ; 0.22 $\Omega$ to 10 $\text{M}\Omega$ |  |
|   | $\pm 1 \%$ ; 4.99 $\Omega$ to 3 $\text{M}\Omega$     | $\pm 1 \%$ ; 1 $\Omega$ to 10 $\text{M}\Omega$    |  |
|   | jumper (0 $\Omega$ )                                 | jumper (0 $\Omega$ )                              |  |
| Resistance tolerance  | $\pm 1 \%$ , E24/E96 series; $\pm 5 \%$ , E24 series |   |  |
| Temperature coefficient:  |  |   |  |
| $R < 4.7 \Omega$  | $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$               | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$            | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ |
| $4.7 \Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$                        | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$               | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$            | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ |
| $100 \text{ k}\Omega < R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$                    | $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$               | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$            | $\leq \pm 100 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ |
| $R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$   | $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$               | $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$            | $\leq \pm 250 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}$ |
| Absolute maximum dissipation at $T_{\text{amb}} = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | 0.5 W  | 0.4 W   | 0.5 W                                  |
| Thermal resistance, $R_{\text{th}}$                                 | 170 K/W  | 200 K/W   | 150 K/W                                |
| Maximum permissible voltage   | 200 V  | 250 V   | 350 V                                  |
| Noise:  |  |   |  |
| $R < 68 \text{ k}\Omega$  | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$                             | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$                          | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$               |
| $68 \text{ k}\Omega \leq R \leq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$                | max. 0.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$                             | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$                          | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$               |
| $100 \text{ k}\Omega \leq R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$                 | max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$                             | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$                          | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$               |
| $R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$   | max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$                             | max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$                          | max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$               |
| Basic specifications  | IEC 60115-1 and 60115-2                              |   |  |
| Climatic category (IEC 60068)                                       | 55/155/56  |   |  |
| Stability, $\Delta R$ max., after:                                  |  |   |  |
| load:   |  |   |  |
| $R$ range   | $\pm (2 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                         | $\pm (2 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                      | $\pm (2 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$           |
| climatic tests:   |  |   |  |
| $R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$  | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                         | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                      | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$           |
| $R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$   | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                         | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                      | $\pm (2 \% R + 0.1 \Omega)$            |
| Soldering   | $\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                      | $\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                   | $\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$        |
| Short time overload   | $\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                      | $\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$                   | $\pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$           |

#### Note:

$R$  value is measured with probe distance of  $24 \pm 1 \text{ mm}$  using 4-terminal method

## 12NC INFORMATION

- The resistors have a 12-digit numeric code starting with 23.
- The subsequent 6 digits for 1 % or 7 digits for 5 % indicate the resistor type and packaging.
- The remaining digits indicate the resistance value:
  - The first 3 digits for 1 % or 2 digits for 5 % indicate the resistance value.
  - The last digit indicates the resistance decade.

### Last Digit of 12NC for $\pm 5$ % Tolerance

| RESISTANCE DECADE     | LAST DIGIT |
|-----------------------|------------|
| 0.10 to 0.91 $\Omega$ | 7          |
| 1 to 9.1 $\Omega$     | 8          |
| 10 to 91 $\Omega$     | 9          |
| 100 to 910 $\Omega$   | 1          |
| 1 to 9.1 k $\Omega$   | 2          |
| 10 to 91 k $\Omega$   | 3          |
| 100 to 910 k $\Omega$ | 4          |
| 1 to 9.1 M $\Omega$   | 5          |
| $\geq 10$ M $\Omega$  | 6          |

### Last Digit of 12NC for $\pm 1$ % Tolerance

| RESISTANCE DECADE     | LAST DIGIT |
|-----------------------|------------|
| 1 to 9.76 $\Omega$    | 8          |
| 10 to 97.6 $\Omega$   | 9          |
| 100 to 976 $\Omega$   | 1          |
| 1 to 9.76 k $\Omega$  | 2          |
| 10 to 97.6 k $\Omega$ | 3          |
| 100 to 976 k $\Omega$ | 4          |
| 1 to 9.76 M $\Omega$  | 5          |
| $\geq 10$ M $\Omega$  | 6          |

### 12NC Example

The 12NC of a SFR25 resistor, value 5600  $\Omega \pm 5$  %, taped on a bandolier of 5000 units in ammpack is: 2322 181 43562.

## 12NC - resistor type and pPackaging

| TYPE   | TOL.                  | ORDERING CODE 23.. ... .. |                |                |                   |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
|        |                       | BANDOLIER IN AMMOPACK     |                |                | BANDOLIER ON REEL |
|        |                       | RADIAL TAPED              | STRAIGHT LEADS |                | STRAIGHT LEADS    |
|        |                       | 4000 units                | 1000 units     | 5000 units     | 5000 units        |
| SFR16S | $\pm 5$ %             | —                         | ..22 187 73... | ..22 187 53... | ..06 187 23...    |
|        | $\pm 1$ %             | —                         | —              | ..06 187 3...  | ..06 187 1....    |
|        | jumper <sup>(1)</sup> | —                         | —              | ..06 187 90013 | ..22 187 90346    |
| SFR25  | $\pm 5$ %             | ..06 184 03...            | ..22 181 53... | ..22 181 43... | ..22 181 63...    |
|        | $\pm 1$ %             | —                         | —              | ..22 188 2...  | ..06 181 8....    |
|        | jumper <sup>(2)</sup> | —                         | ..22 181 90018 | ..22 181 90019 | ..06 181 90011    |
| SFR25H | $\pm 5$ %             | —                         | ..22 186 16... | ..22 186 76... | ..06 186 63...    |
|        | $\pm 1$ %             | —                         | —              | ..22 186 3.... | ..06 186 8....    |

### Notes:

(1) The jumper has a maximum resistance  $R_{\max} = 30$  m $\Omega$  at 3 A (SFR16S).

(2) The jumper has a maximum resistance  $R_{\max} = 10$  m $\Omega$  at 5 A (SFR25).

## PART NUMBER

PART NUMBER: SFR2500001001FA500

S F R 2 5 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 F A 5 0 0

| MODEL/SIZE                            | SPECIAL CHARACTER                           | TCR/MATERIAL               | VALUE  | TOLERANCE                                    | PACKAGING <sup>(3)</sup> | SPECIAL   |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|---|
| SFR16S0<br>SFR2500<br>SFR25H0         | 0 = neutral<br>Z = value overflow (Special) | 0 = standard<br>Z = jumper | 3 digit value<br>1 digit multiplier<br>Multiplier:<br>7 = $\cdot 10^{-3}$ 2 = $\cdot 10^2$<br>8 = $\cdot 10^{-2}$ 3 = $\cdot 10^3$<br>9 = $\cdot 10^{-1}$ 4 = $\cdot 10^4$<br>0 = $\cdot 10^0$ 5 = $\cdot 10^5$<br>1 = $\cdot 10^1$ Z = 0000 | F = $\pm 1$ %<br>J = $\pm 5$ %<br>Z = jumper | N4<br>A5<br>A1<br>R5     | The 2 digits are used for all special parts.<br>00 = standard |
| PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: SFR25 1 % A5 1K0 |   |                            |  |  |                          |   |
| SFR25                                 | 1 %   | A5                         | 1K0  |  |                          |   |
| MODEL/SIZE                            | TOLERANCE                                   | PACKAGING <sup>(3)</sup>   | RESISTANCE VALUE   |  |                          |   |
| SFR16S<br>SFR25<br>SFR25H             | $\pm 1$ %<br>$\pm 5$ %                      | A1<br>A5                   | 47K = 47 K $\Omega$<br>51R1 = 51.1 $\Omega$  |  |                          |   |

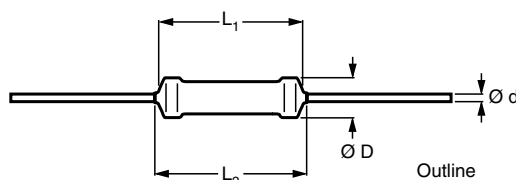
### Notes:

(3) Please refer to table PACKAGING.

- The PART NUMBER is shown to facilitate the introduction of a unified part numbering system for ordering products.

**PACKAGING**

| CODE | PIECES | DESCRIPTION                         | MODEL/SIZE            |
|------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| N4   | 4000   | Bandolier in ammpack radial taped   | SFR25                 |
| A5   | 5000   | Bandolier in ammpack straight leads | SFR16S, SFR25, SFR25H |
| A1   | 1000   | Bandolier in ammpack straight leads | SFR16S, SFR25, SFR25H |
| R5   | 5000   | Bandolier on reel straight leads    | SFR16S, SFR25, SFR25H |

**DIMENSIONS****DIMENSIONS** - resistor types and relevant physical dimensions in millimeters

| TYPE   | Ø D<br>MAX. | L <sub>1</sub><br>MAX. | L <sub>2</sub><br>MAX. | Ø d         |
|--------|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| SFR16S | 1.9         | 3.5                    | 4.1                    | 0.45 ± 0.05 |
| SFR25  | 2.5         | 6.5                    | 7.5                    | 0.58 ± 0.05 |
| SFR25H | 2.5         | 6.5                    | 7.5                    | 0.58 ± 0.05 |

**MASS PER 100 UNITS**

| TYPE   | MASS<br>(g) |
|--------|-------------|
| SFR16S | 10.2        |
| SFR25  | 20.5        |
| SFR25H | 20.5        |

**OUTLINES**

The length of the body (L<sub>1</sub>) is measured by inserting the leads into holes of two identical gauge plates and moving these plates parallel to each other until the resistor body is clamped without deformation ("IEC publication 60294").

**MARKING**

The nominal resistance and tolerance are marked on the resistor using four or five coloured bands in accordance with IEC publication 60062 "Color codes for fixed resistors".

**FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE****PRODUCT CHARACTERIZATION**

Standard values of nominal resistance are taken from the E96/E24 series for resistors with a tolerance of ± 1 % or ± 5 %. The values of the E96/E24 series are in accordance with "IEC publication 60063".

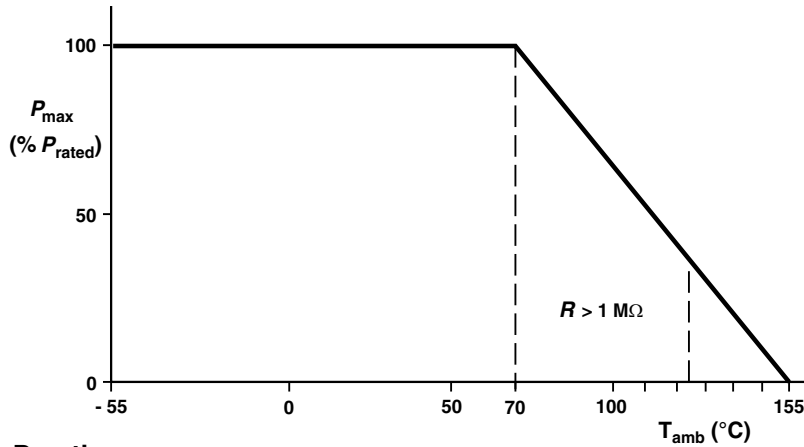
**LIMITING VALUES**

| TYPE   | LIMITING VOLTAGE <sup>(1)</sup><br>(V) | LIMITING POWER<br>(W) |
|--------|--|-----------------------|
| SFR16S | 200                                    | 0.5                   |
| SFR25  | 250                                    | 0.4                   |
| SFR25H | 350                                    | 0.5                   |

**Note:**

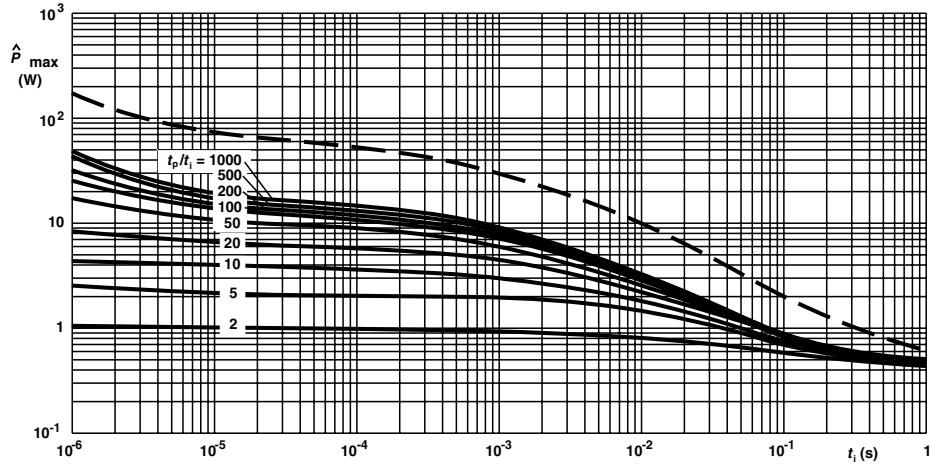
<sup>(1)</sup> The maximum voltage that may be continuously applied to the resistor element, see "IEC publication 60115-1".  
The maximum permissible hot-spot temperature is 155 °C.

The power that the resistor can dissipate depends on the operating temperature

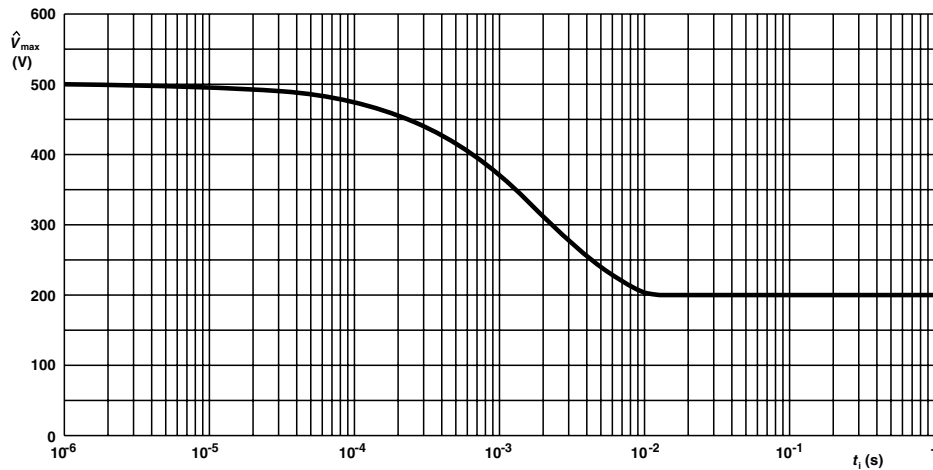


Maximum dissipation ( $P_{\max}$ ) in percentage of rated power as a function of the ambient temperature ( $T_{\text{amb}}$ ).

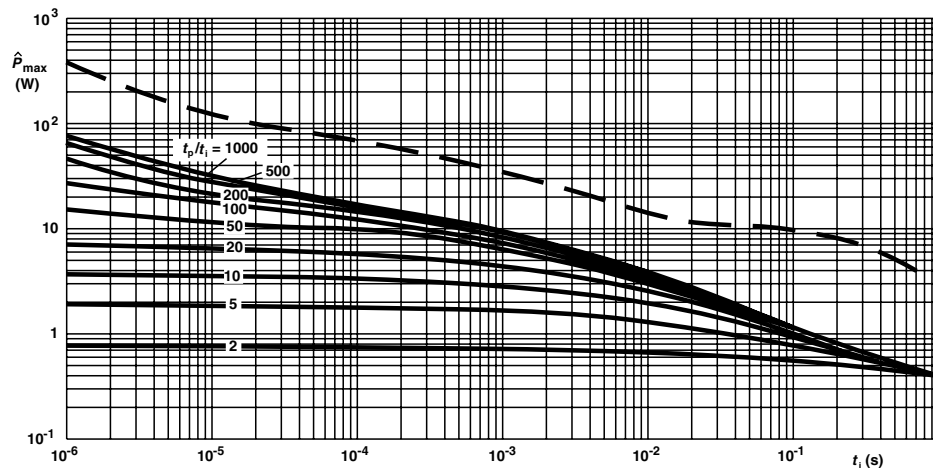
### Derating



**SFR16S** Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse power ( $\hat{P}_{\max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

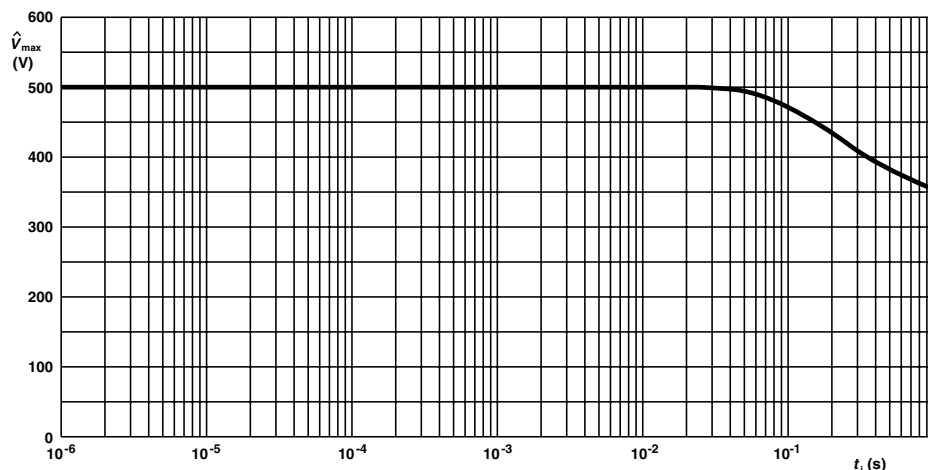


**SFR16S** Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse voltage ( $\hat{V}_{\max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

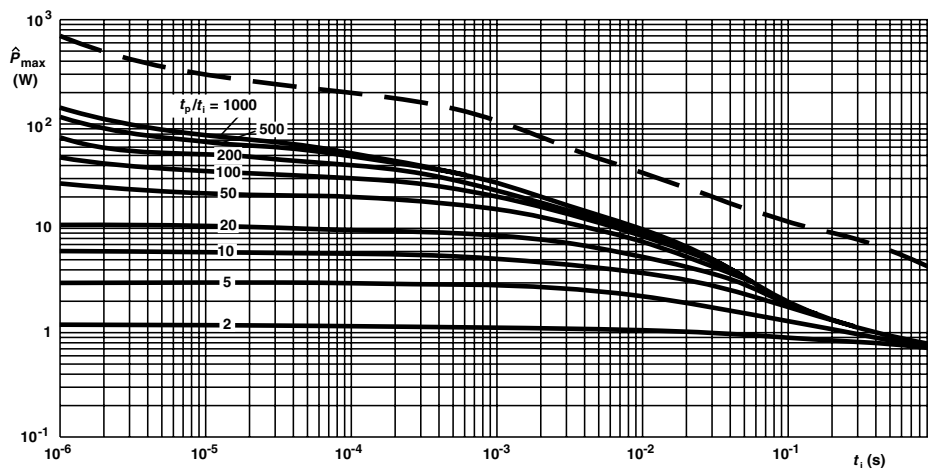


SFR25 Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse power ( $\hat{P}_{max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

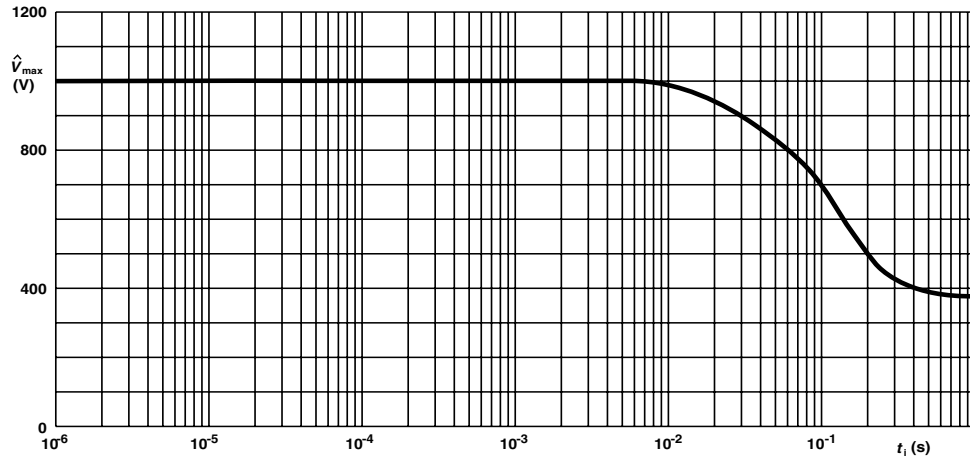
### Pulse Loading Capabilities



SFR25 Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse voltage ( $\hat{V}_{max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

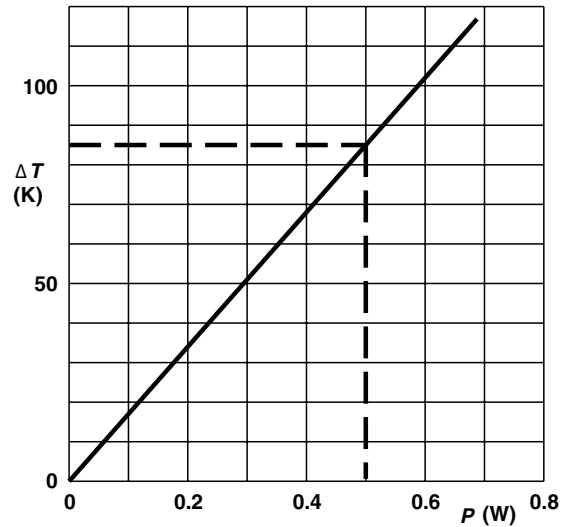


SFR25H Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse power ( $\hat{P}_{max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

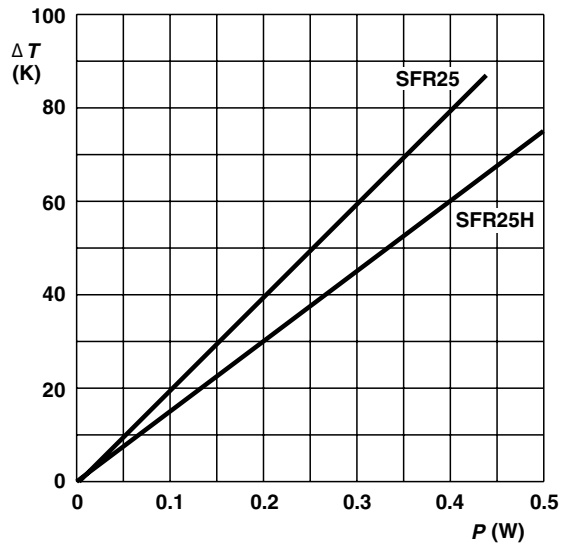


**SFR25H** Pulse on a regular basis; maximum permissible peak pulse voltage ( $\hat{V}_{max}$ ) as a function of pulse duration ( $t_i$ )

### Pulse Loading Capabilities



**SFR16S** Hot-spot temperature rise ( $\Delta T$ ) as a function of dissipated power



**SFR25/SFR25H** Hot-spot temperature rise ( $\Delta T$ ) as a function of dissipated power

### Application Information

## TESTS AND REQUIREMENTS

Essentially all tests are carried out in accordance with the schedule of "IEC publication 60115-1", category 55/155/56 (rated temperature range - 55 °C to + 155 °C; damp heat, long term, 56 days). The testing also covers the requirements specified by EIA and EIAJ.

The tests are carried out in accordance with IEC publication 60068-2, "Recommended basic climatic and mechanical robustness testing procedure for electronic components" and

under standard atmospheric conditions according to "IEC 60068-1", subclause 5.3.

In the Test Procedures and Requirements table the tests and requirements are listed with reference to the relevant clauses of "IEC publications 60115-1 and 60068-2"; a short description of the test procedure is also given. In some instances deviations from the IEC recommendations were necessary for our method of specifying.

| TEST PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS |  |  |   |   |  |       |        |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|-------|--------|
| IEC 60115-1<br>CLAUSE            | IEC 60068-2<br>TEST<br>METHOD                    | TEST   | PROCEDURE   | RESISTANCE<br>RANGE                                       | REQUIREMENTS   |       |        |
|                                  |  |  |   |   | SFR16S   | SFR25 | SFR25H |
| 4.16                             | 21 (U)   | robustness of terminations:                    |   |   | number of failures < $10 \times 10^{-6}$<br><br>number of failures < $10 \times 10^{-6}$<br><br>no damage<br>$\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$ |       |        |
| 4.16.2                           | 21 (Ua1)   | tensile all samples                            | $\varnothing$ 0.45 mm, load 5 N;<br>10 seconds<br>$\varnothing$ 0.58 mm, load 10 N;<br>10 seconds                       |   |  |       |        |
| 4.16.3                           | 21 (Ub)  | bending half<br>number of samples              | $\varnothing$ 0.45 mm, load 2.5 N; 4 x 90°<br>$\varnothing$ 0.58 mm, load 5 N; 4 x 90°                                  |   |  |       |        |
| 4.16.4                           | 21 (Uc)  | torsion other half of<br>samples               | 3 x 360° in opposite directions   |   |  |       |        |
| 4.17                             | 20 (Ta)  | solderability                                  | 2 seconds; 235 °C; flux 600   |   | good tinning; no damage  |       |        |
| 4.18                             | 20 (Tb)  | resistance to<br>soldering heat                | 3.5 seconds; 350 °C;<br>solder bath method  |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$  |       |        |
| 4.19                             | 14 (Na)  | rapid change of<br>temperature                 | 30 minutes at - 55 °C and<br>30 minutes at + 155 °C; 5 cycles   |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$  |       |        |
| 4.20                             | 29 (Eb)  | bump   | 3 x 1500 bumps in 3 directions;<br>40 g   |   | no damage<br>$\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$   |       |        |
| 4.22                             | 6 (Fc)   | vibration                                      | Frequency 10 Hz to 500 Hz;<br>displacement 1.5 mm or<br>acceleration 10 g; 3 directions;<br>total 6 hours (3 x 2 hours) |   | no damage<br>$\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$   |       |        |
| 4.23                             | 2 (Ba)<br>30 (Db)<br>1 (Aa)<br>13 (M)<br>30 (Db) | climatic sequence:                             |   |   | $R_{\text{ins min.: } 1000 \text{ M}\Omega}$   |       |        |
| 4.23.2                           |  | dry heat                                       | 16 hours; 155 °C  |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$<br>$\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (1 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$   |       |        |
| 4.23.3                           |  | damp heat<br>(accelerated)<br>1st cycle        | 24 hours; 55 °C;<br>90 % to 100 % RH  |   |  |       |        |
| 4.23.4                           |  | cold   | 2 hours; - 55 °C  |   |  |       |        |
| 4.23.5                           |  | low air pressure                               | 2 hours; 8.5 kPa; 15 °C to 35 °C  |   |  |       |        |
| 4.23.6                           |  | damp heat<br>(accelerated)<br>remaining cycles | 5 days; 55 °C;<br>95 % to 100 % RH  | $R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$<br><br>$R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ |  |       |        |
| 4.24.2                           | 3 (Ca)   | damp heat<br>(steady state)                    | 56 days; 40 °C;<br>90 % to 95 % RH;<br>dissipation 0.01 Pn  |   | $R_{\text{ins min.: } 1000 \text{ M}\Omega}$<br>$\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (2 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$   |       |        |



| TEST PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS                               |                               |   |  |   |  |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| IEC 60115-1<br>CLAUSE  | IEC 60068-2<br>TEST<br>METHOD | TEST  | PROCEDURE  | RESISTANCE<br>RANGE   | REQUIREMENTS   |  |  |
|  |                               |   |  |   | SFR16S   | SFR25  | SFR25H   |
| 4.25.1   |                               | endurance   | 1000 hours at 70 °C;<br>P <sub>n</sub> or V <sub>max</sub>   |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.: } \pm (2 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$   |  |  |
| 4.8.4  |                               | temperature<br>coefficient  | between - 55 °C and<br>+ 155 °C (TCR x 10 <sup>-6</sup> /K)  | $R < 4.7 \Omega$<br>$R \leq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$<br>$R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$<br>$R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$         | $\leq \pm 250$<br>$\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 250$<br>$\leq \pm 250$   | $\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 250$   | $\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 100$<br>$\leq \pm 250$   |
| 4.7  |                               | voltage proof on<br>insulation                                    | $U_{\text{RMS}} = 400 \text{ V}$ (SFR16S) or<br>$U_{\text{RMS}} = 600 \text{ V}$ (SFR25 and<br>SFR25H); during 1 minute;<br>V-block method                                 |   | no breakdown   |  |  |
| 4.12   |                               | noise   | "IEC publication 60195"  | $R < 68 \text{ k}\Omega$<br>$R \leq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$<br>$R \leq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$<br>$R > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 0.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$ | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$ | max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 0.1 $\mu\text{V/V}$<br>max. 1.5 $\mu\text{V/V}$ |
| 4.6.1.1  |                               | insulation<br>resistance  | $U_{\text{max}}$ DC = 500 V during<br>1 minute; V-block method   |   | $R_{\text{ins}}$ min.: 1000 M $\Omega$   |  |  |
| 4.13   |                               | short time overload   | Room temperature;<br>P = 6.25 x P <sub>n</sub> (SFR25)<br>or 6.25 x 0.25 W (SFR16S);<br>5 seconds ON,<br>45 seconds OFF<br>( $V \leq 2 \times V_{\text{max}}$ ); 10 cycles |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.:}$<br>$\pm (0.25 \% R + 0.05 \Omega)$  |  | $\Delta R \text{ max.:}$<br>$\pm (1 \% R$<br>$+ 0.05 \Omega)$  |
|  |                               | intermittent<br>overload in<br>accordance with<br>"JIS-C5202 5.8" | 16 x 0.16 W;<br>1 seconds ON and<br>25 seconds OFF;<br>10 000 $\pm$ 200 cycles;<br>V <sub>max</sub> = 600 V  |   | $\Delta R \text{ max.:}$<br>$\pm (0.75 \% R$<br>$+ 0.05 \Omega)$   | —  | —  |
| see 2 <sup>nd</sup> amendment<br>to "IEC 60115-1",<br>Jan. '87 |                               | pulse load  |  |   | see Pulse Loading Capabilities graphs  |  |  |



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