

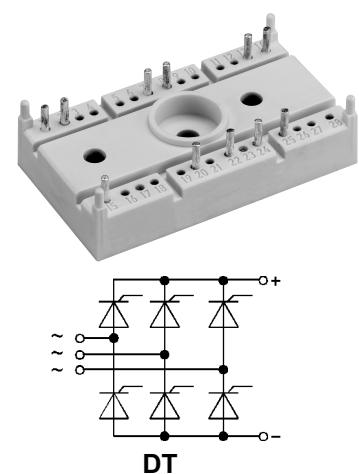
## SK 40 DT, SK 70 DT

$V_{RSM}$ V	$V_{RRM}$ V	$I_{RMS}$ (maximum values for continuous operation) ( $T_h = 80^\circ C$ )	
		42 A	68 A
900	800	<b>SK 40 DT 08</b>	<b>SK 70 DT 08</b>
1300	1200	<b>SK 40 DT 12</b>	<b>SK 70 DT 12</b>
1700	1600	<b>SK 40 DT 16</b>	<b>SK 70 DT 16</b>

## SEMITOP® 3

### Controllable Bridge Rectifiers

#### SK 40 DT SK 70 DT



Symbol	Conditions	SK 40 DT	SK 70 DT	Units
$I_D$	$T_h = 80^\circ C$ ; ind. load	42	68	A
$I_{TSM}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C; 10 \text{ ms}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ C; 10 \text{ ms}$	320	450	A
$i^2t$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C; 8,3\ldots 10 \text{ ms}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ C; 8,3\ldots 10 \text{ ms}$	280 510 390	380 1 000 720	A <sup>2</sup> s A <sup>2</sup> s
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$	500	1 000	V/ $\mu$ s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C; f = 50\ldots 60 \text{ Hz}$	100	50	A/ $\mu$ s
$t_q$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$	80	80	$\mu$ s
$I_H$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$ ; typ. / max	80 / 150	80 / 150	mA
$I_L$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$ ; $R_G = 33 \Omega$ ; typ. / max.	150 / 300	150 / 300	mA
$V_T$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C; I_T = 75 \text{ A}$	2,45	1,9	V
$V_{T(TO)}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$	1,10	1	V
$r_T$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$	20	10	m $\Omega$
$I_{DD}; I_{RD}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$ ; $V_{DD} = V_{DRM}$ ; $V_{RD} = V_{RRM}$	max. 8	max. 10	mA
$V_{GT}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$ ; dc	2	2	V
$I_{GT}$	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ C$ ; dc	100	100	mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$ ; dc	0,25	0,25	V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{vj} = 125^\circ C$ ; dc	3	3	mA
$R_{thjh}^{(1)}$	per thyristor	1,7	1,2	K/W
$T_{vjmax}$		– 40 ... + 125		°C
$T_{stg}$		– 40 ... + 125		°C
$T_{solder}$	terminals, 10 s	260		°C
$V_{isol}$	a.c. 50 Hz; r.m.s. 1 s/1 min	3000 / 2500		V~
$M_1$	mounting torque	2,5		Nm
w		30		g
Case		T 15		

### Features

- Compact design
- One screw mounting
- Heat transfer and isolation through direct copper bonded aluminium oxide ceramic (DCB)
- Glass passivated thyristor chips
- Up to 1600 V reverse voltage
- high surge currents
- UL recognized, file no. E 63 532
- Typical Applications
- Reversing DC motors
- Controlled field rectifier for DC drives
- Controlled battery charger rectifiers

<sup>1)</sup> Thermal resistance junction to heatsink

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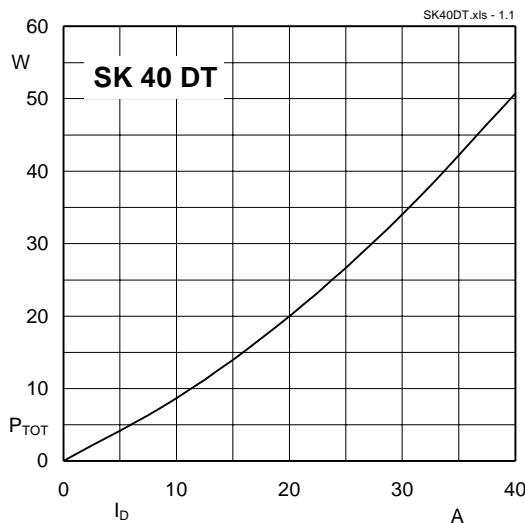


Fig. 1 Power dissipation vs. output current

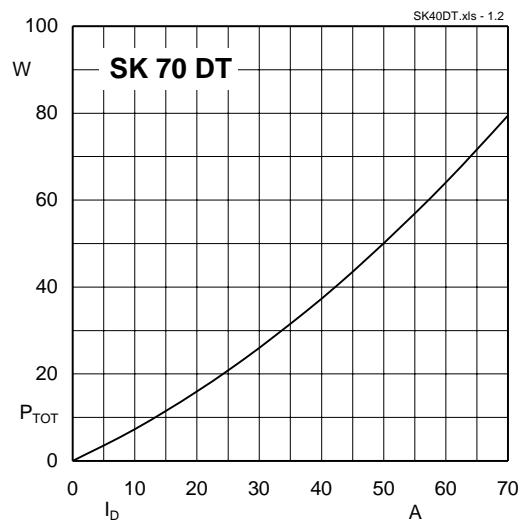


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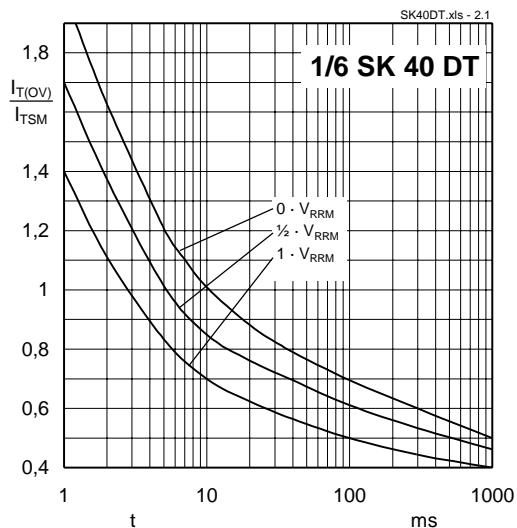


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time

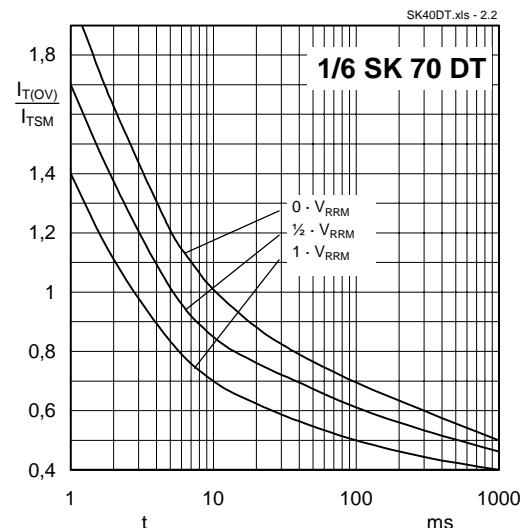


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time

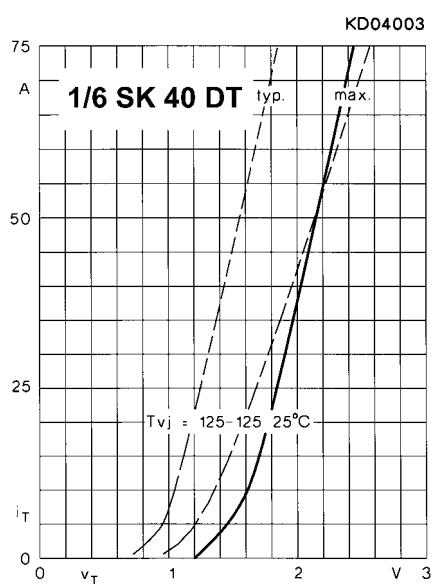


Fig. 3 Forward characteristic of single thyristor

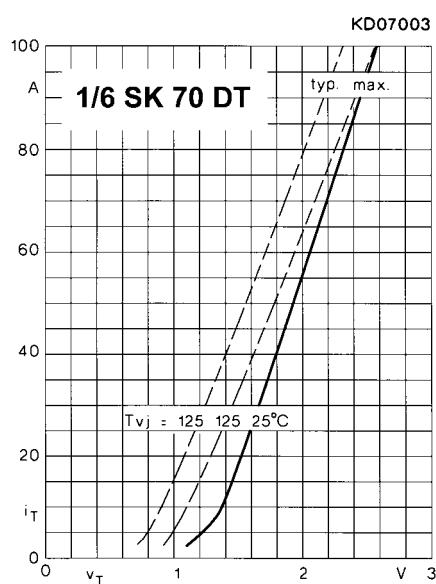


Fig. 3 Forward characteristic of single thyristor

## SK 40 DT, SK 70 DT

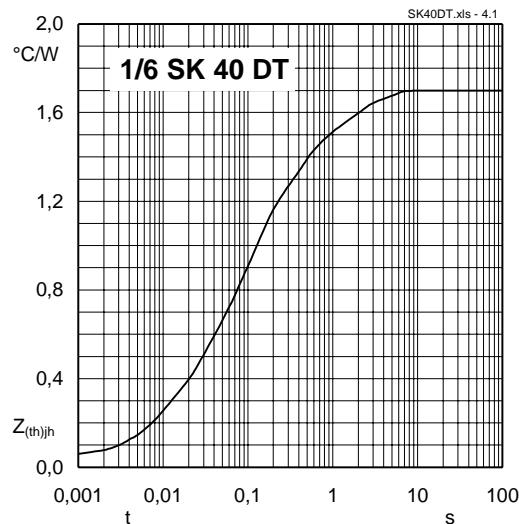


Fig. 4 Thermal transient impedance vs. time

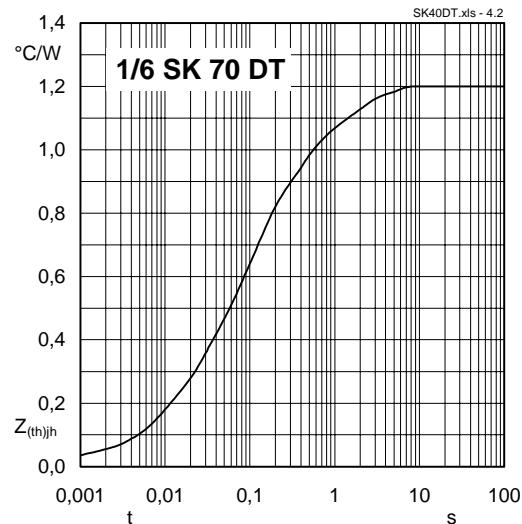


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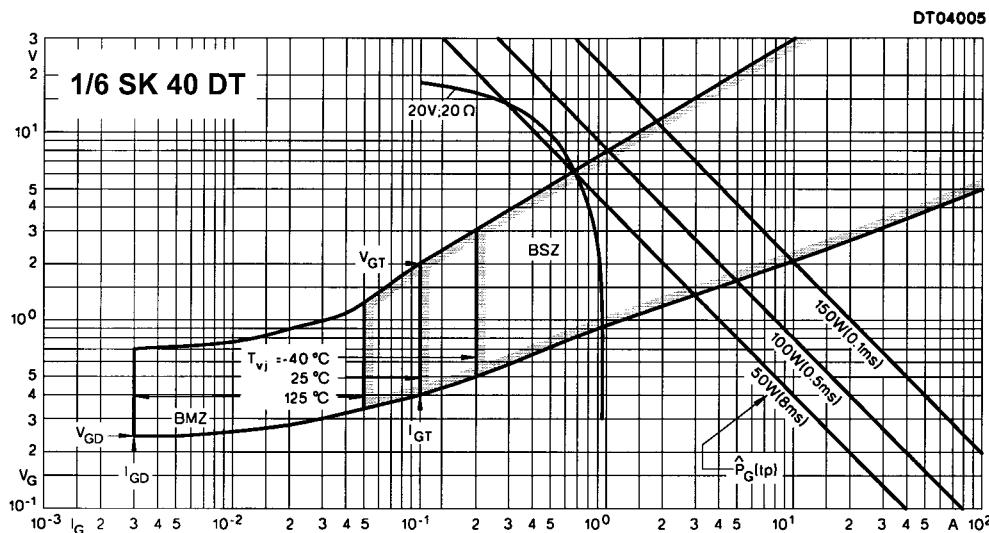


Fig. 5 Gate trigger characteristics of a single thyristor

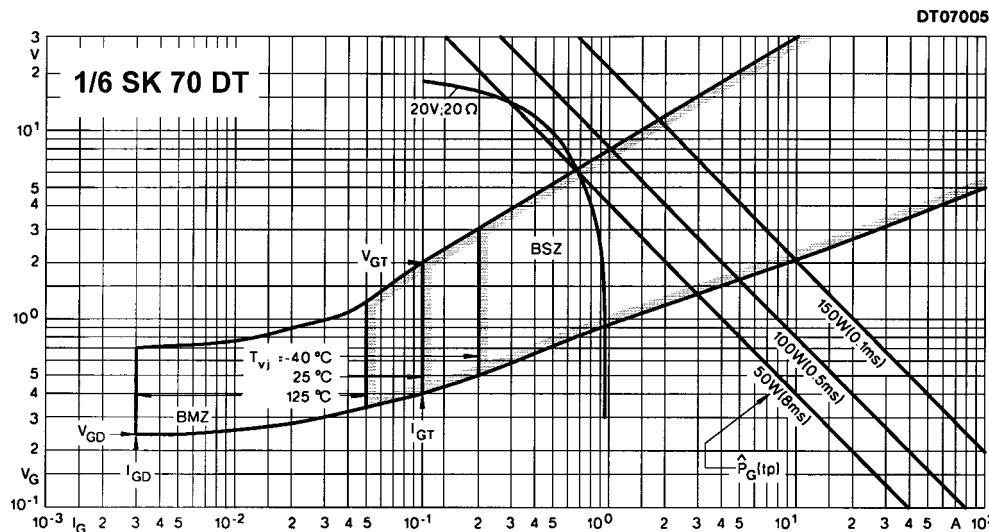


Fig. 5 Gate trigger characteristics of a single thyristor

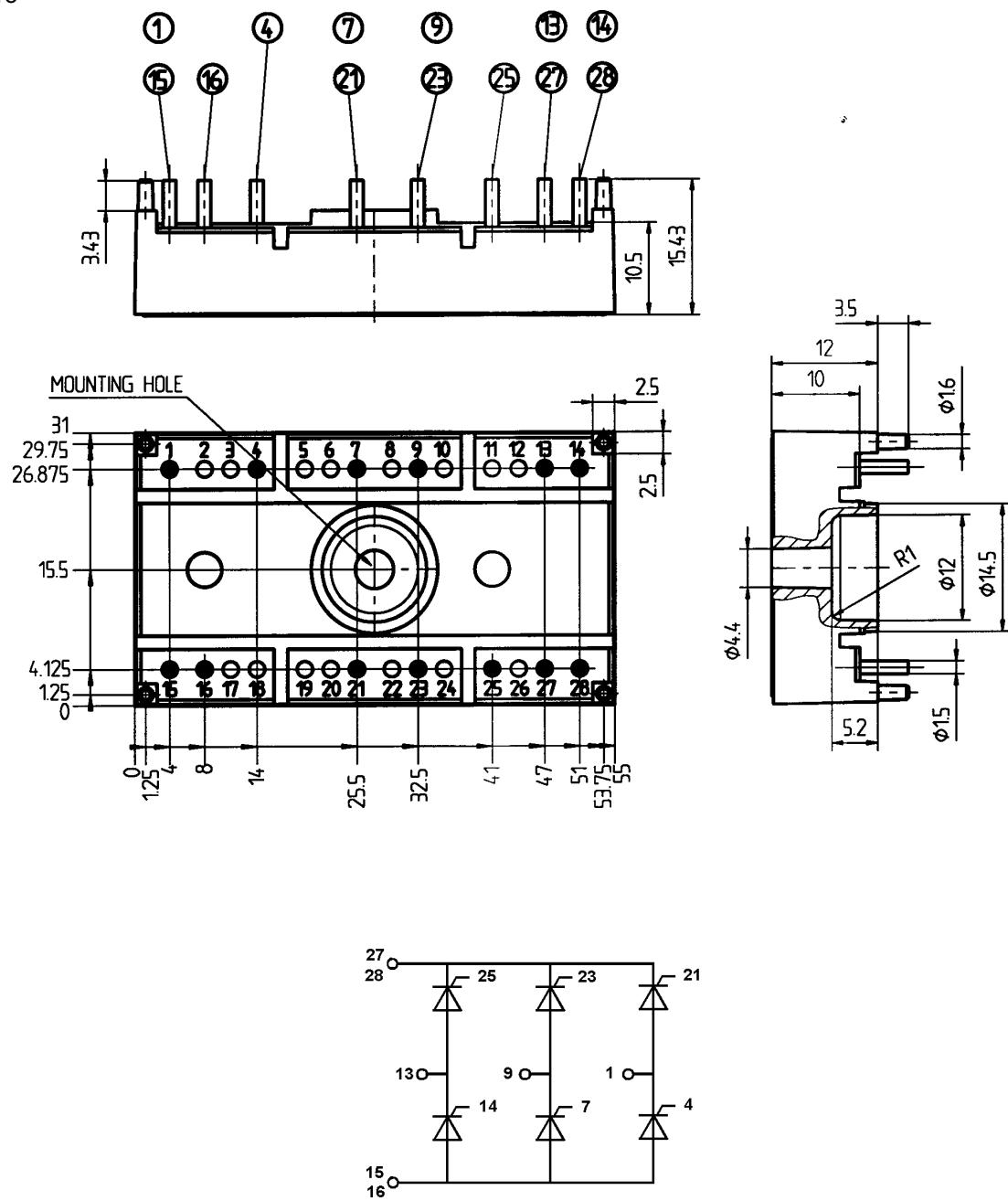
# SK 40 DT, SK 70 DT

**SEMITOP® 3**

**SK 40 DT**

**SK 70 DT**

Case T 15



Dimensions in mm

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